# LAINGSBURGMUNICIPALITY SECTION 52 REPORTS QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE

## 2022/23 ASSESSMENT REPORT- Q 2

01 October 2022-31 December 2022



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#### **QUALITY CERTIFICATE**

I, J Booysen, the Municipal Manager of Laingsburg Local Municipality, hereby certify that the quarterly report on the implementation of the budget and financial state affairs for the period of 1 October 2022 until 31 December 2022 has been prepared in accordance of the Municipal Finance Management Act and regulations made under the Act.

ff. Aljoenewold J. BOOYSEN

J. BÓOYSEN ACTING MUNICIPAL MANAGER 23 JANUARY 2023

#### **SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION**

The purpose of this report is firstly to comply with section 52(d) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), by submission of a report to the Council on the implementation of the budget.

The report provides a quarterly overview of the financial performance of the municipality, whilst it also provides a monitoring tool for Council on the non-financial indicators which are part of the service delivery and budget implementation plan.

The reports strategic objective is to ensure good governance, provide a monitor tool for financial viability as well as to provide Council with the necessary information to make informed decisions.

Section 52 (d) of the MFMA requires that:

# "The mayor of a municipality must, within 30 days of the end of each quarter, submit a report to the council on the implementation of the budget and the financial state of affairs of the municipality."

Section 75 (1) (k) of the MFMA requires that one should place the following documents of the municipality on the website:

#### "All quarterly reports tabled in the council in terms of section 52 (d)."

Council must therefore take note that this report will be published on the official website of the Municipality.

The report provides a quarterly overview of the municipal financial and non-financial performance to give council a monitoring tool to review performance as part of the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation plan (SDBIP) regarding the progress made with the implementation of Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) in the realization of the developmental priorities and strategic objectives as determined in the Municipality's Integrated Development Plan (IDP) as well as in the Top Layer (TL) Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) for the first quarter (01 October 2022 – 31 December 2022) of the 2022/2023 financial year.

#### **SECTION 2 – EXECUTIVE MAYOR'S REPORT**

Schedule C (In-Year Reports of Municipalities) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, relating to the Mayor's report states that:

"3. Mayor's report - The mayor's report accompanying an in-year must provide-

a) A summary of whether the municipality's budget is being implemented in accordance with the service delivery and budget implementation plan and any service delivery agreements with municipal entities;"

Refer to Section 3 – Executive summary for the measurement of financial (Section 3.1) and non-financial (Section 3.2) key performance indicators.

b) "A summary of any financial problems or risks facing the municipality or any such entity; and"

I am not aware of any financial problems or risks facing the municipality.

#### c) "Any other information considered relevant by the mayor."

There is no other information considered to be relevant.

#### **SECTION 3 – RESOLUTIONS**

The draft resolution tabled to Council by the Executive Mayor for consideration regarding the Section 52 report is:

 That Council takes cognizance of the Finance Management Report (MFMA Section 52 report) for the quarter ending 31 December 2022 on the implementation of the budget and the financial state of affairs of the municipality.

#### **SECTION 4 – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The quarterly report, the so called MFMA Section 52 report, is a monitoring tool for the approved service delivery and budget implementation plan, which can be divided into two parts namely the financial and non-financial key performance indicators.

#### 4.1 Financial problems and risks

At the end of the second quarter, the Municipality generated 97.34% or R 60,021 of the quarterly budgeted income. This amount includes the operating subsidies to date.

Total operating expenses year-to-date, including provisions, stand at R49,830 million.

The total year to date cash generated amounts to R55,399 million which includes an amount of R33,951 million in subsidies (61.28%). Of that, an amount of R 15,158 million is capital allocations and an amount of R18,793 million operating allocations (Equitable share for the quarter, R 13,846 million and other R 4,947 million). Net cash generated from operating income (services and taxes) amounts to R 21,459 million (38.72%). Total cash paid out amounts to R49.955 million.

The total unspent subsidies on 31 December 2022 amount to R 11,073 million against the cash of R 8,534 million in the bank.

Payment of receivables for the second quarter was 95.82%. Annual tax is levied during July for the financial year and is payable in monthly installments over 11 months.

Betaal persentasies van o	debiteure	
Debiteure Stelsel	Jaar-tot-datum	Uitstaande saldo ingesluit
Elektrisiteit	99.25%	73.11%
Water	86.43%	40.77%
Vullis	91.45%	52.53%
Riool	91.14%	40.32%
Huishuur	91.12%	36.54%
Eiendomsbelasting	108.70%	48.40%
Debiteure saldo beweging	Styging	R 2 915 441.80

From this it can be derived that the collection percentage of all debtors is equal to the budgeted 95%. The outstanding total amount for debtors increased by R 2,915 million from 1 July 2022 to the end of the second quarter.

The municipality receives a R 1.074 million grant for EPWP appointments. The quarter's contribution of R269 000 was received. However, for the second quarter the expenditure was R331 000, which amounts to R62 000 more than the subsidy amount. From its own funds, the municipality makes provision for R500 000 for temporary appointments which amount to R125 000 per quarter. For the second quarter there is already more than R270 000 spent which is R20 000 more than the budget. The amount to date spent on security already amounts to R836 000 from a budget of R1 200 000. This is already an excess of 39.37% on the year to date budget or rather R236 000.

The following graph shows the status of the EPWP projects against the year to date budget:





The following graph shows the Municipality's own contribution to the EPWP:

The following graph shows the actual expenditure on security services against the budget:



This can contribute to a serious cash deficit if the trend is maintained and counter funding for the expenditure cannot be obtained or generated.

The collection of the traffic fines is also below the budgeted targets until the end of the second quarter. The budgeted amount amounts to R 4,623 million compared to the amount actually collected of R 3,011 million. This is R 1,612 million below the target. The following indicates the traffic fines actually advanced versus budgeted for:



#### 4.2 Other Relevant information

None

#### 4.3 Operating Revenue

The Municipality has so far generated 48.67% or R 60.021 million of the annual Budgeted Income which is just more than the budgeted amounts. This amount includes the operational allowances to date.

#### **4.4 Operating Expenditure**

Operating expenses of R 47,811 million for the second quarter do not include part of the depreciation charges, annual bonuses and exclude the annual calculation for provisions. The total amount for the year-to-date portion of provisions is R 2,020 million. This will effectively bring the total expenditure to date to R 49,831 million. The expenditure to date is less than the budget year-to-date amount. This means that the Municipality spent 9.30% less.

#### 4.5 Capital Expenditure

The Municipality has so far spent R 8,896 million of the externally funded Capital Budget. An amount of R 12,000 million capital grants (MIG and WSIG) have already been received. So far, 37.01% of the year's capital budget has already been spent.

#### 4.6 Cash Flow

The Municipality started with a cash balance of R 5,485 million at the beginning of the second quarter and this increased by R 3,050 million. The ending balance for the quarter is R 8.534 million. The municipal cash flow is mainly from operating activities and grants as no loans or investments are budgeted for the financial year. The second transfers of Equitable Share and other capital allocations were received during the quarter.

#### 4.7 Debtors

The outstanding debtors of the Municipality amount to R 14,483 million at the end of the second quarter.



The following graph shows the outstanding debtors per ward as at the end of December 2022:

The following graph shows the outstanding debtors per service type as at the end of December 2022:



#### 4.8 Creditors

Total outstanding creditors amount to R 0,776 for the second quarter. All outstanding amounts are within the 30 days outstanding categories that comply with Section 65 of the MFMA. Sometimes, however, it happens that a supplier issues invoices more than 30 days after the date of the invoice date for payment, but in most cases the payments are made upon presentation of the invoices.

#### **4.9 Unfunded Budget**

The Provincial Treasury has expressed its concern in writing that the Municipality is facing fiscal problems, which may challenge its ability to carry out its functions and mandate effectively and efficiently. Meetings were held between the PT and the Municipality to discuss the unfunded budget. Recommendations were made that a budget funding plan be drawn up as soon as possible. The funding plan had to include cuts in the budgeted expenditure and other cost-saving measures.

Emphasis will have to be placed during the year on the timely collection of outstanding accounts to keep the payment percentage up to the level of the budget. If this does not happen, the inflow of cash will be hindered and cause spending to be curtailed. This will definitely have a negative impact on service delivery.

As a result, the Municipality is now committed to serious action to cut spending. The recommendation of PT is that the municipality should continue with a strong focus on cost saving measures with the management of both regulated and non-regulated measures and key activities identified in the Budget Funding Plan.

#### 4.10 Cost Containment Measures

The Local Government: Municipal Cost Containment Regulations (MCCR), were promulgated on 7 December 2019 and came into force on 1 July 2019.

Sections 62(1)(a) and 95(a) of the Act on Municipal Financial Management No. 56 of 2003 (MFMA) states that the accounting officer of a municipality or municipal entity is responsible for the management of the financial administration of a municipality and must, for this purpose, take all reasonable steps to ensure that the resources of the municipality are effectively, be used efficiently and economically.

Pursuant to MFMA Circular 97 issued on 1 July 2019, municipalities are expected to utilize existing reporting requirements, to report internally and externally on cost saving measures.

	Koste Besparings Jaar-tot-datum Verslag												
Koste Besparings Items	JAARLIKSE BEGROTING	MAANDELIKSE BEGROTING	BEGROTING JTD	UITGAWE HIERDIE PERIODE	UITGAWE JTD	OOR OF (BESPAAR) VIR MAAND	OOR OF (BESPAAR) JTD						
	R'	R'	R'	R'	R'	R'	R'						
Gebruik van konsultante	11 320 092	943 341	5 660 046	505 365	3 680 178	(437 976)	(1 979 868)						
Rein en verblyfkoste	741 600	61 800	370 800	21 194	228 609	(40 606)	(142 191)						
Akkommodasie	329 400	27 450	164 700	10 264	92 642	(17 186)	(72 058)						
Borgskappe en spyseniering	41 856	3 488	20 928	17 251	32 548	13 763	11 620						
Kommunikasie	24 228	2 019	12 114	18 312	117 742	16 293	105 628						
Oortyd	524 640	43 720	262 320	77 714	309 185	33 994	46 865						
Totaal	R 12 981 816	R 1 081 818	R 6 490 908	R 650 100	R 4 460 903	(431 718)	(2 030 005)						

The following table summarizes the main items as prescribed in the circular and MKR.

#### **SECTION 5 - FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The financial performance indicators as prescribed by National Treasury are provided in

Table SC 2.

#### Table SC2 – Financial Performance indicators

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC2 Monthly Budget Statement - performance indicators - Q2 Second Quarter

			2020/21		Budget Ye	ear 2022/23	
Description of financial indicator	Basis of calculation	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	YearTD	Full Year
			Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	Forecast
Borrowing Management							
Capital Charges to Operating Expenditure	Interest & principal paid/Operating Expenditure		3,0%	7,4%	0,0%	0,0%	3,9%
Borrow ed funding of 'ow n' capital ex penditure	Borrowings/Capital expenditure excl. transfers and grants		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Safety of Capital							
Debt to Equity	Loans, Accounts Payable, Overdraft & Tax Provision/ Funds & Reserves		6,3%	3,8%	0,0%	8,7%	3,8%
Gearing	Long Term Borrowing/ Funds & Reserves		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Liquidity							
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities	1	105,8%	76,4%	0,0%	127,8%	76,4%
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities		18,8%	42,8%	0,0%	40,1%	42,8%
Revenue Management							
Annual Debtors Collection Rate	Last 12 Mths Receipts/ Last 12 Mths Billing						
(Payment Level %)							
Outstanding Debtors to Revenue	Total Outstanding Debtors to Annual Revenue		17,2%	10,1%	0,0%	35,9%	10,1%
Longstanding Debtors Recovered	Debtors > 12 Mths Recovered/Total Debtors > 12 Months Old		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Creditors Management							
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms (within MFMA s 65(e))		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Funding of Provisions							
Percentage Of Provisions Not Funded	Unfunded Provisions/Total Provisions						
Other Indicators							
Electricity Distribution Losses	% Volume (units purchased and generated less units sold)/units purchased and generated	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Water Distribution Losses	% Volume (units purchased and own source less units sold)/Total units purchased and own source	2	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Employ ee costs	Employ ee costs/Total Revenue - capital revenue		36,9%	31,2%	0,0%	31,0%	31,2%
Repairs & Maintenance	R&M/Total Revenue - capital revenue		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Interest & Depreciation	l&D/Total Revenue - capital revenue		15,2%	8,2%	0,0%	0,0%	4,3%
IDP regulation financial viability indicators							
i. Debt cov erage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service pay ments due within financial year)		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
ii. O/S Service Debtors to Revenue	Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
iii. Cost coverage	(Available cash + Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure		0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%

The other financial performance indicators are discussed below:

Table 5.1 provides a high level summary of the municipality's performance on the capital and operational revenue and expenditure measured against the budget as at 31 December 2022.

#### **5.1 Key Financial Indicators**

Description	Operating Revenue R'000		Operating Expenditure R'000			Capital Expenditure R'000		ture	
Year-to-date budget CY	682	61	664	732	54	942	765	8	895
Actuals as at Current Quarter	522	60	020	789	47	810	979	5	726
Variance between YTD Budget and YTD Actuals	160	1	644	943	7	131	786	3	168
Variance %			2,67	12,98			100,0	0	

#### **Table 5. 2 Actual Budget Spending**

Description	Operating Revenue R'000		Operating Expenditure R'000			Capital Expenditure R'000			
Annual Budget			-			-			-
Actuals as at Current Quarter	522	60	020	789	47	810	979	5	726
Actual as % of total Budget	#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!			#DIV/0!			

Table 5.3 provides the key financial indicators, comparing the 2021/22 financial performance of the municipality to the 2022/23 year to date figures as at 31 December 2022.

RATIO DESCRIPTION	СР	PP
Revenue Management		
Level of reliance on Government grants	44,05	30,13
Actual income vs Budgeted Income	97,33	29,44
Expenditure Management		
Personnel Costs to total Expenditure	33,14	30,78
Actual expenditure vs Budgeted Expenditure	87,02	22,20
Interest Paid as a percentage of total expenditure	-	-
Repairs and maintenance / PPE (carry amount)	0,35	0,07
Repairs and maintenance / total expenditure	1,39	0,55

Asset Management Actual versus Budgeted Capital Expenditure Stockholding period(Days)	37,01	8,85
Debt Management Creditors payment period (Days)	30	30
Arrear debtors collection period (Days)	297	358
<u>Liquidity</u>		
Current ratio	127,79	133,24
Acid Test ratio	126,36	131,52
Turnover of accounts receivable	1,38	2,04
Cash to interest	0	0
Debt to cash	1,83	0,96
Cash to income	0,48	0,46
Total Liabilities / Total Assets	18,61	7,47

#### 5.2 Borrowing, funding and reserves policy

The borrowing, funding and reserves policy makes the measurement of the following ratios compulsory:

a) Interest paid to total expenditure

#### 5.2.1 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the interest paid to total expenditure may not exceed 5%.

#### **5.2.2 Interpretation of Results**

Interest paid to total expenditure is well within the norm of 5% Interest payments are currently made bi-annually.

b) Total long term debt to total operating revenue

#### 5.2.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the total long term debt to total operating revenue (excluding conditional grants and transfers) must not exceed 45%. Table 5.4 provides the year to date measurement against the results of 2021/22.

#### **Table 5.4 Long Term Revenue**

DESCRIPTION	CP		PP	
Total long term debt to total operating revenue (excluding conditional grants and transfers)		0		0
Total Long-term Debt		0		0
Total Operating Revenue (Excluding conditional grants and transfers	35 925	450	20 580	227

#### **5.2.4 Interpretation of Results**

This percentage of long-term debt to operating revenue is well within the approved policy of

Council of 45%.

c) Cash generation from operating activities

#### 5.2.5 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the cash generation from operating activities must at least cover the annual loan repayments 1 time.

Table 5.5 provides the year to date measurement against the results of 2021/22.

Table 5.5 Loan Repayments versus Cash

Description		CP			PP	
Coverage of Annual Loan Repayments by cash generated from operating	0			0		
Cash generated from operating activities	637	18	468	942	10	322
Annual Loan Repayments	0			0		

#### **5.2.6 Interpretation of Results**

Laingsburg Municipality does not have a high reliance on loans. Thus the ratio will always be favorable. The coverage of cash generated from operating activities to the annual loan repayment is well above the norm of 1 time.

d) Percentage of annual loan repayment to total operating expenditure

#### 5.2.7 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the percentage of total annual loan repayment (Capital and Interest) to total operating expenditure must not be more than 10%.

Table 5.6 provides the year to date measurement against the results of 2021/22.

Description	СР	PP
Percentage of annual loan repayments to total operating expenditure	0	0
Annual loan repayments (interest & Capital)	0	0
Total Operating Expenditure	47 810 789	24 398 953,00

#### **5.2.8 Interpretation of Results**

Laingsburg Municipality does not have a high reliance on loans and thus the amounts relating to repayment of loans are low. Thus the ratio will always be favorable. The percentage of annual loan repayment to total operating expenditure is well within the norm of 10%.

#### **5.3 Liquidity policy**

The liquidity policy makes the measurement of the following ratios compulsory:

a) Cash/Cost Coverage Ratio

#### 5.3.1 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The approved policy by Council determines that the Cash/Cost Coverage Ratio (Excluding Unspent Conditional Grants) must be calculated as ((Cash and Cash Equivalents – Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortization, Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets) and that a coverage of 1-3 times is acceptable.

Table 5.7 provides the measurement based on the last month of the quarter measured against the second quarter of 2022/23.

#### **Table 5.7 Cash and Cash Equivalents**

DESCRIPTION	СР	PP
Cash/Cost Coverage Ratio (Times)		
Cash and Cash equivalents	8 534 458	5 484 950
Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure	4 504 693	4 504 693
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Petty Cash and bank Balances	-24 326 535	5 032 967
Less:		
Unspent Conditional Grants	11 073 460	6 539 301
Overdraft	0	0
Plus:		
Short-term investments	451 983	451 983

Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure		
Total average monthly expenditure for the year Less:	15 936 930	8 132 984
Less: Depreciation & Amortisation Provision for bad debt	3 239 466 8 580 847	1 619 733 8 580 847
Impairment and loss on Disposal of Assets	2 247 802	2 247 802
Fair Value Adjustments	0	

#### 5.3.2 Interpretation of Results

The cash/cost coverage ratio is less than the norm of 1-3 times as per liquidity policy and improved from 2021/22 to 2022/23 mainly because of the increase in "Short-term investments".

b) Current ratio

#### 5.3.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The purpose of this ratio is to measure the Municipality's ability to meets its short-term commitments.

The higher the current Ratio, the more capable the Municipality will be to pay its current or short-term obligations and provide for a risk cover to enable it to continue operations at desired levels. A financial ratio under 1 suggests that the Municipality would be unable to pay all its current or short-term obligations if they fall due at any specific point.

If current liabilities exceed current assets, it highlights serious financial challenges and likely liquidity problems i.e. insufficient cash to meet short-term financial obligations. Current assets must therefore be increased to appropriately cover current liabilities otherwise there is a risk that non-current assets will need to be liquidated to settle current liabilities.

The approved policy by Council determines that the current ratio must be between 1.5:1 and 2:1.

Description	СР			PP		
Current Ratio	127,7	79		133,2	24	
Current Assets	631	27	168	278	23	774
Current Liabilities	616	21	260	555	17	843

#### **Table 5.8 Current Assets and Liabilities**

#### **5.3.4 Interpretation of Results**

The municipality operates above the norm set by Council. The ratio improved since the end of the previous year.

The liquidity policy goes a step further and prescribes the calculation formula to determine a minimum liquidity requirement; it differs from the normal generally recognized calculation method as used above.

Table 5.9 provides the measurement method as prescribed in the policy; it measures the year to date results against the results of 2021/22.

Liquidity Requirement Calculation	CP R	PP R
All earmarked and/or conditional grants received but not yet utilised	0	0
Value of the provisions held in cash for the clearing of alien vegetation and the rehabilitation of landfill sites to the extent that these funds are required within the following 5 years	0	0
Value of legally entrenched short term rights and benefits of employees related to Medical benefits & Retirement benefits	388 596	121 000
Unspent Loan Funds	0	0
Funds held for agency services not yet performed	0	0
Reserve funds reflected in Statement of Financial Position that are assumed to be held in cash	22 907 390	23 027 272
Capital redemption and interest payments on external loans not reflected as part of normal operational expenditure	0	0
1 months operational expenditure excluding non-cash items	4 504 693	4 504 693
Consumer Deposits	851 985	845 642
Other Deposits and Other Advance Payments:		
- Retentions	360 087	360 087
- Payments Received in Advance	155 315	155 315
- Other Deposits	158 647	147 454
Non-current Deposits	0	0
Commitments resulting from contracts concluded as part of Capex Programme, not reflected in operational budget	24 685 163	1 685 163

#### Table 5.9 Liquidity Requirement Calculation

#### Table 5.10 Actual Liquidity

Actual available liquidity held [reference paragraph 4.2.]	CP R	PP R	
Bank Balance at e.g.:			
- ABSA, FNB, Standard Bank, Nedbank, Investec, Money Market	-24 326 535	5 032 967	
Bank balance sub total	-24 326 535	5 032 967	
95% of all other term investments with Banks	429 384	429 384	
90% of Market value of all Bonds on the JSE that are held	0	0	
Consumer debtors (current – 60 days)	3 462 824	2 118 692	
Other reserves held in cash not reflected in bank balances mentioned above for e.g.:	0	0	
- Unspent conditional grants	11 073 460	6 539 301	
<ul> <li>Payments received for agency functions not yet performed</li> </ul>	0	0	
- The cash value of reserves held	0	0	
- Cash deposits held as part of loan covenants or ceded	0	0	
- Undrawn bank overdraft facility or committed liquidity lines available	0	0	
TOTAL LIQUIDITY AVAILABLE	-9 360 867	14 120 344	
LIQUIDITY SURPLUS (SHORTFALL)			
SURPLUS THAT COULD BE APPROPRIATED TO CAPITAL REPLACEMENT RESERVE	0	0	

#### **5.3.5 Interpretation of Results**

It is clear from above that the Municipality does meet the minimum level set by the approved policy. The liquidity surplus improved measured against the result of the last financial year.

#### 5.4 Other ratios of importance

The following ratios are important within this quarterly report.

a) Debtors collection period in days

#### 5.4.1 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio reflects the collection period. The debtor days refers to the average number of days required for the Municipality to receive payment from its consumers for bills/invoices issued to them for services.

The ratio is also a good indication of the effectiveness of credit control procedures within the Municipality. If the ratio is above the norm, it indicates that the Municipality is exposed to significant cash flow risk.

This is also an indication that the municipality is experiencing challenges in the collection of outstanding amounts due to it. In addition, this indicates that a significant amount of potential

cash is tied up in consumer debtors and the municipality must improve its revenue and cash flow management.

#### **Table 5.11 Debt Collection**

Description	СР	PP
Debtors collection period (days)		
Consumer debtors * 365	297	358
Rates revenue + Services revenue + Debtors income		

#### **5.4.2 Interpretation of Results**

The municipality does not operate within the norm. The ration has weakened measured against the result of the last financial year. The reason for the increase in the collection period is due to raising of annual rates in the first quarter of the financial year for the financial period as a whole.

b) Level of reliance on government grants

#### 5.4.3 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

The Ratio measures the extent to which the municipality's Expenditure is funded through government grant and subsidies.

No norm is proposed at this time by National Treasury. It must be mentioned that National Treasury does promote a healthy balance of funding sources.

Description	CP		PP		
Level of reliance on government grants	44,05		30,13		
Government Grants and subsidies	27 833,00	915	32 775,00	062	
Total Revenue	51 025,00	157	29 153,00	272	

#### Table 5.12 Grant Reliance

#### **5.4.4 Interpretation of Results**

The results indicate that the municipality is dependent on grant funding to run its normal operations.

b) Implementation of the Capital program

#### 5.4.5 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio measures the extent to which Budgeted Capital Expenditure has been spent during the financial year, under review. Further, this ratio measures the municipality's ability to implement capital projects and monitor the risks associated with non-implementation.

The ratio also assesses whether the municipality has effective controls in place to ensure that expenditure is incurred in accordance with an approved budget. Any variance above 5% indicates discrepancies in planning and budgeting which should be investigated and corrective measures implemented. Under-spending is also an indicator that the Municipality might be experiencing possible cash flow difficulties to implement projects.

Ideally, under-spending should be the result of improved efficiencies and not as a result of non-implementation of programs and/or projects. Overspending may also indicate inaccurate budgeting or poor financial management control.

The norm ranges between 0% and 5% variance

Description	СР	PP
Actual versus Budgeted Capital Expenditure	8 895 765	2 128 328
Actual Capital Expenditure : Budgeted Capital Expenditure	37,01	8,85
Budgeted Capital Expenditure	24 038 508	24 038 508

#### **Table 5.13 Actual Budget Spending**

#### **5.4.6 Interpretation of Results**

The Municipality is functioning within the norm and is on track as per the YTD Budget allocation.

c) Implementation: Operational Revenue

#### 5.4.7 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio measures the extent of actual operating revenue (Excl. Capital Grant Revenue) received in relation to budgeted operating revenue during the financial year, under review.

A ratio outside the norm indicates either a challenge in capacity to implement, ineffective billing and credit control, weakness in compilation of budgets or issues of financial controls and management of the Municipality.

The norm ranges between 0% and 5% variance.

#### 5.4.8 Interpretation of Results

With the conversion from old vote numbers used in the old chart of accounts to the new mSCOA short codes and especially the new mSCOA item segment it was difficult to budget monthly projections for the 2022/2023 budget with no available history on this new chart of accounts. The budget was therefore only divided equally amongst the 12 months on the financial system. The municipality will only have a more reliable budget per month with the next budget period. It can be mentioned that the actual income collection is in line with previous year actual and projected collection rates.

d) Implementation: Operational Expenditure

#### 5.4.9 Purpose/ Use of the Ratio and Norm

This ratio measures the extent to which Budgeted Operating Expenditure has been spent during the financial year, under review. The ratio also assesses whether the municipality has effective controls in place to ensure that expenditure is incurred in accordance with an approved budget. Any variance outside the norm either indicate a challenge in capacity to implement, issues of financial controls and management and/or poor budgeting.

Under-spending normally is an indicator that the Municipality experiences possible cash flow difficulties or capacity challenges to undertake budgeted/ planned service delivery, and/ or does not prepare accurate and credible budgets. Ideally, under-spending should be the result of improved efficiencies and not as a result of non-implementation of programs and/or projects.

Overspending may also indicate inaccurate budgeting or poor financial management control in respect of budget control.

The norm ranges between 0% and 5% variance.

#### Table 5.15 Budget Expenditure

Description			CP			PP	
Actual operating expenditure Budgeted operating expenditure	VS	025	51	157	153	29	272
Actual Expenditure – Budgeted Expenditure		102,8	19		29,44		
Budgeted Expenditure		430	49	721	860	99	442

#### **5.4.10 Interpretation of Results**

The Municipality is functioning outside the norm. With the conversion from old vote numbers used in the old chart of accounts to the new mSCOA short codes and especially the new mSCOA item segment it was difficult to budget monthly projections for the 2022/2023 budget with no available history on this new chart of accounts. The budget was therefore only divided equally amongst the 12 months on the financial system. The municipality will only have a more reliable budget per month with the next budget period.

#### **SECTION 6 - NON - FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REPORT**

#### 6.1 Background

#### 6.1.1 Legislative Requirements

The Municipal Systems Act (MSA), 2000 requires municipalities to establish a performance management system. Further, the MSA and the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) requires the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) to be aligned to the municipal budget and to be monitored for the performance of the budget against the IDP via the Service Delivery and the Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP).

In addition, Regulation 7 (1) of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001 states that "A Municipality's Performance Management System entails a framework that describes and represents how the municipality's cycle and processes of performance planning, monitoring, measurement, review, reporting and improvement will be conducted, organized and managed, including determining the roles of the different role players." Performance management is not only relevant to the organization as a whole, but also to the individuals employed in the organization as well as the external service providers and the Municipal Entities. This framework, inter alia, reflects the linkage between the IDP, Budget, SDBIP and individual and service provider performance.

#### **6.1.2 Definition of Performance Management**

Performance management is a process which measures the implementation of the organization's strategy. It is also a management tool to plan, monitor, measure and review performance indicators to ensure efficiency, effectiveness and the impact of service delivery by the municipality.

#### **6.1.3 Institutionalizing Performance Management**

At local government level performance management is institutionalized through the legislative requirements on the performance management process for Local Government. Performance management provides the mechanism to measure whether the strategic goals, set by the organization and its employees, are met.

The constitution of S.A (1996), section 152, dealing with the objectives of local government paves the way for performance management with the requirements for an "accountable government". The democratic values and principles in terms of section 195 (1) are also linked with the concept of performance management, with reference to the principles of inter alia:

- the promotion of efficient, economic and effective use of resources,
- accountable public administration
- to be transparent by providing information,
- to be responsive to the needs of the community, and
- to facilitate a culture of public service and accountability amongst staff.

#### **6.1.4 Strategic Performance**

This report highlight the strategic performance in terms of the municipality's Top Layer Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP), high level performance in terms of the IDP Strategic objectives, performance on the National Key Performance Indicators prescribed in terms of Regulation 796. Details regarding specific basic service delivery targets, achievements and challenges will be included in the Annual Report of the municipality.

#### 6.1.5 Definition of Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan

The SDBIP is defined in terms of Section 1 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), no. 56 of 2003, and the format of the SDBIP is prescribed by MFMA Circular 13.

Section 41(1) (e) of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA), no 32 of 2000, prescribes that a process must be established of regular reporting to Council.

The Report is a requirement in terms of section 52 of the Local Government: Municipal Financial Management Act, no. 56 of 2003 which provide for:

- a) The Executive Mayor, to submit to council within 30 days of the end of each quarter, a report on the implementation of the budget and financial state of affairs of the municipality;
- b) The Accounting Officer, while conducting the above, must take into account:
  - Section 71 Reports;
  - Performance in line with the Service Delivery & Budget Implementation Plans.

#### 6.1.6 The IDP and the Budget

The Final IDP 2022/2027 and the Final Budget was approved by Council the 30<sup>th</sup> of May 2022. The IDP process and the performance management process are integrated. The IDP fulfills the planning stage of performance management. Performance management in turn, fulfills the implementation management, monitoring and evaluation of the IDP.

#### 6.1.7 Municipal Scorecard

The municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) consolidate service delivery targets set by Council / senior management and provide an overall picture of performance for the municipality as a whole, reflecting performance on its strategic priorities. Components of the Top Layer SDBIP include:

- One-year detailed plan, but should include a three-year capital plan
- The 5 necessary components include:
- Monthly projections of revenue to be collected for each source
- Expected revenue to be collected NOT billed
- Monthly projections of expenditure (operating and capital) and revenue for each vote
- Section 71 format (Monthly budget statements)
- Quarterly projections of service delivery targets and performance indicators for each vote

- Non-financial measurable performance objectives in the form of targets and indicators
- Output not input / internal management objectives
- Level and standard of service being provided to the community
- Ward information for expenditure and service delivery
- Detailed capital project plan broken down by ward over three years

#### 6.1.8 Background to the format of SDBIP

The Municipality's SDBIP consists of a Top Layer (TL) as well as a Departmental Plan for each individual Department. For purposes of reporting, the TL SDBIP is used to report to Council and the Community on the organizational performance of the Municipality. The TL SDBIP measure the achievement of performance indicators with regards to the provision of basic services as prescribed in Section 10 of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations of 2001, National Key Performance Areas and Strategic Objectives as detailed in the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) of the Laingsburg Local Municipality(LLM).

The Top Layer SDBIP was approved by the Mayor on the 13<sup>th</sup> of June 2022. The Departmental SDBIP's measure the achievement of performance indicators that have been determined with regard to operational service delivery within each department and have been aligned with the Top Layer SDBIP. The Departmental Plans have been approved by the Municipal Manager. This Quarterly Performance Assessment Report is based on the seven (7) Strategic Objectives of the municipality.

The overall assessment of actual performance against targets set for the key performance indicators as documented in the SDBIP is illustrated in terms of the following assessment methodology:

Color	Category	Explanation
	KPI Not Yet Measured	KPI's with no targets or actual results for the selected period
	KPI Not Met	Actual vs. target less than 75%
	KPI Almost Met	Actual vs. target between 75% and 100%
	KPI Met	Actual vs. target 100% achieved
	KPI Well Met	Actual vs. target more than 100% and less than 150% achieved

KPI Extremely Well Actual vs. target more than 150% achieved Met

#### Table 3.1: SDBIP Measurement Categories

The Performance Management System is an internet based system and it uses the Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) which is approved as its basis. The SDBIP is a layered plan comprising Top Layer SDBIP and Departmental SDBIPs. The performance reporting on the top layer SDBIP is done to Council on a quarterly, half yearly (Mid-year Budget and Performance Assessment Report) and annual basis. Annual amendments to the Top Layer SDBIP must be approved by Council following the submission of the Mid-year Budget and Performance Assessment Report as well as the approved adjustment budget.

This non-financial part of the report is based on the Top Layer SDBIP and comprises the following;

- Summary of the quarterly performance of the Municipality in terms of the seven
   (7) Municipal Strategic Objective; and
- A detailed performance review per Municipal directorate.

#### **6.1.9 Monitoring and Evaluation**

The performance is monitored and evaluated via the SDBIP system. The web based system sent automated e-mails to the users of the system as a reminder to all staff responsible for updating their actual performance against key performance indicator targets every month for the previous month's performance.

The system closes every month between the 10th to the 18th day for updates of the previous month's actual performance as a control measure to ensure that performance is updated and monitored on a monthly basis. No access is available to a month's performance indicators after closure of the system. This is to ensure that the level of performance is consistent for a particular period in the various levels at which reporting take place. Departments must motivate to the Municipal Manager should they require the system to be re-opened once the system is closed.

The system provides management information in tables and graphs, indicating actual performance against targets. The graphs provide a good indication of performance progress

and where corrective action is required.

The system requires key performance indicator owners to update performance comment for each actual captured, which provides a clear indication of how the actual was calculated/ reached and serves as part of the portfolio of evidence for audit purposes.

In terms of Section 46(1) (a) (iii) of the Municipal Systems Act the Municipality must reflect annually in the Annual Performance Report on measures taken to improve performance, in other words targets not achieved. The system utilised requires corrective actions to be captured for targets not achieved.

#### 6.2 Actual Performance for the 1st Quarter

The purpose of strategic performance reporting is to report specifically on the implementation and achievement of IDP outcomes. This section provides an overview on the strategic achievement of the municipality in terms of the strategic intent and deliverables achieved as stated in the IDP. The Top Layer (strategic) SDBIP is the municipality's strategic plan and shows the strategic alignment between the different documents. (IDP, Budget and Performance Agreements)

The Top Layer SDBIP contains performance indicators per Municipal Key Performance Area and comments with corrective measures with regard to indicators not achieved. A detailed analysis of actual performance for the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of the financial year 2022/2023 is provided for in section 6 of this report.

Overall performance (dashboard) per National and Municipal Key Performance Area will be provided for in this report.

#### 6.2.1 Overall Performance of the Municipality

The following graphs illustrate the overall performance of the LLM measured in terms of the Top Layer (strategic) SDBIP 2022/2023(2<sup>nd</sup> quarter).

The performance is also measured and reported on; per National and Municipal Key Performance Area.



Departmental KPI Report Diagram 6.1 Departmental KPI's Reformance

\* Excludes 78 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

The following graphs and tables give an overview on Top Level performance per Pre-Determined Objective(PDO's) for the term under review (01 October 2022 to 31 December 2022)



<sup>\*</sup> Excludes 19 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

The following table shows the top level key performance indicators (KPIs), what the target were for each KPI and what the actual performance was for the quarter.

Table 6.1 Top layer SDBIP 2022/23 Financial Year (Quarter ending December 2022)

## Laingsburg Municipality

### 2022-2023: Top Layer KPI Report

Ref	Responsible Directorate	Provincial Objectives	Pre- determined Objective	KPI Name	Description of Unit of Measurement	n of Calculati Municipal Quarter ending December on Type KPA Quarter Quarter ending December December 2022 Quarter				Performa arter endi mber 202 arter endi ember 20	ng 2 to ng		
								Target	Actual	R	Target	Actual	R
TL148	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Limit the vacancy rate to less than 10% of budgeted posts by 30 June 2023 [(Number of posts filled/Total number of budgeted posts)x100]	% vacancy rate of budgeted posts by 30 June 2023	Reverse Last Value	Institutional Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

TL149	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	The percentage of the Municipality's personnel budget actually spent on implementing its workplace skills plan by 30 June 2023 [(Actual amount spent on training/total operational budget)x100]	% of the Municipality's personnel budget on implementing its workplace skills plan by 30 June 2023	Last Value	Institutional Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL150	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Achieve a debtor payment percentage of 65% by 30 June 2023 [(Gross Debtors Opening Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Closing Balance - Bad Debts Written Off)/Billed Revenue x 100]	% debtor payment achieved	Last Value	Financial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL151	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal electrical infrastructure	Number of residential properties which are billed for electricity or have prepaid	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	863	896	G2	863	896	G2

				network (credit and prepaid electrical metering)(Excludi ng Eskom areas) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023	meters (Excluding Eskom areas) as at 30 June 2023								
TL152	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties that receive piped water (credit and prepaid water metering) that is connected to the municipal water infrastructure network and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023	Number of residential properties which are billed for water	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	1 338	1 336	0	1 338	1 336	0
TL153	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal waste water sanitation/sewer age network for sewerage service, irrespective of the number of	Number of residential properties which are billed for sewerage	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	1 296	1 294	0	1 296	1 294	0

				water closets (toilets) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023									
TL154	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Number of formal residential properties for which refuse is removed once per week and billed for the service as at 30 June 2023	Number of residential properties which are billed for refuse removal	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	1 346	1 341	0	1 346	1 341	0
TL155	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free 50kWh electricity to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic electricity	Last Value	Social Development	464	456	0	464	456	0
TL156	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free 6kl water to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic water	Last Value	Social Development	743	617	0	743	617	Ο
TL157	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free basic sanitation to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic sanitation services	Last Value	Social Development	731	613	Ο	731	613	Ο

TL158	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Provide free basic refuse removal to indigent households as at 30 June 2023	Number of households receiving free basic refuse removal services	Last Value	Social Development	753	630	Ο	753	630	0
TL159	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet its service debt obligations at 30 June 2023 [(Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / (Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant) x 100]	Debt coverage ratio as at 30 June 2023	Reverse Last Value	Financial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

TL160	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial viability measured in % in terms of the total amount of outstanding service debtors in comparison with total revenue received for services at 30 June 2023 [(Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services)x 100]	% outstanding service debtors at 30 June 2023	Reverse Last Value	Financial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL161	Finance and Administration	Innovation and Culture	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial viability measured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure at 30 June 2023 [(Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment /	Cost coverage ratio as at 30 June 2023	Last Value	Financial Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

				Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortisation, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets)]									
TL162	Municipal Manager	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	The number of people from employment equity target groups employed (to be appointed) by 30 June 2023 in the three highest levels of management in compliance with the equity plan	Number of people employed (to be appointed) by 30 June 2023	Accumula tive	Institutional Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
TL163	Municipal Manager	Growth and Jobs	Promote local economic development	Create job opportunities through EPWP and LED projects by 30 June 2023	Number of job opportunities created by 30 June 2023	Accumula tive	Local Economic Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
TL164	Municipal Manager	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a	Develop a Risk Based Audit Plan for 2023/24 and submit to the Audit Committee	RBAP submitted to the Audit Committee by 30 June 2023	Carry Over	Institutional Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
			professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	for consideration by 30 June 2023									
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TL165	Municipal Manager	Growth and Jobs	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	The percentage of the municipal capital budget actually spent on capital projects by 30 June 2023 [(Amount actually spent on capital projects/ Amount budgeted for capital projects)x100]	% of capital budget spent on capital projects	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2
TL166	Municipal Manager	Innovation and Culture	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Develop and distribute at least two municipal newsletters by 30 June 2023	Number of municipal newsletters developed and distributed	Accumula tive	Institutional Development	1	1	G	1	1	G
TL167	Community Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Developing a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable	Review the Disaster Management Plan and submit	Reviewed Disaster Management Plan	Carry Over	Unspecified	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

			environment for communities	to Council by 31 March 2023	submitted to Council by 31 March 2023								
TL168	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Spend 75% of the electricity maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL169	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Spend 75% of the water maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL170	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural	Spend 75% of the sewerage maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

			resources	expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]									
TL171	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Spend 75% of the refuse removal maintenance budget by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure on maintenance divided by the total approved maintenance budget)x100]	% of the maintenance budget spent	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL172	Infrastructure Services	Innovation and Culture	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Limit the % electricity unaccounted for to less than 10% by 30 June 2023 [(Number of Electricity Units Purchased - Number of Electricity Units Sold) / Number of Electricity Units Purchased ) × 100]	% electricity unaccounted for by 30 June	Reverse Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

TL173	Infrastructure Services	Innovation and Culture	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Limit unaccounted for water to less than 30% by 30 June 2023 [(Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified - Number of Kilolitres Water Sold) / Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified × 100]	% of water unaccounted	Reverse Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
TL174	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	95% of water samples comply with SANS241 micro biological indicators [(Number of water samples that comply with SANS241 indicators/Numb er of water samples tested)x100]	% of water samples compliant	Last Value	Environmenta I & Spatial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A

TL175	Infrastructure Services	Growth and Jobs	Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	95% of effluent samples comply with permit values in terms of SANS 242 by 30 June 2023 [(Number of effluent samples that comply with permit	% of effluent samples compliant	Last Value	Environmenta I & Spatial Development	0.00%	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	0.00%	N/A
				values/Number of effluent samples tested)x100]									
TL176	Infrastructure Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	95% of the approved project budget spent on the Storm Water Conveyance in the Laingsburg Municipality area by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x100]	% of budget spent by 30 June 2023	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2	40.00 %	42.00 %	G2

TL177	Infrastructure Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	95% of the approved project budget spent on Waste Water Reticulation in Matjiesforntein by 30 June 2023 [(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x100]	% of budget spent by 30 June 2023	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	40.00 %	48.00 %	G2	40.00 %	48.00 %	G2
TL178	Infrastructure Services	Safe and Cohesive Communiti es	Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Upgrade the Waste Water Treatment Works (WWTW) in Matjiesfontein by 30 June 2023	Number of WWTW upgraded	Last Value	Infrastructure Development	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A

# **Overall Summary**

# of Results

N/A	KPI Not Yet	KPIs with	19	
	Applicable	no targets		
		or actuals		
		in the		
		selected		
		period.		
R	KPI Not Met	0% <=	0	
		Actual/Tar		
		get <=		

74.999%	
O KPI Almost 75.000%	7
Met <=	
Actual/Tar	
get <=	
99.999%	
G KPI Met Actual	1
meets	
Target	
(Actual/Tar	
get =	
100%)	
G2 KPI Well Met 100.001%	4
<=	
Actual/Tar	
get <=	
149.999%	
B KPI Extremely 150.000%	0
Well Met <=	
Actual/Tar	
get	
0	

#### SECTION 7 – IN-YEAR BUDGET STATEMENT TABLES

The tables included in section 4 of this report are from the C Schedule Monthly Budget Statements legislated as part of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations (MBRR) and reflects the figures of last month of the quarter. All material variances, in other words variances of more than 10%, regarding the financial performance as per table C4; Capital expenditure table as per C5; Financial Position as per table C6 and/or Cash flow as per tableC7 are listed with reasons and remedial/corrective measures in table SC1 following table C7.

Table C1	: Moi	nthly	Budget	t State	ment S	Summai	y

	2020/21			,	Budget Year	2022/23		,	
Description	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
R thousands	Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance %	Forecast
Financial Performance									
Property rates	4 657	5 334	-	(9)	5 133	2 667	2 466	92%	5 334
Service charges	22 834	26 075	-	5 428	10 674	13 038	(2 364)	-18%	26 075
Investment revenue	423	340	_	101	193	170	23	14%	340
Transfers and subsidies	24 563	25 082	-	6 662	15 706	12 541	3 165	25%	25 082
Other own revenue	28 474	42 612	-	9 703	19 451	21 306	(1 855)	-9%	42 612
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers	80 953	99 443	-	21 885	51 157	49 721	1 436	3%	99 443
and contributions)									
Employ ee costs	29 885	31 059	-	8 332	15 843	15 529	314	2%	31 059
Remuneration of Councillors	3 172	3 300	-	905	1 690	1 650	40	2%	3 300
Depreciation & asset impairment	9 305	7 219	-	1 620	3 239	3 609	(370)	-10%	7 219
Finance charges	2 996	953	-	0	0	477	(477)	-100%	953
Materials and bulk purchases	14 326	16 229	-	2 733	7 021	8 114	(1 094)	-13%	16 229
Transfers and subsidies	181	356	-	8	10	178	(167)	-94%	356
Other expenditure	41 424	50 770	-	9 813	20 006	25 385	(5 379)	-21%	50 770
Total Expenditure	101 289	109 885	-	23 412	47 811	54 943	(7 132)	-13%	109 885
Surplus/(Deficit)	(20 336)	(10 443)	-	(1 527)	3 346	(5 221)	8 568	-164%	(10 443
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary alloc		23 887	-	6 755	8 863	11 943	(3 080)	-26%	23 887
Contributions & Contributed assets		-	-	-		-	· _ /		-
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722	5 488	82%	13 444
contributions	(* **=)					• • • • •			
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	-	-	_	_	_	_	_		_
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year	(7 432)	13 444	_	5 228	12 210	6 722	5 488	82%	13 444
	( - )	-							-
Capital expenditure & funds sources		24 039		5 707	0.000	40.040	(2 4 2 2)	260/	24.020
Capital expenditure	-		-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039
Capital transfers recognised	-	23 887	-	5 727	8 855	11 943	(3 088)	-26%	23 887
Public contributions & donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Borrowing	-	_ 152	-	-	- 41	- 76	- (25)	-47%	-
Internally generated funds	-	24 039	-	- 5 727	8 896	12 019	(35)	-47%	152 24 039
Total sources of capital funds	-	24 039	-	5121	0 090	12 0 19	(3 123)	-20%	24 039
Financial position									
Total current assets	17 339	24 241	-		27 169				24 241
Total non current assets	214 618	217 762	-		220 278				217 762
Total current liabilities	16 393	31 729	-		21 261				31 729
Total non current liabilities	24 797	14 288	-		24 797				14 288
Community wealth/Equity	198 199	195 985	-		201 389				195 985
Cash flows									
Net cash from (used) operating	23 187	25 145	-	8 146	18 469	14 130	(4 338)	-31%	28 261
Net cash from (used) investing	(7 866)	(23 887)	-	(6 767)	(7 458)	(16 018)	(8 561)	53%	(32 036
Net cash from (used) financing	(46)	(3)	-	(24)	(43)	(2)		-2364%	(3
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year end	3 090	13 593	-	-	8 534	10 448	1 914	18%	(6 213
Debtors & creditors analysis	0-30 Days	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121-150 Dys	151-180 Dys	181 Dys-	Over 1Yr	Total
	*****						1 Yr		
Debtors Age Analysis	0.000	525		1 000	204	207	7 404		40 500
Total By Income Source	2 928	535	414	1 680	301	307	7 434	-	13 599
Creditors Age Analysis	767	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	767
Total Creditors									

# Table C2: Financial Performance (Functional Classification)

		2020/21				Budget Year 2				
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Yea
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecas
R thousands	1								%	
Revenue - Functional										
Governance and administration		38 062	52 542	-	13 415	28 812	26 271	2 541	10%	34 5
Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2 5
Finance and administration		38 062	52 542	-	13 415	28 812	26 271	2 541	10%	32 0
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Community and public safety		1 723	1 645	-	410	816	822	(7)	-1%	34 1
Community and social services		1 702	1 626	-	407	810	813	(3)	0%	12
Sport and recreation		2	4	-	-	-	2	(2)	-100%	
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1		32 8
Housing		16	15	-	3	6	7	(1)	-18%	
Health		3	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic and environmental services		6 163	3 446	-	156	970	1 723	(753)	-44%	1 30
Planning and development		2 054	1 149	-	52	323	574	(251)	-44%	-
Road transport		4 108	2 298	-	104	647	1 149	(502)	-44%	1 30
Environmental protection		-	-	-	_	-	-	-		-
Trading services		27 563	31 411	-	5 775	12 063	15 706	(3 643)	-23%	24 6
Energy sources		16 939	19 733	-	3 616	7 453	9 867	(2 414)	-24%	15 4
Water management		4 313	4 997	_	909	1 766	2 498	(732)	-29%	4 0
Waste water management		3 271	3 391	-	616	1 403	1 695	(292)	-17%	2 7
Waste management		3 039	3 290	_	633	1 441	1 645	(204)		2 3
Other	4	-	- 0 200	_	-	_	-	(201)	12/0	200
Total Revenue - Functional	2	73 510	89 044	-	19 756	42 661	44 522	(1 861)	-4%	94 63
Expenditure - Functional								, í		
Governance and administration		32 138	36 051	_	6 874	13 392	18 026	(4 634)	-26%	28 2
Executive and council		8 562	8 201	_	2 116	4 050	4 101	1	-20 %	<b>20 2</b> 9 6
			27 850				13 925	(50)		
Finance and administration Internal audit		23 576		-	4 759	9 341		(4 584)	-33%	18 5
		-	-		-	-	-	- (104)	00/	-
Community and public safety		1 740	2 313	-	558	1 052	1 157	(104)	-9%	36 2
Community and social services		1 366	1 620	-	422	780	810	(30)	-4%	2 1
Sport and recreation		248	518	-	114	219	259	(40)	-15%	
Public safety		51	107	-	22	48	54	(6)	-11%	33 7
Housing		72	25	-	-	6	12	(6)	-49%	2
Health		3	43	-	(1)	(1)	21	(22)	-105%	
Economic and environmental services		38 569	36 398	-	9 271	20 140	18 199	1 941	11%	35
Planning and development		14 277	13 794	-	3 577	7 597	6 897	700	10%	13
Road transport		24 291	22 604	-	5 694	12 543	11 302	1 241	11%	2 2
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Trading services		27 552	27 151	-	5 016	11 136	13 576	(2 440)	-18%	26 0
Energy sources		12 943	15 514	-	2 706	6 753	7 757	(1 004)	-13%	9 2
Water management		4 825	5 299	-	1 221	2 282	2 650	(368)	-14%	2 9
Waste water management		3 282	3 413	-	695	1 275	1 707	(432)	-25%	12 1
Waste management		6 502	2 924	-	394	826	1 462	(636)	-44%	16
Other		375	464	-	89	189	232	(43)	-19%	
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	100 374	102 378	-	21 808	45 908	51 189	(5 281)	-10%	94 0
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year		(26 864)	(13 334)	-	(2 052)	(3 247)	(6 667)	3 420	-51%	5

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C2 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Performance (functional classification) - Q2 Second Quarter

# Table C3: Financial Performance (Revenue and Expenditure by Municipal Vote)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C3 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) - Q2 Second Quarter

Vote Description		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
	<b>D</b> .4	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
	Ref	Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands			· ·	Ŭ			Ŭ		%	
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - MAYORAL & COUNCIL		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Vote 2 - MUNICIPAL MANAGER		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Vote 3 - CORPORATE SERVICES		2 963	2 853	_	646	1 320	1 427	(107)	-7,5%	2 853
Vote 4 - BUDGET & TREASURY		35 098	49 689	-	12 769	27 492	24 844	2 648	10.7%	49 689
Vote 5 - PLANNING AND DEVEOLPMENT		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,	-
Vote 6 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV		1 703	1 626	-	407	810	813	(3)	-0,4%	1 626
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION		2	4	-	_	-	2	(2)	8	4
Vote 8 - HOUSING		16	15	-	3	6	7	(1)	8	15
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY		24 456	36 583	-	8 988	18 006	18 291	(285)	-1,6%	36 583
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT		2 054	1 149	-	52	323	574	(251)	-43,7%	1 149
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT		3 039	3 290	-	633	1 441	1 645	(204)	-12,4%	3 290
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT		3 271	3 391	-	616	1 403	1 695	(292)	-17,2%	3 391
Vote 13 - WATER		4 313	4 997	-	909	1 766	2 498	(732)	-29,3%	4 997
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY		16 939	19 733	-	3 616	7 453	9 867	(2 414)	-24,5%	19 733
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Revenue by Vote	2	93 856	123 329	-	28 640	60 021	61 665	(1 644)	-2,7%	123 329
Expenditure by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - MAYORAL & COUNCIL		5 090	5 116	-	1 228	2 384	2 436	(52)	-2,1%	4 871
Vote 2 - MUNICIPAL MANAGER		3 472	3 086	-	888	1 666	1 543	124	8,0%	3 086
Vote 3 - CORPORATE SERVICES		8 046	10 103	-	2 111	3 580	5 051	(1 471)	-29,1%	10 103
Vote 4 - BUDGET & TREASURY		15 891	18 197	_	2 736	5 935	9 099	(3 164)		18 197
Vote 5 - PLANNING AND DEVEOLPMENT		711	831	_	244	442	415	27	6,4%	831
Vote 6 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV		1 367	1 642	-	422	779	821	(42)		1 642
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION		262	533	_	114	234	266	(32)	x · .	533
Vote 8 - HOUSING		72	25	_	_	6	12	(6)	-48,7%	25
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY		26 493	31 161	-	7 806	15 376	15 581	(204)	-1,3%	31 161
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT		12 146	11 302	-	2 847	6 271	5 651	620	11,0%	11 302
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT		6 502	2 924	-	394	826	1 462	(636)		2 924
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT		3 282	3 413	-	695	1 275	1 707	(432)	-25,3%	3 413
Vote 13 - WATER		4 825	5 299	-	1 221	2 282	2 650	(368)		5 299
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY		12 943	15 514	-	2 706	6 753	7 757	(1 004)	-12,9%	15 514
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-		-	-	-		-
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	101 101	109 146	-	23 412	47 811	54 451	(6 640)	-12,2%	108 902
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year	2	(7 245)	14 184	-	5 228	12 210	7 214	4 996	69,3%	14 428

# Table C4: Financial Performance (Revenue and Expenditure)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C4 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands			°,	Ŭ			Ŭ		%	
Revenue By Source										
Property rates		4 657	5 334	-	(9)	5 133	2 667	2 466	92%	5 334
Service charges - electricity revenue		15 637	18 449	-	3 524	7 093	9 224	(2 131)	-23%	18 449
Service charges - water revenue		3 088	3 416	-	817	1 395	1 708	(314)	-18%	3 416
Service charges - sanitation revenue		2 079	2 071	-	531	1 054	1 036	19	2%	2 071
Service charges - refuse revenue		2 030	2 139	-	556	1 131	1 069	62	6%	2 139
Service charges - other		-	-	-		-	-	-		-
Rental of facilities and equipment		1 795	1 755	-	395	890	877	12	1%	1 755
Interest earned - external investments		423	340	-	101	193	170	23	14%	340
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		735	748	-	226	402	374	28	8%	748
Dividends received		-	-	-		-	-	-		-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		23 990	35 642	-	8 950	17 917	17 821	96	1%	35 642
Licences and permits		467	942	-	38	89	471	(382)	-81%	942
Agency services		194	210	-	50	101	105	(4)	-4%	210
Transfers and subsidies		24 563	25 082	-	6 662	15 706	12 541	3 165	25%	25 082
Other revenue		1 293	3 309	-	45	52	1 655	(1 602)	-97%	3 309
Gains on disposal of PPE		-	6	-	-	-	3	(3)	-100%	6
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and		80 953	99 443	-	21 885	51 157	49 721	1 436	3%	99 443
contributions)										
Expenditure By Type										
		00.005	24.050		0.000	45.042	45 500	244		24.050
Employee related costs		29 885	31 059	-	8 332	15 843	15 529	314	2%	31 059
Remuneration of councillors		3 172	3 300	-	905	1 690	1 650	40	2%	3 300
Debt impairment		24 642	29 471	-	6 599	13 197	14 735	(1 538)	-10%	29 471
Depreciation & asset impairment		9 305	7 219	-	1 620	3 239	3 609	(370)	-10%	7 219
Finance charges		2 996	953	-	0	0	477	(477)	-100%	953
Bulk purchases		11 735	12 600	-	2 139	5 931	6 300	(369)	-6%	12 600
Other materials		2 591	3 629	-	595	1 090	1 814	(724)	-40%	3 629
Contracted services		5 966	8 150	-	1 531	3 135	4 079	(944)	-23%	8 175
Transfers and subsidies		181	356	_	8	10	178	(167)	-94%	356
Other expenditure		10 961	13 150	_	1 684	3 675	6 571	(2 896)	-44%	13 125
•			10 100		1 004	0010		(2 000)		10 120
Loss on disposal of PPE		(146)	-	-	-	-	-	-	400/	-
Total Expenditure	ļ	101 289	109 885	-	23 412	47 811	54 943	(7 132)	-13%	109 885
Surplus/(Deficit) mansiers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations)		(20 336)	(10 443)	-	(1 527)	3 346	(5 221)	8 568	(0)	(10 443
(National / Provincial and District)		12 904	23 887	-	6 755	8 863	11 943	(3 080)	(0)	23 887
(National / Provincial Departmental Agencies,										
Households, Non-profit Institutions, Private Enterprises,										
Public Corporatons, Higher Educational Institutions)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)										
		(7,400)	42 444		- 5 000	40.040	- c 700	-		40.444
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444
contributions										
Taxation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-		-	-			-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		(7 432)	13 444	-	5 228	12 210	6 722			13 444
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate			_	-	_	_	_			_
	÷	(7 432)	13 444		5 228	12 210	6 722		****	13 444

The Municipality has generated 50% or R49 721 million of the Budgeted Revenue to date which is lower than the budgeted amounts. The largest part of the grants received forms part of the Equitable Share Allocation for the financial year.

# Table C5: Capital Expenditure (Municipal Vote, Standard Classification and Funding)

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C5 Monthly Budget Statement - Capital Expenditure (municipal vote, functional classification and funding) - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21 Budget Year 2022/23										
Vote Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year		
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast		
R thousands	1								%			
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION		-	20	-	-	12	10	2	20%	20		
Vote 8 - HOUSING		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT		-	6 559	-	1 399	2 634	3 279	(646)	-20%	6 559		
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT		-	17 460	-	4 328	6 250	8 730	(2 480)	-28%	17 460		
Vote 13 - WATER		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Total Capital single-year expenditure	4	-	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039		
Total Capital Expenditure	ļ	-	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039		
Capital Expenditure - Functional Classification												
Governance and administration		-	-	_	-	_	_	-		-		
Executive and council		-	-	_	-	-	-	-		-		
Finance and administration		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Internal audit		-	-	_	-	_	-	-		-		
Community and public safety		-	52	-	-	32	26	6	24%	52		
Community and social services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Sport and recreation		-	52	-	-	32	26	6	24%	52		
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Economic and environmental services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Planning and dev elopment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Road transport		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Trading services		-	23 987	-	5 727	8 863	11 993	(3 130)	-26%	23 987		
Energy sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Waste water management		-	23 987	-	5 727	8 863	11 993	(3 130)	-26%	23 987		
Waste management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional Classification	3	-	24 039	-	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039		
Funded by:												
National Gov ernment		-	23 887	-	5 727	8 855	11 943	(3 088)	-26%	23 887		
Provincial Government		-	_	-	-	-	_	-		-		
District Municipality		-	_	_	-	_	_	-		-		
Other transfers and grants		-	_	-	-	-	_	-		-		
Transfers recognised - capital		_	23 887	-	5 727	8 855	11 943	(3 088)	-26%	23 887		
Public contributions & donations	5	-	-	_	_	_	_	-		-		
Borrowing	6	-	_	_	-	_	_	-		-		
Internally generated funds		-	152	_	_	41	76	(35)	-47%	152		
Total Capital Funding		-	24 039	_	5 727	8 896	12 019	(3 123)	-26%	24 039		

#### **Table C6: Financial Position**

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C6 Monthly Budget Statement - Financial Position - Q2 Second Quarter

		2020/21		Budget Ye	ar 2022/23	
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	YearTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	Forecast
R thousands	1					
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets						
Cash		2 638	11 818	-	8 082	11 818
Call investment deposits		452	1 775	-	452	1 775
Consumer debtors		3 484	(2 418)	-	4 413	(2 418
Other debtors		10 459	12 425	-	13 917	12 425
Current portion of long-term receivables		-	-	-	-	-
Inventory		306	641	-	304	641
Total current assets		17 339	24 241	-	27 169	24 241
Non current assets						
Long-term receivables		14	14	-	18	14
Investments		-	-	-	-	-
Investment property		23 414	23 416	-	23 414	23 416
Investments in Associate		-	-	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment		191 116	194 086	-	196 181	194 086
Agricultural		-	-	-	-	-
Biological		-	-	-	-	-
Intangible		30	202	-	622	202
Other non-current assets		43	43	-	43	43
Total non current assets		214 618	217 762	-	220 278	217 762
TOTAL ASSETS		231 957	242 003	-	247 447	242 003
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Bank overdraft		-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing		-	-	-	-	-
Consumer deposits		850	802	-	852	802
Trade and other pay ables		12 536	7 501	-	17 535	7 501
Provisions		3 008	23 426	-	2 873	23 426
Total current liabilities		16 393	31 729	-	21 261	31 729
Non current liabilities						
Borrow ing		3	1	-	3	1
Provisions		24 794	14 287	_	24 794	14 287
Total non current liabilities		24 797	14 288	-	24 797	14 288
TOTAL LIABILITIES		41 190	46 017	-	46 058	46 017
NET ASSETS	2	190 767	195 985	_	201 389	195 98
COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY						
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		198 199	195 985	_	201 389	195 985
Reserves		-	-	_		-
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	2	198 199	195 985		201 389	195 985

Explanatory notes to Table C6 – Financial Position

# **Current Assets**

It must be noted that the classification requirements (As per the tables in Section 4) as prescribe by National Treasury. The current assets amounted to R 27 169 mil as at 31 December 2022 (R 23 774 mil as at 30 September 2022), the classification below complies with the GRAP disclosure format.

#### **Non-Current Assets**

The classification requirements are almost aligned to the GRAP requirements. The depreciation and amortization run on all applicable capital assets still needs to be performed.

#### **Current Liabilities**

Current Liabilities are those liabilities of the municipality due and payable in the short-term (less than 12 months). Current Liabilities amounted to R 21 261 mil as at 31 December 2022 (R 17 844 million as at 30 September 2022).

#### **Non-Current Liabilities**

The non-current provisions are created in order to enable the municipality to be in a position to fulfill its known legal obligations when they become due and payable. Non -current provisions, National Treasury's budget formats do not provide for a line item where non-current deposits can be accounted for and thus was included in non-current provisions.

#### **Community wealth/Equity**

The reserves amount is represented by the Capital Replacement Reserve as at 31 December 2022 amounted to R 0 (R 0 as at 30 September 2022).

The Capital Replacement Reserve is a cash-backed reserve established to enable the municipality to finance future capital expenditure. Cash contributions, depending on the availability thereof, are made annually to the reserve. The municipality is not able to finance its annual infrastructure capital program by means of this reserve.

# Table C7: Cash Flow

		2020/21 Budget Year 2022/23									
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year	
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast	
R thousands	1								%		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Property rates		-	5 407	-	1 150	3 077	4 261	(1 184)	-28%	8 522	
Service charges		3 569	33 557	-	6 026	12 233	16 778	(4 545)	-27%	33 557	
Other revenue		1 284	13 091	-	3 341	6 025	6 545	(520)	-8%	13 091	
Gov ernment - operating		21 054	25 082	-	7 102	18 793	12 541	6 253	50%	25 082	
Government - capital		-	23 887	-	10 899	15 190	11 943	3 246	27%	23 887	
Interest		-	340	-	71	124	170	(46)	-27%	340	
Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		(2 721)	(76 217)	-	(20 444)	(36 973)	(38 109)	(1 135)	3%	(76 217	
Finance charges		-	-	-	(0)	(0)	-	0	#DIV/0!	-	
Transfers and Grants		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		23 187	25 145	-	8 146	18 469	14 130	(4 338)	-31%	28 261	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Payments											
Capital assets		(7 866)	(23 887)	-	(6 767)	(7 458)	(16 018)	(8 561)	53%	(32 036	
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(7 866)	(23 887)	-	(6 767)	(7 458)	(16 018)	(8 561)	53%	(32 036	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Short term loans		_	_	_	_	-	_	_		-	
Borrowing long term/refinancing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		<u>_</u>	
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		(46)	(3)	_	(24)	(43)	(2)	(41)	2364%	(3	
Payments		(/	(-)		(= -)	(/	(-/	(,		(-	
Repayment of borrowing		_	_	_	_	-	_	_		-	
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(46)	(3)	-	(24)	(43)	(2)	41	-2364%	(3	
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		15 275	1 255	-	1 355	10 968	(1 890)			(3 779	
Cash/cash equivalents at beginning:		(12 186)	12 338	_		(2 434)	12 338			(2 434	
Cash/cash equivalents at worth/year end:		3 090	13 593			8 534	12 330			(6 213	

WC051 Laingsburg - Table C7 Monthly Budget Statement - Cash Flow - Q2 Second Quarter

The Municipality started off with a cash flow balance of R 12 338 million at the  $2^{nd}$  quarter of the year and increased it with R 1 255 000. The closing balance for this quarter is R 13 593 million. The increase in cash flow is due to the receipt of the operational grants. The Municipal Cash flow is mainly from Operating Activities as no Borrowing or Investments are budgeted for the 2022/2023 financial year.

# Table SC1 Material variance explanations

Ref	Description			
	R thousands	Variance	Reasons for material deviations	Remedial or corrective steps/remarks
	R thousands Revenue By Source			
	Property rates	2 466	property rates are levied during July for the FY	Will smooth out during the FY
	Service charges - electricity revenue		Incorrect billing journal correction done	Correcting journals will be passed
	Service charges - water revenue		Incorrect billing journal correction done	Correcting journals will be passed
		(- )	<b>31</b>	
2	Expenditure By Type			
	Debt impairment	(1 538)	Year end journals not processed	Will be passed at year end
	Depreciation & asset impairment	(370)	Year end journals not processed	Will be passed at year end
	Other ex penditure	(2 896)	Will be investigated	Corrections will be done if necessary
3	<u>Capital Expenditure</u>	(0.100)		
	Waste water management	(2 480)	Project only started and in beginning phase	Will accelarate during the year
	0	-	0	0
4	Financial Position			
· ·	Consumer debtors	1 995	Currently the impaiment of traffic fines is included	mSCOA adjustments will balance asset groups
				······································
5	Cash Flow			
	Property rates		Property rates are paid in installments	Will smooth out during the FY
	Service charges		Seasonal movement	Will smooth out during the FY
	Capital assets	(8 561)	The waste water project in Matjiesfontein has started late	Project is running on schedule
6	Measureable performance			
	0	-	0	0
7	Municipal Entities			
'				

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC1 Material variance explanations - Q2 Second Quarter

# **SECTION 8 – DEBTOR ANALYSIS**

Table SC3 provides an age analysis of consumer debtors as at 31 December 2022.

# **Table SC3 Debtors Analysis**

Description							Budget	Year 2022/23					
R thousands	NT Code	0-30 Days	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121-150 Dys	151-180 Dys	181 Dys-1 Yr	Over 1Yr	Total	Total over 90 davs	Debts Written	Impairment - Bad Debts i.t.o Council Policy
Debtors Age Analysis By Income Source													
Trade and Other Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Water	1200	294	97	81	67	66	63	1 089	-	1 757	1 284	- 1	-
Trade and Other Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Electricity	1300	1 077	147	90	65	47	25	621	-	2 071	757	- 1	-
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions - Property Rates	1400	1 012	79	64	1 397	51	49	2 864	-	5 516	4 361	- 1	-
Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Waste Water Management	1500	208	84	68	59	54	58	1 132	-	1 662	1 303	- 1	-
Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Waste Management	1600	236	75	60	51	47	40	645	-	1 155	783	- 1	-
Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Property Rental Debtors	1700	94	51	49	39	35	70	974	-	1 312	1 119	- 1	-
Interest on Arrear Debtor Accounts	1810	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	-
Recoverable unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure	1820	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	-
Other	1900	6	2	3	1	1	2	110	-	126	115	-	-
Total By Income Source	2000	2 928	535	414	1 680	301	307	7 434	-	13 599	9 722	-	-
2019/20 - totals only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-		
Debtors Age Analysis By Customer Group													
Organs of State	2200	165	52	40	316	26	20	733	-	1 352	1 095	-	-
Commercial	2300	1 494	179	125	1 135	72	90	2 573	-	5 668	3 870	-	-
Households	2400	1 270	304	249	229	202	197	4 128	-	6 580	4 758	-	-
Other	2500									-	-	-	-
Total By Customer Group	2600	2 928	535	414	1 680	301	307	7 434	-	13 599	9 722	-	-

Table C6 (Statement of Financial Position) as at 31 December 2022 shows the total outstanding debtors is R 13, 599 million.



The graph below illustrates the aged consumer debt analysis at 31 December 2022 date.

The graph indicates that the outstanding debt are increasing on a monthly basis but it is slightly higher than 2022/23 financial year, indicating the municipality must put measures in place to prevent it from escalating as the municipality is experiencing cash flow problems.

The graph below illustrates the consumer category debtor arrears. The category is the households followed by the organs of stat.



The above tables explain that the debtor arrears have increased from July 2022 up to the end of December 2022. Household arrears are the highest but all other categories show an increase in outstanding debtors.

# SECTION 9 – CREDITOR ANALYSIS (TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES)

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC4 Monthly Budget Statement - aged creditors - Q2 Second Quarter

Table SC4 provide an age analysis of the creditors (Trade payables) as at 31 December 2022.

Description	NT				Bu	dget Year 202	2/23				Prior year
Description	Code	0.	31 -	61 -	91 -	121 -	151 -	181 Days -	Over 1	Total	totals for chart
R thousands	COUR	30 Days	60 Days	90 Days	120 Days	150 Days	180 Days	1 Year	Year		(same period)
Creditors Age Analysis By Customer	Туре										
Bulk Electricity	0100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bulk Water	0200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PAYE deductions	0300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VAT (output less input)	0400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pensions / Retirement deductions	0500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan repayments	0600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Creditors	0700	767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	767	-
Auditor General	0800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	0900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total By Customer Type	1000	767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	767	_

## Table SC4 Creditors Analysis

#### **SECTION 10 – INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO**

Table SC5 provides the investment portfolio in the prescribed format of National Treasury. It includes all investments except call deposits. It does not reconcile with the values as per Table C6, the reason being that values in table SC5 is measured at market value. The Municipality normally invests money with interest at maturity. This interest, with the exception of those on a call deposits, is only recognized on date of maturity or the accrued interest as on 30 June of each year. Even with this recognition of accrued interest, the accrual is classified in terms of GRAP as other receivables and not as part of the investments or call deposits.

In order to be classified as an Investment in terms of GRAP the investment must be made for a period longer than 12 months, otherwise it is classified as cash and cash equivalents. Laingsburg Municipality does have monetary investments at present. For the purpose of this section, investments held for a period until maturity is also viewed as investments.

#### Table SC5 Investment Portfolio

Table SC5 above shows the investment portfolio per month December 2022.

			Type of	Expiry date	Accrued	Yield for the	Market	Change in	Market
Investments by maturity		Period of	Investment	of	interest for	month 1	value at	market	value at end
Name of institution & investment ID	Ref	Investment		investment	the month	(%)	beginning	value	of the
							of the		month
R thousands		Yrs/Months					month		
<u>Municipality</u>									
Laingsburg Municipality		-	Call investme	у	-	6,0%	-	-	45
0		-	-	-	-	0,0%	-	-	-
Municipality sub-total					-		-	-	45
Entities									
Entities sub-total					-		-	-	-
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AND INTEREST	2				-		-	-	45

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC5 Monthly Budget Statement - investment portfolio - Q2 Second Quarter

# SECTION 11 - COUNCILLOR ALLOWANCES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Table SC 8 provides the councilor and staff benefits per employee related cost type.

# Table SC 8 Councilor and staff benefits

		2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration	Ref	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Monthly actual	YearTD actual	YearTD budget	YTD variance	YTD variance	Full Year Forecast
R thousands			*****						%	*****
	1	A	В	С						D
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)										
Basic Salaries and Wages		2 657	2 229	-	786	1 480	1 115	365	33%	2 229
Pension and UIF Contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Medical Aid Contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Motor Vehicle Allow ance		107	743	-	13	27	372	(345)	: 1	700
Cellphone Allow ance		307	328	-	106	183	164	20	12%	328
Housing Allowances		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Other benefits and allow ances		100	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Sub Total - Councillors		3 172	3 300	-	905	1 690	1 650	40	2%	3 257
% increase	4		4,1%							2,7%
Senior Managers of the Municipality	3									
Basic Salaries and Wages		3 738	3 676	-	913	1 849	1 838	11	1%	3 197
Pension and UIF Contributions		429	479	_	113	227	239	(12)	-5%	371
Medical Aid Contributions		97	101	_	26	53	51	2	4%	200
Overtime		_	-	_	-	-	_	_		-
Performance Bonus		228	205	_	205	205	102	102	100%	_
Motor Vehicle Allow ance		546	542	_	137	273	271	2	1%	413
Cellphone Allowance		42	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Housing Allow ances		12	11	_	3	6	6	0	6%	22
Other benefits and allowances		0	0	_	0	0	0	(0)	-18%	130
Payments in lieu of leave		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Long service awards		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-
Post-retirement benefit obligations	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality		5 093	5 015	-	1 397	2 613	2 507	106	4%	4 333
% increase	4		-1,5%							-14,9%
Other Municipal Staff										
Other Municipal Staff		17 211	18 395		4 234	9 057	9 198	(141)	-2%	15 748
Basic Salaries and Wages Pension and UIF Contributions		2 461	2 703	-	4 234 656	9 057	1 351	(141) (30)		2 190
Medical Aid Contributions		2 401	2 703	-	179		446	i ` '		
Overtime		1 039	892 1 058	_	286	364 511	446 529	(82)		1 301 803
		1 039			286 1 198	1 221	529 682	(18) 540	-3% 79%	
Performance Bonus Motor Vehicle Allowance	1	497	1 364 516	-	1 198	249	258		-4%	- 575
	1	497 7	516	_	124	249	258	(9) 2	-4% #DIV/0!	5/:
Cellphone Allow ance	1	7 51	- 128	_	12	2 24	- 64			- 158
Housing Allow ances Other benefits and allow ances	1	246	128	_	12 80	24 150	64 62	(40) 89	-62% 144%	150
Payments in lieu of leave	1	246 377	123	_	- 80	150	62	(63)		18:
Long service awards	1	(52)	127 285		- 31	- 63	63 143	(63) (79)		
Post-retirement benefit obligations	2	(52) 980	200 453	-	134	268	227	(79)	-50% 18%	-
-	<b>_</b>	24 791	26 044	-	6 935	13 230	13 022	208	2%	20 959
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff % increase	4	24 /91	26 044 5,1%	-	0 930	13 230	13 022	200	2 70	-15,5%
	+	33 056	34 359	_	9 237	17 534	17 179	254	20/	
Total Parent Municipality	 	33 056	34 359		9 237			354 354	2%	28 550
TOTAL SALARY, ALLOWANCES & BENEFITS	4	<b>JJ UD</b>	34 359	-	9 23/	17 534	17 179	304	2%	28 550 -13,6%
% increase										

# **SECTION 12 - RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE ON GRANT PROGRAMMES**

The measurement of actual versus planned receipting of transfers and grants are provided in Table SC 6.

# **SC6 Transfers and Grant Receipts**

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC6 Monthly Budget Statement - transfers and grant receipts - Q2 Second Quarter

Contracting sources of the second monthly	ГŤ	2020/21		- U		Budget Year				
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands									%	
RECEIPTS:	1,2									
Operating Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		22 240	23 307	23 307	6 305	14 951	11 653	3 768	32,3%	23 307
Equitable Share		18 461	20 139	20 139	5 984	13 838	10 070	3 768	37,4%	20 139
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant		1 898	1 074	1 074	90	358	537			1 074
Local Government Financial Management Grant		1 881	1 750	1 750	146	583	875			1 750
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		-	344	344	86	172	172			344
0		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
0	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		_	_	-	_	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	_	-	-	-	-		-
Other transfers and grants [insert description]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Provincial Government:		1 843	1 739	1 739	133	755	870	(114)	-13,2%	1 739
IR: GRANT - COMMUNITY WORK (LOCAL GOV)		110	94	94	-	-	47	(47)	-100,0%	94
IR: GRANT - DEPT CULTURE SPORT		1 684	1 595	1 595	133	797	798	, í		1 595
IR: GRANT - MAIN ROADS		49	50	50	-	(42)	25	(67)	-269,5%	50
0	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	_	-	-	-	-			-
0		-	_	-	_	-	-	-		-
District Municipality:		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Other grant providers:		43	36	36	-	-	18	(18)		36
Public Sector SETA		43	36	36	-	-	18	(18)	-100,0%	36
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
		-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	24 126	25 082	25 082	6 438	- 15 706	12 541	- 3 636	29,0%	25 082
Capital Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		12 404	23 887	23 887	5 727	8 863	11 943	_		23 887
Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant		12 704	23 007	23 007	J 121 -	- 0 000	- 11 545	-		20 001
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		- 4 908	- 6 527	- 6 527	- 1 399	_ 2 613	3 263	_		6 527
Water Services Infrastructure Grant		7 496	17 360	17 360	4 328	6 250	8 680			17 360
	-	-	-	-	- 520	-	-			-
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	12 404	23 887	23 887	5 727	8 863	11 943	-		23 887
								2 620	14.00/	
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS	5	36 530	48 968	48 968	12 165	24 570	24 484	3 636	14,9%	48 968

# **SECTION 13 – MATERIAL VARIANCES TO THE SDBIP**

The following graphs provides the Top Level key performance indicators of the municipality per directorate and whether these KPI's were met for the quarter ending December 2022.



\* Excludes 29 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.



Depart	mental	KPI	Report
	ort drawn on 24 Janu		
for the n	nonths of October 20	22 to Decen	nber 2022.

		Adm	ninistration	Accounting	acm	Nevenbe	expen		Administr	
					Responsibl	e Departmen	t			
	Finance and Administration	Manager: Finance and Administration	Accounting	SCM	Revenue	Expenditure	Administration	Housing	Budget & Treasury	ICT
Not Met	1 (3.33%)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1 (20.00%)
Almost Met	7 (23.33%)	7 (77.78%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-
Met	21 (70.00%)	1 (11.11%)	2 (100.00%)	2 (100.00%)	5 (100.00%)	2 (100.00%)	5 (100.00%)	-	-	4 (80.00%)
Well Met	1 (3.33%)	1 (11.11%)	-	-	-	-		-	-	E
Extremely Well Met	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total:	30*	9	2	2	5	2	5	-	-	5
	100%	30.00%	6.67%	6.67%	16.67%	6.67%	16.67%	-	-	16.67%

\* Excludes 25 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.



			Responsible Department											
	Infrastructure Services	Manager: Technical Services	Water Provision	Refuse Removal	Fleet management	Sewerage Services	Housing	Properties	Road Transport	Electricity				
Not Met	2 (13.33%)	-	1 (50.00%)	-	1 (100.00%)	-		-	-					
Almost Met	-	-		-		-	1	-	1					
Met	8 (53.33%)	2 (50.00%)	-	2 (100.00%)	-	2 (100.00%)	1 (100.00%)	1 (33.33%)	-	-				
Well Met	5 (33.33%)	2 (50.00%)	1 (50.00%)	-	-	-	(e)	2 (66.67%)	-	-				
Extremely Well Met	-	-		-	-	-	120	-	-	2				
Total:	15*	4	2	2	1	2	1	3	-	-				
	100%	26.67%	13.33%	13.33%	6.67%	13.33%	6.67%	20.00%	-	-				

\* Excludes 18 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

# Departmental KPI Report Report drawn on 24 January 2023 at 11-09



for the months of October 2022 to December 2022.

			Res	ponsible Dep	artment	
	Community Services	Manager: Public Safety	Public Safety	Libraries	Cemeteries	Sport & Recreation
Not Met	-		-	-	-	-
Almost Met	-	-	-	-	-	-
Met	9 (100.00%)	12	4 (100.00%)	3 (100.00%)	1 (100.00%)	1 (100.00%)
Well Met	-	-	-		1.5	100
Extremely Well Met	-	-	I	-	-	-
Total:	9*	0	4	3	1	1
	100%	0.00%	44.44%	33.33%	11.11%	11.11%

\* Excludes 6 KPIs which had no targets/actuals for the period selected.

Material variances have occurred. For explanations and corrective measures of all immaterial variances to the financial and non-financial indicators please refer to Sections 6.

# SECTION 14 – CAPITAL PROGRAMME PERFORMANCE

The measurements of actual versus planned capital expenditure are provided Table SC 12. The year to date values and percentage variances are also indicated.

## Table SC12 – Capital expenditure trend

	2020/21				Budget Year 2	2022/23			
Month	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Monthly actual	YearTD actual	YearTD budget	YTD variance	YTD variance	% spend of Original Budget
R thousands								%	
Monthly expenditure performance trend									
July	-	2 003	-	-	-	-	-		0%
August	-	2 003	-	2 062	2 062	2 062	-		9%
September	-	2 003	-	66	2 128	2 128	-		9%
October	-	2 003	-	390	2 518	2 518	-		10%
Nov ember	-	2 003	-	651	3 169	3 169	-		13%
December	-	2 003	-	5 727	8 896	5 172	(3 724)	-72,0%	37%
January	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	7 175	(1 721)	-24,0%	37%
February	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	9 178	283	3,1%	37%
March	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	11 182	2 286	20,4%	37%
April	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	13 185	4 289	32,5%	37%
Мау	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	15 188	6 292	41,4%	37%
June	-	2 003	-	-	8 896	17 191	8 295	48,3%	37%
Total Capital expenditure	-	24 039	-	8 896					

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC12 Monthly Budget Statement - capital expenditure trend - Q2 Second Quarter

# SECTION 15 – OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

Other National Treasury prescribed supporting documentation not used elsewhere in this document is listed below.

#### Table SC9 – Cash flow per month by source of revenue and type of expenditure

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC9 Mor		Buugeron	atement - t		1013001	argets for								2021/22 M	edium Term F	Revenue &
Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ar 2022/23						Expe	nditure Fram	ework
		July	August	Sept	October	Nov	Dec	January	Feb	March	April	May	June	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R thousands	1	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	2021/22	+1 2022/23	+2 2023/24
Cash Receipts By Source																
Property rates		231	622	1 074	289	239	622	710	710	710	710	710	1 895	8 522	5 645	5 899
Service charges - electricity revenue		1 519	1 378	1 476	1 454	1 341	1 292	1 798	1 798	1 798	1 798	1 798	4 124	21 574	22 569	23 630
Service charges - water revenue		202	184	236	229	272	246	413	413	413	413	413	1 519	4 951	5 169	5 401
Service charges - sanitation revenue		162	165	290	163	243	170	304	304	304	304	304	934	3 644	3 804	3 975
Service charges - refuse		193	195	209	203	220	193	282	282	282	282	282	765	3 388	3 537	3 696
Service charges - other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rental of facilities and equipment		98	120	69	118	117	87	128	128	128	128	128	288	1 535	1 604	1 678
Interest earned - ex ternal investments		-	22	32	20	17	34	28	28	28	28	28	74	340	355	371
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		274	628	525	442	479	665	849	849	849	849	849	2 932	10 190	13 560	14 253
Licences and permits		131	172	188	119	173	89	-	-	-	-	-	(872)	_	-	_
Agency services		_	_	_	_	_	_	18	18	18	18	18	123	210	219	229
Transfer receipts - operating		9 140	2 551	_	540	578	5 984	2 090	2 090	2 090	2 090	2 090	(4 163)	25 082	25 371	26 889
Other revenue		27	390	62	60	908	85	96	96	96	96	96	(859)	1 155	1 178	1 254
Cash Receipts by Source		11 976	6 426	4 160	3 636	4 586	9 468	6 716	6 716	6 716	6 716	6 716	6 759	80 591	83 011	87 277
Other Cash Flows by Source													_			
Transfer receipts - capital		4 200	_	86	-	7 800	3 072	1 991	1 991	1 991	1 991	1 991	(1 224)	23 887	20 971	20 006
Contributions & Contributed assets		4 200	-	00	-	4		1 33 1	1 331	1 331	1 3 3 1	1 3 3 1		23 007	20 5/1	20 000
		-	4	-	-	4	24	-	-	-	-	-	(32)	-	-	-
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing long term/refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in consumer deposits		(9)	(4)	(6)	(11)	(4)	(8)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	41	(3)	(3)	(3)
Receipt of non-current debtors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt of non-current receiv ables		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in non-current investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cash Receipts by Source		16 167	6 426	4 240	3 624	12 386	12 555	8 706	8 706	8 706	8 706	8 706	5 544	104 474	103 979	107 279
Cash Payments by Type													-			
Employee related costs		3 072	3 127	2 717	3 511	5 260	3 758	2 813	2 813	2 813	2 813	2 813	(1 751)	33 761	34 230	36 177
Remuneration of councillors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest paid		-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0)	-	-	-
Bulk purchases - Electricity		-	1 253	1 423	1 117	708	764	1 050	1 050	1 050	1 050	1 050	2 086	12 600	13 154	-
Bulk purchases - Water & Sew er		1	326	154	196	187	197	302	302	302	302	302	1 054	3 629	3 789	3 959
Other materials		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contracted services		-	88	1 446	181	405	384	679	679	679	679	679	2 251	8 150	8 509	8 509
Grants and subsidies paid - other municipalities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants and subsidies paid - other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General expenses		501	889	1 535	1 007	958	1 783	1 506	1 506	1 506	1 506	1 506	3 872	18 077	22 739	14 968
Cash Payments by Type		3 573	5 682	7 274	6 011	7 519	6 887	6 351	6 351	6 351	6 351	6 351	7 512	76 217	82 421	63 613
Other Cash Flows/Payments by Type	1															
Capital assets	1	-	624	66	390	651	5 727	2 670	2 670	2 670	2 670	2 670	11 230	32 036	29 480	35 832
Repayment of borrowing	1	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other Cash Flow s/Pay ments	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Total Cash Payments by Type		3 573	6 306	7 341	6 401	8 170	12 614	9 021	9 021	9 021	9 021	9 021	18 743	108 254	111 901	99 445
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		12 594	120	(3 101)	(2 777)	4 216	(59)	(315)	(315)	(315)	(315)	(315)	(13 199)	(3 779)	(7 922)	7 834
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year beginning:	1	3 090	15 684	15 804	12 703	9 927	14 143	14 084	13 769	13 454	13 139	12 824	12 509	3 090	(689)	(8 611)
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year end:	1	15 684	15 804	12 703	9 927	14 143	14 084	13 769	13 454	13 139	12 824	12 509	(689)	(689)		(777)

#### WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC9 Monthly Budget Statement - actuals and revised targets for cash receipts - Q2 Second Quarter

# Table SC13 a – Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class

		2020/21				Budget Year 2				
Description	Ref	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
		Outcome	Budget	Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Forecast
R thousands	1								%	
Capital expenditure on new assets by Asset Class/S	ub-cl	ass								
Infrastructure		_	23 887	_	6 755	8 855	11 943	3 088	25,9%	23 887
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	17 360	-	4 822	6 242	8 680	2 438	28,1%	17 360
Pump Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Reticulation		-	2 360	-	-	-	1 180	1 180	100,0%	2 360
Waste Water Treatment Works		-	15 000	-	4 822	6 242	7 500	1 258	16,8%	15 000
Rail Infrastructure		-	6 527	-	1 934	2 613	3 263	650	19,9%	6 527
Rail Lines		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Rail Structures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Rail Furniture		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Drainage Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Storm water Conveyance		-	6 527	-	1 934	2 613	3 263	650	19,9%	6 527
Computer Equipment		-	32	-	_	20	16	(4)	-26,6%	32
Computer Equipment		-	32	-	-	20	16	(4)	-26,6%	32
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Machinery and Equipment		-	120	-	12	20	60	40	66,1%	120
Machinery and Equipment		-	120	-	12	20	60	40	66,1%	120
Transport Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Transport Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		-
Land		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Animals		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Capital Expenditure on new assets	1	-	24 039	-	6 767	8 896	12 019	3 123	26,0%	24 039

#### WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC13a Monthly Budget Statement - capital expenditure on new assets by asset class - Q2 Second Quarter

#### Table SC13 c – Expenditure on Repairs and Maintenance by asset class

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC13c Monthly Budget Statement - expenditure on repairs and maintenance by asset class - Q2 Second

Description           thousands           tepairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset Class           Infrastructure           Electrical Infrastructure           Power Plants           HV Substations           HV Switching Station           HV Transmission Conductors           MV Switching Stations           MV Switching Stations           MV Networks           LV Networks           Capital Spares           Water Supply Infrastructure           Dams and Weirs           Distribution           Distribution Points           PRV Stations           Capital Spares           Sanitation Infrastructure	Ref	Audited Outcome 247 247 210 - - - 19 - - 3 188 - - 3 188 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Original Budget 614 573 - - 50 - - 100 423 - 2 1 2 1	Adjusted Budget	Monthly actual 151 147 - 32 - 3 112 - 3 112 -	YearTD actual 182 173 - - 33 - - 3 137 - - 3	YearTD budget 307 287 - - 25 - - 50 212 - -	YTD variance 125 114 - - (8) - - 47 47 75 -	YTD variance % 40,9% 39,8% -30,9% 93,0% 35,5%	Full Year Forecast 743 347 - - - 286 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset Class         nfrastructure         Electrical Infrastructure         Power Plants         HV Substations         HV Switching Station         HV Transmission Conductors         MV Substations         MV Substations         MV Substations         MV Substations         MV Switching Stations         MV Networks         LV Networks         Capital Spares         Water Supply Infrastructure         Dams and Weirs         Distribution         Distribution Points         PRV Stations         Capital Spares	1	2-class 247 210 - - 19 - 3 188 - 3 188 - -	614 573 - - 50 - 100 423 - 2 1	-	151 147 - - - 32 - - 3 112 -	182 173 - - 33 - 3 137 - 3	307 287 - - 25 - 50 212	125 114 - - (8) - - 47 75	% 40,9% 39,8% -30,9% 93,0%	743 347 - - - 286 - -
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset Class         nfrastructure         Electrical Infrastructure         Power Plants         HV Substations         HV Switching Station         HV Transmission Conductors         MV Substations         MV Substations         MV Substations         MV Substations         MV Switching Stations         MV Networks         LV Networks         Capital Spares         Water Supply Infrastructure         Dams and Weirs         Distribution         Distribution Points         PRV Stations         Capital Spares	1	247 210 - - 19 - 3 188 - - -	573 - - 50 - 100 423 - 2 1		147 - - 32 - - 3 112 -	173 - - 33 - - 3 137 -	287 - - 25 - - 50 212	114 - - (8) - - 47 75	40,9% 39,8% -30,9% 93,0%	347 - - 286 - -
nfrastructure Electrical Infrastructure Power Plants HV Substations HV Switching Station HV Transmission Conductors MV Substations MV Substations MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares	L	247 210 - - 19 - 3 188 - - -	573 - - 50 - 100 423 - 2 1		147 - - 32 - - 3 112 -	173 - - 33 - - 3 137 -	287 - - 25 - - 50 212	114 - - (8) - - 47 75	39,8% -30,9% 93,0%	347 - - 286 - -
Electrical Infrastructure Power Plants HV Substations HV Switching Station HV Transmission Conductors MV Substations MV Substations MV Networks LV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		210 - - 19 - 3 188 - - -	573 - - 50 - 100 423 - 2 1		147 - - 32 - - 3 112 -	173 - - 33 - - 3 137 -	287 - - 25 - - 50 212	114 - - (8) - - 47 75	39,8% -30,9% 93,0%	347 - - 286 - -
Power Plants HV Substations HV Switching Station HV Transmission Conductors MV Substations MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Pixtribution PrV Stations Capital Spares		- - 19 - 3 188 -	- - 50 - - 100 423 - 2 1		- - 32 - 3 112 -	- - 33 - 3 137 -	- - 25 - - 50 212	- - (8) - 47 75	-30,9% 93,0%	- - - 286 - -
HV Substations HV Switching Station HV Transmission Conductors MV Substations MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Pixtribution PrV Stations Capital Spares		- 19 - 3 188 -	- 50 - 100 423 - 2 1	- - -	- 32 - 3 112 -	- 33 - 3 137 -	- 25 - 50 212	- (8) - 47 75	93,0%	- - 286 - -
HV Switching Station HV Transmission Conductors MV Substations MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		- 19 - 3 188 -	- 50 - 100 423 - 2 1	- - -	- 32 - 3 112 -	- 33 - 3 137 -	- 25 - 50 212	- (8) - 47 75	93,0%	- - 286 - -
HV Transmission Conductors MV Substations MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		19 - 3 188 - -	50 - 100 423 - 2 1	- - -	32 - 3 112 -	33 - - 3 137 -	25 - - 50 212	(8) - - 47 75	93,0%	_ 286 _ _
MV Substations MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		- 3 188 -	- 100 423 - 2 1	- - -	- - 3 112 -	- 3 137 -	- 50 212	- - 47 75	93,0%	286 
MV Switching Stations MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		3 188 – –	100 423 - 2 1	- - -	- 3 112 -	- 3 137 -	- 50 212	- 47 75		-
MV Networks LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		3 188 – –	100 423 - 2 1	- - -	3 112 –	3 137 –	50 212	47 75		-
LV Networks Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		188 - -	423 - 2 1	-	112 -	137 -	212	75		
Capital Spares Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		-	- 2 1	-	-	-			35.5%	
Water Supply Infrastructure Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		-	2	-			-			01
Dams and Weirs Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares			1		- 1		4			
Distribution Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		-	*	-		2	1	(0)	-32,4%	75
Distribution Points PRV Stations Capital Spares		-	4		-	2	1	(1)	-187,6%	-
PRV Stations Capital Spares		-		-	-	-	1	1	100,0%	65
Capital Spares			-	-	-	-	-	-		
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		37	38	-	4	7	19	12	62,2%	322
Pump Station		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Reticulation		25	33	-	1	2	17	15	87,7%	300
Waste Water Treatment Works		12	5	-	4	5	2	(3)	-115,0%	22
community Assets	1	7	54	_	0	1	27	26	97,6%	3
Community Facilities	60	7	54	-	0	1	27	26	97,6%	3
Libraries		7	54	_	0	1	27	26	97,6%	-
1		,	J4	-		 	8 	20	37,070 I	
nvestment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		270
Revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Improved Property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Unimproved Property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Non-revenue Generating		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		270
Improved Property Unimproved Property		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		184 86
Other assets		- 143	909	-	- 118	128	454	326	71,8%	57
Operational Buildings		143	890	-	118	128	<b>434</b> 445	317	71,8%	40
Municipal Offices		143	890	-	118	120	445	317	71,2%	40
Housing		-	19	-	_	_ 1	9	9	100,0%	17
Staff Housing			10				5	_	.00,075	
Social Housing		-	19	-	-	-	9	9	100,0%	17
urniture and Office Equipment		2	9	-	1	1	5	4	78,8%	314
Furniture and Office Equipment		2	9	-	1	1	5	4	78,8%	314
lachinery and Equipment		480	611	-	50	57	305	249	81,5%	65
Machinery and Equipment		480	611	-	50	57	305	249	81,5%	65
ransport Assets		692	806	-	208	296	407	111	27,3%	556
Transport Assets		692	806	-	208	296	407	111	27,3%	556
otal Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	1	1 572	3 003	_	529	664	1 505	841	55,9%	2 008

# Table SC13 d – Depreciation charges by asset class

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SC13d Monthly Budget Statement - depreciation by asset class - Q2 Second Quarter

Description	Ref	2020/21 Audited	Original	Adjusted	Monthly	Budget Year 2 YearTD	YearTD	YTD	YTD	Full Year
Description	Rei	Outcome	Budget	Adjusted Budget	actual	actual	budget	variance	variance	Full fear Forecast
R thousands	1								%	
Depreciation by Asset Class/Sub-class										
nfrastructure_		7 838	5 588	-	1 397	2 794	2 794	-		5 58
Roads Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Roads		-	-		-	-		-		-
Road Structures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Road Furniture		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-		-		-
Storm water Infrastructure		2 531	2 861	-	715	1 431	1 431	-		2 86
Drainage Collection		2 531	2 861	-	715	1 431	1 431	-		2 86
Storm water Conveyance			-	-	-	-	·	-		· .
Attenuation			-	-	-	_	·	-		· .
Electrical Infrastructure		319	323	-	81	162	162	_		32
Power Plants		-	-	-	_	_	· _	_		-
HV Substations		·	_	· _	_	·	· _	_		· _
HV Switching Station		·	_	_	_	_	· _	_		-
HV Transmission Conductors		• []		•		-	• [	_		•
MV Substations		-	-			-	• [	_		
MV Switching Stations		_	_	_	-	_		_		
		-	-		-	-	· -	-		-
MV Networks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
LV Networks		319	323	-	81	162	162	-		32
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Water Supply Infrastructure		1 652	1 293	-	323	647	647	-		1 29
Dams and Weirs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Boreholes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Reservoirs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		[ -
Pump Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Water Treatment Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		[ -
Bulk Mains		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Distribution		1 652	1 293	-	323	647	647	-		1 29
Distribution Points		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
PRV Stations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital Spares			-	-	-	-		-		-
Sanitation Infrastructure		1 234	1 106	-	277	553	553	-		1 10
Pump Station		_	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Reticulation		1 234	1 106	-	277	553	553	_		1 10
Waste Water Treatment Works		· _	_	· _	_	·	r	_		
Outfall Sewers		r			_	· _	<u>_</u>	_		-
Toilet Facilities		r []			_		• _	_		·
Capital Spares		• Ī	-		_	-	• [	_		
Solid Waste Infrastructure		2 101	-		-	2	- 2	-		
		2 101	4	-	1	2	2	-		
Landfill Sites		2 101	4		1	2	2	- 1		
Community Assets		-	277	-	69	138	138	- 1		27
Community Facilities			72		18	36	36	-		7
Libraries		-	72	-	18	36	36	_		72
Sport and Recreation Facilities		_	205	_	51	102	102			20
Indoor Facilities		-	205	_	51	102	102	-	► I	20
		_					_			
<u>Other assets</u>		87	135	-	34	67	67	-		13
Operational Buildings		87	135	-	34	67	67	-		13
Municipal Offices		87	135		34	67	67	-	1000000	13
ntangible Assets		507	_	_	_	_	_	-		_
Servitudes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Licences and Rights		507	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Water Rights		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Effluent Licenses		_	_	_	_	-	-	-		<b>-</b>
Solid Waste Licenses		-	_	_	_	_	-	-		· .
Computer Software and Applications		507						1		_

QUARTERLY PEF	(FU	RIVIANCE	ASSESIV	IENT KEP	UKIQZ	01 2022/	2023			
Computer Equipment		151	172	-	43	86	86	-		172
Computer Equipment		151	172	-	43	86	86	-	1	172
Furniture and Office Equipment		233	199	-	50	99	99	-		199
Furniture and Office Equipment		233	199	-	50	99	99	-		199
Machinery and Equipment		-	109	-	27	54	54	-		109
Machinery and Equipment		-	109	-	27	54	54	-	1	109
Transport Assets		301	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Transport Assets		301	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
					ç		,		ç	
Total Depreciation	1	9 117	6 479	-	1 620	3 239	3 239	-		6 479

# Schedule C – National Treasury Formats graphs Capital Expenditure monthly trend: Actual VS Target





Capital Expenditure: YTD Actual VS YTD Target

**Aged Consumer Debtors analysis** 





#### Aged Creditors analysis

#### **SECTION 16 - WARD COMMITTEES**

The municipal public participation policy and ward committee policy is in place. The

Municipality did establish new ward committees.

# **SECTION 17 – RECOMMENDATIONS**

- (a) That Council notes the contents of this report and supporting documentations for the second quarter of 2022/2023 financial year.
- (b) That the Managers ensure that the budget is implemented in accordance with the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan projections and spending of funds, and that revenue collection proceeds in accordance with the budget.

#### **SECTION 18 - CONCLUSION**

The above-mentioned report outlines the performance of the municipality with regards to the overall Performance of the municipality, Financial Performance as well as Non- Financial Performance with regards legislative compliance. The municipal manager will conduct a quarterly review and the outcome of the Performance Review will be recorded to rectify non-performance to ensure that that all targets can be achieved before year-end.