

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021



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General Information

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

Executive Mayor

Deputy Executive Mayor

Speaker Councillors R Louw

B van As

L Potgieter I Brown

M Gouws

S Maritz

W du P Theron

AUDITORS

Auditor-General of South Africa

No. 19 Park Lane Building, Park Lane, Century City, Cape Town

Western Cape

BANKERS

ABSA Bank 19 Voortrekker Street Laingsburg, 6900

REGISTERED OFFICE

2 Van Riebeeck Street Laingsburg 6900

Private Bag X4 Laingsburg 6900 Tel: (023) 551 1019 Fax: (023) 551 0217

Webpage: www.laingsburg.gov.za E-mail: laingsburg@xsinet.co.za

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Mr J Booysen

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Ms A Groenewald



General Information (Continued)

LEGAL FORM

Category B Municipality which operates in accordance with Chapter 7 of the Constitution of South Africa.

The Objects of Local Government are:

- to provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- to promote social and economic development;
- to promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- to encourage the involvement of communities and community organisations in the matters of local government.

The municipality must strive, within its financial and administrative capacity, to achieve the objects as set out above.

JURISDICTION

Greater Laingburg area which includes:

Laingsburg town, the settlements Matjiesfontein and Vleiland, and scattered farming community



Approval of Annual Financial Statements

MEMBERS OF THE LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY

Ward	Repres	epresentative	
1	Van As	В	
2	Du P Theron	W	
3	Potgieter	Ļ	
4	Gouws	M	
Proportional	Brown	1	
Proportional	Louw	R	
Proportional	Maritz	S	

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, in accordance with Section 126(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the municipality.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act and the Minister for Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs' determination in accordance with this Act.

1

Mr J Booysen Municipal Manager 10 March 2022

Date



- Insert Audit Report -



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2021

		Act	ual
		2021	2020
	Note	_	Restated
ASSETS		R	R
Adde to			
Current Assets		27 859 944	28 370 923
Inventories	2.	640 536	588 461
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3.	4 681 520	4 714 935
Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions	4.	5 362 853	4 605 655
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	5.	-	21 340
Statutory Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	6.	7 558 352	6 270 975
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7.	9 616 683	12 1 69 557
Non-Current Assets		200 026 620	407 500 542
Property, Plant and Equipment	8.	200 926 639 177 200 499	187 208 513 163 334 415
Intangible Assets	9.	202 425	
Investment Property	10.	23 480 362	286 249 23 544 495
Heritage Assets	11.	43 354	43 354
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	40 004	#3 304 J
Total Assets		228 786 583	215 579 436
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		24 307 457	23 223 277
Consumer Deposits	12.	799 668	708 846
Payables from Exchange Transactions	13.	12 546 199	8 293 049
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	14.	8 401 013	11 885 385
Lease Payables	15.	743	6 225
Employee Benefit Liabilities	16.	267 000	407 000
Provisions	17.	2 292 833	1 922 773
Non-Current Liabilities		33 638 768	25 867 631
Employee Benefit Liabilities	16.	5 518 000	4 354 000
Provisions	17.	28 120 768	21 513 631
Total Liabilities		57 946 225	49 090 908
Total Assets and Liabilities	und bereicht andere	170 840 358	166 488 528
NET ASSETS		170 840 358	166 488 528
Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)	18.	170 840 358	166 488 528
	10.	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100 400 340
Total Net Assets		170 840 358	166 488 528



LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Actual					
		2021	2020				
	Note		Restated				
		R	R				
REVENUE							
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions	·	75 017 821	65 000 947				
Property Rates	19.	4 453 576	4 192 390				
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	20.	20 170 476	30 177 348				
Transfers and Subsidies	22.	50 341 900	30 494 513				
Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned	27.	51 869	136 696				
Revenue from Exchange Transactions		22 962 087	22 074 935				
Licences and Permits	21.	363 402	513 151				
Service Charges	23.	20 173 251	18 795 982				
Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services	24.	183 542	151 739				
Income from Agency Services	25.	180 194	132 227				
Rental from Fixed Assets	26.	1 624 344	1 377 520				
Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned	27.	419 459	1 035 592				
Operational Revenue	28.	17 894	68 726				
Total Revenue		97 979 908	87 075 882				
EXPENDITURE		93 628 079	91 095 988				
Employee Related Costs	29.	29 735 003	25 290 544				
Remuneration of Councillors	30.	3 104 345	3 129 152				
Depreciation and Amortisation	31.	6 356 135	5 898 007				
Impairment Losses	32.	17 732 307	26 261 276				
Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land	33.	1 088 105	1 833 617				
Bulk Purchases	34.	10 238 091	9 140 441				
Contracted Services	35.	6 445 871	5 451 254				
Inventory Consumed	36.	2 342 540	1 902 724				
Transfers and Subsidies Paid	37.	350 935	382 181				
Operating Leases	38.	289 387	460 504				
Operating Leases Operational Costs	39.	15 682 221	11 338 208				
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	41.	263 140	8 079				
Total Expenditure		93 628 079	91 095 988				
OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		4 351 830	(4 020 106)				
OTHER REVENUE / EXPENDITURE INCURRED							
Other Operations:							
Gains on Other Operations	40.	-	1 004 207				
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE / EXPENDITURE INCURRED	Vanista	-	1 004 207				
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	=	4 351 830	(3 015 898)				
Refer to Budget Statement for explanation of budget variances	;						



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Accumulated Surplus/ (Deficit)
	R
2020	
Balance at 30 June 2019	167 122 553
Correction of Error (Note 44)	2 381 873
Restated Balance	169 504 427
Surplus / (Deficit) as per prior 2019/20 AFS	(705 704)
Correction of Error (Note 44)	(2 310 195)
Restated Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	(3 015 899)
Balance at 30 June 2020	166 488 528
2021	
Appropriations from Accumulated Surplus	
Restated Balance	166 488 528
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	4 351 830
Balance at 30 June 2021	170 840 357

Details on the movement of the Funds and Reserves are set out in Note 18.



LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Actua	1
	Note	2021	2020
			Restated
		R	R
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			•
Receipts			
Property Rates	19.	4 056 332	3 548 696
Transfers and Subsidies	22.	46 741 678	38 281 537
Service Charges	23.	2 646 914	(6 792 992)
External Interest and Dividends Received	27.	285 446	609 862
Other Receipts	28.	21 541 568	32 092 717
VAT Received	7.	•	573 271
Payments			
Employee Related Costs	29.	(28 335 455)	(25 111 261)
Remuneration of Councillors	30.	(3 104 345)	(3 129 152)
External Interest and Dividends Paid	33.	(369 567)	(9 769)
Suppliers Paid	35.	(14 958 866)	(14 804 412)
Other Payments	39.	(9 332 006)	(12 260 801)
VAT Paid	7.	(757 198)	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	46. =	18 414 500	12 997 694
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	8.	(20 961 150)	(7 347 571)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(20 961 150)	(7 347 571)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease in Finance Leases (Leases Redeemed)	15.	(6 225)	(16 973)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(6 225)	(16 973)
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2 552 874)	5 633 151
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Financial Year	7.	12 169 557	6 536 406
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Financial Year	7.	9 616 683	12 169 557



30 June 2021

Description	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Special Adjustment Budget	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Variance	Actual Oulcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget
FINANCIAL POSITION	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Current Assets	<u> </u>			j			•	
•					İ			
Inventory	1 017 675	679 165	579 165	579 165	640 936	(38 629)	93 55%	62 44%
Consumer Debtors Other Debtors	3 479 931	1 702 767	3 049 124	3 049 124	10 044 372	6 995 248	329 59%	288 79%
1	10 656 256	9 566 702	9 566 700	9 599 700	7 558 352	(2 008 348)	79.01%	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7615218	2 122 521	(3 362 426)	(3 362 426)	9 616 683	12 979 109	286.00%	126,28%
Call Investment Deposits	1 522 298	1 622 298	1 622 298	1 622 298	,	(1 622 298)	0.00%	0.00%
Current Portion of Long-term Receivables	396	1 342	1 342	1 342	*	(1 342)	0.00%	0.00%
Non-Current Assets								
Property. Plant and Equipment	179 640 999	177 565 812	162 762 518	182 762 518	177 200 499	(5 562 019)	95.96%	100.32%
intangible	213 566	244 886	244 850	244 850	202 425	(42 425)	82.67%	94.78%
Investment Property	24 604 180	22 704 382	22 704 394	22 704 394	23 480 362	775 988	103.42%	95,43%
Other Non-current Assets	43 354	43 354	43 354	43 354	43 354		100,00%	100 00%
Total Assets	225 893 873	216 253 229	217 311 319	217 311 319	228 788 583	11 475 264	105 25%	101.28%
Current Liabilities								
Consumer Deposits	764 475	714 824	714 824	714 824	799 688	84 644	111.87%	104.50%
Trade and Other Pavebles	11 405 490	7 880 549	7 890 102	7 890 102	20 947 213	13 057 111	265 49%	183 56%
Serrowing	16 973	6 225	6 225	6 225	743	(5 482)	11 94%	4.38%
Provisions	3 104 963	25 157 324	24 894 215	24 884 216	2 559 833	(22 324 383)	10 29%	82.44%
Non-Current Liabilities								
Borrowina	6 225	.			I	1		A ANT.
Provisions	16 941 856	4 557 352	5 000 000	5 000 000	33 838 768	28 638 763	672 78%	0.00% %28 591
Total Liabilities	32 239 982	28 316 274	38 495 367	38 495 367	57 946 225	19 450 558	150.53%	179.73%
			00 100 001	90 450 501	34 940 123	11400 000 1	100.0274	1/8,/358
Total Assets and Liabilities	193 653 891	177 936 955	178 515 952	178 815 952	170 840 358	(7 975 594)	95,54%	89,22%
Net Assets (Equity)								
Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)	193 653 891	177 936 955	120 015 000	.70.047.00	478 848 0			
Longitudian defines i feation	182 003 981	111 226 252	178 815 952	178 815 952	170 840 358	(7 975 594)	95.54%	88.22%
Total Net Assets	193 653 891	177 936 955	178 815 952	178 815 952	170 840 358	(7 975 594)	95,54%	88.22%

Financial Position: Explanation of Variances between Approved Budget and Actual

Reasons for Variances greater than 10% between Approved Budget and Actual Amount on the various items disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position are explained below.

Consumer Debtors

Unanticipated increase in debtors' had debt provision due to the impact of National Lockdown caused by the Covid-19 Pandemic, which has rendered distrors unable to pay their current obligations to the municipality.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Cash and Cash Equivalents is influenced by the Capital Projects rollover to 2020/21 figancial year and the unspent Conditional Grants. NT Budget Templates deviates from GRAP 1

WT Budget Templates deviates from GRAP 1. Call Investment Deposits are classified as "Cash and Cash Equivalents". Intangible

Inlangible Assets variance is due to the reclassification to Property. Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Consumer Deposits.

Increase is due to relative movement of new consumers on the database

This amount relates to Employee Related Senetis and Rehabilitation of landfill sites. The actuals are eightly higher than budgeted amount

Trade and Other Payables:

Increase is due to the accounting for external audit foe for the Auditor-General that was not budgeted as a 199% expence for the municipality. This item includes Unspent Condition! Grants for which no budget provision is allowed, unless a rollover has been approved by National Treasury. **Borrovings**

Provisions:

Original budget adjusted to provide for the phasing out of last lease installment calculation.

This item includes Employee Benefit Liabilities for which the budgeted amount for Post-retirement Health Care Benefits Liability was less than the final actuarial calculation



30 June 2021

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Property Rates Fines, Penalties and Forfeits Transfers and Subsidies Licences and Permits Service Changes Agency Services Rentat of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - Externel Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors Other Reventie	R 4 715 800 32 410 176 27 558 190 927 096 25 060 312 165 212 1 137 300 673 932 761 784 149 772	8 5 004 430 26 935 700 35 724 810 277 400 21 660 891 212 000 1 669 600 485 200	5 004 430 26 935 700 35 724 610 277 400 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600 485 200	5 004 430 26 935 700 35 724 810 277 400 21 960 891 212 900 1 669 600 485 200	R 4 453 576 20 170 476 50 341 900 363 402 20 173 251 180 194 1 624 344	R 550 854 6 765 224 14 617 090 86 002 87 640 (31 806) 45 256	88,99% 74,83% 140,92% 131,00% 95,79% 85,00%	8 94 44% 62.24% 152.67% 39 20% 80 50% 108.41%
Property Rates Fines, Penalties and Forfeits Transfers and Subsidies Licences and Permits Service Charges Agency Services Replat of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - External Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Deblors	32 410 176 27 558 190 927 096 25 060 312 166 212 1 137 300 973 932 761 784	26 935 700 35 724 810 277 400 21 060 691 212 000 1 669 600 485 200	26 935 700 35 724 610 277 409 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	26 935 700 35 724 810 277 400 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	20 170 476 50 341 900 363 402 20 173 251 180 194	6 765 224 14 617 090 86 002 887 640 (31 808)	74.83% 140.92% 131.00% 95.79% 85.00%	62.24% 152.67% 39.20% 80.50% 109.41%
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits Transfers and Subsidies Licences and Permits Service Charges Agency Services Reputal of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - External Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Deblors	32 410 176 27 558 190 927 096 25 060 312 166 212 1 137 300 973 932 761 784	26 935 700 35 724 810 277 400 21 060 691 212 000 1 669 600 485 200	26 935 700 35 724 610 277 409 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	26 935 700 35 724 810 277 400 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	20 170 476 50 341 900 363 402 20 173 251 180 194	6 765 224 14 617 090 86 002 887 640 (31 808)	74.83% 140.92% 131.00% 95.79% 85.00%	62.24% 152.67% 39.20% 80.50% 109.41%
Transfers and Subsidies Licences and Permits Service Charges Agency Services Rentat of Facilities and Equipment Interest Carned - External Investments Interest Carned - Outstanding Debters	27 558 190 927 096 25 060 312 166 212 1 137 300 673 932 761 784	35 724 810 277 400 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600 485 200	35 724 810 277 409 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	35 724 810 277 400 21 060 851 212 000 1 669 600	50 341 900 363 402 20 173 251 180 194	14 617 090 86 002 - 887 640 (31 806)	140,92% 131,00% 95,79% 85,00%	152.67% 39.20% 80.50% 109.41%
Licences and Permits Service Charges Agency Services Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Carned - External Investments Interest Carned - Outstanding Debtors	927 096 25 060 312 166 212 1 137 300 673 932 761 784	277 466 21 060 891 212 000 1 659 600 485 200	277 409 21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	277 400 21 960 891 212 900 1 669 600	363 402 20 173 251 180 194	86 002 - 887 640 (31 808)	131 00% 95 79% 85.00%	39 20% 80 50% 108.41%
Service Charges Agency Services Replat of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - External Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Deblors	25 060 312 166 212 1 137 300 673 932 761 784	21 060 891 212 000 1 659 600 485 200	21 060 591 212 000 1 669 600	21 060 891 212 000 1 669 600	20 173 251 180 194	- 887 G40 (31 808)	95 79% 85. 00 %	80.50% 108.41%
Agency Services Rentat of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - Externel Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors	166 212 1 137 300 673 932 761 784	212 000 1 689 600 485 200	212 000 1 669 600	212 000 1 669 600	180 194	(31 808)	85.00%	108.41%
Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - External Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors	1 137 300 673 932 761 784	1 659 600 485 200	1 669 600	1 669 600		• · · · · · ·		
interest Earned - External Investments Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors	673 932 761 784	485 200			1 624 344	- 45 256	444 (****	
Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors	761 784	-	485 200	496 200			97.29%	142.82%
•		-		492 \$00	342 530	- 142 670	70,60%	50.83%
Other Revenue	149 772	nn			128 798	128 798		15 91%
		271 400	271 450	271 400	201 435	- 89 964	74 22%	134 50%
Total Revenue	93 560 574	91 641 431	91 641 431	91 641 431	97 979 908	6 338 477	108.92%	104.72%
Expenditure	·							
Employee Related Costs	29 033 908	28 953 524	28 953 524	28 953 524	29 735 003	781 479	102,70%	102.41%
Remuneration of Councillors	3 300 156	3 285 756	3 286 756	3 285 758	3 104 345	- 181411	94 48%	94 07%
Depreciation and Asset Impairment	5 711 052	5 709 100	5 709 100	5 769 100	7 095 735	1 386 635	124.29%	124 25%
Debt Impairment	27 277 404	24 246 133	24 246 133	24 246 133	16 992 706	. 7 253 427	70.08%	62 30%
Finance Charges	795 000	21 666	21 000	21 000	1 088 105	1 057 105	5181.45%	136.87%
Buik Purchases	9 149 984	8 734 950	8 734 950	8 734 950	10 238 091	1 503 141	117.21%	111 89%
Contracted Services	7 144 828	12 434 737	12 434 737	12 434 737	6 445 871	- 5 988 866	5184%	90 22%
Other Materials	1 779 576	1 686 728	1 686 728	1 686 728	2 342 540	655 812	138 88%	131 63%
Transfers and Subsidies	605 136	740 160	740 160	740 160	350 935	- 389 225	47 41%	67 99%
Other Expenditure	14 110 072	11 647 998	11 647 996	11 647 996	16 234 747	4 586 751	139 38%	115.06%
Total Expenditure	98 907 096	97 480 084	97 460 064	97 460 084	93 628 079	- 3 832 005	96.07%	94.66%
Surplus / (Deficit)	- 5 346 522	- 5 818 653	- 5 618 653	- 5818653	4 351 830	10 170 483	-74 79%	-81 40%
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	10 005 550	20 226 785	20 226 785	20 226 785		- 20 226 785	0.00%	0 00%
Surplus#(Deficit for the Year	4 659 028	14 408 132	14 408 132	14 408 132	4 351 830	(10 056 302	30,20%	93.41%

Financial Performance: Explanation of Variances between Approved Budget and Actual

Reacons for Variances greater than 10% between Approved Budget and Actual Amount on the various items disclosed in the Statement of Financial Performance are explained below

Property Rates.

Larger number of farmers nave applied for additional agricultural retrate on their property rates and no interen valuation has taken place either

Fines Penalties and Forfeits:

Fines mostly relate to the traffic lines and arise from unanticipated traffic entringements

Transfers and Subsidies

Transfers and Subsidies recognised are ligher than the budgeted amount, due to the rollover of the Water Services Infrastructure Grant from 2018/19 financial year

Licences and Permits: Agency Services:

During the lockdown period vehicle owners were granted an extension to renew their motor licenses but with the opening of the renewal period, the vehicle owners did not immediately renew their overdue licenses which led to a further extension period.

interest Earned - External Investments.

This interest relates to interest earned on bank and investments and interest charged on outstanding debtors. The actuals are lower than anticipated mostly due to the municipality not charging interest on the outstanding debtors as result of Covid-19 Pandamic

Interest Earned - Outstanding Deblors

The budget for this item is included in "Interest Earned - External investments".

Other Revenue.

Commission received was higher than budgeted for.

Depreciation and Asset Impairment

Depreciation was under-budgeted for and the final calculation of the reviewed FAR was higher than the expected budget

Debt Impairment.

The variance is due to traffic fines bad dobt provision not hudgeted for

Finance Charges

The variance is due to interest charged on Overdue Craditors, Finance Lease and LandRI Sites Provision not budgeted for Bulk Purchases.

The increase was due to the exceeding of the maximum notated damand from Eskorn

Contracted Services
The budget is slightly higher than anticipated

Other Materials

inventory was issued to the user departments during the end of the financial year

Transfers and Subsidies,

A grant from the Provincial Treasury was received for bursanes to non-employers far fewer applications were received than expected

Other Expenditure

expenditure:
Increase is due to the external audit fees that were only budgeted for the expected 1% of total expenditure. Fotal amount for accounts received were accounted for in actual outcome.



30 June 2021

Description	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Special Adjustment Budget	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Variance	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Gulcome as % of Ciriginal Budget
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PER FUNCTION								
Finance and Administration	-				225 889	226 889		
Community and Social Services	1 110 090	1 115 000	1 288 730	1 288 730	1913982	625 252	148 52%	172 433
Sport and Recreation	717 900	645 425	717 000	717 000	218 397	(498 603)		
Road Transport			,,,,,,,	171 000	177 631	177 631	39 40%	30 46%
Energy Sources	400 000	400 000	-	-	3 130 435			
Waste Water Management			4 998 000	4 996 000		3 130 435		782.51%
Water Managentent	7 779 550	18 07 (360			8 044	(4 987 956)		
	1779 330	19 01 1 700	18 419 785	18 419 785	14 453 981	(3 985 804)	78,47%	195 82%
Total Capital Expenditure	10 005 550	20 226 785	25 421 515	25 421 515	20 129 359	(5 292 156)	79.16%	201,18%

Capital Expenditure per Function: Explanation of Variances between Approved Budget and Actual
Reasons for Variances greater than 10% between Approved Budget and Actual Antount on the various items for Capital Expenditure per Function are explained below

Finance and Administration

No budget from internal funds was done but at the end of financial year unforeseen problems let to the purchase of asset from operating expenditure

Community and Social Services:

An addisional grant was received to completed the Small Business Park project. Sport and Recreation

The project was not completed before the end of the financial year

Roads and Transport.
Projects not finalised

Energy Sources

Additional grant was received after adjustment budget and not add to a further adjustment. Project is still in process

Water.

. Projects not finalised - project will continue in the new financial year

Waste Water Management:
Projects not finalised - project will continue in the new financial year



30 June 2021

Description	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Second Adjustment Budget	Final Budget	Actual Outcame	Variance	Actual Dutcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Oulcome as % of Original Budget
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
CASH FLOW								
Cash Flows from/(used in) Operating Activities								
Receipts		i						
Property Rates	4 480 010	4 597 906	4 879 319	4 879 319	4 056 332	(822 987)	į.	90.54∜
Transfers and Subsidies	37 663 740	41 71 1 740	44 873 000	44 673 000	46 741 678	2 068 678	104 63%	124.43%
Service Charges	24 030 188	22 650 765	20 802 854	20 602 854	2 646 914	(17 955 940)	!	11 013
Interest	1 314 496	I 415 292	485 200	485 200	285 448	(199 754)		21 725
Other Revenue	8 809 213	8 539 927	6 445 678	6 446 678	21 541 568	15 094 890	334,15%	244.539
Payments								
Suppliers and Employees	(63 923 601)	(66 623 511)	(65 654 511)	(65 554 511)	(\$6 487 869)	9 166 642	86 04%	1
Finance Charges	(795 000)	(795 000)	(21 000)	(21 000)	(369.567)	(348 567)	1759 84%	46 490
Cash Flows from/(used in) Investing Activities		.						
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(9 754 291)	(20 085 197)	(25 243 565)	(25 243 565)	(20 961 150)	4 232 415	83 04%	214 69%
Cash Flows from/(used in) Financing Activities								
Borrowing Long-terrsvRefinancing		-	-	,	(6 225)	(6 225)		
Increase/(Decrease) in Consumer Deposits	43 272		-	•		•		0.004
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year	7 469 486	12 091 897	12 091 897	12 091 897	12 109 557	11 279 151	2522.51%	841.999
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year	9 237 513	3 803 819	(1 740 128)	(1 740 128)	9 616 683		<u> </u>	

Cash Flow Statement: Explanation of Variances between Approved Budget and Actual

Reasons for Variances greater than 10% between Approved Budget and Actual Amount on the various items disclosed in the Cash Flow Statement are explained below:

Property Rates.

During the Covid-19 period the ratepayers suffered to keep their account up to data. The agricultural area is currently caught in a severe drought and the farmers are struggling financially

Service Charges: The receipts for service charges are lower than anticipated due to low collection rate as result of National Lockdown caused by Covid-19 Pandeniic

Interest: This interest relates to interest agried on bank and investments and interest charged on outstanding debtors. The actuals are lower than anticipated mostly due to low collection rate as result of Covid-19 Pandemic

NT Budget Template not aligned to CRAP and other receipts are higher than anticipated due to receipts from Non-exchange Transactions

Suppliers and Employees

Suppliers and Employees paid include Remuneration and Other Payments and are lower than ambiguisted as result of National Lockdown caused by Covid-19 Pandemic

Finance Charges:

The variance is due to interest charged on Overdue Craditors. Finance Lease and Landfill sites provision not budgeted for

Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment

The underspending of projects relate to various Capital Programmes, with the budget rollover to 2020/21 for implementation of the projects. The budget rollover was approved by Council on 30 September 2020. This is also influenced by the underspending of Conditional Grants.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), as approved by the Minister of Finance, including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board and in accordance with the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003).

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, except where indicated otherwise.

The Statement of Financial Performance has been prepared to classify expenses by nature, whilst revenue is classified in a manner appropriate to the municipality's operations. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared using the Direct Method.

1.1 Presentation Currency

The Annual Financial Statements are presented in South African Rand, rounded off to the nearest Rand which is the municipality's functional currency.

1.2 Critical Judgements, Estimations and Assumptions

In the application of the municipality's Accounting Policies, which are described below, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the critical judgements and estimations that management have made in the process of applying the municipality's Accounting Policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in Annual Financial Statements:

1.2.1 Revenue Recognition

In making their judgement, the management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9 (Revenue from Exchange Transactions) and GRAP 23 (Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions). As far as Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions is concerned (see Basis of Preparation above), and, in particular, whether the municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services is rendered, whether the service has been rendered. Also of importance is the estimation process involved in initially measuring revenue at the fair value thereof. Management of the municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

Revenue for Traffic Fines:

There is uncertainty regarding the probability of the flow of economic benefits or service potential in respect of spot fines as these fines are usually not given directly to an offender. Further legal processes have to be undertaken before the spot fine is enforceable. In respect of summonses the public prosecutor can decide whether to waive the fine, reduce it or prosecute for non-payment by the offender. The full amount of traffic fines issued during the year is recognised at the initial transaction date as revenue. Where a reliable estimate cannot be made of revenue from summonses, the revenue is recognised when the public prosecutor pays the cash collected over to the municipality.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1.2.2 Water Inventory

The estimation of the Water Inventory in reservoirs is based on the measurement of water via electronic level sensors, which determines the depth of water in the reservoirs, which is then converted into volumes based on the total capacity of the reservoir. Furthermore, the length and width of all pipes are also taken into account in determining the volume of water on hand at year-end

1.2,3 Impairment of Financial Assets

Accounting Policy 4.4 on Impairment of Financial Assets describes the process followed to determine the value at which Financial Assets should be impaired. In making the estimation of the impairment, the management of the municipality considered the detailed criteria of impairment and used its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. The management of the municipality is satisfied that impairment of Financial Assets recorded during the year is appropriate.

Impairment of Trade Receivables:

The calculation in respect of the impairment of Debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which Debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This is performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

Impairment of Traffic Fines:

Assessing and recognising impairment of Receivables for Traffic Fines is an event that takes place subsequent to the initial recognition of revenue charged. The municipality assesses the probability of collecting revenue when accounts fall into arrears. Such an assessment is not to be made at the time of initial recognition.

1.2.4 Impairment of Statutory Receivables

Accounting Policy 5.3 on Impairment of Statutory Receivables describes the process followed to determine the value at which Statutory Receivables should be impaired. In making the estimation of the Impairment, the management of the municipality considered the detailed criteria of impairment and used its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. The management of the municipality is satisfied that impairment of Statutory Receivables recorded during the year is appropriate.

1.2.5 Capitalisation of Capital Assets

Judgement by management is required to distinguish between expenses incurred to maintain and repair capital assets and expenses incurred that will increase the remaining useful life of capital assets and needs to be capitalised to capital assets.

1.2.6 Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Investment Property

As described in Accounting Policies 6.3, 7.2 and 8.2, the municipality depreciates its Property, Plant & Equipment and Investment Property, and amortises its Intangible Assets, over the estimated useful lives of the assets, taking into account the residual values of the assets at the end of their useful lives, which is determined when the assets are available for use.

The estimation of residual values of assets is based on management's judgement as to whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

1.2.7 Impairment: Write-down of Property, Plant & Equipment, Intangible Assets, and inventories

Accounting Policy 5 on Impairment of Assets. Accounting Policy 3.2 on Intangible Assets — Subsequent Measurement, Amortisation and Impairment and Accounting Policy 7.2 on Inventory — Subsequent Measurement describe the conditions under which non-financial assets are tested for potential Impairment losses by the management of the municipality. Significant estimates and judgements are made relating to impairment testing of Property, Plant and Equipment, impairment testing of Intangible Assets and write-down of Inventories to the lowest of Cost and Net Realisable Value or Current Replacement Cost.

In making the above-mentioned estimates and judgement, management considered the subsequent measurement criteria and indicators of potential impairment losses. In particular, the calculation of the recoverable service amount for PPE and Intangible Assets and the Net Realisable Value for Inventories involves significant judgment by management.



LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1.2.8 Service Concession Arrangements

The municipality assesses whether it is a party to any service concession arrangements by considering the principles contained in GRAP 32 and IFRIC 12.

Management has assessed all arrangements in place and concluded that there are no service concession arrangements to which it was a party during this accounting period.

1.2.9 Defined Benefit Plan Liabilities

As described in Accounting Policy 15.2, Employee Benefits – Post-employment Benefits, the municipality obtains actuarial valuations of its Defined Benefit Plan Liabilities. The defined benefit obligations of the municipality that were identified are Post-retirement Health Benefit Obligations and Long-service Awards. The estimated liabilities are recorded in accordance with the requirements of GRAP 25. Details of the liabilities and the key assumptions made by the actuaries in estimating the liabilities are provided in the relevant Notes to the Annual Financial Statements.

1.2.10 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring Provisions and when measuring Contingent Liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the effect of discounting is material using actuarial valuations.

1.2.11 Principals and Agent Arrangements

The municipality assesses whether it is a party to any principal-agent arrangements by considering the principles contained in GRAP 109.

The municipality is assessed to be the agent and only accounts for the amounts which the agent are entitled to in terms of the principal-agent arrangement. In order to assess that the municipality is the agent, the following factors were considered in applying its judgement:

• The municipality acts as an agent for Department of Transport for issuing licenses and permits and collects monies on their behalf.

1.2.12 Housing Arrangements

The municipality is not accredited to deliver housing under the national housing programme. However it assesses its roles and responsibilities it undertakes for each project undertaken in terms of the national housing programme by assessing the terms and conditions agreed with the relevant Provincial Department of Human Settlements.

Management has assessed all arrangements in place and concluded that there are no housing arrangements to which it was a project manager or developer during this accounting period.

1.2.13 Budget Information

Deviations between budget and actual amounts are regarded as material differences when a 10% deviation exists. All material differences are explained in the relevant Notes to the Annual Financial Statements.

1.2.14 Segment Reporting

The municipality is assessed to have reportable segments as per the requirements of GRAP 18. In order to assess that the segments could be aggregated, the following factors were considered in applying its judgement:

- For management purposes the municipality is broadly organised into business units based on the nature of operations and the services they provide.
- No individually material operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.
- The municipality does not monitor segments geographically.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1.2.15 The effect of COVID-19

Management needs to estimate the effect of COVID-19 on its future cash flow and discount rates to ensure that the municipality will remain a going concern.

Judgement needs to be made on the effect of COVID-19 on credit risk, liquidity risk and going concern.

1.3 Materiality

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decisions or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatement judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor.

Assessing whether an omission or misstatement could influence decisions of users, and so be material, requires consideration of the characteristics of those users. The Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements states that users are assumed to have a reasonable knowledge of government, its activities, accounting and a willingness to study the information with reasonable diligence. Therefore, the assessment takes into account how users with such attributes could reasonably be expected to be influenced in making and evaluating decisions.

1.4 Going Concern Assumption

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared on a Going Concern Assumption

The recent COVID-19 pandemic and its effect on the municipality's current and expected performance has been considered by management in the Going Concern Assumption.

1.5 Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet Effective

The following GRAP Standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

	Stand	lard of GRAP / Nature of Impending Changes / Expected Impact	Effective Date	Planned Date for Application by Municipality
•	Guideline	Accounting for Landfill Sites None, Standard not applicable to Municipality	Not yet determined	Not yet determined
ā	Guideline	The Application of Materiality to Financial Statements No changes expected	Not yet determined	Not yet determined

The municipality has no operations and *i* or interests in the above-mentioned Standards where the impact is indicated "None, Standard not applicable to Municipality" and therefore it is regarded that no disclosures on these Standards will be necessary.

1.6 Utilisation of Transitional Provisions

GRAP 108 Statutory Receivables

GRAP 108 Statutory Receivables became effective on 1 April 2019 and, in accordance with the transitional provisions for the Standard provided in Directive 3, entities are not required to change their accounting policies in respect of the classification and measurement of statutory receivables for reporting periods beginning on a date within three years following the date of first adoption of GRAP 108. Entities shall comply with the disclosure requirements of GRAP 108 as and when statutory receivables are classified and measured in accordance with the Standard of GRAP.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The municipality is taking advantage of the transitional provisions by not classifying or measuring its Statutory Receivables in accordance with GRAP 108, and, therefore, no disclosures required by GRAP 108 has been made.

The estimate Statutory Receivables that exists in the municipality's books at year-end are those relating to Property Rates, Fines and VAT.

The municipality intends to fully apply the requirements of GRAP 108 by 30 June 2022.

2. BUDGET INFORMATION

The annual budget figures have been prepared in accordance with the GRAP standard and are consistent with the Accounting Policies adopted by the Council for the preparation of these Annual Financial Statements. The amounts are scheduled as a separate additional financial statement, called the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts. Explanatory comment is provided in the statement giving reasons for overall growth or decline in the budget and motivations for overal or under spending on line items. The annual budget figures included in the Annual Financial Statements are for the municipality and do not include budget information retating to subsidiaries or associates. These figures are those approved by the Council at the beginning and during the year following a period of consultation with the public as part of the Integrated Development Plan. The budget is approved on an accrual basis by nature classification.

The approved budget covers the period from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.

3. INVENTORIES

3.1 Recognition and Initial Measurement

Inventories comprise current assets held-for-sale, current assets for consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the Inventories to their current location and condition. Where Inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where Inventory is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

Direct costs relating to properties that will be sold as inventory are accumulated for each separately identifiable development. Costs also include a proportion of overhead costs.

3.2 Subsequent Measurement

3.2.1 Consumable Stores

Subsequently, Inventories sold are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost is determined using the Weighted Average Method.

Consumable stores distributed at no charge or for a nominal charge and finished goods are valued at the lower of cost and current reptacement cost. The cost is determined using the Weighted Average Method.

3.2.2 Water Inventory

Water is regarded as Inventory when the municipality purchases water in bulk with the intention to resell it to the consumers or to use it internally, or where the municipality has incurred purification costs on water obtained from natural resources (rain, rivers, springs, boreholes, etc). However, water in dams, that are filled by natural resources and that has not yet been treated, that is under the control of the municipality but cannot be measured reliably as there is no cost attached to the water, is therefore not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The basis of determining the cost of water purchased and not yet sold at reporting date comprises all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the Inventory to its present location and condition, net of trade discounts and rebates.

Water and purified effluent are valued by using the FIFO Method, at the lowest of purified cost and net realisable value, insofar as it is stored and controlled in reservoirs at year-end.

3.2.3 Other Arrangements

Redundant and slow-moving Inventories identified are written down from cost to current replacement cost, if applicable.

Differences arising on the measurement of such Inventory at the lower of cost and current replacement cost or net realisable value, are recognised in Surptus or Deficit in the year in which they arise. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of Inventories arising from an increase in current replacement cost or net realisable value is recognised as a reduction in the amount of Inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of Inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the Inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The municipality has various types of Financial Instruments and these can be broadly categorised as Financial Assets, Financial Liabilities or Residual Interests in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement.

Initial Recognition

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are recognised when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The municipality does not offset a Financial Asset and a Financial Liability unless a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts currently exist and the municipality intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.1 Financial Assets - Classification

The municipality has the following types of Financial Assets:

Type of Financial Asset	Classification in terms of GRAP 104
Long-term Receivables	Financial Assets at Amortised Cost
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Financial Assets at Amortised Cost
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	Financial Assets at Amortised Cost
Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents - Call Deposits	Financial Assets at Amortised Cost
Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents - Bank	Financial Assets at Amortised Cost
Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash	Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

Trade and Other Receivables exclude Value Added Taxation, Prepayments and Operating Lease Receivables are classified as Financial Assets at Amortised Cost.

Cash includes cash-on-hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks (including call deposits). For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise cash-on-hand and deposits held on call with banks, net of bank overdrafts.

4.2 Financial Liabilities - Classification

The municipality has the following types of Financial Liabilities:

Type of Financial Liability	Classification in terms of GRAP 104
Payables from Exchange Transactions	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost
Payables from Non-exchange Transactions	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost
Unspent Conditional Grants	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4.3 Initial and Subsequent Measurement

4.3.1 Financial Assets:

Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the Financial Asset. Subsequently, these assets are measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Method less any impairment, with interest recognised on an Effective Yield Basis.

4.3.2 Financial Liabilities:

Financial Liabilities held at Amortised Cost

Any other Financial Liabilities are classified as Other Financial Liabilities (All Payables, Loans and Borrowings are classified as Other Liabilities) and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Trade and Other Payables, Interest-bearing Debt including Finance Lease Liabilities, Non-interest-bearing Debt and Bank Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate Method. Interest expense is recognised in Surplus or Deficit by applying the effective interest rate.

Prepayments are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

4.4 Impairment of Financial Assets

Financial Assets, other than those at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial Assets are impaired where there is objective evidence of impairment of Financial Assets (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor). If there is such evidence the recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised through the use of an allowance account.

4.4.1 Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

A provision for impairment of Accounts Receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the municipality will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The provision is made whereby the recoverability of accounts receivable is assessed individually and then collectively after grouping the assets in financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics. The amount of the provision is the difference between the Financial Asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Future cash flows in a group of Financial Assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Government accounts are not provided for as such accounts are regarded as receivable for the following reasons:

- It is management's judgement that the accounts are not "lost events" in terms of GRAP 104.58.
- State Departments and Entities have to pay their creditors within 30 days in terms of the PFMA.
- Interest is charged on all oustanding balances at a rate of the banker's prime rate plus 1%.
- There is an urge from National Treasury that State Departments and Entities should start paying their outstanding debt.

The carrying amount of the Financial Asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all Financial Assets carried at Amortised Cost with the exception of Consumer Debtors, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a Consumer Debtor is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against revenue. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in Surplus or Deficit.

4.5 Derecognition of Financial Assets

The municipality derecognises Financial Assets only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the Financial Asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity, except when Council approves the write-off of Financial Assets due to non-recoverability.

If the municipality neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the municipality recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the municipality retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred Financial Asset, the municipality continues to recognise the Financial Asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4.6 Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

The municipality derecognises Financial Liabilities when, and only when, the municipality's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

The municipality recognises the difference between the carrying amount of the Financial Liability (or part of a Financial Liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, in Surplus or Deficit

5. STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

Statutory Receivables are receivables that arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means and require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset.

The municipality has the following Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions:

- Assessment Rates
- Fines

5.1 Recognition and Initial Measurement

Statutory Receivables are recognised if the transaction is an exchange transaction per GRAP 9 or a non-exchange transaction per GRAP 23 or, if the transaction is not within the scope of GRAP 9 or GRAP 23, or another Standard of GRAP, and the definition of an asset is met and, when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the municipality and the transaction amount can be reliably measured.

The municipality recognises Statutory Receivables when they arise.

Statutory Receivables are initially measured at their transaction amount. The transaction amount would be the amount that is determined on initial measurement in accordance with the relevant Standard of GRAP.

The transaction amounts of the Statutory Receivables of the municipality are determined as follows:

- Assessment Rates are levied in terms of the stipulations contained in the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act No. 6 of 2004) at rates determined each year by Council.
- Fines are serviced in terms of the stipulations contained in the Criminal Procedures Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977) at rates published in the Government Gazette from time to time.

5.2 Subsequent Weasurement

Statutory Receivables are measured after initial recognition using the cost method. Under the cost method, the initial measurement of the receivable is changed subsequent to initial recognition to reflect any:

- Interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable, where applicable;
- Impairment losses; and
- Amounts derecognised.

5.3 Impairment

Statutory Receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Statutory Receivables are impaired where there is any indication of impairment of Statutory Receivables, such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor.

In assessing whether Statutory Receivables are impaired, the municipality assesses whether there are any indications that individually significant receivables are impaired; and/or groups of similar, individually insignificant, receivables are impaired.



LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The municipality groups together and assesses collectively for impairment those receivables that exhibit similar characteristics which provide information about the possible collectability of the amounts owing to the municipality. The municipality uses the following groupings:

- Assessment Rates
- Fines

If there is such evidence the carrying amount is reduced to the estimated future cash flows, an impairment loss is recognised, directly or indirectly, through the use of an allowance account, with the amount of the impairment loss being recognised in Surplus or Deficit.

5.4 Derecognition

The municipality derecognises Statutory Receivables only when the rights to the cash flows from the receivable expires or it transfers the Statutory Receivable and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable to another municipality, except when council approves the write-off of the receivable due to non-recoverability.

The municipality derecognises a receivable if the municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, transfers control of the receivable to another party and the other party has the practical ability to self the receivable in its entirety to an unrelated party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the municipality recognises separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer. The carrying amount of and statutory receivables transferred is allocated between the rights and obligations retained and those transferred on the basis of the relative fair values at the transfer date. The municipality assesses whether any newly created rights and obligations are within the scope of GRAP 104 or another Standards of GRAP. Any difference between the consideration received and the amounts derecognised and, those amounts recognised, is recognised in surplus or deficit in the period transferred.

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

6.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are initially recognised at cost.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Repairs and Maintenance are expenses incurred through servicing equipment or repairing of existing assets. These expenses are not recognised in the carrying value of the asset, but directly recognised in Surplus or Deficit and measured at cost against the attributing segments of the Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA).

6.2 Subsequent Measurement

Subsequently all Property Plant and Equipment are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses

6.3 Depreciation

Depreciation on assets other than land is calculated on cost, using the Straight-line Method, to allocate their cost or revalued amounts to their residual values over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Each part of an item of Property. Plant and Equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Years	Asset Class	Years
Buildings Improvements	10 - 100	Community Community Facilities Recreational Facilities	15 - 100 20 - 100
Infrastructure Electricity Roads and Paving Sanitation / Sewerage Solid Waste Water	15 - 60 10 - 60 10 - 60 15 - 60 5 - 80	Other Computer Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment Machinery and Equipment Transport Assets	5 - 30 6 - 50 5 - 40 10 - 45

6.4 Land

Land is stated at historical cost and is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

6.5 Incomplete Construction Work

Incomplete Construction Work is stated at historical cost. Depreciation only commences when the asset is available for use.

6.6 Infrastructure Assets

Infrastructure Assets are any assets that are part of a network of similar assets. Infrastructure assets are shown at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Infrastructure assets are treated similarly to all other assets of the municipality in terms of the asset management policy.

6.7 Finance Leases

Assets capitalised under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as Property, Plant and Equipment controlled by the municipality or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease if there is no reasonable certainty that the municipality will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

6.8 Derecognition

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is included in Surplus or Deficit when the item is derecognised. Gains are not classified as Revenue.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

7.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

Identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance are classified and recognised as Intangible Assets.

Intangible Assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an Intangible Asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

The cost of an intangible Asset acquired in exchange for non-monetary assets or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, is measured at the fair value of the asset given up, unless the fair value of the asset received is more clearly evident. If the acquired item could not be measured at its fair value, its cost is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up. If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Repairs and Maintenance are expenses incurred through servicing equipment or repairing of existing assets. These expenses are not recognised in the carrying value of the asset, but directly recognised in Surplus or Deficit and measured at cost against the attributing segments of the Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA).

7.2 Subsequent Measurement, Amortisation and Impairment

After initial recognition, Intangible Assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is charged on a Straight-line Method over the Intangible Assets' useful lives. The residual value of Intangible Assets with finite useful lives is zero, unless an active market exists. Where Intangible Assets are deemed to have indefinite useful lives, such Intangible Assets are not amortised. However, such Intangible Assets are subject to an annual impairment test.

The amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Years
Computer Software Purchased	5 - 10

7.3 Derecognition

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of Intangible Asset is included in Surplus or Deficit when the item is derecognised. Gains are not classified as Revenue.

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

8.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

At initial recognition, the municipality measures investment Property at cost. However, where an Investment Property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the Investment Property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Repairs and Maintenance are expenses incurred through servicing equipment or repairing of existing assets. These expenses are not recognised in the carrying value of the asset, but directly recognised in Surplus or Deficit and measured at cost against the attributing segments of the Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA).

8.2 Subsequent Measurement

Investment Property is measured using the Cost Model and is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on cost, using the Straight-line Method over the useful life of the property, which is estimated at 20 - 100 years. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an Investment Property is recognised in Surplus or Deficit.

8.3 Derecognition

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of Investment Property is included in Surplus or Deficit when the item is derecognised. Gains are not classified as Revenue.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

9. HERITAGE ASSETS

Heritage Assets are not depreciated owing to uncertainty regarding to their estimated useful lives. The municipality assess at each reporting date if there is an indication of impairment.

9.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

Heritage Assets are initially recognised at cost

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Repairs and Maintenance are expenses incurred through servicing equipment or repairing of existing assets. These expenses are not recognised in the carrying value of the asset, but directly recognised in Surplus or Deficit and measured at cost against the attributing segments of the Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA).

9.2 Subsequent Measurement

Subsequently all Heritage Assets are measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

9.3 Derecognition

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of Heritage Assets is included in Surplus or Deficit when the item is derecognised. Gains are not classified as Revenue.

10. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The municipality classifies all assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return as Cash Generating Assets. All other assets are classified as Non-cash Generating Assets.

10.1 Impairment of Cash Generating Assets

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit.

An impairment loss is recognised for cash generating units if the recoverable amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amounts of those assets are estimated

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.



LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit.

10.2 Impairment of Non-cash Generating Assets

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the non-cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The recoverable service amount of a non-cash generating asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit

An impairment loss is recognised for non-cash generating units if the recoverable service amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit.

11. CONSUMER DEPOSITS

Consumer deposits are a partial security for a future payment of an account. All consumers are therefore required to pay a deposit equal to two months consumption of electricity and water services. Deposits are considered a liability as the deposit is only refunded once the service is terminated. No interest is paid on deposits.

12. PROVISIONS

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation is the amount that the municipality would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party at that time and are determined by the judgment of the management of the municipality, supplemented by experience of similar transactions and, in some cases, reports from independent experts. The evidence considered includes any additional evidence provided by events after the reporting date. Uncertainties surrounding the amount to be recognised as a provision are dealt with by various means according to the circumstances. Where the provision being measured involves a large population of items, the obligation is estimated by weighting all possible outcomes by their associated probabilities.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision. An onerous contract is a contract in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it – this unavoidable cost resulting from the contract is the amount of the provision to be recognised.

Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation. When the effect of discounting is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money. The impact of the periodic unwinding of the discount is recognised in Surplus or Deficit as a finance cost as it occurs.

12.1 Provision for Environmental Rehabilitation

Estimated long-term environmental provisions, comprising rehabilitation and landfill site closure, are based on the municipality's policy, taking into account current technological, environmental and regulatory requirements. The provision for rehabilitation is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. To the extent that the obligations relate to the asset, they are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are charged to Surplus or Deficit.

13. LEASES

13.1 The Municipality as Lessee

13.1.1 Finance Leases

Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets subject to finance lease agreements are capitalised at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. Corresponding liabilities are recognised at equal amounts. In discounting the lease payments, the municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments to the fair value of the asset, plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment or intangible assets. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the finance cost and the capital repayment using the Effective Interest Rate Method. Finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables. The lease asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life or the lease term.

13.1.2 Operating Leases

The municipality recognises operating lease rentals as an expense in Surplus or Deficit on a Straight-line Basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease asset or liability. Any lease incentives are included as part of the net consideration agreed.

13.2 The Municipality as Lessor

Amounts due from lessees under Finance Leases or instalment sale agreements are recorded as receivables at the amount of the municipality's net investment in the leases. Finance lease or instalment sale revenue is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the municipality's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases or instalment sale agreements.

Rental revenue from Operating Leases is recognised on a Straight-line Basis over the term of the relevant lease.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

14. BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are treated as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT LIABILITIES

15.1 Short-term Employee Benefits

The costs of all short-term employee benefits such as leave pay, are recognised during the period in which the employee renders the related service. The liability for leave pay is based on the total accrued leave days at year end and is shown as a creditor in the Statement of Financial Position. The municipality recognises the expected cost of performance bonuses only when the municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation to make such payment and a reliable estimate can be made.

15.1.1 Provision for Staff Leave

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year-end and also on the total remuneration package of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term.

Accumulated leave is vesting.

15.1.2 Staff Bonuses Accrued

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year-end for each employee.

15.1.3 Provision for Performance Bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 57 employees, is recognised as it accrue to Section 57 employees. Municipalities' performance bonus provisions are based on the employment contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

15.2 Post-employment Benefits

The municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors, and has both defined benefit and defined contribution postemployment plans.

15.2.1 Defined Contribution Plans

The municipality's contributions to the defined contribution funds are established in terms of the rules governing those plans. Contributions are recognised in Surplus or Deficit in the period in which the service is rendered by the relevant employees. The municipality has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

15.2.2 Defined Benefit Plans

Post-retirement Health Care Benefits

The municipality has an obligation to provide Post-retirement Health Care Benefits to certain of its retirees. According to the rules of the Medical Aid Funds with which the municipality is associated, a member (who is on the current Conditions of Service), on retirement, is entitled to remain a continued member of the Medical Aid Fund, in which case the municipality is liable for a certain portion of the medical aid membership fee. Not all Medical Aid Funds with which the municipality is associated, provide for continued membership.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The defined benefit liability is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and unrecognised actuarial gains and losses, reduced by unrecognised past service costs. The plan is unfunded. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method, incorporating actuarial assumptions and a discount rate based on the government bond rate. Valuations of these obligations are carried out annually by independent qualified actuaries.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit

Long-service Allowance

The municipality has an obligation to provide Long-service Allowance Benefits to all of its employees. According to the rules of the Long-service Allowance Scheme, which the municipality instituted and operates, an employee (who is on the current Conditions of Service), is entitled to a cash allowance, calculated in terms of the rules of the scheme, after 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 years of continued service. The municipality's liability is based on an actuarial valuation. The Projected Unit Credit Method is used to value the liabilities. Actuarial gains and losses on the long-term incentives are accounted for through Surplus or Deficit.

Provincially-administered Defined Benefit Plans

The municipality contributes to various National- and Provincial-administered Defined Benefit Plans on behalf of its qualifying employees. These funds are multi-employer funds. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against revenue in the year they become payable. These defined benefit funds are actuarially valued triennially on the Projected Unit Credit Method basis. Deficits are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis from all participating municipalities.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The municipality has an obligation to provide Post-retirement Pension Benefits to certain of its retirees. Pension contributions in respect of employees who were not members of a pension fund are recognised as an expense when incurred. Staff provident funds are maintained to accommodate personnel who, due to age, cannot join or be part of the various pension funds. The municipality contributes monthly to the funds.

The liability recognised in the Statement of Financial Position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past-service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in Surplus or Deficit.

16. REVENUE RECOGNITION

16.1 General

Revenue is derived from a variety of sources which include rates levied, grants from other liers of government and revenue from trading activities and other services provided.

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the municipality's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

16.2 Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions

16.2.1 Rates and Taxes

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a Time-proportionate Basis with reference to the principal amount receivable and effective interest rate applicable. A composite rating system charging different rate tariffs is employed. Rebates are granted to certain categories of ratepayers and are deducted from revenue.

16.2.2 Fines

Fines constitute both spot fines and summonses

Revenue for fines is recognised when the fine is issued at the full amount of the receivable. The municipality uses estimates to determine the amount of revenue that the municipality is entitled to collect that is subject to further legal proceedings.

16.2.3 Government Grants and Receipts

Equitable share allocations are recognised in revenue at the start of the financial year if no time-based restrictions exist.

Conditional grants, donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the municipality with no future related costs, are recognised in Surplus or Deficit in the period in which they become receivable.

Interest earned on investments is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor and if it is the municipality's interest, it is recognised as interest earned in Surplus or Deficit.

16.2.4 Public Contributions

Revenue from public contributions is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment are brought into use.

16.2.5 Other Donations and Contributions

Donations are recognised on a cash receipt basis or where the donation is in the form of property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment are available for use.

16.2.6 Interest Earned

Interest earned on investments is recognised in Surplus or Deficit on the Time-proportionate Basis that takes into account the effective yield on the investment.

16.2.7 Tariff Charges

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant authorised tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

16.2.8 Revenue from Recovery of Unauthorised, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

The recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No 56 of 2003) and is recognised as revenue when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials became virtually certain in a financial period subsequent to the period when the actual unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure was incurred.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

16.3 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

16,3.1 Service Charges

Service Charges are levied in terms of approved tariffs.

Service Charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to all properties that have improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage.

Service charges relating to sewerage and sanitation are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to all properties. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage.

In circumstances where services cannot readily be measured and quantified, a flat rate service charge is levied monthly on such properties.

16.3.2 Prepaid Electricity

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards are recognised at the point of sale.

16.3.3 Rentals Received

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a Straight-line Basis over the term of the lease agreement,

16,3,4 Income from Agency Services

Revenue for agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the revenue collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The revenue recognised is in terms of the agency agreement.

16.3.5 Interest Earned

Interest earned on investments is recognised in Surplus or Deficit on the Time-proportionate Basis that takes into account the effective yield on the investment

Interest on outstanding customer receivables is calculated when the receivable is more than 30 days at prime rate plus 1%, and recognised in surplus or deficit on the time-proportionate basis.

16.3.6 Tariff Charges

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant authorised tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

16.3.7 Sale of Goods (including Houses)

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been met:

- (a) The municipality has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- (b) The municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality; and
- (e) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably



LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

17. GRANTS-IN-AID

The municipality transfers money to individuals, organisations and other sectors of government from time to time. When making these transfers, the municipality does not:

- (a) Receive any goods or services directly in return, as would be expected in a purchase or sale transaction;
- (b) Expect to be repaid in future; or
- (c) Expect a financial return, as would be expected from an investment.

These transfers are recognised in Surplus or Deficit as expenses in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred.

18. MATERIAL LOSSES

The MFMA requires the disclosure of material losses incurred during the year under review. The disclosure is provided in order to comply to the legislative requirements governing Municipalities and Municipal Entitles.

Due to their significance, the complete calculation of water and electricity losses is provided, including the opening balance, purchases, sales and closing balance where applicable. The unit rate is the rate per the last purchase as inventory is measured based on the First-In-First-Out Method as defined by GRAP 12 (Inventories).

19. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised Expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted for, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state, and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No 56 of 2003).

All expenditure relating to Unauthorised Expenditure is accounted for as an expense in Surplus or Deficit in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in Surplus or Deficit.

20. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular Expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No 20 of 1998), or is in contravention of the Municipality's or Municipal Entities' Supply Chain Management Policies. Irregular Expenditure excludes Unauthorised Expenditure.

Irregular Expenditure is accounted for as an expense in Surplus or Deficit in the period it occurred and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in Surplus or Deficit.

21. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All expenditure relating to Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in Surplus or Deficit in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in Surplus or Deficit.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

22. COMMITMENTS

Commitments are disclosed for:

- Approved and contracted commitments, where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has been awarded at the reporting date, where disclosure is required by a specific standard of GRAP;
- Approved but not yet contracted commitments, where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has yet to be awarded or is awaiting finalisation at the reporting date;
- Items are classified as commitments where the College commits itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of resources:
- Contracts that are entered into before the reporting date, but goods and services have not yet been received are disclosed in the disclosure Notes to the Annual Financial Statements; and
- Other commitments for contracts that are non-cancellable or only cancellable at significant cost, should relate to something other than the business of the municipality.

23. RELATED PARTIES

Individuals as well as their close family members, and/or entities are related parties if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and/or operating decisions.

Management is regarded as a related party and comprises the Councillors, Executive Mayor, Deputy Executive Mayor, Speaker, Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer and all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

Only transactions with related parties not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business are disclosed.

24. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in Notes to the Annual Financial Statements.

25. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date that are classified as adjusting events have been accounted for in the Annual Financial Statements.

The events after the reporting date that are classified as Non-adjusting Events after the Reporting Date have been disclosed in Notes to the Annual Financial Statements



ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

26. SEGMENT REPORTING

The mandate of the municipality is to provide basic services to the community over which it governs. In order to properly execute its mandate and achieve its strategic goals, internal management reporting is based on each service objective and also considered separately for each of the towns within the municipal jurisdiction. The components described below have been identified as individually significant segments for purposes of reporting in terms of GRAP 18 (Segment Reporting).

The following services are considered significant to the municipality and is accordingly managed separately:

- Municipal governance and administration.
- Community and public safety.
- Housing.
- Health.
- Energy, waste, waste water and water.
- Other.

All other sources of income and expenditure is aggregated through means of the administrative function as these services are not significant to the other services of the municipality as a whole.

The municipality only operates in a single geographical location and accordingly does not report separately on each location within its jurisdiction.

Intersegmental transfers are per the municipality's approved tariff policy. The reconciliation clearly describes the effects of all internal transfers between segments.

The accounting policies for segmental reporting in the management accounts are aligned to the requirements of GRAP as descriped in these accounting policies.

No changes from were made from prior periods measurement methods used to determine reported segment surplus or deficit.

27. VALUE ADDED TAX

The municipality accounts for Value Added Tax on the Payments Basis in accordance with section15(2)(a) of the Value-Added Tax Act (Act No 89 of 1991)



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021 2020 R R

t. GENERAL INFORMATION

Laingsburg Municipality is a local municipality in the Western Cape and is one of three local municipalities under the jurisdiction of the Central Karoo District Municipality. The municipal area includes the town of Laingsburg, the settlements of Matjiesfontein and Vieiland as well rural farms. The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed under "General Information" included in the Annual Financial Statements and in the introduction of the Annual Report. The principal activities of the municipality are disclosed in the Annual Report and are prescribed by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA).

2. INVENTORIES

Consumables Finished Goods Materials and Supplies Water - Al Cost	442 526 141 273 32 844 23 893	330 137 135 843 92 143 30 338
Total inventories	640 536	588 461
The prior year amount for inventories has been adjusted. Refer to Note 44.3 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restalement.		
2.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
Suppliers Paid:- Inventory - Opening Balance Inventory - Closing Balance	588 461 (640 536)	928 178 (588 461)
Total Inventory allocated to Suppliers Paid	(52 076)	339 717
Total Inventory allocated to Cash Flow	(52 076)	339 717

Materials and Supplies are held for own use and measured at the lower of Cost and Current Replacement Cost, No write downs of Inventory to Current Replacement Cost were required.

Water is held for distribution and measured at the lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value. No write down of Inventory to Net Realisable Value was required.

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense includes R2 342 540 (2020; R1 902 724)

3. RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

	Gross Balances	Provision for Impairment	Net Balances R
As at 30 June 2021	R	R	ĸ
Service Debtors.	4 757 068	3 389 669	1 367 399
Electricity	I 431 874	708 878	722 996
Refuse	634 652	536 662	97 990
Sewerage	864 615	1 086 051	(421 435)
Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts	9 690	-	9 690
Other Service Charges	1 227 136	81685	1 145 501
Water	789 050	976 393	(187 342)
Other Receivables	621 948	417 471	204 476
Other Debtors	982 577		982 577
Control, Clearing and Interface Accounts	40 233		40 233
Deposits for Land	2 086 834	•	2 086 834
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	8 488 659	3 807 140	4 681 520



HOTEO TO THE MINIONE FRANÇOISE STATEMENTO POP	TITE TEAK ENDED S	U JUNE ZUZT	
	Gross Balances R	Provision for Impairment R	Net Balances R
As at 30 June 2020	••		**
Service Debtors:	5 389 813	3 426 624	1 963 189
Electricity	1 581 376	649 578	931 797
Refuse	781 134	549 269	231 865
Sewerage	886 476	1 116 472	(229 996)
Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts	9 962	''''	9 962
Other Service Charges	1 146 460	99 985	1 046 476
Waler	984 406	1 011 320	(26 915)
Other Receivables	1 149 647	430 262	719 385
Other Debtors	39 084	400 202	39 084
Control, Clearing and Interface Accounts	32 480	-	32 480
Deposits for Land	1 960 797		1 960 797
2 specific for Early	1 900 (8)	•	1 900 797
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	8 571 821	3 856 886	4 714 935
The prior year amount for Receivables from Exchange Transactions has been adjusted. Refer "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.	r to Note 44.3 on		
		2021	2020
		R	R
3.1 Allocation for Cash Flow			
Service Charges:-			
Service Debtors - Opening Balance		1 002 100	1 200 040
Service Debtors - Closing Balance		1 963 189	1 396 646
Service Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Opening Balance		(1 367 399)	(1 963 189)
Service Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Closing Balance		3 426 624	2 756 920
Other Receivables - Opening Balance		(3 389 669)	(3 426 624)
Other Receivables - Closing Balance		758 469	613 375
Other Receivables: Provision for Impairment - Opening Balance		(1 187 053)	(758 469)
Other Receivables: Provision for Impairment - Closing Balance		430 262	337 847
Other Necessables, Faces and for imparitient - Closing Datasee		(417 471)	(430 262)
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Service Charges		216 952	(1 473 756)
Other Receipts:-			
Receivables from Exchange Transactions: Gross - Opening Balance		8 571 821	7 685 400
Receivables from Exchange Transactions: Gross - Closing Balance		(8 488 659)	(8 571 821)
Less Cash Flow for:-		((0. 0. 1.0 0.1)
Service Charges		(216 952)	1 473 756
Suppliers Paid		126 037	52 230
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Other Receipts	-	(7 753)	639 566
Suppliers Paid:			
Prepayments and Advances - Opening Balance		(0)	29 710
Prepayments and Advances - Closing Balance			0
Prepayments and Advances - Opening Balance		1 960 797	1 878 867
Prepayments and Advances - Closing Balance		(2 086 834)	(1 960 797)
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Suppliers ${\it Paid}$	בר נו	(126 037)	(52 230)
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow	-	83 162	(886 421)
	-		

Receivables from Exchange Transactions are billed monthly at the beginning of the month. No interest is charged on Receivables until the end of the following month. Thereafter interest is charged at a rate of 10%, determined by council, on the outstanding balance

The municipality receives applications that it processes. Deposits are required to be paid for all electricity and water accounts opened. There are no consumers who represent more than 5% of the total balance of Receivables

At 30 June 2021, the municipality is owed R696 774 (39 June 2020 R1 169 851) by National and Provincial Government.



3.2 Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions

Net Balances

As at 30 June 2021	Current		Past Due		Tatal
	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	+ 90 Days	Total
Electricity:	553.541	68 124	31 665	780 744	1 431 874
Gross Balances	551 341	21 327	13 049	583 630	708 878
Less: Provision for Impairment	90 872	21 327	13 049	353 630	100 610
Net Balances	460 469	46 797	18 616	197 114	722 996
Refuse:				_	
Gross Balances	21 593	34 509	22 783	555 767	634 652
Less: Provision for Impairment	33 453	17 761	15 410	470 038	536 662
Net Balances	(11 860)	16 748	7 373	85 729	97 990
Sawara an					
Sewerage:	(425 953)	38 933	30 011	1 021 623	664 615
Gross Balances	40 947	25 109	22 638	997 357	1 086 051
Less: Provision for Impairment	40 847	25 109	22.038	897 307	, 000 031
Net Balances	(466 900)	13 825	7 374	24 266	(421 435
Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts:					
Gross Balances	9 690				9 690
Less. Provision for Impairment	-		-	.	-
·					
Net Balances	9 690		_	- 1	9 690
Other Service Charges:					
Gross Balances	175 960	12 807	15 451	1 022 978	1 227 186
Less: Provision for Impairment	18 672	7 008	7 001	49 004	81 685
Net Balances	157 277	\$ 799	8 450	973 974	1 145 501
Water:					
Gross Balances	(258 616)	42 861	34 424	970 381	789 050
Less: Provision for Impairment	43 718	26 771	27 211	878 693	976 393
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Net Balances	(302 334)	16 090	7 213	91 688	(187 342
Other Receivables:				_	
Gross Balances	541 298	671	172	79 807	621 948
Less: Provision for Impairment	2 471	424	171	414 404	417 471
Net Balances	538 827	245	1	(334 598)	204 476
Other Debtors:			·		
Gross Balances	982 577	-	-1	-	982 577
Less: Provision for Impairment		-	-	-	
Net Balances	982 577				982 577
Control, Clearing and Interface Accounts:					
Gross Balances	40 233	. 1			40 233
Less: Provision for Impairment		-		- 1	
·					
Net Balances	40 233		-		40 233
Deposits for Land					
Gross Balances	2 086 834				2 086 834
Less: Provision for Impairment	-	. [-	1 .11	
			1		



As at 30 June Receivables of R1 186 705 were past due but not impaired. The age analysis of these Receivables are as follows: Current Past Due Total 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days 0 - 30 days All Receivables Gross Balances 3 724 947 197 905 134 507 4 431 300 8 488 659 Less: Provision for Impairment 230 132 98 401 85 479 3 393 127 3 807 140 Net Balances 3 494 815 99 504 49 027 1 038 173 4 681 520 As at 30 June 2020 Past Due Current Total 0 - 30 days 31 - 60 Days + 90 Days 61 - 90 Days Electricity: Gross Balances 587 738 127 533 122 107 743 997 1 581 376 Less: Provision for Impainment 89 890 31 790 27 798 500 100 649 578 Net Balances 497 848 95 743 94 309 243 897 931 797 Refuse: Gross Balances 144 599 51 668 37 653 781 134 547 224 Less: Provision for Impairment 43 768 23 037 25 984 456 480 549 269 Net Balances 100 831 25 674 14 616 90 743 231 865 Sewerage: Gross Balances (236 760) 61 305 167 321 894 610 886 476 Less: Provision for Impairment 54 307 34 779 32 088 995 298 1 116 472 (229 996) Net Balances (291 067) 26 526 135 233 (100 688) Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts: Gross Balances 9 962 9 962 Less: Provision for Impairment Net Balances 9 962 9 962 Other Service Charges: Gross Balances 1 146 460 41 258 38 804 1.084.291 2.308 Less: Provision for Impairment 11 728 18 117 9.829 60 310 99 985 Net Balances (15 809) 29 530 28 775 1 003 981 1 046 476 Water: Gross Balances (66 024) 63 649 49 775 937 006 984 406 Less: Provision for Impairment 61 805 41 510 35 931 872 074 1 011 320 Net Balances (127 829) 22 139 13 844 64 932 (26 915) Other Receivables: Gross Balances 1 036 545 113 100 1 149 647 Less: Provision for Impairment 3 752 426 507 430 262 Net Balances 1 032 792 (313 407) 719 385 Other Debtors: Gross Balances 39 084 39 084 Less: Provision for Impairment Net Balances 39 084 39 084



Control, Clearing and Interface Accou	nts:				
Gross Batances	32 480	- 1			32 480
Less: Provision for Impairment	-	.]		.	-
,	l li				
Net Balances	32 480	- Committee of the comm			32 480
Deposits for Land					
Gross Balances	1 960 797	· [-]	-] [1 960 797
Less: Provision for Impairment	- []		.[].	-	-
·			{ [
Net Balances	1 960 797	-		-	1 960 797
As at 30 June Receivables of R1 475 84 are as follows.	6 were past due but not impain	ed. The age analysis of II	nese Receivables		
	Current		Past Due	r_	T- 4-1
	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	+ 90 Days	Total
All Receivables:					
Gross Balances	3 510 728	345 404	415 461	4 300 227	8 57 1 82 1
Less: Provision for Impairment	271 639	145 792	128 685	3 310 770	3 856 886
Net Balances	3 239 089 [199 612	286 777	989 457	4 714 935

3.3 Summary of Receivables from Exchange Transactions by Customer Classification

	Household	Industrial/	National and Provincial Government	Other
	R	R	Ŕ	R
As at 30 June 2021				
Current:				
0 - 30 days	2 900 765	755 576	55 559	13 047
Past Due:				
31 - 60 Days	124 400	28 577	42 243	2 686
81 - 90 Days	89 883	31 344	13 279	0
+ 90 Days	3 220 965	675 181	585 694	(50 540)
Sub-total	6 336 014	1 490 G78	696 774	(34 807)
Less: Provision for Impairment	3 576 487	216 464	-	14 190
Total Trade Receivables by Customer Classification	2 759 527	1 274 215	596 774	(48 996)
		Industrial/	National and	
	Household		Provincial	Other
		Commercial	Government	
	R	R	R	R
As at 30 June 2020				
Current:				
0 - 30 days	2 652 572	655 431	141 278	61 447
Past Due:				
31 - 60 Days	164 864	103 396	71 096	6 049
61 - 90 Days	145 890	49 540	98 993	121 039
÷ 90 Days	3 055 707	595 710	858 483	(209 674)
Sub-total	6 019 034	1 404 075	1 169 851	(21 139)
Less: Provision for Impairment	3 398 491	408 301		50 094
Total Trade Receivables by Customer Classification	2 620 542	995 775	1 169 851	(71 233)



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED	IO JUNE 2021	train de la companya
		2021 R	2020 R
3.4 Reconciliation of the Provision for Impairment			
Balance at beginning of year Impairment Losses recognised		3 856 886 (49 746)	3 037 691 819 195
Balance at end of year		3 807 140	3 856 886
3.4.1 Allocation for Cash Flow			
Provision for Impairment at Beginning of Year		3 856 886	3 037 691
Movement in Non-cash Transactions:- Impairment Recognised		(49 746)	819 195
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions Impairment allocated to Non-cash Trans	actions	(49 746)	819 195
Provision for Impairment at End of Year		3 807 140	3 856 886
Provision for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consumer balances outst payment ratio over 12 months per service type. No further credit provision is required in impairment.			
No provision has been made in respect of government debt as these amounts are considered overable.	lered to be fully		
STATUTORY RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
As at 30 June 2021	Gross Batances R	Provision for Impairment R	Net Balances R
VAT Receivable	F 000 PF0		
	5 362 853	,	6 362 853
Total Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions	5 362 853	_	5 362 853
	Gross Balances	Provision for Impairment	Net Balances
As at 30 June 2020	R	R	R
VAT Receivable	4 605 655	-	4 605 655
Total Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions	4 605 655		4 605 655
VAT is payable on the receipts basis. The municipality however uses accrual accounting received from debtors, VAT is paid over to SARS.	and only once payment is		
Furthermore, VAT is claimable on the payment basis.			
VAT Receivable is not impaired nor is it discounted as the amount is expected to be recei	vable within 60 days.		
RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
	Gross Balances R	Provision for Impairment R	Net Balances
As at 30 June 2021	ĸ	r.	R
Accrued Income			•

4.

Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions



	NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 30	JUNE 2021	***************************************
		Gross Balances R	Provision for Impairment R	Net Balances R
	As at 30 June 2020		**	•
	Accrued Income	21 340	4	21 340
	Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	21 340		21 340
			2021	2020
			R	R
	5.1 Altocation for Cash Flow			
	Other Receipts:-			•
	Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions - Opening Balance Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions - Closing Balance		21 340	(24.240)
				(21 340)
	Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions allocated to Other Receipts		21 340	(21 340)
	Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow		21 340	(21 340)
6.	STATUTORY RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
		Gross	Provision for	Net
		Balances R	Impairment R	Balances R
	As at 30 June 2021			
	Property Rates Fines	3 239 381 109 261 024	2 677 927 102 264 125	561 454 6 996 898
	Total Statutory Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	112 500 404	104 942 052	7 558 352
		Gross Balances R	Provision for Impairment	Net Balances
	As at 30 June 2020	ĸ	Ŕ	R
	Property Rates	2 790 267	2 442 860	347 408
	Fines	91 380 307	85 456 739	5 923 567
	Total Statutory Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	94 170 574	87 899 599	6 270 975
	The prior year amount for Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions has been adjust 44.3 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.	sted Refer to Note		
			2021	2020
			R	Ŕ
	6.1 Allocation for Cash Flow			
	Property Rates:-			
	Property Rates Debtors - Opening Balance Property Rates Debtors - Closing Balance		347 408 (561 454)	82 356 (347 408)
	Property Rates Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Opening Balance		2 442 860	1 927 522
	Property Rates Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Closing Balance		(2 677 927)	(2 442 860)
	Total Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions allocated to Property Rates		(449 113)	(780 390)
	Other Receipts:			
	Fines Debtors - Opening Balance		5 923 567	4 960 694
	Fines Debtors - Closing Balance Fines Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Opening Returner		(6 996 898)	(5 923 567)
	Fines Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Opening Balance Fines Debtors: Provision for Impairment - Closing Balance		85 456 739 (102 264 125)	60 529 997 (85 456 739)
	Total Statutory Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions allocated to Other Receipts		(17 880 717)	(25 889 615)
	Total Statutory Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow		(18 329 830)	(26 670 005)
		•		



Property Rates is a tax levied by a municipality to a property owner used to fund services delivered. Property Rates are calculated by multiplying the market value of the property with a rate determined by the Municipal Council. The levying of this revenue stream is governed by the Municipal Property Rates Act 6 of 2004.

Traffic Fines arise from fines issued by the municipality's traffic officials. These fines are issued according the National Road Traffic Act 93 of 1996. The fines issued are divided into Radar Fines and Section 56 Fines.

Radar fines are speed control fines issued when a motorist is caught speeding on a radar camera device. The device takes a picture of the vehicle and takes a speed reading. The speeding fine is then delivered to the registered owner of the vehicle by post.

The Section 56 fine is imposed when a motorisl is stopped by the traffic officer and his or her identity therefore is known and a Traffic Offence occurred.

6.2 Ageing of Statutory Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions

Λe	25 20	June	2021
4.33	at DU	June	4021

As at 30 June 2021					
	Current		Past Due]
	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	+ 90 Days	Total
Property Rates:					
Gross Balances	160 251	37 331	52 633	2 989 165	3 239 381
Less: Provision for Impairment	19 476	25 758	37 536	2 595 156	2 677 927
Net Balances					
Het Dalques	140 775	11 573	15 098	394 008	561 454
Fines:					
Gross Balances	109 261 024				109 261 024
Less: Provision for Impairment	102 264 125	_ [_]		102 264 125
				[]	102 604 120
Net Balances	6 996 898				6 996 898
As at 30 June Receivables of R420 679 as follows:	were past due but not impaire	 The age analysis of ti 	hese Receivables are		
	Current		Past Due		
	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	+ 90 Days	Total
			1 1	- Jo Cays L	
All Receivables:					
Gross Balances	109 421 275	37 331	52 633	2 989 165	112 500 404
Less: Provision for Impairment	102 283 601	25 758	37 536	2 595 156	104 942 052
					737372
Net Balances	7 137 574	11 573	15 098	394 008	7 558 352
As at 30 June 2020					
	Current		Past Due		
	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	+ 90 Days	Total
	7				
Property Rates:					
Gross Balances	153 786	54 317	37 075	2 545 090	2 790 267
Less: Provision for Impairment	766	18 3 18	16 977	2 406 799	2 442 860
	ļ				
Net Balances	153 020	35 999	20 097	138 291	347 408
Fines:					
Gross Balances	01.050.007				
Less: Provision for Impairment	91 380 307 85 456 739	-	"	. []	91 380 307
Less. From on to impairment	65 456 739	- 11	*	" []	85 456 739
Net Balances	5 923 567		·		5.000.507
The management of the second	0.720 007	- 1			5 923 567
As at 30 June Receivables of R 194 388 as follows.	were past due but not impaired	The age analysis of th	ese Receivables are		
	Current		Past Due		
	0 - 30 days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	+ 90 Days	Total
All Receivables:	·			-:	·
Gross Balances	91 534 092	54 317	37 075	2 545 090	94 170 574
Less: Provision for Impairment	85 457 505	18 318	16 077	2 406 799	87 899 599
·			- "		3. 353 333
Net Balances	6 076 587	35 999	20 097	138 291	6 270 975
			manuscript in the last		- 41 4 010



6.3 Summary of Assessment Rates Debtors by Customer Classification

As at 30 June 2021	Household R	Industrial/ Commercial R	National and Provincial Government R	Other R
Current; 0 - 30 days Past Due;	155 691	1 004	3 553	4
31 - 60 Days	29 554	3 277	4 088	412
61 - 90 Days	31 092	10 864	10 674	3
+ 90 Days	2 495 852	79 394	413 654	265
Sub-total	2 712 189	94 538	431 969	685
Less: Provision for Impairment	2 564 552	113 140		235
Total Rates Debtors by Customer Classification	147 636	(18 601)	431 969	450
	Household	Industrial/	National and Provincial Government	Other
	R	R	R	R
As at 30 June 2020	K	K		••
Current: 0 - 30 days Past Due:	153 786	•		-
31 - 60 Days	34 326	13 204	6 777	9
61 - 90 Days	19 486	10 803	6 777	9
+ 90 Days	2 202 522	142 404	181 334	18 829
Sub-total	2 410 120	166 411	194 888	18 848
Less: Provision for Impairment	2 290 380	134 677	y	17 803
Total Rates Debtors by Customer Classification	119 740	31 734	194 888	1 045
			2021 R	2020 R
6.4 Reconciliation of Provision for Impairment				
Balance at Beginning of year			87 899 599	62 457 519
Impairment Losses Recognised			235 067	515 338
Amounts Written-off as uncollectable			10 807 386	24 926 742
Balance at end of year			104 942 052	87 899 599
5.4.1 Allocation for Cash Flow				
Provision for Impairment at Beginning of Year			87 899 599	62 457 519
Movement in Non-cash Transactions:- Impairment Recognised			235 967	515 338
Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions Impairment allocations	aled to Non-cash Transac	tions	235 067	515 338
Movement in Other Receipts:- Amounts Written-off			16 807 386	24 926 742
Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions Impairment allocations	nted to Other Receipts		16 807 386	24 926 742
Provision for Impairment at End of Year			104 942 052	87 899 599

The Provision for Impairment on Receivables exists predominantly due to the possibility that these debts will not be recovered. The Provision for Impairment was calculated after grouping all the financial assets of similar nature and risk ratings and assessing the recoverability.

No Provision for Impairment has been made in respect of government debt as these amounts are considered to be fully recoverable. The municipality holds collateral over these balances in the form of Rales Assessment Deposits / Guarantees, which are not covering the total outstanding debt and vacant property respectively.



			2021	2020
. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Current Investments Bank Accounts Cash on Hand			1 775 039 7 838 744 2 900	1 699 958 10 466 749 2 850
Total Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents			9 616 683	12 169 557
The prior year amount for Cash and Cash Equivalents has been adju Error* for details of the restatement.	sted. Refer to Note 44.3	on "Correction of		
7.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:				
Increase / (Decrease) in Cash Equivalents:- Cash and Cash Equivalents - Opening Balance Cash and Cash Equivalents - Closing Balance			12 169 557	6 536 406
-			(9 616 683)	(12 169 557)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents allocated to Increase / (Decrease)	in Cash Equivalents		2 552 874	(5 633 151)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents allocated to Cash Flow			2 552 874	(5 633 151)
For the purposes of the Statement of Financial Position and the Cash include Cash-on-Hand. Cash in Banks and Investments in Money Ma Overdrafts.	Flow Statement, Cash ar rket instruments, net of or	d Cash Equivalents Istanding Bank		
7.2 Current Investment Deposits				
Call Deposits			1 775 039	1 699 958
Total Current investment Deposits			1 775 039	1 699 958
The Municipality has the following investment accounts:				
	Bank Stateme	nt Balances	Cash Book B	alances
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
ABSA Bank - Account Number 50 6431 4329 (Call Deposit)	436 271	425 410	436 271	185 761
Standard Bank - Account Number 2887048000 (Money Market)	1 338 768	1 295 887	1 338 768	1 514 196
	1 775 039	1 721 298	1 775 039	1 699 958
7.3 Bank Accounts				
Cash in Bank			7 838 744	10 466 749
Total Bank Accounts		×	7 838 744	10 466 749



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Primary Bank Account Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 25040140874 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts interest is camed at different rates per annum on havourable belances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850		2021 R	2020 B
Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 25040140874 Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at end of year ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on tavourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	The Municipality has the following operational bank accounts:		
Cash Book balance at end of year 7838 744 10 466 749 ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 25040140874 Bank statement balance at beginning of year 7654 877 3 979 589 Bank statement balance at end of year 7654 877 6019 949 7654 877 Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at end of year 2 775 842 1 001 779 Bank statement balance at end of year 2 775 842 1 001 779 Bank statement balance at end of year 1 668 133 2 775 842 ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year 1 688 133 2 775 842 Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at end of year 1 688 138 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 139 1 688 1 688 1 689	Primary Bank Account		
ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 25040140874 Bank statement balance at end of year 7 654 877 3 979 589 Bank statement balance at end of year 7 654 877 Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247653 Bank statement balance at end of year 2 775 842 1 001 779 Bank statement balance at end of year 1 688 133 2 775 842 ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year 1 688 133 2 775 842 Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at end of year	Cash book balance at beginning of year		
Bank statement balance at end of year 7 654 877 3 979 589 Bank statement balance at end of year 6 016 949 7 654 877 Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year 2 775 842 1 001 779 Bank statement balance at end of year 1 688 133 2 775 842 ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year - Bank statement balance at end of year - Bank statement balance at	Cash book balance at end of year	7 838 744	10 466 749
Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247653 Bank statement balance at beginning of year 2 775 842 1 001 779 Bank statement balance at end of year 1 688 133 2 775 842 ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year	ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 25040140874		
Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663 Bank statement balance at beginning of year 2 775 842 1 001 779 Bank statement balance at end of year 1 688 133 2 775 842 ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year - Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at beginning of year - Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts Interest is earned at different rates per annum on tavourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 990 2 850	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	7 654 877	3 979 589
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts Interest is earned at different rates per annum on tavourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	Bank statement balance at end of year	6 016 949	7 654 877
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts Interest is earned at different rates per annum on tavourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	Standard Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247663		
Bank statement balance at end of year ABSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts Interest is earned at different rates per annum on tavourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850		2 775 842	1 001 779
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on favourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850		1 688 133	2 775 842
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on favourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	ARSA Bank - Laingsburg Branch - Cheque Account Number: 4074336029		
Bank statement balance at end of year Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671 Bank statement balance at end of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on favourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850			
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on favourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850			
Bank statement balance at end of year The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on favourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	Standard Bank - Ceres Branch - Cheque Account Number: 203247671		
The municipality does not have any overdrawn current account facilities with its banker and therefore does not incur interest on overdrawn current accounts. Interest is earned at different rates per annum on favourable balances. 7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	=	
7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850	Bank statement balance at end of year		
Cash Floats and Advances 2 900 2 850			
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	7.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Total Cash on hand in Cash Floats, Advances and Equivalents 2 900 2 850	Cash Floats and Advances	2 900	2 850
	Total Cash on hand in Cash Floats, Advances and Equivalents	2 900	2 850



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

30 June 2021

Reconciliation of Carrying Value

THE PERSON NAMED AND PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED AND PER							
Description	Land	Buildings	Infra- structure	Community	Other	Transport Assets	Total
	Œ		With the same of t	α	a	æ	œ
Carrying values at 01 July 2020	17 787 141	2 586 789	128 629 682	9 174 726	2 220 850	2 935 227	7 7 60 CUY
Cost	17 787 141	10 218 821	235 928 417	21 622 857	5 573 172	5 608 58B	306 729 005
- Completed Assets	17 787 141	10 089 021	219 752 251	21 550 905	5 573 172	5 808 586	200 700 393
- Under Construction	_	129 800	16 176 166	71 952	1 '	999	16 377 918
Accumulated Impairment Losses	ŧ	1	1	١	(4 703)	(25 591)	(30.294)
	:	(7 632 033)	(107 298 735)	(12 448 131)	(3 347 619)	(2 647 768)	(133 374 286)
Acquisition of Assets							
Cost	ą.	947 641	18 811 721	2 334 131	226 889	ı	22 320 383
- Capital Onder Construction	\$	(129 800)	(1 041 630)	(71 952)		*	(1 243 382)
Depreciation	1	(966 09)	(5 213 245)	(362 281)	(274 801)	(208 845)	(2000 3)
						(200	(77) 0070)
Carrying value of Disposals:	1	1		-	(234 245)	(28 895)	(263 140)
Accemulated Impairment Losses	t	ğ	1	1	(489 843)	(52 559)	(542 402)
- Accumulated Depreciation	F	(ŧ	•	2 306	ı	2 306
		1			253 292	23 664	276 955
Impairment Losses	-	(334 722)	(201 601)	(155 654)	(47 624)	ı	(730 800)
Carrying values at 30 June 2021	17 787 141	3 008 012	77000				(000.00.)
Cost	47 202 444	7-2-0000	076 506 041	10 918 977	1 891 069	2 509 478	177 200 499
Complete Accete	17 (8/ 141	11 036 663	253 698 508	23 885 037	5 3 1 0 2 1 7	5 556 028	317 273 594
Index Construction	17 /8/ 141	11 036 663	238 563 973	23 885 037	5 310 217	5 556 028	302 139 058
	-		15 134 536	1	_	,	15 134 536
	1	(334 722)	(201 601)	(155 654)	(50 021)	(25 591)	(767 588)
Accumulated Depreciation	Control of the Contro	(7 693 028)	(112 511 980)	(12 810 412)	(3 369 128)	(2 920 960)	(130 304 408)

And the second of the

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

30 June 2020

Reconciliation of Carrying Value

Necolicination of Carry Fing Vaive		ALTERNATION CONTRACTOR	2011				
Description	Land	Buildings	Infra- structure	Community	Other	Transport Assets	Total
		ď		терия (1 м)	R	<u>α</u>	α.
Carrying values at 01 July 2019	17 787 141	2 518 027	126 674 761	9 459 202	2 384 533	2 921 239	161 744 903
Cost	17 787 141	10 089 021	229 825 915	21 550 905	5 468 472	5 311 552	290 033 007
- Completed Assets	17 787 141	10 089 021	202 139 186	21 550 905	5 468 472	5 311 552	262 346 277
- Under Construction	•	1	27 686 730	•			27 686 730
Accumulated Impairment Losses			(171 105)	1	(4 703)	(25 591)	(201 399)
Accumulated Depreciation	1	(7 570 994)	(102 980 049)	(12 091 704)	(3 079 236)	(2 364 722)	(128 086 705)
Acquisition of Assets			-				
- Cost	•	1	18 254 649	•	104 700	297 035	18 656 383
- Capital Under Construction	-	129 800	(11 510 564)	71 952	I I	-	(11 308 812)
							
Depreciation	,	(61 038)	(4 781 085)	(356 427)	(268 383)	(283 046)	(5 749 980)
Carrying value of Disposals:	(f	(8 079)	•	ſ	,	(8 079)
Cost	-		(641 583)	- must trick the same and same		E	(641 583)
- Accumulated Depreciation	1	,	462 399	1	-	e e	462 399
						•	- Control of the Cont
Impairment Losses	ı	1	-		,		1
Carrying values at 30. June 2020	17 787 141	2 586 789	128 629 682	9 174 726	2 220 850	2 935 227	163 334 415
1500	17 787 141	10 218 821	235 928 417	21 622 857	5 573 172	5 608 586	296 738 995
Completed Assets	17 787 141	10 089 021	219 752 251	21 550 905	5 573 172	5 608 586	280 351 077
- Under Construction	1	129 800	16 176 166	71 952	,	1	16 377 918
Accumulated Impairment Losses			1	1	(4 703)	(25 591)	(30 294)
Accumulated Depreciation	,	(7 632 033)	(107 298 735)	(12 448 131)	(3 347 619)	(2 647 768)	(133 374 286)

The prior year amount for Property, Plant and Equipment has been adjusted. Refer to Note 43.4 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.



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NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021 R	2020 R
8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)		
8.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
Property, Plant and Equipment at Beginning of Year	163 334 415	161 744 903
Property, Plant and Equipment	146 956 498	134 058 173
Construction Work-in-Progress	16 377 918	27 686 730
Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
Depreciation for the Year	(6 208 177)	(5 749 980)
Impairment for the Year	(739 600)	10 1 10 000)
Donated Assets	115 851	-
Total Property, Plant and Equipment allocated to Non-cash Transactions	(6 831 926)	(5 749 980)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment:	***************************************	
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	22 320 383	40 080 000
Acquisitions	22 320 383	18 656 383 18 656 383
Acquisition of Construction Work-in-Progress	(1 243 382)	(11 308 812)
Less: Donated Assets	(115 851)	(11 300 812)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment allocated to Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	20 961 150	7 347 571
7 · 71		1011011
Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment:		
Carrying Value of Disposals	(263 140)	(8 079)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment allocated to Proceeds on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	(263 140)	(8 079)
Property, Plant and Equipment at End of Year	177 200 499	163 334 415
Proceeds on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment:		
Disposals as per Reconciliation of Property, Plant and Equipment Note 8.1	263 140	8 079
Gains / Losses on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment No	(263 140)	(8 079)
Total Proceeds on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment allocated to Cash Flow	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	-
8.2 Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment		
Impairment Losses on Property, Plant and Equipment to the amount of R739 600 (2020: R0) has been recognised in operating surplus and are included in Impairment Losses in the Statement of Financial Performance as indicated in Note 32.		
Buildings	334 722	_
Community Assets	155 654	
Infrastructure	201 601	-
Other Assets	47 624	-
Total Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment	739 600	-
8.3 Work-in-Progress		
The marie and to the form of the second seco		
The municipality has incurred expenditure on capital projects which were not completed at year-end. The details of the carrying amounts of expenditure included in each class of assets are listed before:		
Buildings		129 800
Community Assets	_	71 952
Infrastructure	15 134 536	16 175 166
Total Carrying Amounts of Work in-Progress	15 134 536	16 377 918
•		



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 R	2020 R
8.4 Delayed Projects			
Project Details	Delayed or Halted		
Infrastructure Assel			
High Mast Lights	Delayed	88 900	88 900
Reason: The project was delayed due to legal constrain	its and turnover of senior key personner		
Infrastructure Asset		·	
Sergsig Reservoir	Delayed	40 292	40 292
Reason: The project was detayed due to legal constrain	nts and lumover of senior key personnel		
Infrastructure Asset			
Contraction of Golderville pipelines	Delayed		61 218
Reason: The project was delayed due to legal constrain	nts and turnover of senior key personnel		
Infrastructure Asset			
Upgrading Water Supply Goldnerville	Delayed	-	1 041 450
Reason: The project was delayed due to legal constrain	nts and tumover of senior key personnel	- Mariana II	
Total Carrying Amounts of Delayed or Halted Project	:is	129 192	1 231 860
		The state of the s	mg
8.5 Expenditure incurred for Repairs and Maintenar	се		
The following specific costs included in the amount of rithe reporting period:	epairs and maintenance were incurred by municipality durin	g	
Electrical infrastructure		368 008	374 782
- Contracted Services		368 008	374 782
Sanitation Infrastructure		(7 024)	39 446
- Confracted Services		(7 024)	39 446
Water Supply Infrastructure		m .	275
- Contracted Services			275
		4.000	
Community Assets - Contracted Services		(1 941)	<u> </u>
- Coult arrea		1,44,11	
Furniture and Office Equipment		5 727	1 180
- Contracted Services		5 727	I 180
Machinery and Equipment		298 742	100 930
- Contracted Services		298 742	100 930
		(4.170)	07.004
Other Assets - Buildings		(1 172)	87 064 87 064
- Contracted Services		{1 1/2}	87 304
Transport Assets		669 807	432 874
- Contracted Services		669 807	432 874
Total Expenditure related to Repairs and Maintenar	ice Projects	1 332 148	1 036 551



2021

2020

) .	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2021 R	2020 R
	At Cost less Accumulated Amortisation and Accumulated Impairment Losses	202 425	286 249
	The movement in Intangible Assets is reconciled as follows:		
	Software Purchased:		
	Carrying values at 01 July	286 249	370 105
	Cost	1 697 511	1 697 511
	Accumulated Amortisation	(1 411 261)	(1 327 406)
	Acquisitions:		-
	Purchased		*
	Amortisation:	(83 825)	(83 855)
	Purchased	(83 825)	(83 855)
	Carrying values at 30 June	202 425	286 249
	Cost	1697511	1 697 511
	Accumulated Amortisation	(1 495 086)	(1 411 261)
	9.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
	Intangible Assets at Beginning of Year	286 249	370 105
	Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
	Amortisation for the Year	(83 825)	(83 855)
	Impairment for the Year	,,	-
	Total Intangible Assets allocated to Non-cash Transactions	(83 825)	(83 855)
	Purchase of Intangible Assets:-		
	Acquisition of Intangible Assets	•	
	Total Intangible Assets affocuted to Purchase of Intangible Assets		-
	Intangible Assets at End of Year	202 425	286 249

The amortisation expense has been included in the line item "Depreciation and Amortisation" in the Statement of Financial Performance (see Note 31.).

All of the municipality's intangible Assets are held under freehold interests and no intangible Assets had been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality.

9.2 Significant Intangible Assets

9.

Significant Intangible Assets, that did not meet the recognition criteria for Intangible Assets as stipulated in GRAP 102 and SIC 32, are the following:

(i) Website Costs incurred during the last two financial years, if applicable, have been expensed and not recognised as Intangible Assets. The municipality cannot demonstrate how its website will generate probable future economic benefits.

9.3 Intangible Assets with Indefinite Useful Lives

The municipality amortises all its Intangible Assets and no of such assets are regarded as having indefinite useful lives

The useful lives of the Intangible Assets remain unchanged from the previous year.



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NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021 R	2020 R
INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
At Cost less Accumulated Depreciation	23 480 362	23 544 495
The movement in investment Property is reconciled as follows:		
Carrying values at 1 July	23 544 495	23 508 672
Cost	25 114 496	25 114 496
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 570 002)	(1 505 825)
Accumulated Impairment Losses		
Acquisitions during the Year	-	
Cost	-]	
Depreciation during the Year	(64 133)	(64 177)
Carrying values at 30 June	23 480 362	23 544 495
Cost	25 114 496	25 114 496
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 634 135)	(1 570 002)
10.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
Investment Property at Beginning of Year	23 544 495	23 608 672
Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
Depreciation for the Year	(64 133)	(64 177)
Impairment for the Year	•	•
Total investment Property allocated to Non-cash Transactions	(64 133)	(64 177)
Purchase of Investment Properly:-		
Acquisition of Investment Property		-
Total investment Property allocated to Purchase of Investment Property		- CONTRACT
Investment Property at End of Year	23 480 362	23 544 495
Revenue and Expenditure disclosed in the Statement of Financial Performance include the following:		
Rental Revenue earned from Investment Property	1 479 934	1 397 622
Direct Operating Expenses - incurred to generate rental revenue	229 022	22 255



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

11. HERITAGE ASSETS

30 June 2021

Reconciliation of Carrying Value

	R	R	R	R	R	R
Carrying values at 01 July 2020	43 354					43 354
Cost	43 354	-	-	-	-	43 354
Acquisitions	-	-		,		
Carrying values at 30 June 2021	43 354				•	43 354
Cost	43 354		-			43 354

30 June 2020

Reconciliation of Carrying Value						
	R	R	R	R	R	R
Carrying values at 01 July 2019	43 364		-		-	43 354
Cost	43 354		-		-	43 354
Acquisitions	-	-		-	,	
Carrying values at 30 June 2020	43 354		_	-	•	43 354
Cost	43354		1	1		40.004

	2021 R	2020 R
11.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
Heritage Assets at Beginning of Year	43 354	43 354
Purchase of Heritage Assets:- Acquisition of Heritage Assets	-	
Total Heritage Assets allocated to Purchase of Heritage Assets		-
Heritage Assets at End of Year	43 354	43 354

All of the municipality's Heritage Assets are held under freehold interests and no Heritage Assets had been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
		R	R
12.	CONSUMER DEPOSITS		
	Florida .	245 881	258 500
	Electricity Water	424 876	333 351
	Other Deposits:	128 912	116 995
	- Hiring of Decorative Items	5 530	5 530
	- Posters	3 482	2 482
	- Rental Properties	119 900	108 984
	- Neither Topolico	L	,
	Total Consumer Deposits	799 668	708 846
	12.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
	Service Charges:-		
	Consumer Deposits:Trading Services - Opening Balance	(591 851)	(566 751)
	Consumer Deposits: Trading Services - Closing Balance	670 756	591 851
	Total Consumer Deposits allocated to Service Charges	78 905	25 100
	Other Receipts:-		
	Consumer Deposits. Other Services - Opening Balance	(116 995)	(100 893)
	Consumer Deposits: Other Services - Closing Balance	128 912	116 995
	Total Consumer Deposits allocated to Other Receipts	11 917	16 102
	Total Consumer Deposits allocated to Cash Flow	90 822	41 202
	Consumer Deposits - Electricity and Water Consumer Deposits are paid by consumers on application for new water and electricity connections. The deposits are repaid when the water and electricity connections are terminated. In cases where consumers default on their accounts, the municipality can utilise the deposit as payment for the outstanding account.		
	Consumer Deposits - Posters Deposits are paid for posters displayed. Deposits are forfeited when posters are not removed.		
	Consumer Deposits - Decorative Items Deposits are paid for cuttery and crockery. Deposits are not repaid in the case of missing or broken cuttery/crockery.		
	Consumer Deposits - Rental Properties Deposits are paid for the rental of properties. Deposits will not be repaid in the case of outstanding rent or in the case of property being damaged.		
	No interest is paid on Consumer Deposits held.		

13. PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Total Payables from Exchange Transactions	12 546 199	8 293 049
Advance Payments	297 009	338 679
Trade Creditors	11 776 649	7 238 202
Retentions	388 051	681 491
Other Payables	84 491	34 676

The prior year amount for Payables from Exchange Transactions has been adjusted. Refer to Note 44.3 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.



Service Charges:- Advance Paymanlas (41 670) 68 111 Total Payablas from Exchange Transactions alsocated to Service Charges (41 670) 68 111 Other Receipts:- Unalicoated Deposits 44 327 - Total Payablas from Exchange Transactions alsocated to Other Receipts 44 327 - Employee Related Coats:- Control Clearing and Interface Accounts: Safary Clearing and Control 5 488 48 416 Total Payablas from Exchange Transactions alsocated to Employee Related Coats 5 488 48 416 Total Payablas from Exchange Transactions alsocated to Employee Related Coats 5 488 48 416 Suppliers Paid:- Auditor General of Sorth Africa 6 385 015 1 287 574 Relentions (186 588) 1 287 574 Relentions (186 588) 1 287 574 Relentions (186 588) 1 287 574 Related Coats (186 588) 1 287 574 Relations (186 588) 1 287 575 Relations (18			2021 R	2020 R
Advance Psymanis		13.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Service Charges Other Receipts:- Unallocated Deposits 1 44 327 Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Other Receipts Employee Related Coats:- Control, Clearing and Interface Accounts: Safary Clearing and Control Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Employee Related Coats Suppliers Paid:- Auditor-General of South Africa Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Employee Related Coats Suppliers Paid:- Auditor-General of South Africa Payables and Accruats (1345 68) 1287 574 Relations Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Suppliers Paid Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Suppliers Paid Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow The average cractil period on purchases is 77 (2020 75) days, as opposed to 30 days from the receipt of the invoice as determined by the MiFMA. No interest is charged for the first 30 days from the date of receipt of the invoice. Thereafter interest is charged in accordance with the craction payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been re-negotiated by life municipality did default on payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been re-negotiated by life municipality and default on payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been re-negotiated by life municipality and default on payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been re-negotiated by life municipality and default on payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been re-negotiated by life municipality and default on payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been re-negotiated by life municipality and default on payment of its Cradiors. However, no lorms for payment have been r		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Other Receipts: Unallocated Deposits 44 327 Total Payables from Exchange Transactions ellocated to Other Receipts 44 327 Employee Related Coasts: Control, Clearing and linerface Accounts: Safary Clearing and Control Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Employee Related Coats Suppliers Paid: Auditor General of South Africa Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Employee Related Coats Auditor General of South Africa Payables and Accounts (1945 88) 12 27 574 Relentions (2030 441) 194 5689 Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Suppliers Paid Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Suppliers Paid Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Cash Flow The avorage credit period on purchases is 77 (2020 75) daye, as opposed to 30 days from the receipt of the invoice as determined by the MFMA. No interest is charged for the first 30 days from the date of receipt of the invoice. Thereafter interest is charged in accordance with the credit politics of the various individual creditors that the municipality deals with The municipality did default on payment of its Creditors. However, no forms for payment have been re-negotiated by the municipality did deventment The municipality did deventment 7 7 502 960 4 734 484 Provincial Government Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts 14.1 Allocation for Cash Flow Transfers and Subsidies Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance Unspent Conditional Grants and Rece		Advance Payments	(41 670)	68 111
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The average credit period on purchases is 77 (2020: 75) days, as opposed to 30 days from the receipt of the invoice as determined by the MFMA. No interest is charged for the first 30 days from the date of receipt of the invoice. Thereafter interest is charged in accordance with the credit policies of the various individual creditors that the municipality deals with The municipality did default on payment of its Creditors. However, no terms for payment have been re-negotiated by the municipality. 14. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS District Municipalities National Government 7, 502,990 4, 734,494 Provincial Government 889,024 6,750,891 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts 14.1 Allocation for Cash Flow Transfers and Subsidies:- Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance (11,885,385) Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance 8, 401,013 11,885,385 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3,484,371) 7,787,024		Total Payables from Exchange Transactions allocated to Suppliers Paid	4 245 006	1 482 184
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District Municipalities National Government 7 502 990 4 734 494 Provincial Government 898 024 6 750 891 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts 14.1 Allocation for Cash Flow Transfers and Subsidies:- Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024		The municipality did default on payment of its Creditors. However, no terms for payment have been re-negotiated by the municipality.		
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National Government 7 502 990 4 734 494 Provincial Government 898 024 6 750 891 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts 11 885 385 14.1 Affocation for Cash Flow Transfers and Subsidies:- Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance (11 886 385) (4 096 361) Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance 8 401 013 11 885 385 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024		District Municipalities		400.000
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14.1 Allocation for Cash Flow Transfers and Subsidies:- Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024		Provincial Government	the state of the s	
Transfers and Subsidies:- Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024		Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	8 401 013	11 885 385
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Opening Balance (11 886 385) (4 096 361) Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance 8 401 013 11 885 385 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024		14.1 Alfocation for Cash Flow		
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance 8 401 013 11 885 385 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024		Transfers and Subsidies:-		
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance 8 401 013 11 885 385 Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies (3 484 371) 7 787 024			(11 886 385)	(4 098 361)
		Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts - Closing Balance		· ·
Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Cash Flow (3 484 371) 7 787 024		Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Transfers and Subsidies	(3 484 371)	7 787 024
		Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts allocated to Cash Flow	(3 484 371)	7 787 024

The Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts are invested in investment accounts until utilised.

See Note 22 for the reconciliation of Grants from Government and other sources. The municipality complied with the conditions attached to all grants received to the extent of revenue recognised. No grants were withheld.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021 R	2020 R
LEASE PAYABLES		
Current Lease Payables	743	6 225
Total Lease Payables	743	6 225
15.1 Operating Lease Payables		
Balance at beginning of year		-
Operating Lease Expenses recorded Operating Lease Payments effected	(7 939) 7 195	-
Total Operating Lease Liabilities	743	-
15.1.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
Suppliers Paid:		
Operating Lease Payables - Opening Balance		-
Operating Lease Payables - Closing Balance	743	•
Total Operating Lease Payables allocated to Suppliers Paid	743	
Total Operating Lease Payables allocated to Cash Flow	743	
15.1.2 Leasing Arrangements		
The Municipality as Lessee: Operating Leases relate to Property, Plant and Equipment with lease terms not longer than 5 years, with an option to extend for a further period. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the municipality exercises its option to renew. The municipality does not have an option to purchase the leased asset at the expiry of the lease period.		
15.1.3 Amounts Payable under Operating Leases		
At the Reporting Date the municipality had outstanding commitments under Non-cancellable Operating Leases for Property, Plant and Equipment, which fall due as follows:		
Other Equipment:	1 066 711 451 322	
Up to 1 year		•
2 to 5 years More than 5 years	615 390	
Total Operating Lease Arrangements	1 066 711	
The following payments have been recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance.		
Minimum lease payments	7 939	-
Total Operating Lease Expenses	7 939	
The municipality has operating lease agreements for the following classes of assets, which are only significant collectively: Office Equipment		
The following restrictions have been imposed on the Municipality in terms of the lease agreements on Rental of		

The following restrictions have been imposed on the Municipality in terms of the lease agreements on Rental of Office Equipment:

(i) The equipment shall remain the property of the lessor.

(ii) The lessee shall not sell, sublet, cede, loan, pledge, transfer or otherwise encumber the equipment.

- (iii) The lessee may not after or modify the goods

15.

- (iv) The lesser has not area or modify the goods
 (iv) The lesser is entitled to cede and/or delegate, without notice to the lessee, all or any of it's rights and/or obligations
 (v) The equipment may only be serviced by the lessor or its designated service provider.
 (vi) The equipment shall be returned in good order and condition to the lessor upon termination of the agreement.



	2021 R	2020 R
15.2 Finance Lease Payables	N	F.
Finance Lease Liability	•	6 225
Total Non-current Lease Payables	*	6 225
Less: Current Portion transferred to Current Lease Payables:-	0	(6 225)
Finance Lease Liability	0 [(6 225)
Non-Current Portion of Finance Lease Payables	O CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
16. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT LIABILITIES		
Employee Benefit Liabilities	5 785 000	4 761 000
Post-retirement Health Care Benefits Liability Long Service Awards Liability	4 417 000	3 360 000
Edity Service Awaits Liability	1 368 000	1 401 000
Less; Current Portion of Employee Benefit Liabilities	267 000	407 000
Post-retirement Health Care Benefits Liability Long Service Awards Liability	117 000 150 000	112 000 295 000
	100 000	283 000
Non-Current Portion of Employee Benefit Liabilities	5 518 000	4 354 000
16.1 Allocation for Cash Flow		
16.1.1 Current Portion		
Liabilities at Beginning of Year	407 000	129 605
Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
Defined Benefil Obligations Long Service Awards Liability	116 056	23 918
Cong On Feb (Media) Children	888 061	253 477
Total Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions	276 944	277 395
Movement in Employee Related Costs:-		
Actual Benefit Payments	(111 056)	-
Reductions (Outflow of Economic Benefits)	(305 888)	-
Total Provisions allocated to Employee Related Costs	(416 944)	
Liabilities at End of Year	267 000	407 000
16.1.2 Non-current Portion		
Employee Benefit Liabilities at Beginning of Year	4 354 000	4 762 160
Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
Long-service Awards	112 000	(76 561)
Post Retirement Health Gare	1 052 000	(201 994)
Total Employee Benefit Liebilities allocated to Non-cash Transactions	1 154 000	(278 555)
Movement in Employee Related Costs:-		
Long-service Awards. Reductions (Outflow of Economic Benefits)	-	(41 523)
Post Retirement Health Care: Actual Employer Benefit Payments	-	(88 082)
Total Employee Benefit Liabilities allocated to Employee Related Costs		(129 605)
Employee Benefit Liabilities at End of Year	5 518 000	4 354 000



16.2 Current Portion of Employee Benefit Liabilities

The movement in Current Portion of Employee Benefit Liabilities is reconciled as follows:

	Medical Aid	Pension Fund	Long-term Service
	Ř	R	R
30 June 2021			
Opening Balance	112 000		295 000
Increases		~	000 98
Current service cost	116 056		
Actual employer benefit payments	(111 056)		(305 888)
Other Reductions	•	•	71 888
Balance at end of year	117 000	-	150 000
	Medical Aid	Pension Fund	Long-term Service
	R	R	R
30 June 2020			
Opening Balance	88 082	v	41 523
Increases		÷	253 477
Current service cost	23 918	-	*
Actual employer benefit payments	≘	•	•
Other Reductions	-	•	,
Balance at end of year	112 000	-	295 000
		2021	2020
		R	R
16.3 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits Liability			
Opening Ballance		3 360 000	3 626 158
Interest Cost		353 000	342 557
Current Service Cost		131 000	150 868
Actual Employer Benefit Payments		(111 056)	(88 082)
Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) recognised in the year		684 056	(671 501)
Balance at end of Year		4 417 000	3 360 000
Transfer to Current Provisions		117 000	112 000
Total Post-retirement Health Care Benefits Liability		4 300 000	3 248 000

The current year amount for Post-retirement Health Care Benefits has been adjusted. Refer to Note 45.1 on "Change in Accounting Estimates" for details of the changes effected.

The municipality offers employees and continuation members the opportunity of belonging to one of several medical schemes, most of which offer a range of options pertaining to levels of cover

Upon retirement, an employee may continue membership of the medical scheme. Upon a member's death-in-service or death-in-retirement, the surviving dependents may continue membership of the medical scheme.

Members contribute according to tables of contribution rates which differentiate between them on the type and number of dependants. Some options also differentiate on the basis of income.

Eligible employees will receive a post-employment subsidy of 60% of the contribution payable should they be a member of a medical scheme at retirement. Continuation members and their eligible dependants receive a 70% subsidy.



The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 30 June 2021 by Mr C Weiss, Fellow of the Actuarial Society of South Africa. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The members of the Post-employment Health Care Benefit Plan are made up as follows:	2021 R	2020 R
In-service Members (Employees)	28	25
In-service Non-members (Employees)	40	
Continuation Membrars (Retirees, vidowers and orphans)	2	2
Total Members	70	27
The liability in respect of past service has been estimated as follows:		
In-service Members	2 626 000	1 983 000
In-service Non-members	301 000	, , ,
Continuation Members	1 490 000	1 377 000
Total Liability	4 417 000	3 360 000

The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following Medical Aid Schemes:

- Bonitas
- Keyheaith
- LA Health
- Hosmed
- Samwumed

The Current-service Cost for the year ending 30 June 2021 is estimated to be R131 000, whereas the cost for the ensuing year is estimated to be R211 000 (30 June 2020; R150 868 and R131 000 respectively).

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

Discount Rate

10.33%

10.67%

Health Care Cost inflation Rate
6 92%
6.68%

Net Effective Discount Rate
3.19%
Expected Retirement Age - Females
59

General:

It is assumed that the municipality's health care arrangements and subsidy policy would remain as outlined in the accounting policy, and that the level of benefits receivable and the contributions payable would remain unchanged, with the exception of allowing for inflationary adjustments, implicit in this approach is the assumption that current levels of cross-subsidy from in-service members to continuation members within the medical scheme are sustainable, and will continue.

Continuation of Membership

Expected Retirement Age - Males

It has been assumed that 75% of in-service members will remain on the Municipality's health care arrangement should they stay until retirement.

Family Profile.

It has been assumed that female spouses will be five years younger than their male counterparts. Furthermore, it has been assumed that 60% of eligible employees on a health care arrangement at retirement will have a subsidised spouse dependant. For current retiree members, actual subsidised spouse dependants were used and the potential for remainage was ignored.

Discount Rate:

GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from government bond yields consistent with the estimated term of the post-employment liabilities. However, where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficiently long maturity to match the estimated term of all the benefit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated by extrapolating current market rates along the yield curve.

Consequently, a discount rate of 10.33% per amount has been used. The corresponding index-linked yield at this term is 4.18%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for taxation. These rates were deduced from the interest rate data obtained from the Johannesburg Stock Exchange after the market close on 30 June 2021.



52

62

Impact of COVID-19:

It is difficult to estimate what impact the pandemic is likely to have on the municipality's flability at this early stage. There is still much uncertainty as to how it will affect mortality in the medium to long term, and what effect treatments and/or vaccines will have. The sensitivities may be used to understand the potential impacts on the liability (and expenses) of, for example, an increase in the expected health care cost inflation rate, or an increase in the discount rate, or a reduction in expected longevity.

Once any long-term impacts of COVIO-19 on the various valuation parameters becomes more evident, appropriate adjustments to the parameters will be feasible. In the meanwhile, any short-term impacts of actual experience being different to the current long-term assumptions will contribute to actuarial gain/loss items.

The possible effects of COVID-19 have not been included in the report's main figures.

				2021 R	2020 R
Movements in the present value of the Defined	Banafit Ohlination we	re as follows:		rt	ĸ
Opening Balance	Senem Osingation we	it as follows,		3 360 000	3 626 158
Interest Cost				353 000	342 557
Current Service Cost				131 000	150 868
Benefits Paid				(111 056)	(88 082)
Actuariat Losses / (Gains)				684 056	(671 501)
Total Recognised Benefit Liability				4 417 000	3 360 000
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Fi	nancial Position are a	is follows:			
Present Value of Fund Obligations				4 417 000	3 360 000
Total Benefit Liability				4 417 000	3 360 000
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Fi	nancial Performance	are as follows:			
Current service cost				131 000	342 557
interest cosi				353 000	150 868
Actuarial losses / (gains)				684 056	(671 501)
Total Post-retirement Benefit included in Empl	oyee Related Costs (I	Note 29.)		1 168 056	(178 976)
The history of fair values are as follows:					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	R	R	R	R	R
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	4 417 000	3 360 000	3 626 158	3 409 000	3 509 000
Delicit	4 417 000	3 360 000	3 626 158	3 409 000	3 509 000
Experienced adjustments on Plan Liabilities	61 000	92 000	349 000	(946 000)	406 000
				2021 R	2020 R
The effect of a 1% movement in the assumed rate	of health care cost infl	ation is as follows:			
Increase;					
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost	and the interest cost			65 000	71 175
Effect on the defined benefit obligation				567 000	437 000
Decrease:					
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost	and the interest cost			(62 000)	(70 125)
Effect on the defined benefit obligation				(546 000)	(414 000)

The municipality expects to make a contribution of R661 000 (2020; R484 000) to the Defined Benefit Plans during the next financial year

Refer to Note 51, "Multi-employer Retirement Benefit Information", to the Annual Financial Statements for more information regarding the municipality's other retirement funds that is Provincially and Nationally administered



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

16.4 Long Service Awards Liability	2021 R	2020 R
Opening Balance Increases Payments Made Other Reductions	1 401 000 201 000 (305 888) 71 898	1 265 607 207 871 (41 523) (30 955)
Balance at end of Year	1 368 000	1 401 000
Transfer to Current Provisions	150 000	295 000
Total Long Service Awards Liability	1 218 000	1 106 000

The Municipality offers employees Long Sservice Awards for every five years of service completed, from ten years of service to 45 years of service, inclusive.

The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 30 June 2021 by Mr C Weiss, Fellow of the Actuarial Society of South Africa. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

At year end, 68 (2020: 68) employees were eligible for Long-service Awards.

The Current-service Cost for the year ending 30 June 2021 is estimated to be R110 000, whereas the cost for the ensuing year is estimated to be R115 000 (30 June 2020: R106 937 and R110 000 respectively).

Discount Rate	9.62%	7.28%
Cost Inflation Rate	5.91%	3.92%
Net Effective Discount Rate	3 50%	3 23%
Expected Retirement Age - Femates	62	62
Expected Retirement Age - Mates	62	62

General:

It is assumed that the Municipality's long service arrangements and subsidy policy would remain as outlined in the accounting policy, and that the level of benefits would remain unchanged, with the exception of inflationary adjustments.

Discount Rate:

GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from government bond yields consistent with the estimated term of the employee benefit liabilities. However, where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficiently long maturity to match the estimated term of all the benefit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated by extrapolating current market rates along the yield curve.

Consequently, a discount rate of 9.62% per annum has been used. This yield was obtained by calculating the duration of the liability and then taking the yield from the yield curve at that duration using an iterative process. The corresponding liability-weighted index-linked yield is 4.01%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for taxation, and were deduced from the interest rate data obtained from the JSE after the market close on 30 June 2021. The duration of the total liability was estimated to be 10,50 years.

Impact of COVID-19:

It is difficult to estimate what impact the pandemic is likely to have on the Municipality's liability at this stage. There is still much uncertainty as to how it will affect mortality in the medium to long term, and what effect treatments and/or vaccines will have. The sensitivities may be used to understand the potential impacts on the liability (and expenses) of, for example, an increase in the expected general earnings inflation rate, or an increase in the discount rate, or an increase in the withdrawal rates.

3Once any long-term impacts of COVID-19 on the various valuation parameters becomes more evident, appropriate adjustments to the parameters will be feasible. In the meanwhile, any short-term impacts of actual experience being different to the current long-term assumptions will contribute to actuariat gain/loss items.

The possible effects of COVID-19 have not been included in the report's main figures.



				2021 R	2020 R
Movements in the present value of the Defined	Benefit Obligation we	re as follows:			
Opening Balance	•			£ 401 000	1 265 607
interest Cost				91 000	100 934
Current Service Cost				110 000	106 937
Benefits Paid				(305 888)	(41 523)
Actuarial Losses / (Gains)				71 888	(30 965)
Total Recognised Benefit Liability				1 368 000	1 401 000
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Fi	nancial Position are a	s follows:			
Present value of fund obligations				1 368 000	1 401 000
Total Benefit Liability				1 368 000	1 401 000
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Fi	nancial Performance	are as follows:			
Current service cost				110 000	106 937
interest cost				91 000	100 934
Actuarial losses / (gains)				71 888	(30 955)
Total Post-retirement Benefit included in Emplo	oyee Related Costs (F	Note 29.)		272 888	176 916
The history of experienced adjustments is as fo					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	R	R	R	R	R
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	1 368 000	1 491 000	1 265 607	1 094 000	÷
Deficit	1 368 000	1 401 000	1 265 607	1 094 000	7
Experienced adjustments on Plan Liabilities	114 888	29 045	35 267	(71 658)	57 879
The effect of a 1% movement in the assumed rate	of long service cost in	flation is as follows.			
Increase:					
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost	and the interest cost			16 000	17 329
Effect on the defined benefit obligation				95 000	89 000
Decrease:					
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost	and the interest cost			(14 000)	(15 371)
Effect on the defined benefit obligation				(86 000)	(79 000)

The municipality expects to make a contribution of R249 000 (2020; R201 000) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 R	2020 R
17.	PROVISIONS	K	ĸ
	Current Provisions	2 292 833	1 922 773
	Non-current Provisionss	29 120 768	21 513 631
	Total Provisions	30 413 601	23 436 404
	17.1 Current Provisions		
	Current Portion of Non-Current Provisions.	2 292 833	1 922 773
	Bonus Leave	725 342 1 567 491	573 322 1 349 451
	Total Provisions	2 292 833	1 922 773
	17.1.1 Affocation for Cash Flow		
	Provisions at Beginning of Year	1 922 773	1 661 140
	Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
	Provisions	378 759	261 633
	Total Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions	378 759	261 633
	Movement in Employee Related Costs:-		
	Provisions: Reductions (Outflow of Economic Benefits)	(8 699)	
	Total Provisions allocated to Employee Related Costs	(8 699)	
	Provisions at End of Year	2 292 833	1 922 773
	The movement in Current Provisions is reconciled as follows:		
	Current Portion of Non-Current Provisions:		
!	Staff Benefit Provisions:		
		Sonus Provision	Leave Provision
;	30 June 2021	R	R
(Opening Balance	573 322	1 349 451
	Increases Payments Made	152 021	226 739 (8 699)
	Balance at end of year		
•	action of the officer	725 342	1 567 491
		Bonus Provision R	Leave Provision R
3	30 June 2020	•	
	Opening Balance	564 886	1 096 255
	ncreases Payments Made	8 436	253 197
ε	Balance at end of year	573 322	1 349 451
			1072 701

Bonus Provision: Staff bonuses accrued to employees according to the standard contract of employment. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued bonusses at reporting date. This provision will be realised when bonusses are paid during November of the next year.

Leave Provision: Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Increases Incr	NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR	HE TEAN ENDED TO SURE EDET	
Decommissioning Restoration and Similar Liabilities: Landiiii Sries insurance Workmon's Compensation Act 1164 412 994 701			
Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act	17.2 Non-current Provisions		
17.2.1 Allocation for Cash Flow 3 547 270 2 793 944 Non-current Provisions at Beginning of Year 21 513 631 20 560 430 Movement fin Non-cash Transactions:- Decommissioning, Restocation and Similar Liabilities Increases Reductions (without Outliew of Economic Benefits) Reductions (without Outliew of Economic Benefits) Reductions (without Outliew of Economic Benefits) Reversals Total Non-current Previsions allocated to Non-cash Transactions 6 607 137 953 201 Reversals Total Non-current Previsions at End of Year 28 120 768 21 513 631 The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as follows: Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R Decommissioning of Landfill Sites R 30 June 2021 1 insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R 20 518 930 Copening Balance Increases Fair Value Changes Increases Pleasage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 154 412 26 965 356 Balance at end of year 1 154 412 26 965 356 R Opening Balance Increases Pleasage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 19 740 546 R Opening Balance Increases Pleasage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 19 740 546 R Opening Balance 3 19 881 1 19 740 546 R Opening Balance 3 19 881 1 19 740 546 R Openin	4 .		
Non-current Provisions at Beginning of Year 21 513 631 20 560 430 Movement in Non-cash Transactions:- Becommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities 6 507 137 953 201 Increases 6 507 137 2 037 707 (1 683 870) Reductions (without Outflow of Economic Benefits) 6 607 137 2 037 707 (1 683 870) Reversals 6 607 137 953 201 953 201 1 683 870	Total Non-current Provisions	28 120 768	21 513 631
Movement in Non-cash Transactions: 6 607 137 953 201 Increases 6 607 137 2 037 071 Reductions (without Outliow of Economic Benefits) 6 607 137 2 037 071 Reversals 1 0 83 870 (1 083 870) Total Non-current Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions 6 607 137 953 201 Non-current Provisions at End of Year 28 120 768 21 513 631 The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as follows: Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R 30 June 2021 Pecommissioning of Landfill Sites R Opening Balance 994 701 20 518 930 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rale 994 701 20 518 930 Balance at end of year 1 154 412 26 966 356 Opening Balance Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act Rale R Opening Balance Solution Act Rale R Opening Balance 319 881 19 740 546 Increases 1174 820 38 403 Opening Balance 319 881 19 740 546 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 823 848 <	17.2.1 Allocation for Cash Flow	3 547 270	2 793 944
Decommissioning Restoration and Similar Liabilities 6 607 137 20 37 107 10 38 370	Non-current Provisions at Beginning of Year	21 513 631	20 560 430
Reductions (without Outflow of Economic Benefits) Reversals	Movement in Non-cash Transactions:-		
Reductions (wilhout Outflow of Economic Benefits) (1 083 670) Reversals (1 083 670) Total Non-current Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions 6 607 137 953 201 Non-current Provisions at End of Year 28 120 768 21 513 631 The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as follows: Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R Decommissioning of Landfill Sites 30 June 2021 994 701 20 518 930 Opening Balance Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rale) 994 701 20 518 930 Balance at end of year 1154 412 26 966 356 Balance at end of year Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R 30 June 2020 R R Opening Balance Increases 319 881 19 740 549 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rale) 33 403 Opening Balance Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rale) 11 54 480 33 403 Opening Balance Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rale) 11 23 483 11 23 483	Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities		
Total Non-current Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions 6 807 137 953 201	Increases	6 607 137	1
Total Non-current Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions 6 607 137 963 201 Non-current Provisions at End of Year 28 120 768 21 513 631 The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as follows: Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R 30 June 2021 Copening Balance 994 701 20 518 930 Increases 159 711	Reductions (without Outflow of Economic Benefits)	,	(1 083 870)
Non-current Provisions at End of Year 28 120 768 21 513 631 The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as follows: Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R Decommissioning of Landfill Sites 30 June 2021 R R Opening Balance Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 994 701 20 518 930 Fair Value Changes Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 6 447 426 6 447 426 Balance at end of year 1 154 412 26 968 356 30 June 2020 Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R 30 June 2020 319 881 1 97 40 549 Opening Balance Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 319 881 1 97 40 549 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 174 820 38 403 Fair Value Changes Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 1 158 3848	Reversals	اــــــا	-
Insurance	Total Non-current Provisions allocated to Non-cash Transactions	6 607 137	953 201
Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R	Non-current Provisions at End of Year	28 120 768	21 513 631
Norkmen's Compensation Act R R	The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as follows:		
Opening Balance		Workmen's	
Opening Balance 994 701 20 518 930 Increases 159 711 - Fair Value Changes - 6 447 426 Balance at end of year 1 154 412 26 966 356 Balance at end of year Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R Decommissioning of Landfill Sites 30 June 2020 R R Opening Balance 319 881 19 740 549 Increases 174 820 38 403 Fair Value Changes (1 083 870 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 823 848		R	R
159 711 159	30 June 2021		
Fair Value Changes increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate 6 447 426 Balance at end of year 1 154 412 25 966 356 Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R Decommissioning of Landfill Sites 30 June 2020 R R Opening Balance Increases 319 881 19 740 549 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 174 820 38 403 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate) 1 823 848	Opening Balance	994 701	20 5 18 930
Balance at end of year 1154 412 26 968 356 Balance at end of year 1154 412 26 968 356 Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R 30 June 2020 R Opening Balance 819 881 19 740 549 Increases 174 820 38 403 Increases 174 820 38 403 Increases 174 820 1823 848 Increases 1823 848 Increas	Increases	159 711	
Salance at end of year 1154 412 26 966 356	Fair Value Changes	•	-
Insurance Workmen's Compensation Act R R	increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate	-	6 447 426
Workmen's Compensation Act R R	Balance at end of year	1 154 412	26 966 356
30 June 2020 Opening Balance		Workmen's	Decommissioning of Landfill Sites
Opening Balance 819 881 19 740 549 Increases 174 820 38 403 Fair Value Changes (1 983 870 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 823 848		R	R
174 820	30 June 2020		
Fair Value Changes (1 083 870 Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate 1 823 848	Opening Balance		19 740 549
Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rafe 1823 848	Increases	174 820	38 403
more designs of smooth order of the contract o	Fair Value Changes	•	(1 083 870)
Balance at end of year 994 701 20 518 930	Increases (Passage of Time/Discounted Rate	•	1 823 848
	Balance at end of year	994 701	20 518 930



Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities: Landfill Sites

Landfill site decomissioning is estimated by means of a valuation performed by a professional valuator to determine the future cost of dismantling the landfill site. The cost is then reduced to take into account the time value of money at the weighted average investing rate based on Government Bond Yield Rates.

insurance Workmen's Compensation Act

The provision for WCA insurance is made in terms of the Workmen's Compensation Act. The provision is calculated based on the Compensation Commissioner returns submitted and the amount is payable on assessment by the Workmen's Compensation Commissioner.

17.3 Rehabilitation of Land-fill Sites

In terms of the licencing of the landfill refuse site, the Municipality will incur ficensing and rehabilitation costs of R26 966 356) (2020; R20 518 930 to restore the site at the end of its useful live. Provision has been made for the net present value of the future cost, using the average bond yield interest rate.

As measured in the topographical survey, the available airspace has been exhausted. It was recommended that the Municipality applies for a height extension in order to increase the operational lifetime of the landfill site.

It was assumed that a closure licence will be issued in 2022 and rehabilitation will commence by 2027. The first post-closure year was assumed to be 2028.

	Rehabilitation	2021 R	2020 R
Laingsburg Landfill	2028/29	26 966 356	20 518 930
		26 966 356	20 518 930



		2021 R	2020 R
18.	ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		
	Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit) due to the results of Operations	170 840 358	166 488 528
	Total Accumulated Surplus	170 840 358	166 488 528
	The prior year amount for Accumulated Surplus has been adjusted. Refer to Note 42.1 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.		
	18.1 Altocation for Cash Flow		
	Accumulated Surplus at Beginning of Year	166 488 528	169 504 426
	Surplus / (Deficit):-		
	Accumulated Surplus As Per Financial Performance	4 351 830	(3 015 898)
	Total Accumulated Surplus allocated to Surplus / (Deficit)	4 351 830	(3 015 898)
	Accumulated Surplus at End of Year	170 840 358	166 488 528

Refer to Statement of Changes in Net Assets for more detail and the movement on Accumulated Surplus.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2021

R

2020

R

		Actual Levies	
		July 2021	July 2020
Property Rates Levies		10 200 440	
Rates Rebates		12 806 028 (8 351 452)	11 993 511 (7 801 121)
		(0 001 402)	(1001121)
Total Property Rates		4 453 576	4 192 390
The prior year amount for Property Rates has been adjusted. Ref of the restatement.	er to Note 44.1 on "Correction of Error" for details		
19.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:			
Total Property Rales		4 453 576	4 192 390
Total Property Rates allocated to Cash Flow		4 453 576	4 192 390
19.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:			
Property Rates Income	Note 19.1	4 453 576	4 192 390
Non-exchange Interest Earned	Note 27.1	51 869	136 696
Cash Flow from Non-exchange Receivables	Note 6.1	(449 113)	(780 390)
Total Receipts for Property Rates		4 056 332	3 548 696

Property Rates are levied on the value of land and improvements, which valuation is performed every four years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July 2018. A request for extension of the valid period for the valuation roll has been submitted to the MEC for local government.

Interim valuations are processed on a continuous basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions.

An general rate is applied as follows to property valuations to determine property rates:

Agricultural Properties: 0,2420 c/R (2019/20: 0,2270 c/R)

Business and Commercial Properties: 0,9690 c/R (2019/20: 0,9060 c/R)

Public Benefit Organisation Properties: 0,2420 c/R (2019/20; 0,2270 c/R)

Residential Properties: 0,9690 c/R (2019/20: 0,9060 c/R)

State Owned Properties: 1,9380 c/R (2019/20: 1,8120 c/R)

Vacant and Other Properties: 0,9690 c/R (2019/20: 0,9060 c/R)

Public Benefit Organisations are exempted from the payment of rates, whilst the first R15 000,00 of the valuation on improved residential properties is exempted from the payment of rates

20. FINES, PENALTIES AND FORFEITS

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19. PROPERTY RATES

rand thes:	20 169 994	30 176 034
Court Fines	-	6 764 530
Municipal	20 169 994	23 411 504
Other Fines:	483	1 314
Overdue Books Fine	483	1 314
Total Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	20 170 476	30 177 348
20.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
Total Fines, Penalties and Forteits	20 170 478	30 177 348
Total Siver Boughton and English allocated to Other Bendints	80 480 480	44 177 6 44
Total Fines, Penalties and Forfeits allocated to Other Receipts	20 170 476	30 177 348



21. LICENCES AND PERMITS

		Exchange Transactions 2021 R	Exchange Fransactions 2020 R	Non-Exchange Transactions 2021 R	Non-Exchange Transactions 2020 R
	Road and Transport	363 402	513 151	•	-
	Activities on Public Roads	1 680	2 562		-
	Orivers Licence Application/Duplicate Drivers Licences	5 643	363 782	-	
	Learner Licence Application	49 780	15 268	_	
	Learners Certificate	242 263	127 434	-	-
	Motor Vehicle Licence	64 036	4 105	-	-
		L	L	L L	
	Total Licences and Permits	363 402	513 151		
	,		the transfer of the second sec		
				2021	2020
				R	R
	21.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:				
	Total Licences and Permils			363 402	513 151
	Total Licences and Permits allocated to Other Receipts			363 402	513 151
	, out to the table to the table to				
22.	TRANSFERS AND SUBSIDIES RECEIVED				
	Capital Grants			21 315 772	6 292 212
	Aflocations In-kind			115 851	
	Monetary Allocations			21 199 921	6 292 212
	Operational Grants			29 026 128	24 202 301
	Allocations In-kind			-	.]
	Monetary Allocations			29 026 128	24 202 301
	Total Transfers and Subsidies Received			50 341 900	30 494 513
	22.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:				
	Total Transfers and Subsidies Received			50 341 900	30 494 513
	Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions:			(115 851)	**
	Total Transfers and Subsidies Received allocated to Cash Flow			50 226 049	30 494 513
	22.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:				
	Government Grants and Subsidies Income	Note 22.1		50 226 049	30 494 513
	Cash Flow from Unspent Government Grants	Nole 14.1		(3 484 371)	7 787 024
	Total Receipts for Government Grants and Subsidies			46 741 678	38 281 537
	22.3 Summary of Grants:				
	22.3.1 Capital Grants				
	•	Allocations In-kind		Monetary A	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
					1 711 000
	National Governments		-	14 206 609	4 741 889
	Provincial Government	115 851	•	6 993 312	1 550 323
	Total Cavital Crayte Bondings	115 851		21 199 921	6 292 212
	Total Capital Grants Received	110 001		E 135 0E	



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Milecutions in-kind Membra March	22.3.2 Operational Grants			
Departmental Application and Accountee 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38		Allocations in-kind	Monetary Allo	cations
District Manicipalities 1478 405 528 71 1871 1871 1871 1871 1871 1871 187		2021 2020	2021	2020
District Manicipalities 1478 405 528 71 1871 1871 1871 1871 1871 1871 187	Departmental Agencies and Accounts		46.000	05.007
18	,	•		35 327
National Revenue Fund 1966 pt	•	-	400 000	20.071
National Revenue Fund	*	-	1 750 105	
Private Enterprises 23 0.00		-		
Provincial Government		•		10 37 3 630
Total Operational Grants Received 20 20 1 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	•	-		n noo ten
22.4 Detailed Summaries 22.4.1 Equitable Share Unspent Balance at the Edginning of the Year Conditions Mel - Transferred to Revenue Adjustments (Refunds Unspent Balance at the End of the Year The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue onteed nationally and is being adocated in terms of the Conditions Mel - Transferred to Revenue (10 637 630) Unspent Balance at the End of the Year The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue onteed nationally and is being adocated in terms of the Condition (Not 10 60 1505) to the numerically by the National Treasury. This grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indepent community changes for volume rapply, relian er moved and sanitation based on the monthly bulling towards the consumer account. The subsidiy is determined annually by Council. All indepents receive a kindlew water and 50kWh efecticity frue every month Na funds have been withheld: 22.4.2 Sector Education and Training Authority (SETA) Unspent Balance at the Begrinning of the Year The Purpose of the Discretionary Grants is to assist the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to address its exarce and critical Skills in the sector. The Purpose of the Discretionary Grants is to assist the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to address its exarce and critical Skills in the sector. The Purpose of the Chiscretionary Grants is to assist the SETA Discretionary Grants Policy and Guitelines. 22.4.3 Nationals: EPWP Grant Unspent Balance at the End of the Year The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) grant is received to incentivise municipalities to expansive with the EPWE Guitelines being the maintenance of loads and buildings, lov traitie volume reads and oray are services infestivation, including valued and severe and severe reliable in survival and other excellents. In additional infrastructure, with funds in the following	LIOAIIITIGI GOASABIIGIS	•	4 156 396	2 299 418
2.2.4. Detailed Summaries 2.2.4. Equitable Share Unispent Blainco at the Beginning of the Year Conditions Met - Transferrad to Revenue Adjustments (Reumb) Unspent Blainco at the End of the Year The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue relises instandity and is being allocated in terms of the Conditions Met - Transferrad to Revenue Adjustments (Reumb) Unspent Blainco at the End of the Year The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue relises instandity and is being allocated in terms of the Condition (Author) (18 of 1908) to the manicipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent community there is on volume rusply, reliance removal and sanatiation based on the monthly bulling fowards the consumer account. The subsidy is determined annually by Council. All religionate consumers receive & Kindler water and 50kWh electricity free every month Na funds have been withheld: 2.2.4.2 Sector Education and Training Authority (SETA) Unspent Blainco at the Beginning of the Year Current Year Receipts Current Year Receipts The Purpose of the Oiscretionary Grants is to assist the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector, skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector, skills and enable the SETA to address the scarce and critical Skills in the sector. Discretionary Grants are adocated at the sec discretion of the SETA for address the scarce and critical Skills in the sector. 2.2.4.3 National: EPWP Grant Unspent Blainco at the Enginning of the Year The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) grant is received to incentivise municipalities to expand work created in the Set Refunds Unspent Blainco at the Enginning of the Year The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) grant is received to incentivise municipalities to expand work created in Heritage services infristructive, including water and service feeling incentives in trainin	Total Operational Grants Received	* *************************************	- 29 026 128	24 202 301
22.4.5 Equitable Share Linganet Balance at the Beginning of the Year Curried Year Roccipits Coulisions Net - Transferred to Revenue Adjustments / Refunds Unspent Balance at the End of the Year Unspent Balance at the End of the Year The Equilable Share is the unconditional abase of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 2.14 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include the owner of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include the owner of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include the owner of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include the owner of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include the owner of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include its review a monthly subarity equal to the theory in which the constitution about the theory of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1906) in the manipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to include the constitution of the Constitutio				
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Current Year Receipts 196 620 (16 573 630 (10 573 630 (10 573 630 (10 573 630 (10 573 630) (10 5	•			
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue (19 652 000) (16 573 030) Adjustments / Refunds (19 652 000) (16 573 030) Adjustments / Refunds (19 652 000) (16 573 030) Adjustments / Refunds (19 652 000) (16 573 030) Adjustments / Refunds (19 652 000) (19 653			19 652 000	16 573 630
Adjustments / Refunds Unspent Blaince at the End of the Year The Equilable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the manicipality by the National Treasury. This grant is used to subsidies the provision of brast exercises to indigent community members and to subsidies income. All registered indigents received a annoting visually equal to the basic monthly charges for variety supply, reluse removal and sandtation based on the monthly billing towards the consumer account. The subsidy is determined annually by Council. All addigent community removes the exercise of kilotile water and 50kWh electricity free every month No funds have been withheld 2.4.2 Sector Education and Training Authority (SETA) Unspent Belance at the Beginning of the Year Current Year Receipts Conditions Met. Transferred to Revenue Adjustments / Refunds The Purpose of the Discretionary Grants is to assist the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its objectives in relation to the development of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve and controlled skills in the sector. Sincerplant of the sector skills and enable the SETA to achieve its science of the sector skills and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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Current Year Receipts 1 252 000 1 238 000 Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue (1 252 000) (1 238 000) Adjustments / Refunds Unspent Balance at the End of the Year				
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The Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) grant is received to incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the following identified focus areas, in compliance with the EPWP Guidelines being the maintenance of roads and buildings; low traffic volume roads and rural roads; basic services infrastructure, including water and sewer reticulation, sanitation, pipelines and dams (excluding bulk infrastructure); and other economic and social infrastructure. No funds have been withheld. 22.4.4 National: FMG Grant Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year Current Year Receipts is 800 000 is 800 000 conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue (1,800 000) is 800 000. Adjustments / Refunds				
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Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year 1 800 000 1 800 000 Current Year Receipts 1 800 000 1 800 000 Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue († 800 000) († 800 000) Adjustments / Refunds ————————————————————————————————————	creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the compliance with the EPWP Guidelines being the maintenance of roads rural roads; basic services infrastructure, including water and sewer retic	he following identified focus areas, in and buildings; low traffic volume roads and culation, sanitation, pipelines and dams		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year 1 800 000 1 800 000 Current Year Receipts 1 800 000 1 800 000 Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue († 800 000) († 800 000) Adjustments / Refunds ————————————————————————————————————				
Current Year Receipts 1 800 000 1 800 000 Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue (1 800 000) (1 800 000) Adjustments / Refunds				
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue (1.800.000) (1.800.000) Adjustments / Refunds			-	
Adjustments / Refunds				1 800 000
			(1800 000)	(1 800 000)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	•			
	Unspent Balance at the End of the Year			-



The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns). No funds have been withheld.

	2021 R	2020 R
22.4.5 National: MIG Funds		0.40.000
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	3 987 511	310 308 6 692 000
Current Year Receipts Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	6 529 000 (10 516 511)	(2 704 488)
Adjustments / Refunds	(10 515 511)	(318 309)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	-	3 987 511
This grant is allocated to provide specific capital finance for basic municipal infrastructure backlogs for poor households, micro enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.6 Community Development Workers (CDW) Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year		
Current Year Receipts	94 000	186 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(48 958)	(186 000)
Adjustments / Refunds		
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	45 042	
To provide financial assistance to municipalities to cover the operational expenses in respect of the functions of the Community Development Workers (CDW) programme.		
22.4.7 Laingsburg New Business Park Project		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	1 288 730	-
Current Year Receipts	1 110 000	1 483 148
Conditions Mel - Transferred to Revenue	(2 398 730)	(194 418)
Adjustments / Refunds Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		1 288 730
Onsport Barange at the 21th of the Feat	The second secon	
This grant is allocated to support the development of key catalytic infrastructure projects which promote medium to long term economic gains and to increase the sustainability and growth of ShibiE's. No funds have been withheld		
22.4.8 Integrated National Electrification Grant		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year		
Current Year Receipts	3 600 000	2 372 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(3 600 000)	(2 372 000)
Adjustments / Refunds Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	Value of Control of Co	-
One pent Building at the Total		
Expenses were incurred to promote rural development and upgrade electricity infratructure. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.9 Provincial Library Services		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	*	
Current Year Receipts	1 482 000	1 251 000 (1 251 000)
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue Adjustments / Refunds	(1 482 000)	(1231000)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	_	-
This grant was received to support municipal investment in library services and to sustain the future professional delivery and development of such services in the most vulnerable B3 municipalities. No funds have been withheld		
22.4.10 Local Government Support Grant (COVID)		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	400 000	-
Current Year Receipts	400 000	1 068 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(400 000)	(668 000)
Adjustments / Refunds Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	400 000	400 000
The first of the contract of t	······································	



This grant was received to provide financial assistance to district municipalities to perform the administrative and monitoring role, including data management relating to humanitarian relief. To provide financial assistance to local municipalities to augment and support current humanitarian relief initiatives. No funds have been withheld.

	2021 R	2029 R
22.4.11 Local Government Graduate Internship Grant		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year		60 501
Current Year Receipts	-	÷
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	-	(60 501)
Adjustments / Refunds		
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		-
This grant was received for the construction of a "kick-about" (acility as well as to provide basic tootball equipment to children in poor rural areas. The "kick-about" is part of the youth development against violence through sport programmes with the purpose of using sport, specifically football, as a catalyst for transmitting lite skills to children and youth in order to reduce violence and social skills. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.12 Local Government Internship Grant & WC FMCB Grant		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	729 690	351 190
Current Year Receipts	300 000	378 500
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(176 708)	-
Adjustments / Refunds		
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	852 982	729 690
This grant was received to develop financial human capacity within the municipal area to enable a sustainable local financial skills pipeline that is responsive to municipalities' requirements to enable sound and sustainable financial management and good financial governance. No funds have been withheld		
22.4.13 Municipal Service Delivery and Capacity Building		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	42 238	98 036
Current Year Receipts		1 500
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(42 238)	(57 298)
Adjustments / Refunds	, ,	,,
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		42 238
This grant was received to develop financial human capacity within the municipal area to enable a sustainable local financial skills pipeline that is responsive to municipalities' requirements to enable sound and sustainable financial management and good financial governance. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.14 Municipal Finance Improvement Programme		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	403 492	1 293 445
Current Year Receipts	1 000 000	1 125 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(1 403 492)	(1 826 453)
Adjustments / Refunds		(188 500)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		403 492
This grant is intended at assisting municipalities to regain clean financial governance abilities. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.15 Municipal Drought Support Grant		
Unspent Balance at the Beginning of the Year	2 433 724	gen en
Current Year Receipts	2 433 724 400 000	343 491 3 500 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(2 833 724)	
Adjustments / Refunds	(2 000 124)	(1 409 767)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		2 433 724
		2707127

This allocation may only be utilised for the construction of the bulk pipeline between the Zoutkloof Spring and the main reservoir, the equipping and electricity connection and connection of two boreholes to the Zoutkloof line: the Zoutkloof Spring retrabilitation; and the borehole pump for the existing borehole in Matjiesfontein and Eskem connection. No funds have been withheld.



	2021 R	2020 R
22.4.16 Municipal Drought Relief Grant (Contraction of Main Reservoir)	K	15
Balance unspent at the beginning of the year	2 600 000	
Current year receipts		2 600 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(2 600 000)	
Adjustments / Refunds		
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		2 600 000
This grant was received for the construction of a main reservoir to assist with the drought within the municipal area. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.17 Western Cape Drought Funding Grant		
Balance unspent at the beginning of the year		
Current year receipts	717 350	3 500 000
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(717 350)	(3 500 000)
Adjustments / Refunds		
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year		-
This grant was received to assist with drought within the municipal area. No funds have been withheld.		
22.4.18 Western Cape Sport Development Grant		
Salance unspent at the beginning of the year	-	71 575
Current year receipts	000 008	<u>u</u>
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(800 000)	(71 575)
Adjustments / Refunds		
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	- ·	•
Funding were made available for the refurbishment and construction of sports facilities by municipalities. No funds have been withheld		
22.4.19 Water Service Infrastructure Grant (DWA)		
Balance unspent at the beginning of the year		1 556 630
Current year receipts	7 496 000	
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue	(393 0 ! 0)	
Adjustments / Refunds		(1 556 630)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	7 102 990	-
This grant is used for water supply at Matjiesfontein, ground water investigation and the compitation of a water master plan. The water master plan needs to be drafted and submitted and the water meters needs to be installed. Unutilised funds have been refunded.		
70 - 10 Table 10 Tabl		
22.4.20 Total Grants	44 800 000	4005 170
Balance unspent at the beginning of the year	11 885 385	4 085 176
Current year receipts Conditions Mot. Transferred to Courses	46 668 678	43 804 105
Conditions Met - Transferred to Revenue Adjustments / Refunds	(50 153 049)	(33 948 457) (2 055 439)
Unspent Balance at the End of the Year	8 401 013	11 885 385
emplore control of the CHO of the Total	0441010	11 505 505

22,4.21 Changes in levels of Government Grants

Based on the allocations set out in the Division of Revenue Act, (Act No 2 of 2021), government grant funding is expected to not change significantly over the forthcoming three financial years



			2021 R	2020 R
23.	SERVICE CHARGES		ĸ	K
	Sale of Electricity;		14 590 556	13 421 793
	- Service Charges		15 840 131	14 525 722
	- Revenue Foregone		(1 249 575)	(1 103 929)
	Sale of Water:		2 203 020	2 206 025
	- Service Charges		3 776 918	3 315 824
	- Revenue Foregone		(1 573 898)	(1 109 799)
	Refuse Removal:		1 626 447	1 417 897
	Service Charges		2 761 242	2 428 557
	- Revenue Foregone		(† 134 795)	(1 010 660)
	Sewerage and Sanitation Charges: - Service Charges		1 753 229	1 750 266
	- Service Charges - Revenue Foregone		3 113 392	2 895 086
	- November Oregone		(1 360 163)	(1 144 820)
	Total Service Charges		20 173 251	18 795 982
	- Service Charges		25 491 683	23 165 189
	Revenue Foregone		(5 318 431)	(4 369 207)
	The prior year amount for Service Charges has been adjusted. Refer details of the restalement.	to Note 44.1 on "Correction of Error" for		
	23.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:			
	Total Service Charges		20 173 251	18 795 982
	Total Service Charges allocated to Cash Flow		20 173 251	18 795 982
	23.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:			
	Service Charges Income	Note 23.1	20 173 251	18 795 982
	Exchange Interest Earned	Note 27.1	128 798	425 178
	Cash Flow from Exchange Receivables	Note 3,1	216 952	(1 473 756)
	Cash Flow from Consumer Deposits	Note 12.1	78 905	25 100
	Cash Flow from Exchange Payables	Note 13.1	(41 670)	68 111
	Bad Debt Written-off	Note 32 1	(17 909 322)	(24 633 606)
	Total Receipts for Service Charges		2 646 914	(6 792 992)
	The amounts disclosed above for revenue from Service Charges are a to the consumers on a monthly basis according to approved tariffs.	n respect of services rendered which are billed		
24.	SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES			
	Building Plan Approval		*1 5 *0	1.400
	Cemetery and Burial		11 642 21 737	4 428 13 905
	Cleaning and Removal		1 263	5 600
	Clearance Certificates		15 352	2 000
	Encroachment Fees		8 124	13 125
	viembership Fees		8 713	10 291
	Photocopies and Faxes		432	1 033
	Removal of Restrictions		66 157	17 022
	Sale of Goods		20 392	30 118
	Stone and Gravet		28 093	45 991
,	/aluation Services		1 637	10 227
	otal Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services		183 542	151 739
2	4.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:			
Ī	otal Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services		183 542	151 739
1	otal Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services altocated to Othe	r Receipts	183 542	151 739



		2021 R	2020 R
25.	INCOME FROM AGENCY SERVICES		
	Commission on Vehicle Registration	180 194	132 227
	Total Income from Agency Services	180 194	132 227
	25.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Total Income from Agency Services	180 194	132 227
	Total Income from Agency Services allocated to Other Receipts	180 194	132 227
	The municipality is party to a principal / agent agreement		
	The municipality is an agent on behalf of the Western Cape Provincial Department of Transport and Public Works in collecting motor vehicle licences at an agency fee, VAT inclusive.		
	There were no significant changes in the agreement which occurred during the reporting period.		
	No material risks were identified on the agreement for the municipality.		
	The municipality does not incur any expenses on behalf of the principal.		
	Amount of Revenue Retained by the Municipality Income from Agency Fees	180 194	132 227
	Amount of Revenue received on behalf of the Principle during the Reporting Period Motor Vehicle Licence Fees & RTMC Transaction Fees	1 293 724	928 231
26.	RENTAL FROM FIXED ASSETS		
	Straight-lined Operating Lease Revenue		
	Other Rental Income Ad-hoc Rental Income from Other Fixed Assets:	1 624 344	1 377 520
	Property Plant and Equipment	1 624 344	1 377 520
	Total Rental of Facilities and Equipment	1 624 344	1 377 520
	The prior year amount for Rental of Facilities and Equipment has been adjusted. Refer to Note 44.1 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.		
	26.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Total Rental of Facilities and Equipment	1 624 344	1 377 520
	Total Rental of Facilities and Equipment allocated to Other Receipts	1 624 344	1 377 520

Rental income generaled are at market related premuins. All rental income recognised is therefore market related



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 R	2020 R
27.	INTEREST, DIVIDENDS AND RENT ON LAND EARNED		
	Non-exchange Receivables;		
	Outstanding Billing Debtors	51 869	136 696
	Total Non-exchange Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned	51 869	136 696
	External Investments:		
	Bank Account	231 705	431 138
	Investments	53 741	178 724
		285 446	609 862
	Outstanding Evenange Rengivehice		
	Outstanding Exchange Receivables: Other Interest	NO 671	0.040
	Long-tenn Debtors	80 674 1 036	81 940 2 811
	Housing & Housing Selling Schemes	1 036	2811
	Outstanding Billing Debtors	47 188	340 427
	Electricity	2 500	85 194
	Properly Rental Debtors	8 124	49 048
	Service Charges	17 137	52 059
	Waste Management	5 379	45 464
	Waste Water Management	5 657	47 232
	Water	8 391	61 430
		128 798	425 178
	Rent on Land: Rent on Land		
	Nation Land	5 215	552
		5 215	552
	Fotal Exchange Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned	419 459	1 035 592
	Total Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned	471 328	1 172 288
	The prior year amount for Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned has been adjusted. Refer to Note 44,1 on Correction of Error* for details of the restatement.		
;	17.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Property Rates;-		
1	nterest on Outstanding Non-exchange Receivables	51 869	136 696
	otal Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned allocated to Property Rates	51 869	136 696
	• •	31 009	130 090
	service Charges:- nterest on Outstanding Exchange Receivables	128 798	425 178
٦	olal Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned allocated to Service Charges	128 798	425 178
	xternal interest and Dividends Received;-		
	sterest on External Investments	285 446	609 862
7	otal Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Earned allocated to External Interest and Dividends Received	285 446	609 862
ſ	other Receipts:-		
	ent on Land	5 2 15	552
7	otal interest. Dividends and Rent on Land Earned allocated to Other Receipts	5 2 1 5	552
т	otal External Interest and Dividends Received allocated to Cash Flow	174 225	4 370 900
,	west and the last and bistering transition involved to past Link	471 328	1 172 288



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

			2021 R	2020 R
	27.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:		·	
	External Interest and Dividends Income		285 446	609 862
	Total Receipts for Interest and Dividends Received		285 446	609 862
28.	OPERATIONAL REVENUE			
	Commission		17 363	13 937
	Request for Information		531	153
	Sale of Property			54 636
	Total Operational Revenue		17 894	68 726
	28,1 Allocation for Cash Flow:			
	Total Operational Revenue		17 894	68 726
	Total Operational Revenue allocated to Other Receipts		17 894	68 726
	28.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:			
	Income from Operational Revenue	Note 28.1	17 894	68 726
	Income from Exchange Interest Earned	Note 27.1	5 215	552
	Income from Rental from Fixed Assets	Note 26.1	1 624 344	1 377 520
	Income from Agency Services	Note 25.1	180 194	132 227
	Income from Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services	Note 24.1	183 542	151 739
	Income from Licences and Permits	Note 21.1	363 402	513 151
	Income from Fines. Penalties and Forfeits	Note 20.1	20 170 476	30 177 348
	Cash Flow from Exchange Receivables	Note 3.1	(7 753)	639 566
	Cash Flow from Non-exchange Receivables	Note 5 1	21 340	(21 340)
	Cash Flow from Statutory Non-exchange Receivables	Note 6.1	(17 880 717)	(25 889 615)
	Cash Flow from Consumer Deposits	Note 12 1	11 917	16 102
	Cash Flow from Exchange Payables	Note 13.1	44 327	**
	Amounts Written-off as Uncoffectable	Note 6.4. i	16 307 366	24 926 742
	Total Receipts for Other Revenue		21 541 568	32 092 717

The amounts disclosed above for Other Revenue are in respect of services, other than described in Notes 19 to 27, rendered which are billed to or paid for by the users as the services are required according to approved tariffs



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

				2021 R	2020 R
29.	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS				
	Salaries, Wages and Service Related Benefits			22 156 200	19 340 769
	Basic			20 442 157	17 680 380
	Long Service Awards			110 000	41 523
	Bonusses			204 540	151 079
	Leave Payments			226 739	253 196
	Overtime			1 172 765	1 214 591
	Allowances:			2 751 550	2 718 047
	Acting and Post Related Allowances			163 019	288 814
	Bonus Allowance			1 246 926	1 110 015
	Cellular and Telephone			48 547	10 940
	Fire Brigade Housing Benefits			16 800	19 200
	Standby Allowance			158 963	150 154
	Travel or Motor Vehicle			82 721 1 034 575	41 438 1 097 487
				1 004 070 1	((((((((((((((((((((
	Social Contributions:			3 620 082	3 289 098
	Bargaining Council			8 592	7 461
	Medical			862 321	771 293
	Pension Unemployment insurance			2 615 982 133 187	2 395 967
	Onding of the Control			133 107	114 376
	Post-retirement Benefils:			1 207 171	(57 369)
	Current Service Cost			114 726	201 596
	Interest Cost			336 501	443 491
	Actuarial Gains and Losses			755 944	(702 456)
	Total Employee Related Costs		•	29 735 003	25 296 544
	29.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:				
	Employee Related Costs			29 735 003	25 290 544
	Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions			(1 819 703)	(260 473)
	Provisions and Non-current Provisions:-			(378 759)	(261 633)
	Performance Borrus			(152 021)	(8 436)
	Leave			(226 739)	(253 197)
	Employee Benefit Liabililles -			(1 440 944)	1 160
	Long-service Awards		ľ	(272 888)	(176 916)
	Medical			(1 168 056)	178 076
	Total Employee Related Costs allocated to Cash Flow		-	27 915 300	25 030 071
			=	27 510 000	23 030 071
	29.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:				
	Employee Related Costs Expenditure	Note 29.1		27 915 300	25 030 071
	Cash Flow from Provisions	Note 17.1		8 699	-
	Cash Flow from Exchange Payables	Note 13.1		(5 488)	(48 416)
	Cash Flow from Employee Benefit Liabilities	Note 16.1		416 944	129 605
	Total Payments for Employee Related Costs			28 335 455	25 111 261
	29.3 Remuneration of Section 57 Employees:				
	Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - J Booysen				
	Annual Remuneration			1 243 691	147 937
	Car and Other Allowances			42 000	3 500
	Company Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds Total			1 931	158
	10161		=	1 287 623	151 595



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

				2021 R	2020 R
	29.4 Remuneration of Other Related Parties:				
	Remuneration of the Chief Financial Officer - A Groenewald				
	Annual Remuneration			914 796	860 988
	Annual Bonus			76 233	71 749
	Car and Other Allowances			214 677	217 376
	Other Payments (Travelling reimbursement)			199 381	•
	Company Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds			184 213	183 450
	Total		1	1 589 300	1 333 563
	Remuneration of the Manager: Community Services - N Hendrik	s			
	Annual Remuneration			574 547	523 236
	Annual Bonus			48 578	43 603
	Car and Other Allowances			157 082	156 249
	Company Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds			140 140	138 326
	Total			920 347	861 414
	Remuneration of Manager: Corporate Services - N Gouws				
	Annual Remuneration			569 280	523 236
	Annual Bonus			47 440	43 603
	Car and Other Allowances			168 484	166 970
	Company Contributions to Ulf. Medical and Pension Funds			123 730	113 972
	Total			908 934	847 780
	10141				
	Remuneration of Manager: Infrastructure - J Komanisi				
	Annual Remuneration			704 728	617 712
	Annual Bonus			58 727	25 809
	Car and Other Allowances			180 868	214 764
	Company Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds			170 366	151 969
	Total			1 114 689	1 010 254
	Remuneration of Budget and Treasury Officer - G Bothma				
	Annual Remuneration			621 689	575 280
	Annual Bonus			52 159	47 940
	Car and Other Allowances			202 073	215 949
	Company Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds			114 595	105 444
	Total			990 515	944 613
	Danish of Parala Chair Office & Contac				
	Remuneration of Supply Chain Officer - K Gertse Annual Remuneration			305 688	269 352
				24 420	22 446
	Annual Bonus				22.440
	Other Payments (Travelling reimbursement)			11 271	74.400
	Company Contributions to UtF, Medical and Pension Funds Total			82 645 424 024	74 162 365 960
	10.00				
30.	REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS				
	Con auditor & Contra			850 466	822 047
	Executive Mayor			407 040	391 480
	Deputy Executive Mayor			202 552	
	Speaker			689 253	666 518
	Total for All Other Councillors			1 157 586	1 249 127
	Total Councillors' Remuneration			3 104 345	3 129 152
	Remuneration Disclosure - Related Parties:				
	Designation	Incumbent 2021	Incumbent 2020		
	Executive Mayor	R.M. Lousy	M. Gouws	762 106	847 883
	Deputy Mayor	B. vari As	l Brown	35 2 913	402 990
	, , ,			526 852	687 186
	Speaker	L. Potgieter	R.M. Louw		
	Councillor	l. Brown M. Daniels	M Daniels	347 120 159 163	298 674 298 674
			 Potgieter 	14G 163	2405 674
	Councillor		*		
	Councillor	M. Gouws	W. Du P. Theron	550 252	298 674
	Councillor Councillor	M. Gouws S. Marits	*	550 252 106 819	
	Councillor	M. Gouws	W. Du P. Theron	550 252	298 674



		2021 R	2020 R
	30,1 Calculation of Cash Flow:		.,
	Remuneration of Councillors Expenditure Note 30	3 104 345	3 129 152
	Total Payments for Employee Related Costs	3 104 345	3 129 152
	Remuneration of Councillors:		
	In-kind Benefits The Executive Mayor and Speaker are full-time Councillors. Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.		
	The Executive Mayor has use of a Council owned vehicle for official duties.		
31.	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	Depreciation: Property, Plant and Equipment	6 272 310	5 749 975
	Depreciation: Investment Property Amortisation: Intangible Assets	83 825	64 177 83 855
	Total Depreciation and Amortisation		
		6 356 135	5 898 007
	The prior year amount for Depreciation and Amortisation tras been adjusted. Refer to Note 44.2 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.		
32.	IMPAIRMENT LOSSES		
	Impairment Lasses on Fixed Assets	739 600	
	Impairment Losses on Financial Assets	16 992 706	26 261 276
	Total Impairment Losses	17 732 307	26 261 276
	The prior year amount for impairment Losses has been adjusted. Refer to Note 44.2 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restatement.		
	32.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Total impairment Losses	17 732 307	26 261 276
	Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions:	177 016	(1 627 669)
	Total Impairment Losses allocated to Service Charges	17 909 322	24 633 606
	32.2 Impairment Losses on Fixed Assets		
	Impairment Losses	739 600	
	Property, Plant and Equipment	739 600	-
		739 600	
	32.3 Impairment Losses on Financial Assets		
	Impairment Losses	_	785 646
	Trade and Other Receivables from Exchange Transactions		785 646
	Bad Debts Written Off	17 909 322	24 633 606
	Reversal of impairment Losses	(916 616)	842 024
	Other Receivables from Non-exchange Revenue	222 973	762 657
	Trade and Other Receivables from Exchange Transactions	(1 139 589)	79 366
		16 992 706	26 261 276



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 R	2020 R
33.	INTEREST, DIVIDENDS AND RENT ON LAND PAID	.,	
	Interest Paid:	1 088 105	1 833 617
	Finance Leases	718 537	1 496 1 823 848
	Interest costs non-current Provisions Overdue Accounts	369 567	8 274
	Total Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Paid	1 088 105	1 833 617
	33.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Non-cash Transactions:-	710.607	. 000 040
	Interest Paid	718 537	1 823 848
	Total Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Paid allocated to Non-cash Transactions	718 537	1 823 848
	External Interest and Dividends Pald:-	000 607	0.700
	Interest Paid	369 567	9 769
	Total Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Paid allocated to External Interest and Dividends Paid	369 567	9 769
	Total External Interest and Dividends Paid allocated to Cash Flow	1 088 105	1 833 617
	33.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:		
	Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Paid Expenditure Note 33.1	369 567	9 769
	Total Payments for External Interest and Dividends Paid	369 567	9 769
34.	BULK PURCHASES		
	Electricity	10 238 091	9 140 441
	Total Bulk Purchases	10 238 091	9 140 441
	34.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Total Bulk Purchases	10 238 091	9 140 44 1
	Total Bulk Purchases allocated to Suppliers Paid	10 238 091	9 140 441
26	CONTRACTED SERVICES		
33.	CONTRACTED SERVICES		
	Outsourced Services	1 289 455	3 785 355
	Consultants and Professional Services Contractors	4 188 910 967 506	955 813 710 087
		6 445 871	5 451 254
	Total Contracted Services		
	The prior year amount for Contracted Services has been adjusted. Refer to Note 44.2 on "Correction of Error" for details of the restalement.		
	35.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:		
	Total Contracted Services	6 445 871	5 451 254
	Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions.	•	79 663
	Total Contracted Services allocated to Suppliers Paid	6 445 871	5 530 917



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

			2021 R	2020
	35.2 Outsourced Services		ĸ	R
	Burial Services		7 950	4 800
	Business and Advisory		506 156	2 893 127
	Catering Services		117 345	45 515
	Cleaning Services		39 251	
	Electrical		423 537	375 505
	Internal Auditors		153 623	21 335
	Security Services		41 593	445 072
			1 289 455	3 785 355
	35.3 Consultants and Professional Services			
	Business and Advisory		3 328 679	225 191
	Laboratory Services		n.	168 161
	Legal Cost		860 230	562 460
			4 188 910	955 813
	35.4 Contractors			
	Building		(104 204)	35 461
	Electrical		50 507	44 430
	Maintenance of Buildings and Facilities		50 584	7 173
	Maintenance of Equipment		289 709	155 822
	Maintenance of Computer Software		622 015	418 160
	Pest Control and Furnigation		58 896	49 04 1
			967 506	710 087
36.	INVENTORY CONSUMED			
	Consumables		1 116 473	1 079 753
	Materials and Supplies		1 226 067	822 971
	Total Inventory Consumed		2 342 540	1 902 724
	The prior year amount for Inventory Consumed has been addetails of the restatement.	ijusted. Refer to Note 44.2 on "Correction of Error" for		
	36.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:			
	Total Inventory Consumed		2 342 540	1 902 724
	Total Inventory Consumed allocated to Suppliers Paid		2 342 540	1 902 724
	36.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:			
	Expenditure for Inventory Consumed	Note 36.1	2 342 540	1 902 724
	Expenditure for Contracted Services	Note 35.1	6 445 87 1	5 530 917
	Expenditure for Bulk Purchases	Note 34.1	10 238 091	9 140 441
	Cash Flow from Inventories	Note 2.1	52 076	(339 717)
	Cash Flow from Exchange Receivables	Note 3.1	126 037	52 230
	Cash Flow from Exchange Payables	Note 13.1	(4 245 006)	(1 482 184)
	Cash Flow from Operating Lease Payables	Note 15 1.1	(743)	-
	Total for Suppliers Paid		14 958 866	14 804 412



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

			2021 R	2020 R
7. TRANSFERS AND SUBSIDIES PAID			N	K
Operational Grants			350 935	382 181
Monetary Allocations			350 935	382 181
Total Transfers and Subsidies Paid			350 935	382 181
The prior year amount for Transfers and Subsidies Paid has been adjust Error" for details of the restatement.	ted. Refer lo Note 44.2	on "Correction of		
37.1 Altocation for Cash Flow:				
Total Transfers and Subsidies Paid			350 935	382 181
Total Transfers and Subsidies Paid allocated to Other Payments			350 935	382 181
37.2 Operational Grants				
	Allocation: 2021	2020	Monetary Allo 2021	2020
Flouseholds		-	350 935	382 181
Total Operational Grants Paid			350 935	382 181
8. OPERATING LEASES				
Community Assets				15 475
Furniture and Office Equipment			289 387	275 058
Libraries Other Assets			•	18 360 151 61 1
Total Operating Leases			289 387	460 504
38.1 Altocation for Cash Flow:				
Total Operating Leases			289 387	460 504
Total Operating Leases allocated to Other Payments			289 387	460 504
38.2 Leasing Arrangements				
The Municipality as Lessee:				



The Municipality as Lessee:
Operating leases relate to Property, Plant and Equipment with lease terms not longer than 5 years



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
39. OPERATIONAL COSTS		R	R
Included in General Expenses are the following:			
*			
Advertising, Publicity and Marketing		152 685	109 955
Assets less than the Capitalisation Threshold		29 436	*
Bank Charges, Facility and Card Fees		366 060	524 579
Bursaries (Employees)		-	9 226
Commission		747 813	1 371 848
Communication		465 730	471 [61
Contribution to Provisions		5 819 889	38 403
Deeds		5 650	6 040
Drivers Licences and Permits		84 962	8 216
Entrance Fees		143 928	
External Audit Fees		2 398 376	3 088 031
External Computer Service		1 393 163	1 741 935
Fines and Penalties			109 520
Insurance Underwriting		335 634	346 418
Leamerships and Internships		381 978	12 870
Levies Paid - Water Resource Management Charges		79 501	8 219
Licences		59 326	378 944
Municipal Services		848 069	773 631
Permits		638	
Printing, Publications and Books		488 385	205 431
Professional Bodies, Membership and Subscription		500 000	500 000
Remuneration to Ward Committees		196 804	255 092
Resettlement Cost		107 053	24 000
Skills Development Fund Levy		189 404	
Toll Gate Fees		168	196 403
Travel and Subsistence			000.000
Uniform and Protective Clothing		334 871	933 020
Wet Fuel		101 653	37 015
Workmen's Compensation Fund		291 346	13 427
Violation a domported dom i lind		159 711	174 820
Total Operational Costs		15 682 221	11 338 208
The pnor year amount for Operational Costs has been adjust- details of the restatement.	ed. Refer to Note 44.2 on "Correction of Error" for		
39.1 Allocation for Cash Flow:			
Total Operational Costs		15 662 221	11 338 208
Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions:-	•	(5 8 1 9 8 8 9)	(38 403)
Total Operational Costs allocated to Other Payments		9 862 332	11 299 805
39.2 Calculation of Cash Flow:			
Expenditure for Operational Costs .	Note 39.1	9 862 332	11 299 805
Expenditure for Operating Leases	Note 38.1	289 387	460 504
Expenditure for Transfers and Subsidies Paid	Note 37.1	350 935	
Minor Variance on Impairment	14000 07.1		382 181
Minor Variance on Depreciation		(1 101 936)	293 136
Minor Variance on Other Non-cash Transactions			(5)
Commence of Athernal Halladellelle		(68 711)	(174 820)
Total for Other Payments		9 332 006	12 260 801
·			



		2021 R	2020 R
3	9.3 Travel and Subsistence	N.	K
n	omestic	329 625	922 840
	ccommodation	82 690	359 760
	aily Altowance	29 950	74 314
	ood and Beverage (Served)	45 133	119 910
	ocidentat Cost	14 344	18 039
	ransport without Operator	157 508	350 817
N	on-employees	5 246	10 180
		334 871	933 020
3	9.4 Material Losses	2 696 871	3 374 774
	istribution Losses:		
L.	Electricity Losses	992 529	1 264 774
	Water Losses	1 704 341	2 110 000
n	the amounts disclosed above for Electricity and Water Losses are in respect of costs incurred in the general nanagement of the municipality and not directly attributable to a specific service or class of expense (See Note 3.9).		
٨	to other extra-ordinary expenses were incurred.		
40. 6	SAINS AND LOSSES ON OTHER OPERATIONS		
d	Sains on Other Operations		
F	air Value Gains on Interest Rate Swaps	-	1 004 207
T	otal Gains on Other Operations	,	1 004 207
٨	let Gains and Losses on Other Operations	-	1 804 207
l ₁	to other gains or losses have been recognised in respect of Loans and Receivables or Held-to-Maturity nestments, other than as disclosed in Note 13 and Impairment Losses recognised/reversed in respect of Trade Receivables (see Notes 4, 5 and 31).		
41. (GAINS / LOSSES ON DISPOSAL OF CAPITAL ASSETS		
£	Property, Plant and Equipment	(263 140)	(8 079)
1	otal Losses on Disposal of Capital Assets	263 140	8 079
ī	Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment:		
	osses on Disposal of Capital Assets Note 8 1	(263-140)	(8 079)
ī	otal Gains on Disposal of Capital Assets allocated to Property. Plant and Equipment	(263 140)	(8 079)
1	otal Gains / (Losses) on Disposal of Capital Assets allocated to Cash Flow	(263 140)	(8 079)



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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42. RECLASSIFICATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

42.1 Reclassification of Accumulated Surplus

The prior year figures of Accumulated Surplus has been restated to correctly disclose the monies held by the municipality in terms of the disclosure notes indicated below.

The effect of the changes are as follows:

		Accumulated Surplus
Balance published as at 30 June 2019		167 122 553
Correction of Error:-		
Adjustment for Impairment of Receivables	(739 846)	
Adjustment for Capital Assets as per Revised Asset Register	297 518	
Adjustment for Inventories as per Working Papers	(52 261)	
Adjustment for Exchange Receivables as per Working Papers	(12616)	
Adjustment for Statutory Non-exchange Receivables as per Working Papers	(10 772)	
Adjustment for VAT Receivables as per Working Papers	2 117 099	
Adjustment for Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Working Papers	(15.221)	
Adjustment for Exchange Payables as per Working Papers	797 972	
Adjustment for Rounding Errors		2 381 873
Restated Balance as at 30 June 2019	А	169 504 426
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20		(705 703)
Correction of Error:		
Adjustment for Impairment of Receivables	109 488	
Adjustment for Capital Assets as per Revised Asset Register	(47 366)	
Adjustment for Exchange Receivables as per Working Papers	(144 111)	
Adjustment for Statutory Non-exchange Receivables as per Working Papers	18 706	
Adjustment for Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Working Papers	92 861	
Adjustment for Exchange Payables as per Working Papers	(2 337 296)	
Adjustment for Audit Findings as per COMAFs issued	(2 497)	
Adjustment for Rounding Errors		(2 310 195)
Restated Balances as at 30 June 2020	-	166 488 528

42.2 Reclassification of Revenue

The prior year figures of Revenue Classes have been restated to correctly classify the nature of Revenue of the municipality.

The effect of the Correction of Error is as follows:

	Prior Year 2019/20 Audited	Change in Accounting Policy	Correction of Error	Restated Amount 2019/20
Properly Rales	4 173 684	-	18 706	4 192 390
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	30 177 348		-	30 177 348
Transfers and Subsidies	30 426 315	-	68 198	30 494 513
Interest, Dividends & Rent on Land Non-Exchange	839 152		(702 456)	136 696
Licences and Permits - Exchange	513 151	į.	,	513 151
Service Charges	18 835 725		(39 744)	18 795 982
Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services	151 657		83	151 739
Income from Agency Services	132 227	· ·		132 227
Rental from Fixed Assets	1 482 439		(104 919)	1 377 520
Interest, Dividends & Rent on Land Exchange	942 159		93 433	1 035 592
Operational Revenue	82 288		(13 562)	68 726
Gains on Disposal of PPE	54 636	_	(54 636)	
Gains on Other Operations	1 083 870	•	(79 663)	1 004 207
	88 894 650		(814 561)	000 080 88



42.3 Reclassification of Expenditure

The prior year figures of Expenditure Classes have been restated to correctly classify the nature of Expenditure of the municipality.

The effect of the Correction of Error is as follows:

	Prior Year 2019/20 Audited	Change in Accounting Policy	Correction of Error	Restated Amount 2019/20
Employee Related Costs	25 549 509	,	(258 965)	25 290 544
Remuneration of Councillors	3 129 152	_		3 129 152
Depreciation and Amortisation	5 850 646	-	47 361	5 898 007
Impairment Losses	26 370 763	-	(109 488)	26 261 276
Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land	2 356 771	-	(523 154)	1 833 617
Bulk Purchases	9 140 441		-	9 140 441
Contracted Services	5 445 073	-	6 181	5 451 254
Inventory Consumed	2 085 943		(183 219)	1 902 724
Transfers and Subsidies Paid	397 733		(15 553)	382 181
Operating Leases	460 504			460 504
Operational Costs	8 805 738		2 532 470	11 338 208
Loss on Disposal of PPE	8 079	-	(0)	8 079
	89 600 354	*	1 495 635	91 095 988

42.4 Reclassification of Statement of Financial Position

The prior year figures of Classes in the Statement of Financial Position have been restated to correctly classify the nature of Assets, Erabilities and Net Assets of the municipality

The effect of the Correction of Error is as follows:

	Prior Year 2019/20 Audited	Change in Accounting Policy	Correction of Error	Restated Amount 2019/20
Current Assets				
Inventories	640 722		(52 261)	588 461
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3 560 303	•	1 154 632	4 714 935
Stalutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions			4 605 655	4 605 655
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	8 224 756	(3 124 433)	(5 078 983)	21 340
Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions		3 124 433	3 146 542	6 270 975
VAT Receivable	2 488 557		(2 488 557)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	12 091 897		77 660	12 169 557
Long-term Receivables	1 342	-	(1 342)	•
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	163 084 263		250 153	163 334 415
Intangible Assets	286 250		(0)	286 249
Investment Property	23 5 44 495	,	•	23 544 495
Heritage Assets	43 354	•	-	43 354
Current Liabilities				
Consumer Deposits	(714 823)		5 977	(708 846)
Payables from Exchange Transactions	(6 745 251)	-	(1 547 798)	(8 293 049)
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	(11 885 385)	v		(11 885 385)
Lease Payables	(6 225)			(6 225)
Employee Benefit Liabilities	(407 000)		,	(407 000)
Provisions	(23 438 404)		21 513 631	(1 922 773)
Non-Current Liabilities				
Employee Benefit Liabilities	(4 354 000)	-	-	(4 354 000)
Provisions		•	(21 513 631)	(21 513 631)
Net Assets				
Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)	(166 416 849)		(71 678)	(156 488 528)
		3	-	



42.5 Reclassification of Cash Flow Statement

The prior year figures of the Cash Flow Statement have been restated to correctly classify the nature of cash receipts and expenditures of the municipality.

The effect of the Correction of Error is as follows:

	Prior Year 2019/20 Audited	Change in Accounting Policy	Correction of Error	Restated Amount 2019/20
Receipts				
Property Rates	3 548 696	-	_	3 548 696
Transfers and Subsidies	39 958 469	•	(1 676 932)	38 281 537
Service Charges	17 488 468		(24 281 460)	(6 792 992)
External Interest and Dividends Received	598 921	-	10 941	609 862
Other Receipts	7 288 117	•	24 804 600	32 092 717
VAT Received			573 271	573 271
Payments				
Employee Refaled Costs	(28 288 828)	-	3 177 567	(25 111 261)
Remuneration of Councilfors	-	-	(3 129 152)	(3 129 152)
External Interest and Dividends Paid	(89 432)		79 663	(9 769)
Suppliers Paid	(27 695 035)	•	12 890 623	(14 804 412)
Other Payments		•	(12 260 801)	(12 260 801)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	12 809 376		188 318	12 997 694
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(7 347 571)	-	-	(7 347 571)
Proceeds on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	54 636	-	(54 636)	- '
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(7 292 935)		(54 636)	(7 347 571)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease in Finance Leases (Leases Redeemed)	(16 973)	·	<u>-</u>	(16 973)
Increase in Consumer Deposits	40 802		(40 802)	•
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	23 829		(40 802)	[16 973]
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	5 540 270	-	92 881	5 633 151
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	6 551 627	- 1	(15 221)	6 536 406
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	12 091 897	4	77 660	12 169 557

43. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

The municipality adopted the following Standards, Interpretations and Guidelines for the first time during the financial year 2020/21 in order to comply with the basis of preparation of the Annual Financial Statements as disclosed in Accounting Policy 1:

- GRAP 18	Segment Reporting
- GRAP 34	Separate Financial Statements
- GRAP 35	Consolidated Statements
- GRAP 36	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventura
- GRAP 37	Joint Arrangements
GRAP 38	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
- GRAP 110	Living and Non-living Resources
- IGRAP 20	Accounting for Adjustments to Revenue

The municipality adopted the exempted portions of the following Standards for the first time during the financial year 2020/21 in order to comply with the basis of preparation of the Annual Financial Statements as disclosed in Accounting Policy 1. These have been implemented retrospectively as at 30 June 2021:

- GRAP 108 Statutory Receivables



43.1 GRAP 18 - Segment Reporting

The Accounting Standard for Segment Reporting has been recognised in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP

The municipality has developed Accounting Policies to fully comply with GRAP 18 (Segment Reporting). Previously the Accounting Standard was not applicable to municipalities.

Management has assessed the requirements of GRAP 18 and identified the following shortcomings preventing full discisoure in terms of the Accounting Standard:

- . The municipality's accounting system has limitations that does not allow for segmental reporting on financial position, net assets and cash flow.
- The municipality is broadly organised into business units based on the nature of operations and the services they provide and the accounting system allows for reporting on theses units on financial performance and capital assets.
 - No individually material operating segments have been aggregated to form the reportable operating segments.
 - The municipality does not monitor segments, geographically,

Based on the above, management has concluded that the municipality will be able to report separate segments subject to the limitations listed above

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that no adjustments affecting Financial Position, Financial Performance, Net Assets or Cash Flows need to be made. Accordingly, the segmental information for Capital Assets and Financial Performance of the municipality is disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements. It is not practical to segmentize Financial Position and Cash Flow operations.

43.2 GRAP 34 - Separate Financial Statements

The Accounting Standard for Separate Financial Statements not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 34.

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that it is not applicable to the municipality at this stage. Therefore, no adjustments need to be made and no Accounting Policies need to be developed to fully comply with GRAP 34

43.3 GRAP 35 - Consolidated Financial Statements

The Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 35.

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that it is not applicable to the municipality at this stage. Therefore, no adjustments need to be made and no Accounting Policies need to be developed to fully comply with GRAP 35.

43.4 GRAP 36 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The Accounting Standard for Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 36.

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that it is not applicable to the municipality at this stage. Therefore, no adjustments need to be made and no Accounting Policies need to be developed to fully comply with GRAP 36.

43.5 GRAP 37 - Joint Arrangements

The Accounting Standard for Joint Arrangements not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 37

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that it is not applicable to the municipality at this stage. Therefore, no adjustments need to be made and no Accounting Policies need to be developed to fully comply with GRAP 37.

43.6 GRAP 38 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

The Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 38

The municipality has developed Accounting Policies to fully comply with GRAP 38. Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that no adjustments need to be made.

43.7 GRAP 108 - Statutory Receivables

The Accounting Standard for Statutory Receivables has been recognised in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 108. The full net assets have been recognised retrospectively in the Annual Financial Statements.

The comparative amounts have been restated. The effect of the change in Accounting Policy is as follows:



Reclassification of Receivables and Statutory Receivables

The prior year figures of Exchange Receivables, Statutory Exchange Receivables, Non-exchange Receivables and Statutory Non-exchange Receivables have been restated to correctly disclose the receivables of the Entity in terms of GRAP 108.

The effect of the Change in Accounting Policy is as follows:

	VAT	Statutory	Non-exchange	Statutory
	Receivable	Exchange Receivables	Receivables	Non-exchange Receivables
Balances published as at 30 June 2019	3 061 827	-	5 117 599	•
Transfer of Receivables to Statutory Receivables	(3 061 827)	3 061 827	(5 117 599)	5 117 599
Restated Balances as at 30 June 2019	-	3 061 827		5 117 599
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	(573 271)	-	1 026 052	•
Transfer of Receivables to Statutory Receivables	573 271	(573 271)	(1 026 052)	1 026 052
Restated Balances as at 30 June 2020	*	2 488 557		6 143 651

43.8 GRAP 110 - Living and Non-living Resources

The Accounting Standard for Living and Non-living Resources not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of GRAP 110.

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that it is not applicable to the municipality at this stage. Therefore, no adjustments need to be made and no Accounting Policies need to be developed to fully comply with GRAP 110.

43.9 IGRAP 20 - Accounting for Adjustments to Revenue

The Accounting Interpretation for Accounting for Adjustments to Revenue not recognised under previous basis of accounting, has been considered for inclusion in the Annual Financial Statements of the municipality as at 30 June 2021 in terms of IGRAP 20.

Management has evaluated the requirements of the Standard and it was found that it is not applicable to the municipality at this stage. Therefore, no adjustments need to be made and no Accounting Policies need to be developed to fully comply with IGRAP 20.

The above-mentioned changes in Accounting Policies had no effect on the Accumulated Surplus as at 30 June 2021 and the Accumulated Surplus of prior years was not affected either.

44. CORRECTION OF ERROR

Corrections were made on disclosures of the previous financial year. These disclosures are limited to re-classification of line items within the different categories of the financial statements. Details of the corrections are described below:

44.1 Reclassification of Revenue

Prior year amounts of items in Revenue included in the Statement of Financial Performance have been restated as indicated below.

Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart:

The prior year amounts for revenue of indicated ifems in the Statement of Financial Performance have been reclassified in terms of the mSCOA item GUID's affocated to these items to agree to the data strings submitted to National Treasury. The net effect of these reclassifications in performance is zero.

	Property Rates	Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	Licences and Permits - Non- exchange	Transfers and Subsidies
Balance previously reported	4 173 684	30 177 348	-	30 426 315
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	-	,	•	68 198
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Property Rates as per Working Papers	18 706			
Restated Balance now reported	4 192 390	30 177 348		30 494 513



Property Rates:

The prior year amounts for Property Rates have been restated to correctly disclose the revenue for Property Rates, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared

	Surcharges and Taxes	Interest, Dividends & Rent on Land Non-Exchange	Licences and Permits - Exchange	Service Charges
Balance previously reported	•	839 152	513 151	18 835 725
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	•	(702 456)	-	
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Service Charges as per Working Papers	-		-	(39.744)
Restated Balance now reported		136 696	513 151	18 795 982

Service Charges:

The prior year amounts for Service Charges have been restated to correctly disclose the revenue for Service Charges, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Sales of Goods and Rendering of Services	Income from Agency Services	Rental from Fixed Assets	Interest, Dividends & Rent on Land Exchange
Balance previously reported	151 657	132 227	1 482 439	942 159
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	83	-	(306)	306
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Rental from Fixed Assets as per Working Papers Adjust Intrerest as per Working Papers	<u>.</u>		(104 613)	93 126
Restated Balance now reported	151 739	132 227	1 377 520	1 035 592

Rental from Fixed Assets:

The prior year amounts for Rental from Fixed Assets have been restated to correctly disclose the revenue for Rental, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared

Interest, Dividends & Rent on Land:
The prior year amounts for Interest, Dividends & Rental on Land have been restated to correctly disclose the revenue for Interest, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Operational Revenue	intercompany/Pare nt-subsidiary Transactions	Gains on Disposal of PPE	Gains on Other Operations
Balance previously reported	82 288	-	54 636	1 083 870
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	(13 562)	ä	(54 636)	(79 663)
Restated Balance now reported	68 726	-		1 004 207



44.2 Reclassification of Expenditure

Prior year amounts of items in Expanditure included in the Statement of Financial Performance have been restated as indicated below:

Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart:

The prior year amounts for expenditure of indicated items in the Statement of Financial Performance have been reclassified in terms of the mSCOA Item GUID's allocated to these items to agree to the data strings submitted to National Treasury. The net effect of these reclassifications in performance is zero.

	Employee Related Costs	Remuneration of Councillors	Depreciation and Amortisation
Balance previously reported	25 549 509	3 129 152	5 850 646
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chari	(258 965)		·
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Depreciation as per Revised Asset Register			47 361
Restated Balance now reported	25 290 544	3 129 152	5 898 007

Depreciation and Amortisation:

The prior year amounts for Depreciation & Amortisation and Property, Plant & Equipment have been restated to correctly disclose depreciation for assets as per Asset Register, recompiled in terms of Audit Findings made in the Prior Year.

	Impairment Losses	Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land	Bulk Purchases	Contracted Services
Balance previously reported	26 370 763	2 356 771	9 140 441	5 445 073
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	-	(523 154)		(1 890)
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Impairment of Receivables Adjust Interest as per Working Papers	(109 488)		•	8 071
Restated Balance now reported	26 261 276	1 833 617	9 140 441	5 451 254

Impairment Losses:

The prior year amounts for impairment Losses, Receivables from Exchange Transactions and Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the impairment of Receivables, previously incorrectly calculated in terms of the prescriptions of GRAP 104.

Contracted Services:

The prior year amounts for Contracted Services have been restated to correctly disclose the expenditure for Contracted Services, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Inventory Consumed	Transfers and Subsidies Paid	Operating Leases	Operational Costs
Balance previously reported	2 085 943	397 733	460 504	8 805 738
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	(185 142)	-		187 114
Correction of Errors:-				
Adjust Acquisition of Capital Assets as per Revised Asset Register	5			
Adjust Inventory Consumed as per Working Papers	1919		,	
Adjust Transfers and Subsidies Paid as per Working Papers	•	(18 050)	-	-
Adjust Operational Costs as per Working Papers				2 345 356
Adjust Subsidies Paid as per COMAF 30		2 497		•
Restated Balance now reported	1 902 724	382 181	460 504	11 338 208



Inventory Consumed:

The prior year amounts for inventory Consumed and Property. Plant & Equipment have been restated to correctly disclose acquisition of assets as per Asset Register, recompiled in terms of Audit Findings made in the Prior Year.

Furthermore, the prior year amounts for inventory Consumed have been restated to correctly disclose the expenditure for inventory Consumed, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Transfers and Subsidies Paid:

The prior year amounts for Transfers & Subsidies Paid have been restated to correctly disclose the expenditure for Subsidies Paid, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Furthermore, the prior year amounts for Transfers & Subsidies Paid have been restated to correctly disclose the expenditure for Covid-19 Feeding Schemes in terms of COMAF 30

Operational Costs:

The prior year amounts for Operational Costs have been restated to correctly disclose the expenditure for Operational Costs, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Income Taxes	Statutory Payments other than Taxes	Loss on Disposal of PPE	Losses on Other Operations
Balance previously reported		•	8 079	ē
Restated Salance now reported		-	8 079	

44.3 Reclassification of Statement of Financial Position

Opening Balances and Prior Year Amounts of Items in the Statement of Financial Position have been restated as indicated below:

Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart:

The opening balances of indicated items in the Statement of Financial Position have been reclassified in terms of the mSCOA Item GUID's allocated to these items to agree to the data strings submitted to National Treasury. The net effect of these reclassifications is zero.

The prior year amounts of indicated items in the Statement of Financial Position have been reclassified in terms of the mSCOA item GUID's allocated to these items to agree to the data strings submitted to National Treasury. The net effect of these reclassifications is zero

	Inventories	Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	980 439	2 659 330	•
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart		2 677 064	m.
Change in Accounting Policy:- Adjustment for Non-exchange Statutory Receivables (Note 43.7)			3 061 827
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Impairment of Receivables Adjust Inventones as per Working Papers Adjust Exchange Receivables as per Working Papers Adjust VAT Receivable as per Working Papers	(52 261)	(676 069) - (12 6 16)	2 117 099
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	928 178	4 647 709	5 178 926
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	339 717 33	900 973.13	
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	•	(615 958)	ü
Change in Accounting Policy:- Adjustment for Non-exchange Statutory Receivables (Note 43.7)	-		(573 271)
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Impairment of Receivables Adjust Exchange Receivables as per Working Papers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(73 679) (144 111)	·
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	588 461	4714935	4 805 655



Inventories:

The opening balances of inventories have been restated to correctly disclose the value of inventories, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Receivables from Exchange Transactions:

The opening balances of Receivables from Exchange Transactions, Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions and Impairment Losses have been restated to correctly disclose the impairment of Receivables, previously incorrectly calculated in terms of the prescriptions of GRAP 104.

Furthermore, the opening balances of Receivables from Exchange Transactions have been restaled to correctly disclose the value of Receivables, restaled in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared

The prior year amounts of Receivables from Exchange Transactions, Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions and Impairment Losses have been restated to correctly disclose the impairment of Receivables, previously incorrectly calculated in terms of the prescriptions of GRAP 104.

Furthermore, the prior year amounts of Receivables from Exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Receivables, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions:

The opening balances of Statutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the value of VAT Receivable, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	VAT Receivable
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	7 794 267	-	3 061 827
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	(2 676 668)	-	
Change in Accounting Policy:- Adjustment for Non-exchange Statutory Receivables (Note 43.7)	(5 117 599)	5 117 599	(3 061 827)
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Impairment of Receivables Adjust Statutory Non-exchange Receivables as per Working Papers		(63 777) (10 772)	
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	us.	5 043 050	A
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	430 489		(573 271)
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	616 903		
Change in Accounting Policy:- Adjustment for Non-exchange Statutory Receivables (Note 43.7)	(1 026 052)	1 026 052	573 271
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Impairment of Receivables Adjust Statutory Non-exchange Receivables as per Working Papers		183 167 18 706	
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	21 340	6 270 975	

Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions:

The opening balances of Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions, Receivables from Exchange Transactions and Impairment Losses have been restated to correctly disclose the impairment of Receivables, previously incorrectly calculated in terms of the prescriptions of GRAP 104.

Furthermore, the opening balances of Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Receivables, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

The prior year amounts of Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions, Receivables from Exchange Transactions and Impairment Losses have been restated to correctly disclose the impairment of Receivables, previously incorrectly calculated in terms of the prescriptions of GRAP 104

Furthermore, the prior year amounts of Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Receivables, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prapared



	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Lease Receivables	Long-term Receivables
Balances previously published per AFS as at 2019	6 551 627		396
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart			(396)
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Working Papers	(15 221)		-
Balances now published per AFS as at 2019	6 536 406		-
Transactions incurred for the Year	5 540 270		945
Reclassification in lerms of mSCOA Chart	-		(945)
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Working Papers	92 881		-
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	12 169 557		*

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The opening balances of Cash and Cash Equivalents have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Cash, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

The prior year amounts of Cash and Cash Equivalents have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Cash, restated in terms of pnor year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Property, Plant and Equipment	Intangible Assets
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	161 447 385	370 105
Correction of Errors:-		
Adjust Cost of Capital Assets	774 062	-
Adjust Accumulated Depreciation of Capital Assets	(476 543)	(0)
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	161 744 903	370 105
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	1 636 878	(83 855)
Correction of Errors:-		
Adjust Acquisition Cost of Capital Assets	(5)	
Adjust Depreciation of Capital Assets	(47 361)	-
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	163 334 415	286 249

Property, Plant and Equipment:

The opening balances for Property, Plant & Equipment and Accumulated Surplus have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Capital Assets as per Revised Asset Register, recompiled in terms of Audit Findings made in the Prior Year.

The prior year amounts for Property, Plant & Equipment, Amortisation & Depreciation and Impairment have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Capital Assets as per Revised Asset Register, recompiled in terms of Audit Findings made in the Prior Year

	investment Property	Heritage Assets	Long-term Receivables
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	23 608 672	43 354	
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	23 608 672	43 354	*
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	(64 177)		
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	23 544 495	43 354	:4:77)

Heritage Assets

The opening balances for Property, Plant & Equipment and Accumulated Surplus have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Capital Assets as per Revised Asset Register, recompiled in terms of Audit Findings made in the Pnor Year.



	Consumer Deposits	Payables from Exchange Transactions	Payables from Non- exchange Transactions
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	(674 021)	(7 485 934)	-
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	6 377	(6 377)	•
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Exchange Payables as per Working Papers		797 972	
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	(667 644)	(6 694 339)	7
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	(40 802)	740 683	-
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	(400)	400	-
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Exchange Payables as per Working Papers Adjust Exchange Payables as per COMAF 30		(2 337 296) (2 497)	- ·
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	(708 846)	(8 293 049)	

Payables from Exchange Transactions:

The opening balances of Payables from Exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Payables, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

The prior year amounts of Payables from Exchange Transactions have been restated to correctly disclose the value of Payables, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Furthermore, the pnor year amounts of Payables from Exchange Transactions have been reslated to correctly disclose the value of Payables, restated in terms of COMAF 30 for Covid-19 Feeding Schemes expenditure.

	Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	VAT Payable	Lease Payables
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	(4 098 361)	•	(16 973)
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	(4 098 361)		(16 973)
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	(7 787 024)	-	10 748
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	(11 885 385)	-	(6 225)
	Borrowings	Employee Benefit Liabilities	Provisions
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	-	(460 337)	(22 221 570)
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart Reclassification of Non-current Portion		330 732 -	1 317 978 19 242 452
Batances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	TOTALET TOTAL ORDER TOTAL TOTAL CONTROL OF THE STATE OF T	(129 605)	(1 661 140)
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20		53 337	(1 214 834)
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart Reclassification of Non-current Pertion	- -	(330 732)	213 223 739 978
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020		(407 000)	(1 922 773)



	Lease Payables	Borrowings	Employee Benefit Liabilities	Provisions
Balances previously published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	(6 225)	-	(4 431 428)	
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart Reclassification of Non-current Portion	-	-	(330 732)	(1 317 978) (19 242 452)
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2019	(6 225)	-	(4 762 160)	(20 560 430)
Transactions incurred for the Year 2019/20	6 225		77 428	-
Reclassification in lerms of mSCOA Chart Reclassification of Non-current Portion	,	•	330 732	(213 223) (739 978)
Balances now published per AFS as at 30 June 2020	-		(4 354 900)	(21 513 631)

44.4 Reclassification of Cash Flow Statement

Prior Year Amounts of Items in the Cash Flow Statement have been restated as indicated below:

Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart:

The prior year amounts of indicated items in the Cash Flow Statement have been reclassified in terms of the mSCOA item GUID's allocated to these items to agree to the data strings submitted to National Treasury. The net effect of these reclassifications is zero.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities - Receipts:	Property Rates	Transfers & Subsidies	Service Charges
Balance previously reported	3 548 696	19 958 469	17 488 468
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	-	(1 670 932)	(24 394 302)
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Service Charges as per Working Papers		-	112 842
Restated Relance now reported	3 548 696	38 281 537	(6 792 992)

Service Charges:

The prior year amounts for Service Charges have been restated to correctly disclose the cash inflow from Service Charges, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

	Interest & Dividends Received	Other Receipts	VAT Received
Balance previously reported	598 921	7 288 117	•
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	(81 940)	24 917 442	573 27 1
Correction of Errors:- Adjust Interest and Dividends Received as per Working Papers Adjust Other Receipts as per Working Papers	92 381	(112 842)	-
Restated Balance now reported	609 862	32 092 717	573 271

Interest Received:

The prior year amounts for interest Received have been restated to correctly disclose the cash inflow from interest, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Other Receipts:

The prior year amounts for Other Receipts have been restated to correctly disclose the cash inflow from Other Receipts, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Cash Flows from Operating Activities - Payments:	Employee Related Costs	Remuneration of Councillors	Interest & Dividends Paid
Balance previously reported	(28 288 828)		(89 432)
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	3 177 567	(3 129 152)	79 663
Restated Balance now reported	(25 111 261)	(3 129 152)	(9 769)
	Suppliers Paid	Other Payments	VAT Paid
Balance previously reported	(27 695 035)	•	•
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	10 735 644	(10 105 818)	
Correction of Errors:-			
Adjust Acquisition Cost of Capital Assets	(5)	-	
Adjust Suppliers Paid as per Working Papers	2 152 486	·	-
Adjust Other Payments as per Working Papers		(2 152 486)	-
Adjust Expenditure as per COMAF 30	2 497	(2 497)	-
Restated Balance now reported	(14 804 412)	(12 260 801)	

Furthermore, the prior year amounts for Suppliers Pald have been restated to correctly disclose the cash outflow from Suppliers Pald, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

Furthermore, the prior year amounts for Suppliers Paid have been restated to correctly disclose the cash outflow from Suppliers Paid, restated in terms of COMAF 30.

Other Payments:

The prior year amounts for Other Payments have been restated to correctly disclose the cash outflow from Other Payments, restated in terms of prior year audit findings as per working papers prepared.

The prior year amounts for Other Payments have been restated to correctly disclose the cash outflow from Other Payments, restated in terms of COMAF 30

Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Purchase of Purchase of PPE Intangible Assets Investment Property Balance previously reported (7 347 57 1) Correction of Errors:-Adjust Acquisition Cost of Capital Assets 5 Rounding Errors (5)Restated Balance now reported (7 347 571)

Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment:

The prior year amounts for Purchase of Property. Plant and Equipment have been restated to correctly disclose expenditure for the acquisition of assets, adjusted in terms of Revised Asset Register compiled.

	Proceeds on Disposal of PPE	Proceeds on Disposal Intangible Assets	Decrease / {Increase} in LT Receivables
Balance previously reported	54 63 6		
Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	(54 636)		-
Restated Balance now reported	distribution		-



	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
		Increase in Finance Leases (Leases Taken-on)	Decrease in Finance Leases (Leases Redeemed)	Increase in Borrowings (Loans Taken-on)	Decrease in Borrowings (Loans Redeemed)	Increase / Decrease in Consumer Deposits
	Balance previously reported	Ve.	(16 973)	•	-	40 802
	Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart	•	a.	•	-	(40 802)
	Restated Balance now reported	*	(16 973)			*
	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cas	h Equivalents:			Cash at Start of Period	Cash at Start of Period
	Balance previously reported				6 551 627	12 091 897
	Reclassification in terms of mSCOA Chart				-	
	Correction of Errors:- Adjust Cash as per Working Papers				(15 221)	77 660
	Restated Balance now reported				6 536 406	12 169 557
	Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents; The prior year amounts for Change in Cash pnor year audit findings as per working paper		have been restated to co	rrectly disclose the cash	2021	2020
					R	R
	CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES					
40,						
40,	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits	Liability Expenditure:				
4 0,		(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from	a medical aid scheme bo n 0% to 15% in the curren	nt year and affected the		
4 0,	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employn cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Bene	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from	a medical aid scheme bo n 0% to 15% in the curren	nt year and affected the	229 827	
4 0,	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from	a medical aid scheme bo n 0% to 15% in the curren	nt year and affected the		
4 0.	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employin cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fits Liability for the 2020	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in the curre 0/21 financial year. The	nt year and affected the	229 827 27 266	
45.	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fits Liability for the 2020	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in the curre 0/21 financial year. The	nt year and affected the	229 827 27 266 43 907	
46.	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employin cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase / (Decrease) in Post-retirement H	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fits Liability for the 2020	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in the curre 0/21 financial year. The	nt year and affected the	229 827 27 266 43 907	
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employin cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase / (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Care Benefits	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fits Liability for the 2020	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in the curre 0/21 financial year. The	nt year and affected the	229 827 27 266 43 907	(3 015 898)
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employin cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase I (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Cash GENERATED BY OPERATIONS	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	nt year and affected the	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000	(3 015 898)
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employin cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows: Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase / (Decrease) in Post-retirement H CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS Surplus / (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions incorressers and Subsidies Received	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	nt year and affected the adjustments are as	229 827 27 265 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851)	-
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employin cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase / (Decrease) in Post-retirement H CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS Surplus / (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions increasers and Subsidies Received Employee Related Costs	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	nt year and affected the adjustments are as as a second control of the second control of	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703	- 260 473
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Beneficially and the Post-retirement Health Care Beneficially	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	nt year and affected the adjustments are as Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 37.2	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135	260 473 5 898 007
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase I (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS Surplus I (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions incomplete and Subsidies Received Employee Related Costs Depreciation and Amortisation Impairment Losses	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	nt year and affected the adjustments are as as a second control of the second control of	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703	- 260 473
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Beneficially and the Post-retirement Health Care Beneficially	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29 1 Refer Note 37 2 Refer Note 32.1	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135 (177 016)	260 473 5 898 007 1 827 669
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuariat Valuation Increase I (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Cash Generated By Operations Surplus I (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions in Cashes and Subsidies Received Employee Related Costs Depreciation and Amortisation Impairment Losses Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29 1 Refer Note 37 2 Refer Note 32.1 Refer Note 33.1	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135 (177 016)	260 473 5 898 007 1 627 669 1 823 848
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows: Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase / (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Cash Generated By Operations Surplus / (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions in Transfers and Subsidies Received Employee Related Costs Depreciation and Amortisation Impairment Losses interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Contracted Services	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from fils Liability for the 2020 and the 2020 ealth Care Benefits Li	a medical aid scheme b n 0% to 15% in lhe curre l/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 37.2 Refer Note 32.1 Refer Note 33.1 Refer Note 35.1	229 827 27 265 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135 (177 016) 718 537	260 473 5 898 007 1 627 669 1 823 848 (79 663)
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase I (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS Surplus I (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions incompairment Losses Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Contracted Services Operational Costs Gains on Other Operations Adjustment for Cash Transactions not incompairment for Cash Transactions not incompair for the Cash Transactions not	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from the second first Liability for the 2020 sealth Care Benefits L	a medical aid scheme be n 0% to 15% in the curre 1/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 33.1 Refer Note 33.1 Refer Note 35.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 46.1	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135 (177 016) 718 537 5 819 889	260 473 5 898 007 1 627 669 1 823 846 (79 663) 38 403 (1 004 207)
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase I (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS Surplus I (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions incomplayee Related Costs Depreciation and Amortisation Impairment Losses Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Contracted Services Operational Costs Gains on Other Operations Adjustment for Cash Transactions not incompliate Sectional Receivables: Bad Debts	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from the continuous increased from the continuous increased from the continuous filter and the continuous	a medical aid scheme be n 0% to 15% in the curre 1/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 37.2 Refer Note 32.1 Refer Note 33.1 Refer Note 35.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 46.1	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135 (177 016) 718 537 5 819 889	260 473 5 898 007 1 627 669 1 823 848 (79 663) 38 403
	45.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits The assumption for in-service non-members continue to receive the subsidy post-employing cost of the Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows Increase in Vested Benefits Increase in Current Service Cost Increase in Actuarial Valuation Increase I (Decrease) in Post-retirement Health Care Benefollows CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS Surplus I (Deficit) for the Year Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions incompairment Losses Interest, Dividends and Rent on Land Contracted Services Operational Costs Gains on Other Operations Adjustment for Cash Transactions not incompairment for Cash Transactions not incompair for the Cash Transactions not	(ISNMs) that would join nent was increased from the control of the	a medical aid scheme be n 0% to 15% in the curre 1/21 financial year. The ability Expenditure	Refer Note 22.1 Refer Note 29.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 33.1 Refer Note 33.1 Refer Note 35.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 39.1 Refer Note 46.1	229 827 27 268 43 907 301 000 4 351 830 (115 851) 1 819 703 6 356 135 (177 016) 718 537 5 819 889	260 473 5 898 007 1 627 669 1 823 846 (79 663) 38 403 (1 004 207)



Adjustment for Non-cash Transactions included in Working Capital:			
Decrease/(Increase) in Impairment of Exchange Receivables	Refer Note 3.4	49 746	(819 195)
Decrease/(Increase) in Impairment of Statutory Non-exchange Receivables	Refer Note 6.4	(17 042 453)	(25 442 080)
Adjustment for Transactions Included in Surplus / (Deficit) directly recognised in	Cash Flow:		
Gains / (Losses) on Disposal of Capital Assets	Refer Note 47.1	263 140	8 079
Minor Variance on Impairment		1 101 936	(293 136)
Minor Variance on Depreciation			5
Minor Variance on Other Non-cash Transactions		68 711	174 820
Operating Surplus before Working Capital Changes		19 596 051	3 974 261
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories		(52 076)	339 717
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables from Exchange Transactions		33 415	(87 225)
Decrease/(Increase) in Stalutory Receivables from Exchange Transactions		(757 198)	573 271
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions		21 340	(21 340)
Decrease/(increase) in Statutory Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions		(1 287 377)	(1 227 925)
Increase/(Decrease) in Consumer Deposits		90 822	41 202
increase/(Decrease) in Payables from Exchange Transactions		4 253 151	1 598 710
Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts .		(3 484 371)	7 787 024
Increase/(Decrease) in Operating Lease Payables		743	•
Cash Generated by / (Utilised in) Operations	-	18 414 500	12 997 694

47. UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED

47.1 Unauthorised Expenditure

Reconciliation of Unauthorised Expenditure.

Opening Balance:
Unauthorised Expenditure Current Year:
Unauthorised Expenditure awaiting authorisation

22 854 019	12 554 957
10 299 062	4 166 894
12 554 957	8 388 063

Incident	Disciplinary Steps / Criminal Proceedings
Budgeted votes exceeded:-	
- Finance and Administration - R2 886 544 (2020: R1 505 991)	To be condoned by Council // No disciplinary steps taken
- Housing - RO (2020; R19 928)	To be condoned by Council // No disciplinary steps taken
- Road Transport - R1 589 663 (2020; R0)	To be condoned by Council # No disciplinary steps taken
- Energy Sources - R1 072 550 (2020: R165 889)	To be condoned by Council // No disciplinary steps taken
- Waste Water Management - R268 629 (2020; R0)	To be condoned by Council // No disciplinary steps taken
- Waler Management - R321 469 (2020: R481 215)	To be condoned by Council // No disciplinary steps taken
- Capital Expenses - R4 160 207 (2020: R1 993 871)	To be condoned by Council # No disciplinary steps taken

47.2 Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

Reconciliation of Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure:

Opening Balance Fruitless and Wastelul Expenditure

Current Year
 Prior Year

Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure awaiting condonement

368 292	170 835
728 865	197 457
369 444	197 467
359 421	-
1 007 167	359 303

Incident	Disciplinary Steps / Criminal Proceedings
Interest and penalties on late payment of trade creditors R369 587	
(2020: R8 274)	Currently None - subject to possible future investigation
	Currently None - subject to possible future investigation
Penalties on late submission of VAT201 - R0 (2020: R109 520)	Currently None - subject to possible future investigation
Adjustment for Interest - R-124 (2020: R0)	Currently None - subject to possible future investigation



47.3 Irregular Expenditure		2021 R	2020 R
Reconciliation of Irregular Expenditure:			
Opening Balance:		82 586 300	68 220 443
Irregutar Expenditure Current Year:	13 860 537	13 860 538	14 365 857
Irregular Expenditure awaiting condonation	23	96 446 838	82 586 300

Current	Year:

incident	Deviation	Disciplinary Steps / Criminal Proceedings
Non-compliance with Municipal SCM Regulations:		
- Regulation 8 - R1 953 922 (2020; R0)	Specific conditions regarding locally produced	None
- Regulation 13 (b), (c) & 36 - R427 611 (2020; R0)	Preconditions for consideration of written	
	quotations or bids not adhered to //	
	Continuation of irregular contracts and	
	deviations of SCM procedures	None
- Regulation 14 - R0 (2020: R22 732)	Supplier not registered on CSD / Accredited	
	Supplier Database	None
- Regulation 16 - R352 336 (2020: R0)	Request for Quotations processes not followed	
		None
- Regulation 17(1) - R0 (2020; R74 383)	3 Quotations were not obtained	None
- Regulation 17(2) - R101 759 (2020 ⁻ R0)	Formal Written Prize Quotations processes not	
	followed	None
- Regulation 19 - R4 408 268 (2020; R7 244 294)	Contract not awarded through a competitive	
	bidding process	None
- Regulation 32 - R6 323 181 (2020; R6 856 047)	Goods and services were produred under	
	contracts secured by other organs of State	None
- Regulation 36 - R228 908 (2020: R0)	Continuation of irregular contracts and	
	deviations of SCM procedures	None
~ Regulation 44 - R0 (2020, R24 270)	Director of supplier in the service of the State	None
Non-compliance with Municipal Systems		
- Section 67(1) - R64 552 (2020: R144	Ensure fair, efficient, effective and transparent	
131)	personnel administration	None

48. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF APPLICABLE LEGISLATION

48.1 MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT

48.1.1 Contributions to Organised Local Government - SALGA		
Opening Balance	500 000	125 807
Council Subscriptions	500 000	500 000
Amount Paid - previous years	(500 000)	(125 807)
Balance Unpaid (included in Creditors)	500 000	500 000
The balance unpaid represents the municipal subscriptions for the prior financial year and is payable in the following financial year		
48.1.2 Pension and Medical Aid Deductions		
Opening Balance		
Current Year Contributions	5 667 145	5 056 747
Amount Paid - current year	(5 667 145)	(5 056 747)
Balance Hunaid (included in Creditors)		м

The prior year's amounts have been restated due to recalculations done on documentation submitted



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 R	2020 R
48.1.3 Audit Fees Opening Balance Current year Audit Fees Amount Paid - previous years		4 379 225 3 105 790 (1 100 000)	2 300 242 3 497 323 (1 418 339)
Balance Unpaid (included in Creditors)		6 385 015	4 379 225
The prior year's amounts have been restated due to recalculations done on documentation sul	Dmitled,		
48.1.4 PAYE, Skills Development Levy and UIF Opening Balance Current year Payroll Deductions Amount Paid - current year		9 374 4 578 070 (4 578 070)	4 029 409 (4 020 036)
Balance Unpaid (included in Creditors)		9 373	9 374
48.1.5 VAT The net of VAT input receivables and VAT output payables are shown in Note 7. All VAT return submitted by the due date throughout the year, resulting in penalties and fines being charged by municipality."	ns have not been by SARS against the		
48.1.6 Councillor's arrear Consumer Accounts The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 30 June	e:		
30 June 2021	Total	Outstanding up to 90 days	Outstanding more than 90 days
Councillor I Brown	54 715	1 495	53 219
Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	54 715	1 495	53 219
30 June 2020	Total	Outstanding up to 90 days	Outstanding more than 90 days
Councillor I Brown Councillor M Gouws	53 219 389	-	53 219 389
Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	53 608		53 608
During the year the following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days	S:		
30 June 2021		Highest amount outstanding	Ageing
Councillor I Brown		53 219	> 90 Days
30 June 2020		Highest amount outstanding	Ageing
Councilior I Brawn Councilior M Gouws		53 219 389	> 90 Days > 90 Days



48.1.7 Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, the Procurement Processes in terms of section 36(1) of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Policy approved by the Council, any deviation from the Supply Chain Management Policy needs to be approved / condoned by the Municipal Manager, noted by Council and bids where the formal procurement processes could not be followed must be noted in the Annual Financial Statements.

The following deviations from the tender stipulations in terms of the municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy were ratified by the Municipal Manager and reported to Council:

30 June 2021

Commodity	Tenderer	Reason	Amount
Goods / Services	Various (18)	Exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the	
	, i	official procurement processes (*)	6 158 708
Goods / Services	Various (2)	Emergency	
		" ·	26 828
<u> </u>		Total:	6 185 536

(*) The amount does not include 4 cases in respect of services where the amount is based on a rate.

30 tune 2020

30 June 2020			
Department	Tendarer	Reason	Amount
Goods / Services	Various (5)	Exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the	
	Ì	official procurement processes (*)	608 844
Goods / Services	Various (12)	Emergéncy	
			i 093 636
	***************************************	Total	1.702.480

48.1.8)(d)(i) of the MFMA

Material Electricity and Water Losses were as follows and are not recoverable:

Electricity:

		Lost Units	Tariff	Value
30 June 2021	Unaccounted Electricity Losses	536 224	1.8510	992 529
30 June 2020	Unaccounted Electricity Losses	551 922	2.2916	1 264 774

Electricity Losses occur due to inter alia, technical and non-technical fosses (Technical fosses - inherent resistance of conductors, transformers and other electrical equipment; Non-technical fosses - the tampering of meters, the incorrect ratios used on bulk meters, faulty meters and illegal electricity connections). The problem with tampered meters and illegal connections is an ongoing process, with regular action being taken against defaulters. Faulty meters are replaced as soon as they are reported.



			2021	2020
			R	R
Volumes in kWh/year:				
System Input Volume			7 733 847	7 400 946
Billed Consumption			7 197 623	6 849 024
		-	536 224	551 922
Percentage Distribution Loss			6.93%	7.46%
Water:				
		Lost Units	Tariff	Value
30 June 2021	Unaccounted Water Losses	170 303	10.0077	1 704 341
30 June 2020	Unaccounted Water Losses	166 985	12.6359	2 110 000
ongoing process, with regular act replaced/repaired as soon as the Volumes in Kl/year:	nnections. The problem with tampered meters and illegion being taken against defaulters. Faulty meters and legy are reported.	ar connections is an eakages are		
System Input Volume			453 470	419 195
Billed Consumption			283 167	252 210
Distribution Loss		_	170 303	166 985
Percentage Distribution Loss			37 56%	39.83%
49. COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDI	TURE			
49.1 Capital Commitments				
- Approved and Contracted for	·		462 202	1 620 338
Infrastructure			462 202	1 620 338
Total Capital Commitments			462 202	1 620 338
This expenditure will be financed to	from;			
Government Grants			462 202	1 620 338
		******	462 202	1 620 338
The Capital Commitments are VA	T inclusive.			



		2021	2020
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		R	R
50.1 Classification			
FINANCIAL ASSETS:			
In accordance with GRAP 104.13 the Financial Assets of	the municipality are classified as follows:		
Financial Assets at Amortised Cost:			
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Electricity	722 996	931 79
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Refuse	97 990	231 8
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Sewerage	(421 435)	(229 9
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts	9 690	9 9
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Other Service Charges	1 145 501	1 046 4
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Water	(187 342)	(26 9
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Property Rental Debtors	235 170	774 6
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Housing Selling Scheme	(30 693)	(55.2
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Other Debtors	982 577	39 0
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Control, Clearing and Interface Accounts	40 233	32 4
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	Deposits for Land	2 086 834	1 960 7
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	Accrued Income		21 3
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Call Deposits	1 775 039	1 699 9
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Bank Balances	7 838 744	10 466 7
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Cash Floats and Advances	2 900	2 8
Total Financial Assets		14 298 202	16 905 8
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:			
In accordance with GRAP 104.13 the Financial Liabilities	of the municipality are classified as follows:		
Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost:			
Non-curent Finance Lease Obligations	Non-curent Finance Lease Obligations	•	6 2
Consumer Deposits	Electricity	245 881	258 5
Consumer Deposits	Water	424 876	333 3
Consumer Deposits	Other Deposits	128 912	116 9
Payables from Exchange Transactions	Other Payables	84 491	34 6
Payables from Exchange Transactions	Retentions	388 051	681 4
Payables from Exchange Transactions	Trade Creditors	11 776 649	7 238 2
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	District Municipalities		400 (
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	National Government	7 502 990	4 734 4
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	Provincial Government	898 024	6 750 8
Curent Finance Lease Obligations	Curent Finance Lease Obligations	(0)	6 2
Collect France Cease Congenous			

No Financial Instruments of the municipality have been reclassified during the year.

50.2 Capital Risk Management

The capital structure of the municipality consists of debt, which includes Cash and Cash Equivalents and Equity, comprising Funds, Reserves and Accumulated Surplus as disclosed in Note 18, and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Gearing Ratio	2021 R	2020 R
The gearing ratio at the year-end was as follows:		
Debt Cash and Cash Equivalents	(0) (1 777 939)	12 449 (1 702 808)
Net Debt	(1 777 939)	(1 690 358)
Equity	170 840 358	166 488 528
Net debt to equity ratio	-1.04%	-1.02%

Debt is defined as Long-term Liabilities, together with its Short-term Portion.

Equity includes all Funds and Reserves of the municipality, disclosed as Net Assets in the Statement of Financial Performance and Net Debt as described above.

50.3 Financial Risk Management Objectives

The Accounting Officer has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the municipality's risk management framework. The municipality's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the municipality, to set appropriate risk faced by the municipality, to set appropriate risk faced by the municipality, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits.

Due to the largety non-trading nature of activities and the way in which they are financed, municipalities are not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risks that would be typical of listed companies to which the IAS's mainly apply. Generally, Financial Assets and Liebilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities and are not held to manage the risks facing the municipality in undertaking its activities.

The Department Financial Services monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations through internal policies and procedures. These risks include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Compliance with policies and procedures is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis, and annually by external auditors. The municipality does not enter into or trade financial instruments for speculative purposes.

internal audit, responsible for initiating a control framework and monitoring and responding to potential risk, reports periodically to the municipality's audit committee, an independent body that monitors the effectiveness of the internal audit function

Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these Annual Financial Statements.

50.4 Significant Risks

It is the policy of the municipality to disclose information that enables the user of its Annual Financial Statements to evaluate the nature and extent of risks arising from Financial Instruments to which the municipality is exposed on the reporting date.

The municipality has exposure to the following risks from its operations in Financial Instruments:

- Credit Risk;
- Liquidity Risk; and
- Market Risk.

Risks and exposures are disclosed as follows:

Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the municipality's income or the value of its holdings in Financial Instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk of financial loss to the municipality if a customer or counterparty to a Financial Instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the municipality's receivables from customers and investment securities.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its Financial Liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The municipality's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient fiquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the municipality's reputation.

Liquidity Risk is managed by ensuring that all assets are reinvested at maturity at competitive interest rates in relation to cash flow requirements. Liabilities are managed by ensuring that all contractual payments are net on a timeous basis and, if required, additional new arrangements are established at competitive rates to ensure that cash flow requirements are met.

A maturity analysis for Financial Liabilities (where applicable) that shows the remaining undiscounted contractual maturities is disclosed in Note 50, 8 to the Annual Financial Statements.

50.5 Market Risk

The municipality's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates (see Note 50..7 below). No formal policy exists to hedge volatilities in the interest rate market.

There has been no change to the municipality's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk

50,5,1 Foreign Currency Risk Management

The municipality's activities do not expose it to the financial risks of foreign currency and therefore has no formal policy to fiedge volatilities in the interest rate market.

50.5.2 Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest Rate Risk is defined as the risk that the fair value or future cash flows associated with a financial instrument will fluctuate in amount as a result of market interest changes.

Potential concentrations of interest rate risk consist mainly of variable rate deposit investments, long-term receivables, consumer debtors, other debtors, bank and cash balances.

The municipality limits its counterparty exposures from its money market investment operations by only dealing with Absa Bank, First National Bank, Nedbank and Standard Bank. No investments with a tenure exceeding twelve months are made.

Long-term Receivables and Other Debtors are individually evaluated annually at Balance Sheet date for impairment or discounting. A report on the various categories of debtors is drafted to substantiate such evaluation and subsequent impairment / discounting, where applicable.

The menicipality is not exposed to credit interest rate risk as the municipality has no borrowings

The municipality's exposures to interest rates on Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are detailed in the Credit Risk Management section of this note.

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the Statement of Financial Position date. The analysis is prepared by averaging the amount of the investment at the beginning of the financial year and the amount of the investment at the end of the financial year. A 25 basis point increase or decrease was used, which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. The short and long-term financial instruments at year-end with variable interest rates are set out in Note 50, 8 below.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

If interest rates had been 25 basis points higher / lower and all other variables were held constant, the municipality's

Surplus for the year ended 30 June 2021 would have increased / decreased by R27 226 (30 June 2020: R23
 This is mainly all ributable to the municipality's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate investments.



50.6 Credit Risk Management

Credit Risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the municipality. The municipality has a sound credit control and debt collection policy and obtains sufficient cofflateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The municipality uses its own trading records to assess its major customers. The municipality's exposure of its counterparties are monitored regularly.

Potential concentrations of credit rate risk consist mainly of variable rate deposit investments, long-term receivables, consumer debtors, other debtors, bank and cash balances,

Investments/Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents

The municipality limits its counterparty exposures from its money market investment operations (financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired) by only dealing with Absa Bank and Standard Bank. No investments with a terrure exceeding twelve months are made.

Trade and Other Receivables

There were no material changes in the exposure to credit risk and its objectives, policies and processes for managing and measuring the risk during the year under review. The municipality's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of each financial asset in the Statement of Financial Position, without taking into account the value of any collateral obtained. The municipality has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of consumers, and is not concentrated in any particular sector or geographical area.

The municipality establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of anticipated losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

Long-term Receivables and Other Debtors are individually evaluated annually at reporting date for impairment or discounting. A report on the various categories of debtors is drafted to substantiate such evaluation and subsequent impairment / discounting, where applicable.

The municipality does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The municipality defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entities. The credit risk on figuid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings.

The table below shows the balance of the 5 major counterparties at the balance sheet date. Management is of the opinion that, although these parties are the 5 counterparties with highest outstanding balances, no significant credit risk exposure exists based on the payment history of the parties, except for Northern Province Academy of Sport and Department of Water and Forestry Affairs for which there is uncertainty about the collectivity. They have been included in the Provision for Impairment of Consumer Oebtors.

	30 Jun	e 2021	30 June	2020
Counterparty and Location	Credit	Carrying	Credit	Carrying
ouncerpanty and Louding	Limit	Amount	Limit	Amount
	R	R	R	R
Child Welfare of South Africa		412 581	-	397 120
National Government of the RSA	-	345 604		167 429
Central Karoo FIF Project	•	156 917	-	155 980
Department of Home Affairs		146 187	_	147 186
DJ Bolhma Trust	-	113 607	-	=
Huis Karoo	•	•	-	156 300
			2021	2020
			R	R
The maximum credit and interest risk exposure in respect of the releva	int financial instruments	is as follows:		
Receivables from Exchange Transactions			8 488 659	8 571 821
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions			*	21 340
Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents			9 616 683	12 169 557
Maximum Credit and interest Risk Exposure			18 105 342	20 762 718
The major concentrations of credit risk that arise from the municipality's classification are as follows:	s receivables in relation	to customer		
wasandane are to homes			%	%



Exchange Oebtors.		
- Service Debtors	56.04%	62.72%
- Olher Receivables	7,33%	13.38%
- Other Debtors	11.58%	0.45%
- Other Minor Classes	25.06%	23.20%
Non-Exchange Deblors.		
- Other not Classified	0.00%	0.25%
Total Credit Risk	100.90%	100.00%
Bank and Cash Batances		
ABSA Bank Ltd	8 275 015	10 358 648
Standard Bank	1 338 768	1 808 059
Cash Equivalents	2 900	2 850
Total Bank and Cash Balances	9 616 683	12 169 557
Credit quality of Financial Assets: The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates:		
Receivables from Exchange Transactions		
Counterparties without external credit rating:		
High	2 579 872	2 320 159
Medium	914 943	918 929
FOM.	-	
		2 420 742
	3 494 815	3 239 089
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3 494 815	3 239 089
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions		
High		21 340
Medium	,	-
Low	ñ	
40 (c) 4 C		
Total Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions		21 340
~		

Credit quality Groupings:
High - High certainty of timely payment. Liquidity factors are strong and the risk of non-payment is small.

Medium - Reasonable certainty of limely payment. Liquidity factors are sound, although ongoing funding needs may enlarge financing requirement. The risk of non-payment is small.

Low - Satisfactory liquidity factors and other factors which qualify the entity as investment grade. However, the risk factors of non-payment are larger.

None of the financial assets that are fully performing, have been renegotiated in the last year.



50. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

50.1 Liquidity Risk Management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Council, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the municipality's short medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The municipality manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously maniforing forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity and Interest Risk Tables

The municipality ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand or access to facilities to meet expected operational expenses through the use of cash flow forecasts

The following tables datall the managinality's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial flabilities based on the earliest date on which the municipality can be required to pay.

Description	Note ref in AFS	Average effective Interest Rate	Total	6 Months or less	6 - 12 Months	1 - 2 Years	2 · 5 Years	More than 5 Years
	#	%	R	R	R	R		R
30 June 2021								
Non-interest Bearing		0.00%	21 449 872	21 449 872				
- Consumer Deposits		!	799 668	799 668	- [- 1	-	
 Payables from Exchange transactions 			12 249 190	12 249 190	.			
 Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts 			8 401 013	8 401 013				
Fixed Interest Rate Instruments						ļ		
- Non-current Finance Lease Obligations		10.90%						······
- Current Finance Lease Obligations		10 90%]]				
		103013			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····	
) ,	21 449 872	21 449 872			TERREACTERIORISMUM TO THE	HORENHAUMENERUSER
30 June 2020				Ì				
Non-interest Bearing		0.00%	20 548 601	20 548 601				
- Consumer Deposits		ſ	708 846	708 846	- 1	-1		
- Payables from Exchange transactions			7 954 370	7 954 370		-	-	
 Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts 		Į	11 885 385	11 895 385	-	-		
Fixed Interest Rate Instruments			12 449	12 449				
- Non-corrent Finance Lease Obligations		10.90%	5 225	8 225				
- Current Finance Lease Obligations	1 1	10 90%	6 225	6 225				
- · · · · · ·								
			20 561 050	20 561 050	-		-	

The following table details the municipality's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets uncluding interest that will be earned on those assets except where the municipality anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

Description re	ote Average if in effective FS Interest Rate	Total e	6 Months or less	6 - 12 Months	1 - 2 Years	2 - 5 Years	More than 5 Years
	3 %	R	R	R	R		R
36 June 2023							
Non-interest Bearing	0.00%	4 684 420	4 684 420	-		<u> </u>	
- Trade Receivables from Exchange Transactions	1	4 681 520	4 681 520				
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	ļ	2 900	2 900	CONTRACTOR	_		
Variable Interest Rate Instruments	2 62%	9 6 13 783	9 613 783		_		
- Call Deposits		1 775 039	1 775 030	_	_		l
Bank Account		7 938 744	7 838 744				
		14 296 202	14 298 202				
		14 230 202	14 200 202	en		1	1
30 June 2029							
Non-interest Bearing	0.00%	4 739 125	4.739 125				
Trade Receivables from Exchange Transactions		4 714 935	4 714 935				1
Trade Receivables from Non-exchange Transaction	5	21 340	21 340			,	1
- Cash and Cash Equivalents		2 850	2 850		-	-	
	254	400.	40 - 30 707				
Veriable interest Rate instruments - Call Deposits	6 52%	12 156 707 1 699 968	12 166 707 1 699 968	* :			ł
- Rank Account		10 486 749	10 466 749				
Wind the American	i	10,400 (49)	10 1907 748		***		
	[16 905 832	16 905 832			-	
		William Control of the Control of th				Ī	<u> </u>

The municipality does not have any (mancing facilities and expects to meet its obligations from operating cash flows and proceeds of makering financial assets and to maintain current debt to equity ratio

50.2 Other Price Risks

The municipality is not exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments as the municipality does not trade these investments



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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51. MULTI-EMPLOYER RETIREMENT BENEFIT INFORMATION

The municipality does not make provision for post-retirement benefits to councillors. However, one councillor belongs to a pension fund but no contributions are made by the municipality on behalf of the councillor to the fund.

The municipality makes provision for post-retirement benefits to eligible employees, who belong to different pension schemes. Employees belong to a variety of approved Pension and Provident Funds as described below.

Council contributes to the LA Retirement Fund, a defined contribution scheme, and the Consolidated Retirement Fund for Local Government, LA Retirement Fund, National Fund for Municipal Workers and SAMWU National Provident Fund, which are defined contribution funds. In terms of the schemes' rules, pension is being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.

These funds are governed by the Pension Funds Act, 1966, and include both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes.

All of these afore-mentioned funds are multi-employer plans and are subject to either a tri-annual, bi-annual or annual actuarial valuation, details which are provided below

Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for the pension and retirement funds, due to the following reasons:-

- (i) The assets of each fund are held in one portfolio and are not notionally affocated to each of the participating employers.
- (ii) One set of financial statements are compiled for each fund and financial statements are not drafted for each participating employer.
- (iii) The same rate of contribution applies to all participating employers and no regard is paid to differences in the membership distribution of the participating employers.

It is therefore seen that each fund operates as a single entity and is not divided into sub-funds for each participating employer.

The only obligation of the municipality with respect to the retirement benefit plans is to make the specified contributions. Where councillors / employees leave the plans prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contributions payable by the municipality are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions

The total expense recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance of R2 615 982 (2020; R2 395 967) represents contributions payable to these plans by the municipality at rates specified in the rules of the plans. These contributions have been expensed.

The Retirement Funds have been valued by making use of the Discounted Cash Flow method of valuation.

51.1 DEFINED BENEFIT SCHEMES

LA Retirement Fund, previously Cape Joint Pension Fund (Defined Benefit Scheme):

The scheme is subject to an annual actuarial valuation which is not the responsibility of the Municipality. The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2018

The contribution rate payable is under the defined benefit section is 27%, 9% by the members and 18% by their councils. The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2018 disclosed an actuarial valuation amounting to R1 776 (2017; R1 859) million, with a surplus of R63 (2017; R47) million, with a funding level of 103 7% (2017; 102.6%).

51.2 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION SCHEMES

Consolidated Retirement Fund for Local Government (previously Cape Joint Retirement Fund):

The scheme is subject to an tri-annual actuarial valuation which is not the responsibility of the Municipality. The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2018,

The statutory valuation performed as at 30 June 2018 revealed that the assets of the fund amounted to R24 108 (30 June 2017, R21 359) million, with funding levels of 100,4% and 128,0% (2017, 100,0% and 127,3%) for the Share Account and the Pensions Account respectively. The contribution rate paid by the members (7,5% or 9,0%) and the municipalities (19,50%) is sufficient to fund the benefits accruing from the fund in the future

LA Retirement Fund (previously Cape Joint Pension Fund):

The scheme is subject to an annual actuarial valuation which is not the responsibility of the Municipality. The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2018.

The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2018 indicated that the defined contribution scheme of the fund is in a sound financial position, with a assets amounting to R2 018 (2017; R1 912) million, net investment reserve of R0 (2017; R0) million and a funding level of 100.0% (2017; 100 0%)

Municipal Workers Retirement Fund (previously South African Municipal Workers' Union Provident Fund):

The scheme is subject to a tri-annual actuarial valuation. The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2017

The contribution rate payable is not less than 7.5% by the members and 18% by their councils. As from 1 July 2017, members and employers that fall under other bargaining councils or forums are not bound by the above minimum contribution rates

The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2017 disclosed assets amounting to R7 721 (2014; R6 575) million, with a funding level of 102,0% (2014; 111,7%). The Fund's assets are sufficient to cover the members' Fund Credits. The Fund is therefore in a sound financial position.



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

National Fund for Municipal Workers - Provident Fund:

The scheme is subject to an annual actuarial valuation. The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2019.

Members contribute at a rate of not less than 7.5% of selaries, as required by the Rules. Employers contribute at a total rate of not less than 18%. The statutory valuation performed as at 30 June 2019 revealed that the net assets of the fund amounted to R17 107.067 (30 June 2018; R15 393.671) million, with funding levels of 100.40% (30 June 2018, 100.46%).

The fund is in the process of amending its rules to give the ability to self-insure all or part of the risk benefits, which is not inappropriate given the membership structure of the fund. Consideration must, however, be given to both the financial and operational implications for the Fund, it's administrator as well as the various participating employers.

The Fund operates in such a way that no actuarial surplus may arise and any surpluses which arise, are distributed annually amongst all the members.

None of the above mentioned plans are State Plans

52. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All Related Party Transactions are conducted at arm's length, unless stated otherwise.

52.1 Interest of Related Parties

The following Councillors and/or Management of the municipality and/or close family members of Councillors / Management have relationships with businesses as indicated below:

Name of Related Person	Designation	Description of Related Party Relationship
W Du P Theran	Counciller	Director of Dwars-in-die-Weg Boerdery (Edms) Bpk; Director with shareholding at Koup Produsente Koöp Konorasie
C Hendrikse (Spouse of)	Manager	Director at Hammat and Hendrikse Enterprise Ltd (Pty)
The following Councillors and/or Managemental deregistration:	ent of the municipality an	d/or close family members of Councillors / Management have relationships with businesses in

Name of Related Person	Designation	Description of Related Party Relationship
KJ Gertse	Snr SCM Officer	Director of GP2 Development Enterprises

52.2 Services rendered to Related Parties

During the year the Municipality rendered services to the following related parties that are related to the Municipality as indicated:

	Rates Charges R	Service Charges R	Sundry Charges R	Outstanding Balances R
Councillors	94 612	20 903	20 299	56 888
Municipal Manager and Other Senior Personnel	133 238	6 880	131 642	
Total Services	227 850	27 783	151 941	56 888
Councillors	63 176	16 180	68 910	60 263
Municipal Manager and Other Senior Personnel	111 161	5 984	112 487	-
Total Services	174 337	22 163	181 397	60 263

The services rendered to Related Parties are charged at approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No Bad Debts were written off or recognised in respect of amounts owed by Related Parties.

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. Consumer Deposits were received from Councillors, the Municipal Manager and Key Personnel. No expense has been recognised in the period for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

52.3 Loans granted to Related Parties

In terms of the MEMA, the Municipality may not grant loans to its Councillors, Management, Staff and Public with effect from 1 July 2004. No loans were granted to Councillors, Management, Staff and Public by the municipality

52.4 Compensation of Related Parties

Compensation of Key Management Personnel and Councillors is set out in Notes 29.3, 29.4 and 30 to the Annual Financial Statements



NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021 R	2028 R
5 3.	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
	53.1 Court Proceedings:	585 671	585 671
	(i) Claim for Services Rendered: Phambifi Civils lodged a claim against the municipality for services rendered that is payable in respect of a contract. Settlement negotiations were unsuccessful and the matter was referred for arbitration. t.egal costs is estimated at R60 000. The outcome of the matter is still uncertain.	585 671	585 671
54.	CONTINGENT ASSETS		
	54.1 insurance Claims:	202 860	*
	(i) Lost / Damaged Assets. The municipality has claims outstanding against its insurers for lost and/or damaged assets. The management believe that it is probable that the claims will be successful and that compensation of R202 860 (2020: R0) will be recovered.	202 860	•

55. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative figures were restated as a result of the effect of Prior Period Errors (Note 44.).

56. OTHER EXTRA-ORDINARY DISCLOSURES

56.1 COVID-19 EXPENDITURE

COVID-19 in South Africa

Although the coronavirus was international news since December 2019, it was only on 5th March 2020 that the South African National Institute for Communicable Diseases confirmed that a suspected case of COVID-19 had lested positive. On 23rd March 2020 President Cyril Ramaphosa announced the nationwide lockdown. On 30th March 2020 the Minister of Finance issued a conditional Exemption Notice in terms of section 177(1)(b) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Acl No. 56 of 2003) (MFMA), in order to facilitate and enable the performance of legislative responsibilities by municipalities and municipal entities during the national state of disaster.

	2021 R	2020 R
The table below indicates the total COVID-19 response expenditure (inclusive of VAT where applicable) for the penod ending 30 June 2021:	.,	.,
COVID-19 EXPENDITURE		
Operating Expenditure Materials and supplies	653 880	480 246
Total Operating Expenditure	653 880	460 246
Total COVID-19 Expenditure	653 880	460 246
The table below indicates the Funding Sources for the total COVID-19 response expenditure (inclusive of VAT where applicable) for the period ending 30 June 2021:		
COVID-19 FUNDING	2021 R	2 02 0 R
COAID-1 & LOUIDING		
Funding Sources for COVID-19 Expenditure Municipal Disaster Relief Grant (MDRG) Safety Response to Covid-19 Grant (CKDM)	272 562 381 319	
Additional Equitable Share Provincial Local Government Support Grant	-	107 039 353 207
Total Funding for COVID-19 Expenditure	653 880	460 246



57. GOING CONCERN ASSESSMENT

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to have a devastating impact on the macro economy and a significant component of the institutions which operate therein. The municipality has not been immune to the impact of the pandemic. The impact and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic in the Province and Laingsburg's jurisdiction is uncertain at the date of this submission. Management of the municipality is however of the opinion that regardless of the possible effect of the COVID-19 pandemic, the municipality will continue to operate for the foreseeable future, which is usually regarded as at least the next 12 months from the reporting date, however not limited to this timeframe.

Management also considered the following matters in relation to the Going Concern position of Laingsburg Municipality.

- (i) On 27 May 2020 the Council adopted the 2020/21 to 2022/23 Budget. This three-year Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework (MTREF) to support the ongoing deflivery of municipal services to residents reflected that the Budget was cash-backed over the three-year period.
- (ii) The municipality's Budget is subjected to a very rigorous independent assessment process to assess its cash-backing status before it is ultimately approved by Council
- (iii) Strict daily cash management processes are embedded in the municipality's operations to manage and monitor all actual cash inflows and cash outflows in terms of the cash-flow forecast supporting the Budget. The cash management processes is complemented by monthly reporting, highlighting the actual cash position, including the associated risks and remedial actions to be instituted.
- (iv) As the municipality has the power to tevy fees, tariffs and charges, this will result in an on-going inflow of revenue to support the on-going delivery of municipal services. Certain key financial ratios, such as liquidity, cost coverage, debtors' collection rates and creditors' payment terms are closely monitored and the necessary corrective actions instituted

Taking the aforementioned into account, management has prepared the Annual Financial Statements on the Going Concern Basis.



SA. SEGIMENT REPORTING

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The segment for Health Services:

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The segment for Economic and Environmental Services;
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The segment for Trading Services.
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Description	Executive and Council	Finance and Administration	Community and Social Services	Public Salety	Sport and Recreation	Housing	Hoakk	Planting and Development	Road Transport Energy Sources	Energy Sources	Waste Management	Waste Water	Water	Other	Yelal for
REVENUE	x	æ	æ	Ľ	æ	T. C.	a,	В	×	œ	α	α	α	ı	R
recovering recent recent and particular property state. The Precedition and Extremely Transfer and Extendible state and Extendible state. Before Transfer and Extendible state from the Extendible state.		4.452.576 31.086.016 51.860	440	30 140 594	68 97 10 97	/			1 367 696	4 840 BY6	* 134 795	1.380.463	126.138		4 453 576 20 170 476 50 241 991
Revenue from Exchange Transactions Liceraries and Penuls Searc Charges Sales of Coots and Penuls Sales of Applied Sements		6.527 152.469 180.156	. 20	204.036			P d		28 093	भ्य छोछ छङ्क	1 575 437 1 263	- 748 852	227 CES	- , -	28 (29 25) 16, 54
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Total Revense		38 468 261	1 604 220	20 533 396	717 859	17 396			1 418 585	18 448 137	2 762 505	3 126 814	10 019 641		97 670 008
EXEMBILIER Complement Related Costs Normal Completes of Contralities	3 622 408	080 C#5 P	1.243.238	3321641	191 395	·	anniga ett genegasy Ar Ar Ar	206 905	5.234 104		282 CH6	1 1859 521	408.860	784 ABE	75 735 603
Deprezione nes Abrotestan Patratteet Losan Revous (Importes and Restantage)	280 265	200 953 2031 406 260 367		16.848.47g			eritor e e de la		2 8/14 0/20	375 486	4 194	1 078 067	28 PS		3 104 345 6 366 135 E 732 307
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Pyperamy Letters Pyperamy Costs (see) Piggyan of Property, Plant and Equipment	192 061	269 387 \$7 965 (\$53 203 140	990 80	. Nij 378 .	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	5.55	4- 32 50 100 100 100	37 740	. 504-635	231 528	134 013	217.128	493.64E	020 F	350 835 780 887 15 650 121 263 140
Total Expenditure	7 564 467	29 655 361	1 347 363	21 256 956	246 093	808	23 167	627 542	11 998 546	11 528 872	2 040 795	2 543 525	4 435 796	367 159	93 628 079
OTHER RECEIVES FAVENDITURE PROUNTED OTHER PROUNTED OTHER OPERATIONS. Fair Visite Adjustments.					inffarmacan)		-	,	•	-			Manager (Conf. Section 1999)		
Surplus/(Delicit) for the Year	[7 584 467]	8 812 900	156 826	(723 160)	471 567	10 894	(57.167)	(627 642)	(10 579 961)	7 919 259	723 710	563 289	5 574 934.91	(307 154 88)	4 351 830
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				NOTES TO TI	LA He annual fina	LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL, STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021	JNICIPALITY VIS FOR THE YI	EAR ENDED 30	UNE 2021						
Year Ended 30 June 2020													(C)	Curtina Company	
Description	Executive and Council	Finance and Administration	Community and Social Services	Public Safety	Sport and Recreation	Housing	Health	Planning and Development	Road Transport	Energy Sources	Waste Management	Waste Water Kanagement	Water Mosagenent	Other	Yotal for Hunicipality
REVENUE freezing from Non-axchangu Transactions Frigger, Rate: A freezing f	표 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 (((((((((((4 152 350 10 808 844	88 1 3 14 1 251 600	38 (78 054	ax	α	æ	æ		R 1 103 929	# 1019 6/0	R 	7 532 749	œ	R 4 162 320 30 177 348 33 494 513
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Total Revenue	2 464 871	26 908 925	1 266 219	30 689 185	1 187	(92.262)	374		1 311 543	14 525 722	2 434 157	2 885 284	4 738 774		87 075 8M2
EXPENDITURE FINANCIAL CLAIS FORMACIANI & CONTROL EXPENDITURE AND ACTION OF EXPENDITURE AND ACTION OF EXPENDITURE AND ACTION OF EXPENDITURE OF THE OWNERS AND ACTION OF THE OWNERS AND ACTION OF EXPENDITURE OF THE OWNERS AND ACTION OF THE	2,485,233 781,621,6 781,785	67.07.04 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.682.912	2 2 20 156	92 95 95 95	277.132		350 BW	7 899 870	251.988	605 487 4 107 148 685	977 365 015 310 075 981	897 122 343 355	०४६ ७५६	25 260 544 3 122 153 5 568 907 25 264 206
ishineest, Devarions, and Neiri on Lend Buck, Faretinases Outharted Services Payestedy, Corstanoid	44 735 28 485	20 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 58 ag	322 551	. 52 52 54 54 54		500		344 041 270 026	125 505 505 505 505 505	217 564	98 175 517 86	452.510		545.254
Postbors and bulborates Franch Postsbors Eners (Toursborse Eners) v. ove. on Desposa of Property. Plant and Equipment	520 PDS	026 527 026 527	03-872 05-548	1046-621	96		20% 20%	47.114	- 588 Ear	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	32.4%		10 4 23 A	18.37:	460 SQ4 11 308 208 8 679
Tatal Expenditure	7 093 964	22 441 716	1 194 027	29 531 881	220 494	277 133	80 506	414 048	11 406 137	15 155 450	1 383 194	2 599 219	3 950 836	352 382	91 095 988
OTHER REVENDE / EXPENDITURE INCURRED Other Operations: Fall Water Asplatitions								•		-	1 604 207			-	1004 2007
Surplustitution) for the Year	(4 689 094)	4 468 109	72 192	1 157 303	(219.307)	(566 996)	(80 127)	[414 049]	110 094 594)	A 375 272	2 055 171	257.065	787 938.06	(352 381.94)	(3 015 898)

56.2 Other Segmental Analysis Disclosures

Year Ended 30 June 2021															
Осяснрітов	Executive and Council	Filtran	Community and Social Services	Public Sofery	Sport and Recreation	Housing	Health	Planning and Revelopment	Road Transport	Energy Sources	Waste Management	Waste Water Management	Water	Olher	Total for
Financial Position	*	œ	2	ĸ	8	ar	œ	α	æ	æ	α	я	×	æ	and market beauty
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