## LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY



# INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2022/2027 YEAR 1 REVIEW IMPLEMENTATION 2023/24

## LAINGSBURG MUNICIPALITY



#### Vision

### A Destination of choice where people come first

## "'n Bestemming van keuse waar mense eerste kom"

#### Mission

To function as a community-focused and sustainable municipality by:

- Rendering effective basic services
- Promoting local economic development
- Consulting communities in the processes of Council
- Creating a safe social environment where people can thrive

#### Values

Our leadership and employees will ascribe to and promote the following six values:

- Transparency
- Accountability
- Excellence
- Accessibility
- Responsiveness
- Integrity

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## LIST OF ACRONYMS

ABREVIATION	MEANING/INTERPRETATION
IDP	Integrated Development Plan
LED	Local Economic Development
DEDAT	Department Economic Development and Tourism
DEA	Department of Environment Affairs
MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
DTPW	Department Transport and Public Works
CKDM	Central Karoo District Municipality
HSP	Human Settlements Plan
SDF	Spatial Development Plan
MFMA	Municipal Financial Management Act
SDBIP	Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan
GDS	Growth Development Summit
SMME	Small Medium Micro Enterprises
DMP	Disaster Management Plan
DMA	District Municipal Area
EPWP	Extended Public Works Program
PPP	Public Private Partnership
СРР	Community Public Partnership
СРРР	Community Public Private Partnership
EDA	Economic Development Agency
ABET	Adult Basic Education and Training
DLG	Department of Local Government
DHS	Department of Human Settlement
DOH	Department of Health
ITDF	Integrated Tourism Development Framework
MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework
MSIG	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant
MSA	Municipal Systems Act
PDI	Previous Disadvantaged Individuals
PCF	Premier's Coordinating Forum
СВР	Community Based Planning
PDO's	Pre-determine Objectives
PMP	Performance Management Plan
LCPS	Local Crime Prevention Strategy
mSCOA	Municipal Standard of Accounts
LLM	Local Laingsburg Municipality
SEPLG	Socio-Economic Profile of Local Government
MERO	Municipal Economic Review and Outlook
iMAP	Implementation MAP
PAC	Participatory Appraisal of Competitive Advantage

## FOREWORD OF THE MAYOR

The Integrated Development Plan gives the direction in which the municipality will do their planning, budgeting and how the strategic plan will be implemented.

This plan finds ways to address the needs of the community and how we can enhance service delivery.

To gather the needs from the community various stakeholder engagements took place, such as Ward Committee Meetings, Integrated Development Plan Representative Forums and Mayoral Roadshows. We are also proud that this strategic plan is aligned with the Provincial Strategic Plan and the National Development Plan. Every year the Plan will be reviewed to monitor implementation and the review will contribute to better living standards for our community.

Lastly, we as Council would like to urge our communities to stay safe and follow the necessary guidelines as we are still currently facing the global pandemic Corona virus.

We as Council are also thankful for all inputs given in compiling of our strategic plan during our public participation processes.

I thank thee

#### JOHANNA BOTHA EXECUTIVE MAYOR



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF MUNICIPAL MANAGER

The Laingsburg Municipality Council and Municipal Management further commits itself to the delivery of quality basic services to community it serves.

Through the IDP process, the municipality will focus on the most important needs of local communities taking into account the resources available and financial affordability.

The South African Constitution is underpinned by principles of good governance, also highlighting the importance of public participation as an essential element of successful good local governance. Section 152 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 confirms a number of citizen rights and more specifically, the rights of communities to be involved in local governance.

The principle behind public participation is that all the stakeholders affected by the Council decision or actions have a right to be consulted and contribute to such a decision.

I further wish to confirm that as Council we have consulted all ward based communities and further engaged with various stakeholders to consolidate and review our IDP.

To strengthen and streamline the municipality and its operations to enable the institution to expand service delivery to the residents the following interventions and actions will be prioritized in the year ahead:

- Addressing irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure and improving the audit opinion by the Audit-General and introducing corrective measures towards obtaining a clean audit.
- Promoting financial discipline and management.
- Vigorously instilling a culture of performance within the institution.
- Making the vision and mission of the municipality our motto to provide a strategic thrust for the Municipality's long term development planning.
- Sourcing available national and international funding to augment key service delivery projects and replace aging and poor infrastructure.
- Capacitating the Ward Committee System to enhance effective public participation.

As a Municipality we are obliged to encourage the involvement of communities and community organisations in municipal governance, as the Accounting Officer guided by applicable legislation, I commit that we will advance Service Delivery beyond Expectation.

#### J BOOYSEN MUNICIPAL MANAGER



## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

A destination of choice where people comes first "n Bestemming van keuse waar mense eerste kom"

#### **Strategic Plan**

The Municipality is the major arena of development planning. It is at this level of government where people's needs and priorities and local conditions have to be linked, with national guidelines and sectorial considerations, to specific projects and programmes. The Laingsburg Municipality therefore developed a 5-year strategic plan.

#### Laingsburg Spatial Development Framework

The municipal SDF was reviewed along with the development of the municipal Integrated Development Plan, spatially indicate where projects in the IDP will be implemented.

#### **Legislative Mandate**

The **Municipal System Act (MSA) Act 32 of 2000** requires municipalities to develop Integrated Development Plans which should be single, inclusive and strategic in nature. The IDP of a municipality will guide development within the council's area of jurisdiction, once adopted; an IDP should also be reviewed annually. In addition, the Act also stipulates the IDP process and the components to be included. This is the Draft Integrated Development Plan for the 2022-2027 term of Laingsburg Municipality as per Section 34 of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA) Act 32 of 2000.

#### **Municipal Profile**

In this chapter a Status Quo Report of the municipal area and the following focus areas were highlighted; demographics, education; health, crime, decay of social fabric, climate, topography, water resources, biodiversity, heritage, flooding, land ownership, local economic development, agriculture, employment, income, land reform, tourism, political environment, micro administrative structure, institutional capacity, systems and policies, income & expenditure patterns, outstanding rates & services, liquidity ratio, infrastructure, transportation, solid waste management, water, waste water treatment, energy, telecommunications, storm water, housing, cemeteries and sports facilities.

#### **Situational Analysis**

A municipal situational analysis was focusing on Education, Health, Crime, Environmental and Spatial, Regional Economic Development, Institutional, Financial and Infrastructure. This assessment informs the municipal strategic agenda and project planning.

#### Strategic Agenda

The council in a strategic planning session set a strategic agenda that informed this IDP, budgeting and Performance Management.

#### Action Planning for 2022/23 Financial Year

An Action Plan in the form of a log frame for every program and project is developed and enclosed within this chapter of the document. The Projects and programs are used to inform the Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) as well as performance of municipal officials and the municipal manager to ensure service delivery and the realization of the municipal vision

#### **Internal & External Sector Plans and Programs**

The IDP is not just a local government tool but it is for the whole of government and sector departments plans and programs are included in this chapter so that all stakeholders are aware of what is being done within the municipal area.

#### Long-term Finance Planning

A long-term financial Plan indicating municipal revenue, expenditure and capital planning. A 3-year forecasting was included in this document.

#### **Performance Management**

This Chapter deals with the implementation and monitoring of the IDP projects and programs aimed at achieving the vision and objectives of the municipality as set out in this document. The IDP and Budget are implemented through a Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP). The Top Layer SDBIP is used as a scorecard to measure, monitor, evaluate and report on institutional performance (monthly, quarterly, bi-annual and annual basis). The Departmental SDBIP measures the performance of the departments and performance agreements and plans are used to measure the performance of employees.

#### **High Level Spatial Development Framework**

Outlining the development path, the municipality will follow the next 5 years and how the municipality will steer development spatially.

#### **Disaster Management**

The municipality conducted a risk assessment and how it will affect the implementation of the IDP, institutional Arrangements and what projects will be implemented to promote community resilience.

#### Drought

Laingsburg Municipality is a small municipality situated on the N1. Agri business and Tourism forms part in employment and economic activity in the Municipality

#### The following sources are used to supply water:

Zoutkloof Foutain and Zoutkloof Borehole

Van Riebeeck Borehole

Matjiesfontein

Two pits are used in the Buffelsrivier

## 1. STRATEGIC PLAN

#### 1.1. Introduction

Laingsburg Municipality is a Category B Municipality in the Central Karoo District. It is the smallest municipality in the Western Cape Province and in South Africa. The municipality covers an area of more than 8781, 44 square kilometre (Population density about 1 person per square km) and straddled by the N1 national road. It accessible from all the major cities of the Western Cape as well as Northern Cape, Eastern Cape, Free State and Gauteng Province. (LLM, 5<sup>th</sup> Generation IDP)

Generally, Laingsburg is a one town Municipality. Laingsburg town has a population of 7598 people (78%), whereas the rest of the population 2180 resides in the Non-Rural (NU) which include the settlement Matjiesfontein and Vleiland and scattered farming community. The population of Matjiesfontein, the second largest community, has about 703 people.

The municipality has a gender breakdown of 48.4% male and 51.6% female

According to the 2021/2022 Socio Economic Profile, Laingsburg Municipality has a 39% youth population which are recorded as 3 746 of the whole population. The number of households for the area are recorded as 2 862, which is an increase since 2011 (2408), and the average household size is 3.1.

In terms of sanitation the municipality render services to 83,9% households as it is a basic right for humanity.

The community responded positively with regards to services rendered by the municipality but the services of the local police services needs to be revised.

## Laingsburg: At a Glance

Demographics		Population Estimates 2021: Actual Households 2020					
Population 977	_		Household 2862				
Education	2021	Poverty		2020			
Matric Pass Rate Learner-Teacher Ratio Retention Rate	82.9% 50.6% 33.0%	®	Gini Coefficient Poverty Head Count Ratio	0.59 d (UBPL) 52.8%			
Health			2018/19				
Primary health Care Facilities	Immunisation Rate	Maternal Mortality R (per 100 000 live birt		egnancies – Delivery rate I/18			
	67.2	0.0%	1	.6.7%			
Safety and Security		Actual numbers as	s reported cases in 2020	/21			
Residential burglaries	DUI	Drug-related Crim	nes Murder	Sexual Offences			
71	41	118	0	7			
Road Safety 2020/21	Labor 20	020	Socio-eo	conomic Risk			
Fatal Crashes12Road User Fatalities16	Unemployment Rate		Risk 1 Job Losses Risk 2 Low learner re Risk 3 Low skills base				
Largest 3 Sectors			Contribution to GDP, 2	2020			
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	General Go	vernment	Community and Social	Services			
25.4%	21	.5%	16.3%				

Table 1: Laingsburg Socio Economic Profile (Source SEPLEG; 2021/22)

The municipality aligned itself with the Key Performance Areas of National Government but included Environmental and Social Development as it is crucial for the sustainability of the municipality.

The municipal strategic focus areas are the priority areas of the municipality which the following priorities.

- 1) Environmental and Spatial Development
- 2) Local Economic Development
- 3) Social and Community Development
- 4) Institutional Transformation, and
- 5) Financial Viability.

The municipality wants to create an inclusive society by working together as all stakeholders to achieve economic freedom to the inhabitants of Laingsburg. It will require a shift from service delivery driven to the increase of opportunities for economic growth, therefore the public participatory process which run concurrently with the development of this document aiming to achieve community ownership and the creation of public value.

These focus areas will be monitored in terms of the municipal strategic objectives, aligned key performance indicators, programs and projects. At the same time, it will assist the municipality to report on progress with regards to initiatives implemented to achieve national and provincial set targets.

The following programs / projects are aligned with the new mSCOA segments which will be implemented for the remainder of the 5-year cycle. The projects are aligned to the municipal strategic objectives and will assist the municipality to achieve its vision of becoming a destination of choice where people come first.

The projects are aligned to the municipal budget and clearly steer how performance management will be done during the period. Key actions with targets and milestones are aligned to ensure that each one of the seven Strategic Objectives of the municipality is implemented during the 2022 – 2027 IDP period.

#### 1.2. Project Prioritization Model

The municipality identified the need for a project prioritization model and implemented a model that can be summarized as follows:

- Project prioritization is required in order to guide project implementation and the allocation of funding to each project. The project prioritization model is applied to projects and programs funded from municipality's own funding.
- Projects funded by external service providers (e.g. MIG) do not require prioritization by the Laingsburg Municipality for funding and implementation

Criteria	Description	Score
		(Yes = 1, No = 0)
Legal Requirements	Is the project legally requi	red by legislation?
Contractually Commit	Has the project already commenced and v	were appointments done to date?
Safety/ Basic Need	Will the postponement of the project creaters is the project addressin	
Maintenance cost	Will the maintenance cost for the proj	ect be affordable in the future
Total		

Table 1.2: Project prioritization model

### 1.3. Focus Area 1: Environmental & Spatial Development

This Priority Focus Area focus on the of a safe municipal area, the conservation of the town's heritage and creating a clean green oasis in the Karoo. It also seeks to restore dignity in rural areas. The following defined Pre-Determined Objective (PDO) will speak directly to the focus area.

Strategic	Developing a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment for						
Objective 1	Communities						
Outcome	Peasant living environment, Safer roads in the municipal area, Available Sport facilities, Conserved Environment, Clean and Health aware Town.						
Key Performance Indicators	<ul> <li>Implement IDP approved greening and cleaning initiatives</li> <li>Host public safety community awareness days as per the programed approved in the IDP</li> <li>Participate in the provincial traffic departments public safe initiatives as approved in the IDP</li> </ul>						
Municipal Functions	Technical Services, Strategic Services & Administration						
Alignment with District, N	National and Provinc	ial Strategies					
Sphere	Ref	Description					
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery					

National Outcome	NO	All people in South Africa protected and feel safe				
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Building safer communities				
Provincial Strategic Plan	SG4	Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment				
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	<ul> <li>Sustain ecological and agricultural resource-base</li> <li>Improve Climate Change Response</li> </ul>				
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	<ul> <li>SG 1: Promote Safe, Healthy and Socially stable communities through the provision of a sustainable environmental health service</li> <li>SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region</li> </ul>				

Table 1.1: Municipal PDO 1

## In order for Laingsburg to achieve this strategic objective, programs and projects will be

implemented.

Project: Rural Devel	opment						1	DP No. 0001	
Key Performance Ar	еа	ENVIRONMENTAL & SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT							
Objectives: S01		1			Strategy:			Baseline:	
Develop a safe, clean, healt	hy and sustainab	le environm	ent for a	all	Eradicate	bucket s	systems	Bucket system	s in Rural Areas
Indicator: Provide free	e basic sanitat	ion to ind	igent I	nouseh	olds is t	erms o	of the equ	itable share re	quirements
Project Output		Item Regio				Region			
Farmworkers provided with	a VIP toilet	Expenditure All V				All Ward	Vards		
Main Activities	Function	2022/23		2/23	2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
Needs Identification,Technical ServiPurchasing of unitsDistribution and Training		ces							
Cost	2023	3/24 202		24/25 202		25/26	2026/27	Fund	
R								CRR	
Comments		_I		I			I		

Logframe1.1 Rural Development: VIP Toilets

Project: Cleaning & Greeni	ng Campaig	n	IDP No. 0002					
Key Performance Area	ENVIRON	MENTAL	& SPATIA	AL DEN	/ELOPI	MENT		
Objectives: S01	rategy:			Baselin	е:			
Develop a safe, clean, healthy and su environment for all	stainable		vival of town ban conserva		les and	Municip takes p	oal Area is dry an lace	d erosion
Indicator: Provide free basic s	anitation to	indigent h	nouseholds	s is ter	ms of tl	ne equital	ble share req	uirements
Project Output	ltem		Region					
Clean, Green Town & Proudly Laingsburg Community	Expenditure		Whole Mun	icipal Ar	ea			
Main Activities	Function		2022/23	2023	8/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
Laingsburg Cleaning & Storm water	Technical Serv	vices	R 440 400	R 440	400			
Buffelsrivier Cleaning	-							
Laingsburg Landfill site Cleaning & Recycle			R 158 400	R 257	400			
Matjiesfontein Landfill site	-							
Cleaning								
Infrastructure Maintenance & Resource Management								
Expansion of landfill site	-							-
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	4 2024	/25	2025,	/26	2026/27	Fund
R	R 598 800	R 697 80	00 R		R		R	EPWP
Comments								

Log frame 1.2 Cleaning and Greening

#### 1.4. Focus Area 2: Local Economic Development

Priority 2 focus on creating opportunities to ensure that the Laingsburg municipal economic growth positively. The municipality will mainly focus on the creation of enabling environment which will attract investment to the area. The municipality will also implement infrastructure projects which will have an impact on the economy as well. The municipality will also develop internally an incentive scheme which will draw investment to the area. The Local Economic Development (LED) strategy did a Participatory Appraisal Competitive Advantages which will be built on to achieve real economic growth. Small Medium Micro Enterprise Developments (SMME's) is also a focus area to grow the informal sector as it shows growth potential. The Local Economic Development Strategy is currently under review.

The municipality identified catalyst projects which are captured under the community priorities.

These initiatives will grow the municipality and contributes to the sustainability of the municipality.

The following defined Pre-Determined Objectives (PDO) will speak directly to focus area.

Strategic Objective 2	Promote local economic development								
Outcome		Enhanced job creation							
	Host Events as identifie	siness and CIDB registration d in the IDP in support of LED within the Municipal Area is through EPWP and infrastructure projects							
Municipal Functions	Strategic Services Community Services Infrastructure Services								
Alignment with District, N	ational and Provi	ncial Strategies							
Sphere	Ref	Description							
National KPA	NKPA	Local Economic Development							
National Outcome	NO	Decent employment through inclusive economic growth							
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	An economy that will creates more jobs Inclusive rural economy							
Provincial Strategic Plan	SG4	Creating opportunities for growth and jobs							
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	PROJECT Khulisa ("to grow") Renewables Tourism Oil & Gas BPO Film Agri-processing							
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	G7: Promote regional economic development, tourism and opportunities							

Table 1.2: Municipal PDO 2

In order for Laingsburg to achieve this strategic objective, programs and projects will be implemented. The underneath table also outline the planned projects for the 22/23 financial years as well as the rest of the years of this IDP cycle;

Project: Tourism Develop	oment				IDF	P No. 00	03			
Key Performance	LOCAL ECON		DEVELOPM	ENT						
Area										
Objectives: S01		Stra	itegy:			Baselin	e:			
Promote Local Economic Develop	onomic Development			n Developr	nent		drive through I	aingsburg		
					without	without stopping				
Indicator: Host Event as ide	ntified in the ID	P in sup	port of LED	within t	he Mui	nicipal A	rea			
Project Output	ltem		Region							
Laingsburg & Tourism Destination and more visitors stay over	Expenditure		Whole Munio	cipal Area						
Main Activities	Function		2022/23	2023/2	24 20	024/25	2025/26	2026/27		
Tourism & Development	Tourism Office									
Cost	2022/23 2	2023/24	1 2024	/25	2025/2	26 2	026/27	Fund		
R										
Comments				1		1				

Log frame 1.3 Tourism Development

Project: Tourism Develo	oment						IDP N	lo. 00	04	
Key Performance	LOCAL ECC	NOMIC	DEV	ELOPM	ENT					
Area										
Objectives: S02		St	rategy	<i>ı</i> :			E	Baseline	:	
Promote Local Economic Develop	ment	Pr	Promotion of SMME's				Lack of funds available to new entrepreneurs			
Indicator: Assist business w	vith business a	and CIDB	regis	stration						
Project Output	ltem		Re	egion						
New Business and unemployment decreased	Expenditure		Region           Whole Municipal Area							
Main Activities	Function		20	022/23	2023	3/24	2024	4/25	2025/26	5 2026/27
Business/CIDB Registration	Development Se	ervices								
LED Week	·									
Door Manufacturing	Financial and Co Services	orporate								
SMME's FINAID (Booster fund)										
Cost	2022/23	2023/	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R	R	R O		R			R		R 0	CRR/ DEDEAT

Log frame 1.4 SMME's Development

Project: LED Cultural Ev	ents				ID	P No.	0005			
Key Performance	LOCAL ECC	LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
Area										
Objectives: S02		Strategy:					eline:			
Promote Local Economic Develop	oment	Mar	keting and Inv	vesting		Lack	of Cultural Ever	nts		
Indicator: Assist business	T	and CIDB r								
Project Output	ltem		Region							
More people visit area and invest in local Markets	Expenditure		Whole Municipal Area							
Main Activities	Function		2022/23	2023	3/24	2024/25 2025/26 2		6 2026/27		
Farm Market	Development Se	ervices								
	Finance and Co	porate								
	Services									
	Community Ser	vices								
	Infrastructure S	ervices								
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	4 2024	1/25	2025	/26	2026/27	Fund		
R								CRR		

Log frame 1.5 Cultural Events

The municipality made provision to contribute to the events, but due to financial constraints, the municipality had to revise their budget. The community however got together and hosted the events successfully, which is a good story to tell as public value was created. The community co-created the events and managed to get sponsorships.

#### 1.5. Focus Area 3: Basic Service Delivery

Households increased from 2408 to 2862 in the municipality. The municipality is dependent on ground water of which the biggest portion has access to piped water inside the dwelling or within the yard. The biggest portion of households has access to Eskom electricity utilizing it for lighting and cooking. Alternative energy is also being used within the municipality. All households have access to electricity.

This priority area focuses on service delivery improvements but at the same time speaks to the provision of infrastructure that will promote Local Economic development.

The following Pre-determined Objectives clearly defines what will be achieved when implemented.

Strategic Objective 4	Provision of Infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business
Outcome	Maintained municipal roads, improved waste management, improved provision for storm water, Enhanced service delivery, Improved electricity service, Improved sanitation services, Improved water provision & Improved Integrated Transport.
Key Performance Indicators	80% of approved capital budget spend Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal services (Water, electricity, sanitation and refuse removal
Municipal Functions	Infrastructure Services & Finance and Corporate Services

#### Alignment with National and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery
National Outcome	NO	An effective, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Improved infrastructure Economic Infrastructure
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG 4 PSG 5	Sustainable and integrated urban and rural settlements Create better living conditions for households especially low income and poor households Sustain ecological and agricultural resource-base
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	Integrating service delivery for maximum impact Increasing access to safe and efficient transport
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 3: Improve and maintain district roads and promote safe road transport SG 4: Prevent and Minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region

Table 1.3 Municipal PDO 3

In order for Laingsburg to achieve this strategic objective, programs and projects will be implemented.

Strategic Objective 7	Effective Maintenance and management of municipal assets and natural resources
Outcome	Climate Change adaptation, Water Conservation, Biodiversity Conservation, Improved Disaster Management, Heritage Conservation, Management of Energy & Improved Land Management
Key Performance Indicators	70% of the approved maintenance budget spent Limit the % of electricity unaccounted for to less than 20% Maintain the quality of waste water discharge as per SANS 241-2006 Limit The % of water unaccounted for to less than 40% Maintain the water quality as per the SANA 241-1-2001 criteria
Municipal Functions	Strategic Services Technical Services Financial Services Administration Community Services

Alignment with National and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery
National Outcome	NO	All people in South Africa protected and feel safe
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Environmental Sustainability and resilience
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG 4 PSG 5	Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment Embedded good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	Sustainable ecological and agricultural resource based improved Climate Change Response Improved Better living conditions for Households, especially low income and poor households Sustainable and Integrated urban and rural settlements Integrated Management Inclusive society
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 4: Prevent and Minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region

Table1. 4 Municipal PDO 7

projects that was highlight red was not implemented due to financial constraints and the Recovery Plan which was implemented. The underneath table also outline the planned projects for the 2022/23 financial years as well as the rest of the years of this IDP cycle.

Project: Electricity Provi	sion						IDP N	<b>lo. 0</b> 0	13	
Key Performance	Infrastructure D	)eve	lopi	ment						
Area										
Objectives: S04		Stra	tegy	:			1	Baseline	:	
Provision of infrastructure to deli	ver improved	Infra	astru	cture Dev	elopme	nt	1	Urgent r	need for upgr	ading of
service to all residents and busing	255						•	electrica	l network	
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital budget	sper	nt				·			
Project Output	ltem		Re	gion						
Upgraded electrical network	CS Expenditure		All	wards						
Projects	Function		20	22/23	202	3/24	202	4/25	2025/26	5 2026/27
Integrated National Electrification Program							R 2 09	92 000	R 2 000 00	0
Generator					R 60	000				
Solar Heaters	Infrastructure Service	es								
Acacia Park – New High Mast										
lighting										
Improvement of street lighting										
Electricity Master Plan										
Cost	2022/23 20	23/2	4	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R	R	60 00	0	R 2 092	2 000	R 2 0	000 000	)	R	DE
Comments						1				

Log frame 1.6 Electricity Provision

Program: Water Provisi	ater Provision							IDP No. 0014				
Key Performance	Infrastruct	ture Dev	velop	ment								
Area												
Objectives: S04		St	rategy	:			Bas	seline:				
Effective Maintenance and man	agement of	В	ulk wat	er pipelin	e		Ne	ed for	water infrastru	ucture		
municipal assets and natural res	ources						up	grading	S			
Indicator: 70% of the app	roved capital b	budget sp	pent				<u> </u>					
Project Output	ltem		Region									
Upgraded Water network	CS Expenditure	Laingsburg										
Projects	Function		2022/23 2023/24		3/24	24 2024/25		2025/26	2026/2			
Elec and Equip Borehole												
Replacing of existing elevated	-				2 5 0 5	640,60						
watertower in Matjiesfontein					3 292	640,60						
Phase 2 Construction of raw	1											
water south in Laingsburg					11 64	48 000						
Town												
Data Loggers	1											
Cost	2022/23	2023	/24	2024	/25	202	5/26	20	26/27	Fund		
R	R 15 000 000	R 15 243 640,60		R			R		R	WSIG		
Comments					)	•			I			

Log frame 1. 7 Water Provision

Program: Waste Water I	Management	:					IDP No	<b>. 00</b> 1	15	
Key Performance	Infrastruct	ure Deve	lopi	ment						
Area										
Objectives: S04		Strategy:						seline	:	
Effective Maintenance and mana municipal assets and natural reso		Pro	visior	n of sanitat	tion ser	vices	W	astewa	ater Infrastru	cture upgrade
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital b	udget spe	nt							
Project Output	ltem	Re	gion							
Upgraded Sewage Systems	CS Expenditure			Laingsburg						
Projects	Function			22/23	2023	3/24	2024/25		2025/26	2026/27
Matjiesfontein Sewer Upgrades Phase 2			2 3	360 000						
Matjiesfontein Waste Water Treatment Works			15	000 000						
Refurbishment of sewer pump stations in Laingsburg					8 397	7 000				
Installation of four new floating surface aerators at Laingsburg waste water treatment works					1 800	000				
Construction of new Sewer Pump Station for the town of Laingsburg					8 692	2 000	14 472	000		
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	20	026/27	Fund
R 0.00	17 360 000	18 889 0	00	14 472	000					WSIG
Comments		Targets	in gre	een grants	will be	spend	on or bef	ore Jui	ne 2023	

Log frame 1.8 Waste Water Management

Program: Roads and Sto	rm Water		IDI	IDP No. 0016							
Key Performance	Infrastructu	Infrastructure Development									
Area											
Objectives: S04	1	Stra	ategy:			Baseline	e:				
Provision of infrastructure to delive services to all residents and busin	-	Pro wal	vision of roa lks	ds, street	and side	Need ro	ad infrastructu	re			
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital buo	dget spe	nt								
Project Output	ltem		Region								
Roads, Streets and Sidewalks in place	CS Expenditure		Whole Municipality								
Projects	Function	2022/2	8 202	3/24 2	024/25	2025/26	2026/27				
Paving of Matjiesfontein streets			5 076 579	4 69	99 167						
Goldnerville Stormwater Bridge Crossings			0	1 91	.1 833						
Goldnerville Additional Access Road											
Upgrade of Stormwater (Göldnerville)			1 449 92	L							
Upgrade of Kambro Street											
Upgrades of Side Walks											
Resealing of Roads											
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24 20	24/25	2025/	26 2	026/27	Fund			
R 0.00	R 6 526 500	R 6 611 0	00					MIG, CRR			
Comments	Targets in grey was adjusted, no budget change										

Log frame 1.9 Roads and Storm Water

Program: Community Fa	cilities						IDP No	<b>b. 00</b>	17	
Key Performance Area	Infrastruct	ure Deve	elopm	ent						
Objectives: S04		Str	ategy:				Ва	seline	:	
Provision of infrastructure to del	-	Pro	vision o	of faciliti	es		Ne	eed of	expansion of f	acilities
services to all residents and busing	ness									
Indicator: 70% of the appr	oved capital bu	udget spe	nt							
Project Output	ltem		Reg	ion						
Sufficient facilities	CS Expenditure		Who	e Munic	cipality					
Projects	Function		202	2/23	2023	8/24	2024	/25	2025/26	2026/27
Upgrade of Bergsig Hall										
Play Ground (Acasia Park, Nuwe Dorp & Rivierstreet)										
Upgrade Mandela Park	-									
Bergsig New Sportfield	Infrastructure	Services			8 000	000				
Public Toilets										
Youth Café Bergsig & Vleiland Computer centre										
Computer Equipment & Vleiland (Bergsig/Youth Centre)										
Upgrade of Matjiesfontein Hall and Sport Complex										
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R		8 000 00	00							MIG, CRR
Comments			1_							

Log frame 1. 10 Community Facilities

Project: Repair Flood Da	mage				ID	P No.	0019			
Key Performance Area	Infrastructure Development									
Objectives: S04	l	Strate	egy:			Base	line:			
Effective Maintenance & manager assets and natural resources	ment of municipa	l Disas	ter Manageme	nt Strateg	SY.	Floo	d damages			
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital bu	ıdget spen	t							
Project Output	Item		Region							
Repair Flood Damage	CS Expenditure		All Wards							
Main Activities	Function		2022/23	2023/	24 2	2024/2	2025/26	2026/27		
Flood repairs	Infrastructure	Services								
Cost	2022/23	2023/24	2024/	25	2025/26		2026/27	Fund		
R 0.00	R 0	R 0	RO		R 0		R 0	FG		

Log frame 1.11 Repair Flood Damage

Project: Housing							IDP No	. 00	20		
Key Performance Area	Infrastructur	Infrastructure Development									
Objectives: S04		Stra	ategy	:			Bas	seline	:		
Effective Maintenance & manager assets and natural resources				nagement	:		Ne	ed fo	r Housing		
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital bud	get spe	nt								
Project Output	Item		Re	gion							
Provision of land for housing	CS Expenditure		Wa	rds 2 and	3						
Main Activity	Function		20	22/23	2023	3/24	2024/	25	2025/20	5 2026	/27
Human Settlement / Infrastructure Design Development (ERF 2 and Matjiesfontein	Infrastructure Se	rvices			1 660	000	4 500 C	000			
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund	ł
R 0.00		1 660 000 4 500 000								MIG,DHS,	,CRR

Log frame 1.12 Housing

### 1.6. Focus Area 4: Social and Community Development

The people of Laingsburg is very important, therefore the municipality wants to its bit to create a caring community, not just the municipality caring for its people but also people care about each other.

The municipality wants to make sure that the Laingsburg community are feeling safe and that the municipality, including, provincial and national government is for them and they are the middle point of development and service delivery. Promoting equal accessibility to available opportunities for all, especially the poor and the youth. Moral regeneration as the social fabric of society is declining though awareness programs, skills development and training and the provision of free basic services.

Strategic Objective 3	Improve the living environment of all people in Laingsburg
Outcome	Improved Morals and values of the community, Increased Skills levels, illiteracy reduced. Decrease in Crime, Healthier Communities, Education in Teenage Pregnancies, Reduction in new HIV/AIDS infections, Reduction in Social grant Dependencies, Increased Housing Opportunities & Enhance access to Free Basic Services
Key Performance Indicators	<ul> <li>Provide financial assistance to council approved tertiary students</li> <li>Provide public safety awareness days as per the programmed approved in the IDP</li> <li>Participate in the provincial traffic departments Public Safety initiatives as approved in the IDP</li> <li>80&amp; of approved capital budget spent</li> <li>Provide free basic services to indigent households (Water, Electricity, Sanitation and refuse removal</li> </ul>
Municipal Functions	Strategic Services Financial Services Technical Services Public Safety

## Alignment with National and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	ΝΚΡΑ	Basic Service Delivery
National Outcome	NO	Increasing social cohesion
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Social protection
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG 1 PSG 3 PSG 4	Improve Education outcomes and opportunities for youth development Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills. Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO's	Improve the levels of language and math's Increase the number and quality of passes in the NSC Increase the quality of education provision in poorer communities Provide more social and economic opportunities for our youth Improve family support to children and youth facilitate development Healthy Communities, Families, Youth and Children Create better living conditions for households especially low income and poor households Sustainable and integrated Ural and rural settlements
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 1: Promote Safe, Healthy and Socially stable communities through the provision of a sustainable environmental health service SG 2: Build a well capacitated workforce, skilled youth and communities SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disaster and improve public safety in the region G6: Facilitate Good Governance principles and effective stakeholder participation

Table 1.5 Municipal PDO 5

In order for Laingsburg to achieve this strategic objective, programs and projects will be implemented.

The underneath table also outline the planned projects for the 22/23 financial years as well as the rest of the years of this IDP cycle.

Project: Community	Development					IDP No	. 00	06	
Key Performance	Social and	Commun	ity Develo	pmen	t				
Area									
Objectives: S03		Stra	ategy:			Bas	seline	:	
Improve the standards of livi Laingsburg	ng of all people in	Мо	ral Regenerati	on		Lov	v mor	als of the peop	ble
Indicator: Host commu Project Output	nities awareness	days as pe	r programs Region	appro	ved in	the IDP	)		
Restores values of the people	Expenditure		Whole Muni	cipality					
Main Activity	Function		2022/23	2023	3/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24 2024	4/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R 0.00	R 0	R 0	F	2		R		R 0	CRR
Comments	Budget of Ward Disabled	committees	was adjusted	to cater	for Soci	al Events	Youth	n Day, Women,	HIV/AIDS,

Log frame 1.13 Community Development

Project: Crime Preventio	n					IDP No	. 0007	,	
Key Performance	Social and	Commur	nity Develo	opmen	t				
Area									
Objectives: S03		Stra	ategy:			Bas	seline:		
Improve the standards of living of	f all people in	Crii	ne Prevention	Strategy	1	Hig	h Drug	Related Crim	ies
Laingsburg									
Indicator: Host communitie	es awareness (	days as pe	er program:	s appro	ved in	the IDP			
Project Output	ltem		Region						
Education Community, Rehabilitated abuses & Aftercare Program is in place	Expenditure		Whole Mun	icipality					
Main Activity	Function		2022/23	2023	3/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27
Crime Prevention Programs	Strategic Service								
LADAAG	Service Centre C Services	ommunity							
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24 202	4/25	202	25/26	202	26/27	Fund
R	R	R 0		R		R		R	CRR
Comments					1			1	

Log frame 1.14 Crime Prevention

Project: Community Trai	ning & Skills Develop	IDP No. 0008	
Key Performance	Social and Commu	nity Development	
Area			
Objectives: S03	Str	ategy:	Baseline:
Improve the standards of living of Laingsburg Develop a safe, clean,		WP	High Crime Levels
sustainable environment for com	nunities		
Indicator: Provide Financial	assistance to Council a	approved tertiary stude	ents
Project Output	Item	Region	

Improve the standards of living	Expenditure	Expenditure		Whole Municipality										
Main Activity	Function		20	22/23	202	3/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27				
Student Bursary	Development Son Thusong Service													
Laingsburg Literacy Project	Finance & corpo Services	orate												
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund				
R										CRR				
Comments				<u> </u>				<u> </u>						

Log frame 1.15 Training & Skills Development

Project: Early Childhood Development								IDP No. 0009					
Key Performance Area	Social and	Commur	nity	Develo	pmen	it							
Objectives: S03		Str	ategy	:			Bas	seline	2:				
Improve the standards of living of Laingsburg		Il people in       Early Childhood Development         awareness days as per programs approved						Bears still in registration phase					
Project Output	Item		Re	gion									
Dappermuis & Care Bears ECD Centre in full operation	Expenditure		Wa	ard 1 & Wa	rd 2								
Main Activity	Function		20	)22/23	202	3/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27			
Provide Support Provide Financial Aid	Strategic Service Service Centre F and Corporate S	inance											
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	2023/24 2024/25					2026/27		Fund			
R										CRR			

Log frame 1.16 ECD

Project: Community Safety Program								IDP No. 0011					
Key Performance	Social and	Commun	ity	Develo	omen	t & LE	D						
Area													
Objectives: S03		Stra	itegy	:			Bas	eline	:				
Improve the standards of living of	f all people in	EPV	VP				Hig	h Crir	me Levels				
Laingsburg Develop a safe, clean,	healthy and												
sustainable environment for com	munities												
Indicator: Create job oppor	rtunities throu	igh LED					<u></u>						
Project Output	Item		Re	gion									
Safer Laingsburg	CS Expenditure		Whole Municipality										
Main Activity	Function		20	22/23	2023	3/24 2024,		24/25 2025/2		2026/27			
Neighborhood watch	Community S	Services	R	316 800	R 31(	6 800							
Law enforcement Program													
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	:4	2024	/25	202	5/26	2	026/27	Fund			
R	R 316 800	R 316 8	316 800 R				R		R 0	EPWP			

log frame 1.17 Community Safety

Project: Community Dev	elopment Worker	S	IDP No. 0012
Key Performance	Social and Comr	nunity Development & L	LED
Area			
Objectives: S03		Strategy:	Baseline:
Improve the standards of living of Laingsburg Develop a safe, clean, sustainable environment for com	healthy and	EPWP	High Crime Levels
Indicator: Create job oppor	tunities through LE	D	
Project Output	ltem	Region	
Safer Laingsburg	Expenditure	Whole Municipality	

Function		2022/23	2023	3/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27
Community	Services	R 158 400	R 158	8 400				
2022/23	2023/24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R 158 400	R 158 40	D R			R		R 0	EPWP
	Community:	Community Services	Community Services R 158 400	Community Services R 158 400 R 158 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25	Community Services R 158 400 R 158 400 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 202	Community Services       R 158 400       R 158 400         2022/23       2023/24       2024/25       2025/26	Community Services       R 158 400       R 158 400         2022/23       2023/24       2024/25       2025/26       20	Community Services       R 158 400       R 158 400         2022/23       2023/24       2024/25       2025/26       2026/27

log frame 1.18 Municipal CDW's

## 1.7. Focus Area 5: Institutional Transformation

This priority is based on the municipal mission that was identified to achieve the municipal vision of becoming a destination of choice where people come first. Leaders, management and employees ascribing to integrity, transparency, accountability, service excellence, being responsive and make sure that all have access to the same quality of service. This will harness inclusiveness and give everyone a sense of belonging, internally and externally.

This focus area is based on good governance, the promotion of organizational excellence and the utilization resources in an effective, efficient and economical way. The utilization of the ward participatory system, audit committee and the Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) to prevent corruption but also monitor performance in line with the IDP, Budget and Implementation plans.

Strategic Objective 5	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional services to its clientele guided by Municipal values
Outcome	Less than 10% vacancies at any time, Sound HR practices, Skilled workforce & Reaching of employment equity targets
Key Performance Indicators	<ul> <li>Limit vacancy rate to less than 10% of budgeted posts</li> <li>1% of the operating budget spent on training</li> <li>Develop a Risk Based Audit Plan and summit it to the audit committee for consideration</li> <li>Employ people from the employment equity target groups in the three highest levels of management in compliance with the municipal approved employment equity plan</li> <li>Achieve an unqualified audit opinion</li> </ul>
Municipal Functions	Finance and Corporate Services

## Alignment with National and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	ΝΚΡΑ	Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development
National Outcome	NO	A Skilled and capable workforce to
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Improving the quality of education, Training and innovation Reforming the public service
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG 3 PSG 4	Increase Wellness and social ills Embedded good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO's	Healthy Workforce Enhance Governance inclusive Society Integrated Management
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 2: Build a well capacitated workforce, skilled youth and communities SG 5: Deliver a sound and effective administrative and financial to achieve sustainability and viability in the region

Table 1.5: Municipal PDO 5

In order for Laingsburg to achieve this strategic objective, programs and projects will be implemented. The underneath table also outline the planned projects for the 22/23 financial years as well as the rest of the years of this IDP cycle.

Program: Administrative Support					IDP	IDP No. 0021				
Key Performance	Institutiona	l transfo	rmation							
Area										
Objectives:		Strat	tegy:			Baseline	:			
To create an institution with skille provide a professional service to i by the municipal values	• •		Institutional support Lack of equipment an					systems		
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital bu	ldget spen	nt							
Project Output	ltem		Region							
Department equipped to render a professional service	CS Expenditure		Whole Munio	ipality						
Projects	Function		2022/23	2023/2	24 20	)24/25	2025/26	2026/27		
Plant & Equipment	SCM & HO	D's								
Office Furniture										
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	4 2024	/25	2025/2	26 2	026/27	Fund		
R 0.00								CRR		
Comments						·				

log frame 1.19 Administrative Support

Program: Policies and Pla	IDP No. 0022				
Key Performance	Institutional transf	ormation			
Area					
Objectives:	St	rategy:	Baseline:		
To create an institution with skille	ed employees to Ins	stitutional support	Lack of equipment and systems		
provide a professional service to i	ts clientele guided				
by the municipal values					
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital budget spo	ent			
Project Output	Item	Region			

Department equipped to render a professional service	Expenditure		Wh	ole Munic	ipality					
Projects	Function		20	)22/23	202	3/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27
Review of Policies and Plans	All Funct	ions								
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R										MSIG, MFG, WCSG, CRR
Comments								•		

#### log frame 1.20 Policies and Plans

Program: Ward Committee System						IDP No. 0023				
Key Performance	Institution	al transf	orm	ation						
Area										
Objectives:		Str	rategy	<i>ı</i> :			Bas	seline	:	
To create an institution with skille	ed employees to	Ins	stitutio	onal suppo	rt		We	eakne	ss in ward co	mmittee
provide a professional service to i	ts clientele guide	d					sys	tem		
by the municipal values										
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital b	udget spe	ent							
Project Output	Item		Re	egion						
4 Effective ward committees	Expenditure		Whole Laingsburg							
Projects	Function		20	022/23	2023	3/24	2024/25		2025/26	2026/27
Ward Committees	Development	Services	R	344 000	R 48	4 512				
Cost	2022/23	2023/	24	2024	/25	202	25/26	2	026/27	Fund
R	R 344 000	14 000 R 484 512								Equitable Share and Own Revenue

log frame 1.21 Ward Committee System

## 1.8. Focus Area 6: Financial Viability

Priority 6 is crucial in the sustainability of the municipality, a long-term financial plan will be developed focusing on revenue enhancement, sound financial planning and ensuring that there is sufficient leadership and internal control. Supply Chain Management improvement in securing goods and services. The implementation of new mSCOA financial system, the continuous monitoring, evaluation and improving on an annual basis.

Strategic Objective 6	To achieve fina	ncial viability in order to render affordable services to residents					
Outcome	Financial Viability & C	lean Audit Report					
Key Performance Indicators	<ul> <li>Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet its service debt obligations</li> <li>Financial viability measured in terms of the outstanding service debtors</li> <li>Financial viability measured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure</li> <li>Achieve a debtor's payment % of 60%</li> </ul>						
Municipal Functions	Finance						
Alignment with National	and Provincial St	rategies					
Sphere	Ref	Description					
National KPA	NKPA	Municipal Financial Viability and Management					
National Outcome	NO	A responsive and, accountable, effective and efficient local government system					
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Transforming Human Settlements					
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG 5	Embedded good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment					
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO's Integrated Management Enhanced Government						
District Strategic Objective     CKDM IDP     SG 5: Deliver a sound and effective administrative and financial achieve sustainability and viability in the region							

Table 1.6: Municipal PDO 6

In order for Laingsburg to achieve this strategic objective, programs and projects will be implemented.

The underneath table also outline the planned projects for the 22/23 financial years as well as the rest of the years of this IDP cycle.

Program: Financial Susta	inability					DP No.	. 00	24	
Key Performance	Financial Via	ability							
Area									
Objectives:	1	Stra	ategy:			Bas	eline	:	
To achieve financial viability in or	der to render	Lon	g Term Financ	ial Plan		Lov	v Rev	enue base ar	d insufficient
affordable services to residents						deb	oit col	lection	
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital buc	dget spe	nt						
Project Output	ltem		Region						
Financial Viability	Expenditure		Whole Laing	sburg					
Projects	Function		2022/23	2023	8/24	2024/	25	2025/26	2026/27
Implementation MSCOA	All Function	ns							
Data Cleansing									
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24 2024	l/25	202	5/26	20	026/27	Fund
R									WCSG, MFG & CRR

log frame 1.22 Financial Sustainability

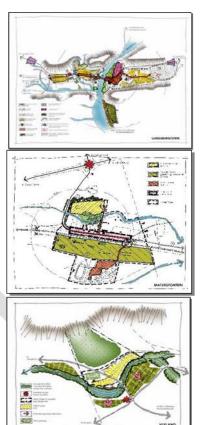
Program: System Improv	vement				IDP I	No. 00	25	
Key Performance	Financial Vi	ability						
Area								
Objectives:		Stra	ategy:			Baseline	:	
To achieve financial viability in or	der to render	Mu	nicipal Support	:		Low Rev	enue base an	d insufficient
affordable services to residents			debit collection					
Indicator: 70% of the appro	oved capital bu	ıdget spe	nt		¥			
Project Output	ltem		Region					
Financial Viability	Expenditure		Whole Laing	sburg				
Projects	Function		2022/23	2023/24	202	24/25	2025/26	2026/27
SDBIP & PMS Improvement								
Program								
IDP Planning	All Functio	ons						
Financial Improvement								
Program								
Cost	2022/23	2023/2	24 2024	/25 2	025/26	6 2	026/27	Fund
R								WCSG, MFG
n								& CRR
	log j	frame 1.23	System Improv	ement			I	

# 2. Laingsburg Spatial Development Framework

The Spatial Development Framework (SDF) as laid down by the Local Government Municipal Systems Act, 2000 No 32 of 2000 which stated that it should be a guiding and informing document that does not confer real rights on land properties, it is intended that the Municipal SDF be a binding document which is endorsed by the Municipal Council. The current approved 2017 Municipal SDF endorsed by the MSA, is in the process of review with the assistance of MISA Town Planning, to ensure compliance and alignment with the different sectoral plans and policies. As SPLUMA stipulates, that any authority mandated to make a land development decision in terms of the Act or any other law relating to land development, may not make a decision which is inconsistent with a MSDF unless site-specific circumstances justify a deviation from the provisions of such a MSDF.

## 2.1. Proposed Long Term Vision for the Municipality

"That Laingsburg Municipality is and will continue to improve as a desirable place to live, invest and visit based on its potential as the Oasis Gateway to the Great Karoo, Moordenaars Karoo and Klein Swartberg, so that all of its residents may enjoy a sustainable way of life."

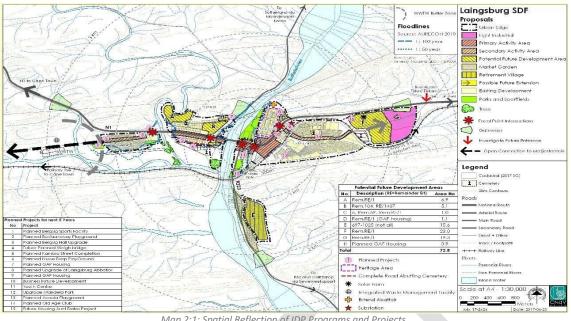


#### Goals:

- 1) To improve the quality and knowledge of the tourism attractions in the municipality.
- 2) To integrate the municipality's settlements through appropriate rural and urban development
- 3) To conserve and extend the municipality's agricultural resources and promote wider access to them and,
- 4) To strengthen Laingsburg town's role as a transport support, refreshment and emergency service centre straddling on the national Cape Town Gauteng transport corridor.

By continuously investing in infrastructure, we will be encouraging and, indeed, leading growth by always ensuring the physical supporting capacity for people to build opportunities. Over the next five years, the municipality will be investing in a number of major infrastructure projects. These include the following:

Proposed Infrastructure Project							
<ul> <li>Upgrade of the Electricity Network.</li> <li>Provision of new water infrastructure</li> <li>Replacement of aging infrastructure</li> <li>Upgrading of water infrastructure</li> <li>Upgrading and provision of new off-road network</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Upgrading of sewerage system</li> <li>Upgrading of community facilities</li> <li>Upgrading of waste and water</li> <li>Promotion of Local Economic Development</li> </ul>						



Map 2:1: Spatial Reflection of IDP Programs and Projects

#### Local Government MTEF Allocations: 2023/2024 – 2025/26 (R Thousands)

National Allocation / Municipality	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	<b>Grand Total</b>
Equitable share	21 520	22 980	23 396	67 896
Expanded Public Works Program Integrated Grant for Municipalities	1 173	0	0	1 173
Integrated National Electrification Program (ESKOM)	0	0	0	0
Integrated National Electrification Program (Municipal) Grant	0	2 092	2 000	4 092
Local Government Financial management Grant	1 800	1 805	1 910	5 515
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	14 959	7 054	7 153	29 166
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	0	0	0	0
Water Services Infrastructure Grant	34 133	9 114	9 604	52 851

WCG Department and Funding	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	Grand Total
Department of Infrastructure (Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant)	1 660	4 500	0	6 160
Library services replacement funding for most vulnerable B3 municipalities	1 685	1 656	1 728	5 069
Community library service grant (Cultural Affairs and Sport)	150	153	163	466
Human Settlement Development grant (Beneficiaries)	0	0	0	0
Local Government graduate internship Grant	0	0	0	0
Municipal Drought support Grant	0	0	0	0
Thusong service centre grant (Sustainability Operational Support Grant)	0	0	0	0
Community Development Worker Operation Support Grant	76	76	76	228
Western Cape Financial Management Capacity Building Grant	0	0	0	0
Western Cape Financial Management Support Grant	0	0	0	0
Financial assistance to municipalities for maintenance and construction of transport infrastructure	50	50	50	150

Table 2.2 National Allocations (Source WCG: PT, Budget Estimates of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure



Map 2.2: Spatial Reflection of Sector IDP Programs and Projects

### 2.2. Conclusion

Laingsburg Local Municipality (LLM) strategic agenda for this IDP cycle embrace these twin realities and maximise growth, while providing services to a growing population. The municipality is forced to make a shift or economic growth shifts, innovative and dynamic policies will assist us in achieving our goal of sustainability. The plans articulated in this IDP will go some way towards helping us position ourselves for the opportunities of the future, and will guide us as we move forward in the global community.

# 3. Legislative Framework

Integrated development planning (IDP) is a process by which Laingsburg Municipality prepared its strategic development plan for the 2022 – 2027 financial years. Integrated development planning as an instrument lies at the centre of the new system of developmental local government in South Africa and represents the driving force for making municipalities more strategic, inclusive, responsive and performance driven in character.

The IDP seeks to integrate and balance the economic, ecological and social pillars of sustainability within the Laingsburg municipal area without compromising the institutional capacity required to implement and coordinate the efforts needed across sectors and relevant spheres of government. The IDP is therefore the principle strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning, budgeting and all development in the Laingsburg municipal area.

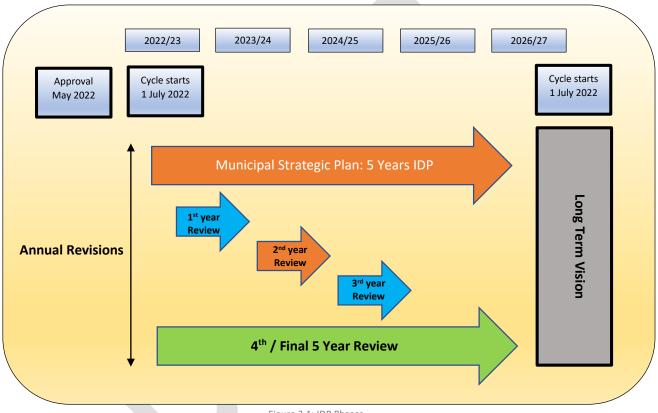


Figure 3.1: IDP Phases

The IDP is also the strategic planning tool of the municipality and is prepared within the first year after the newly elected Council has been appointed and will be reviewed annually during the Council's term of office. The objectives and actions identified in this IDP will inform the structure of the municipality, the service delivery standards, all financial planning and budgeting as well as performance reporting by the municipality.

The 5<sup>th</sup>generation IDP's set a structure for socio, economic, infrastructure and institutional development for the 2022-2027 financial years. This credible IDP should be the consolidated long term developmental strategy of all the other strategic documents that exists on municipal level, such as the sector plans, ward based plans and the various master plans; include plans per local municipality to address their needs and seeks for targeted investment in government and other resources to address inequalities and the needs of the community; serve as a framework for the municipality to prioritizes its actions around meeting urgent needs, while maintaining the overall economic, municipal and social

infrastructure already in place; and a vital tool to ensure the integration of the municipality's activities with other spheres of development planning at provincial, national and international levels, by serving as a basis for communication and interaction.

## 3.1. Applicable Legislation

The mandate of the municipality is provided for in section 152 of the Constitution of South Africa that stipulates the objectives for developmental local government, namely:

- To provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- To ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- To promote social and economic development;
- To promote a safe and healthy environment and
- To encourage the involvement of communities and community organizations in matters of local government.

The **Municipal Systems Act (MSA) Act 32 Of 2000** requires the municipality to develop Integrated Development Plans which should be single, inclusive and strategic in nature. The IDP of Laingsburg municipality guide development within the council 's area of jurisdiction since it was adopted and the IDP should also be reviewed annually. In addition, the Act also stipulates the IDP process and the components to be included.

The mandate of the municipality is provided for in section 152 of the Constitution of South Africa that stipulates the objectives for developmental local government, namely:

- To provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- To ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- To promote social and economic development;
- To promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- To encourage the involvement of communities and community organizations in matters of local government

**The Municipal Systems Act (MSA) Act 32 of 2000, Section 34** states that; a municipal council must review its integrated development plan:

- 1) Annually in accordance with an assessment of its performance measurements in terms of section 4i and.
- 2) To the extent that changing circumstances so demand; and.
- 3) may amend its integrated development plan in accordance with a prescribed process.

**The Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations of 2001** set out the following minimum requirements for an Integrated Development Plan and states that the municipality 's IDP must at least identify:

- the institutional framework, which must include an organogram required for the implementation of the Integrated Development Plan and addressing the internal transformation;
- any investment initiatives in the municipality;
- any development initiatives in the municipality, including infrastructure, physical, social and institutional development;
- all known projects, plans and programs to be implemented within the municipality by any organ of the state; and
- the key performance indicators set by the municipality.

Regulation 2 (3) sets out matters/issues that must be reflected in the financial plan that must form part of the integrated development plan.

Regulation 2 (4) states that a spatial development framework reflected in the municipality's integrated development plan must:

Section 21(2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003) (MFMA) states that, when preparing the annual budget, the mayor of a municipality must:

- Take into account the municipality 's Integrated Development Plan
- Take all reasonable steps to ensure that the municipality revises the integrated development plan in terms of section 34 of the MSA, taking into account realistic revenue and expenditure projections for future years
- Take into account the national budget, the relevant provincial budget, the national government 's fiscal and macroeconomic policy, the annual Division of Revenue Act and any agreements reached in the Budget Forum
- Consult the relevant district municipality and all other local municipalities within the area of the district municipality, if the municipality is a local municipality; all local municipalities within its area, if the municipality is a district; the relevant provincial treasury, and when requested, the National Treasury; and any national or provincial organs of state, as may be prescribed; and
- provide, on request, any information relating to the budget to the National Treasury; and subject to any limitations that may be prescribed, to the national departments responsible for water, sanitation, electricity and any other service as may be prescribed; any other national and provincial organ of states, as may be prescribed; and another municipality affected by the budget.

The IDP has been compiled in terms of Chapter 5 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000).

## 3.2. Development and Implementation of the IDP

The IDP was developed in terms of an IDP process plan developed to ensure that the IDP process complies with certain minimum quality standards, to ensure that proper coordination between and within the spheres of government is established and engaged during the preparation of the IDP. The process plan is in effect a "plan to plan". Council approved the process plan for 2021-2022 on 13 December 2021 that set out the methods and approached according to which the IDP planning process to be conducted.

A series of engagements were held to solicit inputs and comments on the IDP/Budget process plan. Upon approval the process plan was disseminated to provincial departments, IDP Representative Forum, and key stakeholders to engage meaningfully with the process and also to allow proper planning to be carried out for the disbursement of the resources necessary to conduct the process.

The IDP was compiled based on the inputs received from municipal stakeholders, national and provincial policy directives, the current status of service delivery, various strategic plans completed and resources available. The municipal budget was prepared based on the municipal strategic objectives, the requirements applicable to the municipality in the IDP and hereby attaches resources to the IDP requirements. These strategies, actions and financial resources are linked with each other in the iMAP attached to the IDP as Annexure A hereby ensuring alignment of the municipal budget with the IDP.

The iMAP will be used to annually formulate the service delivery budget implementation plan (SDBIP) and performance indicators for the Municipality, which will be used to monitor the implementation of the municipal strategies (IDP) and budget. The performance of the municipality will then be assessed and reported on quarterly as well as annually in the municipality's annual report.

## 4. Process Plan

This Process Plan sets the tone and purpose of the activities required for the successful completion, as required by law. It also sets the extent and nature of the Schedule activities in the Municipality will engage in (for the next seven months, until June 2022) in order to review its 5-year IDP (Single Strategic Plan). The Process Plan should fulfil the function of an operational plan for the IDP process. It should say in a simple and transparent manner what has to happen when, by whom and where and it should include a cost estimate. Accordingly, it should be a highly standardized document which provides an easy overview through formats.

Integrated development planning is the key tool for local government to cope with its role and function in terms of the SA Constitution and other applicable legislation. In contrast to the role municipal strategic planning has played in the past, integrated development planning is now seen as a function of municipal management, as part of an integrated system of planning and delivery. The IDP process is meant to arrive at decisions on issues such as municipal budget priorities, land management, social and economic development and institutional transformation in a consultative, systematic and strategic manner.

The integrated development planning process has to provide a forum for identifying, discussing and resolving the real issues in a municipality (which may be over-arching issues for the whole municipality, as well as issues of specific communities or stakeholder groups) to a level of detail which is required for realistic costing and which helps manage the implementation process without much delay.

The Process Plan fulfils the function of an operational framework for the IDP process. It says in a simple and transparent manner what has to happen when, by whom, with whom, and where, and it includes a budget.

The IDP will be applicable to the Laingsburg Local Municipal Area which includes the following towns and settlements: Laingsburg, Matjiesfontein and Farming communities within the Laingsburg Municipal Area. The geographic size of the municipal area is approximately 8 781, 44 square kilometers.

## 4.1. Legal Requirements with regard to preparation of the IDP Process

In order to ensure certain minimum quality standards of the IDP process and a proper co- ordination between and within the spheres of government, the preparation of the planning process has been regulated in **the Municipal Systems Act, 2000**. The Act requires the following regarding the process:

### SECTION 28:

- 1) Each municipal council, within a prescribed period after the start of its elected term, must adopt a process set out in writing to guide the planning, drafting, adoption and review of its integrated development plan.
- 2) The municipality must through appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures established in terms of Chapter 4, consult the local community before adopting the process.
- 3) A municipality must give notice to the local community of particulars of the process it intends to follow

#### SECTION 29 (1): The process must:

- 1) Be in accordance with a predetermined program specifying timeframes for the different steps;
- 2) Through appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures established in terms of Chapter 4, allow for
  - a) The local community to be consulted on its development needs and priorities
  - b) the local community to participate in the drafting of the integrated development plan and
  - c) organs of state, including traditional authorities, and other role players to be identified and consulted on the drafting of the integrated development plan
- 3) provide for the identification of all plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of national and provincial legislation; and
- 4) be consistent with any other matters that may be prescribed by regulation.

In terms of the Municipal Systems Act of 2000, the Executive Mayor is responsible for the preparation of the Integrated Development plan (IDP). The co-ordination of this responsibility was assigned to the Municipal Manager, who reports directly to the Executive Mayor. This IDP process and the drafting of outputs will be co-coordinated internally and mechanisms will be put in place to ensure that all stakeholders contribute to decision-making process.

## 4.2. Background and context of the 5<sup>th</sup> 2022/27 IDP

The Laingsburg Municipal IDP for the 2022-2027 financial years was compiled for the 5 years. The approved 5th Generation IDP formed the basis for the IDP and will assist with the verification of data and statistics.

The report focuses on the key strategic development priorities, Outcome 10 and projects that will be addressed within this IDP cycle (2022/27) and the total budget which will be linked to the refined strategic development priorities.

The approach therefore focused on the evaluation of the performance of the municipality in achieving its objectives, strategies and outputs chosen to address the various priority needs of the community. The approach adopted for the compilation was therefore much more introspective in order to identify the institutional gaps within implementation where after a more participative approach was followed in order to update and where necessary review in total, the objectives, strategies and outputs chosen by the organization to address the priority needs. In addition, feedback on priority needs within local communities was also established throughout the Spatial Development Framework Analysis phase which was conducted throughout the municipal Area.

# 4.3. Phases of the Integrated Development Plan

The IDP will be developed in accordance of the following table:

IDP Phase	Activity	Mechanisms
Analysis	Spatial and Environment	Sector Plans
	Social	Spatial Development Framework
	Local Economic Development	Ward Plans
	Service Delivery	MSCOA Guidelines
	Institutional and Transformation	
	Financial Viability	
Strategy	Council and Management Discuss strategic issues	Strategy workshop
	such as vision and mission, future directions,	Stakeholder discussions
	strategic goals and objective	In-house exercise by Management Team
Project & Action Planning	Community Based Planning, Ward Committee,	Strategy workshop
	IDP Representative Forum and Project/Program	Stakeholder discussions
	Prioritizations, and the setting of key	In-house exercise by Management Team
	performance indicators and targets for each	
	strategic objective.	
Integration	Align with National and Provincial Policies and	Desk top study by Manager Planning and
	communicated implementation	Development
Approval of Draft IDP and	Finalize and approve draft IDP and draft annual	In-house preparation of the relevant
Budget	budget	documentation and submission to Council
Consultation and refinement	Make public the draft IDP and draft annual	In-house exercise by HDD's and Manager
	budgets for comments and submissions.	Planning and Development
	Submit the draft annual budget to National and	Public meetings & workshops
	Provincial Treasury, prescribed national or	Ward Committee Engagements
	provincial organs of state and to other	IDP Budget Roadshow
	municipalities affected by the budget.	
	Consult the local community and other	
	stakeholders.	
Final Approval	Council approves the final IDP and final annual	In-house preparation of the relevant
	budget	documentation and submission to Council

Table 4.1 IDP Phases of the IDP

## 4.4. Annual revision and amendment of the IDP

This IDP must be reviewed on an annual basis and when the need arise it must be revised. The purpose of the review will be to monitor and evaluate implementation. An amendment must be done, if the municipality want to change the strategic agenda. The following sections of legislation is applicable in this regard:

MSA Section 34: Annual review and amendment of integrated development plan municipal council:

- 1) must review its integrated development plan:
  - a) annually in accordance with an assessment of its performance measurements in terms of section 41 and
  - b) to the extent that changing circumstances so demand and
- 2) may amend its integrated development plan in accordance with a prescribed process.

### 4.5. Purpose of a Review

The IDP has to be reviewed annually in order to:

- Ensure its relevance as the municipality's strategic plan
- inform other components of the municipal business process including institutional and financial planning and budgeting and
- inform the cyclical inter-governmental planning and budgeting cycle.

For the IDP to remain relevant the municipality must assess implementation performance and the achievement of its targets and strategic objectives. In the light of this assessment the IDP is reviewed to reflect the impact of successes as well as corrective measures to address problems. The IDP is also reviewed in the light of changing internal and external circumstances that impact on the priority issues, outcomes and outputs of the IDP.

The annual review must inform the municipality's financial and institutional planning and most importantly, the drafting of the annual budget. It must be completed in time to properly inform the latter.

The purpose of this annual review is therefore to:

- reflect and report on progress made with respect to the strategy in the 5-year IDP
- make adjustments to the strategy if necessitated by changing internal and external circumstances that impact on the appropriateness of the IDP
- determine annual targets and activities for the next financial year in line with the 5-year strategy and
- inform the municipality's financial and institutional planning and most importantly, the drafting of the annual budget

## 4.6. Review Clarification

The Review is not a replacement of the 5-year IDP. The Review is not meant to interfere with the long-term strategic orientation of the municipality to accommodate new whims and additional demands.

### 4.7. Amendment

An amendment is when the municipality make changes to the 5Year IDP's Strategic Agenda, e.g. Vision, Mission and Strategic Objectives.

## 4.8. Key planning and Policy Directives

This section will identify the relationship between the Laingsburg Municipality Integrated Development Plan and the other key planning and policy instruments from the national, provincial and the district government levels. The instruments aligned to the IDP are those perceived to be key, they also have a cross cutting effect at the other levels of government. They currently occupy the centre stage at their respective spheres of government and they have an overarching role. One of the key objectives of IDP is to ensure alignment between national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies (as listed below):

- Millennium Development Goals
- National Development Plan Priorities (2030 Vision)
- National Spatial Development Perspective
- National Key Performance Areas & Local Government Turn Around Strategy
- National Outcomes
- Provincial Strategic Plan
- Central Karoo District Municipal IDP

### 4.8.1. International Policy Directives – Millennium Development Goals

In September 2000, 189 countries, including the Republic of South Africa, committed to the Millennium Declaration. This declaration sets out clear targets which are intended to be met by the year 2015. Laingsburg municipality's IDP should be responsive to the programs and actions identified for each Millennium Development goals. The municipality is committed to the goals and will plan in accordance, in terms of significantly addressing the plight of poor people and broader development objectives.

Development Goal	Programs & Action
Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger	Reduce by half the proportion of people living on less than on U.S. dollar a day. Reduce by half the proportion of people who suffer from hunger.
Achieve universal primary education	Ensure that all boys and girls complete a full course of primary schooling.
Promote gender equity and empower women	Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education at all levels.
Reduce child mortality	Reduce by two thirds the mortality rate among children under five.
Improve maternal health	Reduce by three quarters the maternal mortality rate.
Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases	Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS. Halt and begin to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases.
Ensure environmental sustainability	<ul> <li>Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs, and reverse the loss of environmental resources.</li> <li>Reduce by half the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water.</li> <li>Achieve significant improvement in lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers by 2020.</li> </ul>
Develop a global partnership for development	<ul> <li>Develop an open trading and financial system that is rule-based, predictable and non- discriminatory.</li> <li>Address the least developed countries' special needs that include tariff- and quota-free access for exports, enhanced debt relief, cancellation of debt and more generous development assistance.</li> <li>Address the special needs of landlocked and small island developing countries. Deal comprehensively with developing countries' debt problems through national and international measures to make debt sustainable in the long term.</li> <li>In cooperation with the developing countries, develop decent and productive work for the youth.</li> <li>In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries.</li> </ul>

Table 4.2 Millennium Goals

#### 4.8.2. National, Provincial and District Development Planning and Policy Directives

Chapter 5 of the MSA, in particular, provides instruction on co-operative governance, encouraging municipalities to develop their strategies in line with other organs of state so as to give effect to the five- year strategic plan. It goes further to inform that the IDP must link, integrate and co-ordinate development plans for the municipality. Resources and capacity must align with the implementation of the plan, forming the foundation on which the annual budget must be based. The plan must be compatible with national development plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.

The state has introduced a three-tiered system of integrated planning aimed at ensuring intergovernmental priority setting, resource allocation, implementation, and monitoring and evaluation to achieve sustainable development and service delivery. The key instruments which constitute this system include at national level the National Development Plan (*Vision for 2030*), the Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) and the National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP) as indicative and normative planning instruments; at provincial level the Provincial Strategic Plan (PSP) supported by Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF); and at local level the municipal Integrated Development Plan (IDP), which include Spatial Development Framework (SDF). Improvements in spatial analysis has allowed for a clearer basis for spatial priorities to be laid out in the PSDF. The PSDF guides the focusing of infrastructure investment in certain spatial areas.

- *The National Development Plan:* Is a step in the process of charting a new path for the country. The broad goal is to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030.
- Medium-Term Strategic Framework: The MTSF base document is meant to guide planning and resource allocation across all the spheres of government. National and provincial departments in have to develop their five-year strategic plans and budget requirements taking into account the medium-term imperatives. Municipalities are expected to adapt their Integrated Development Plans in line with the national medium- term priorities. Each of the priorities contained in the MTSF should be attended to. Critically, account has to be taken of the strategic focus of the framework as a whole: this relates in particular the understanding that economic growth and development, including the creation of decent work on a large scale and investment in quality education and skills development, are at the centre of the government's approach.
- National Spatial Development Perspective (2003): The NSDP puts forward the following
  national spatial vision: "South Africa will become a nation in which investment in
  infrastructure and development programmes support government's growth and development
  objectives." The guidelines put forward by the NSDP are: (1) prioritises investment and
  development spending in line with governments objectives, invest and spend should maximise
  and achieve a sustainable outcome. (2) Spatial forms and arrangements must be conducive to
  achievement social and economic inclusion and strengthen nation building.
- Provincial Strategic Plan (PSP): The Provincial Administration of the Western Cape commenced with the development of the Provincial Strategic Plan (PSP) during 2009. The plan sets out overarching objectives and clear outcomes to be achieved in the medium term. This strategic plan was finalised during 2010 and states the following vision: "An open, opportunity society for all" in the Western Cape. The strategic plan seeks to achieve 5 strategic goals.

- (a) SG2: improve education outcomes and opportunities for youth development
- (b) SG3: increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills
- (c) SG4: enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment and
- (d) SG5: embed good governance and integrated service delivery through partnership and spatial alignment.

Under the 5 strategic goals twenty-four (24) strategic objectives set out the determine policy direction and key interventions required to achieve the objectives. The objectives reflect the needs and priorities of the provincial government and will be used to drive integrated and improved performance of the public sector in the Western Cape. Provincial departments are custodians and champions for the attainment of the listed provincial strategic objectives. The strategic plan takes into account the powers and functions of the provincial government but a critical theme that links all objectives is the inclusive approach to address the challenges. Strengthened intergovernmental relations and strategic partnerships with all spheres of government, none governmental organisations and the private sector are critical for the successful implementation of the plan. The following highlights the 24 strategic objectives:

- Provide support to increase the gross value add and employment levels of strategically selected economic sectors
- Improve the level of artisan and technical skills and influence an improved labor environment
- Improve the regulatory environment to enhance the ease of doing business
- Nurture innovation throughout the economy;
- Optimise land use;
- Improve Broadband rollout for the economy;
- Help ensure sufficient water and energy for growth;
- Improve the efficiency of the region's transport system
- Improve the level of language and mathematics in all schools.
- Increase the number and quality of passes in the national senior certificate and equivalent qualifications.
- Increase the quality of education provision in our poorer communities.
- Provide access to more social and economic opportunities for our youth.

- Improve family support to children and youth, and development programs.
- Build inclusive, safe and healthy communities;
- Nurture resilient and healthy families;
- Ensure safe and healthy children (0 14 years of age);
- Promote engaged and healthy youth (15 25 years of age).
- Facilitate improvements in Western Cape settlement development and functionality.
- Improve management and maintenance of the ecological and agricultural resource- base.
- Improve climate change response.
- Enhanced corporate governance maturity in the Western Cape Government and municipalities (Enhanced Governance).
- Significantly improved stakeholder satisfaction with Western Cape Government services (Inclusive Society).
- Integrated management of the PSP and the Game Changers in the Western Cape (Integrated Management).
- Spatial Development Frameworks (Provincial and Municipal): Through the Provincial Spatial Development Framework (PSDF), the Provincial Government hopes to strike a sound balance between progressive community growth and the environmental preservation of the communities. The Laingsburg Spatial Development Framework (SBSDF) which is an overarching document in the municipal IDP, must be a mirrored expression of the development intentions of the Municipality as expressed in the IDP. The Western Cape Spatial Development Framework must serve as a guide to the municipal IDP and equally the SBSDF must be aligned with the PSDF.

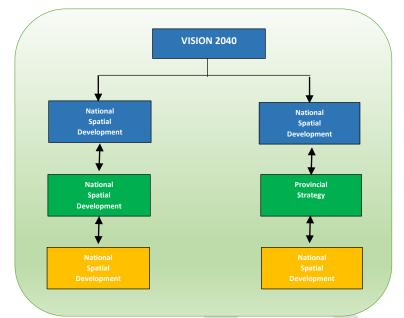


Figure 4.1: Spatial alignment

The Province and the Municipality need the SDF particularly for purposes of ensuring sustainable environment for enhanced absorptive capacity of future human development needs, strategic response to topographical issues and historic issues, accompanying socio economic manifestations and determination of spatial and other issues.

This definitely reaffirms a relationship between the PSDF and the Laingsburg SDF. Whilst the Western Cape Spatial Development Framework is a provincial wide strategy, the municipal SDF is a municipal wide response to spatial development issues. In pursuit of its strategic intentions the Western Cape Spatial Development Framework includes the following strategic objectives which could find a direct expression in municipal Spatial Development Framework and the IDP.

# *District Integrated Development Plan:* Section 29(2) of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA) Act 32 of 2000 clearly states that district municipalities must:

- Plan integrated development for the area of the district municipality as a whole but in close cooperation with the local municipalities in the area
- Align its integrated development plan with the framework adopted and
- Draft its integrated development plan, taking into account the integrated development processes of and proposals submitted to it by the local municipalities in that area.

### 4.8.3. Horizontal Alignment of Key Strategies

Horizontal alignment is pursued through inter-governmental planning and consultation, co- ordination and ensured through aligning the respective vision, mission and strategic objectives of the respective municipalities in the region. The alignment of key national, provincial and regional strategies is illustrated in the table below:

Millennium Development Goals	Vision For 2030	Medium Term Strategic Framework	National Outcomes	Provincial Strategic Objectives	District Municipality Strategic Objectives
Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger	An economy that will create more jobs.	Speed up economic growth and transform the economy to create decent work and sustainable livelihoods	Decent employment through inclusive economic growth	Provide support to increase the gross value add and employment levels of strategically selected economic sector	G7: Promote regional economic development, tourism and growth opportunities
	An inclusive and integrated rural economy	Comprehensive rural development strategy linked to land and agrarian reform and food security	Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities and food security	Improve the level of artisan and technical skills and influence an improved labor environment Provide economic opportunities youth Improve the regulatory environment to enhance the ease of doing business	
	Improving Infrastructure	Massive programs to build economic and social infrastructure	An effective, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	Optimize land use Improve broadband rollout for the economy Improve the efficiency of the regions transport system	SG 3: Improve and maintain district roads and promote safe road transport
	Transition to a low- carbon economy			Nurture innovation throughout the economy Help ensure sufficient water and energy for growth	SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the Region
Ensure environmental sustainability	Reversing the spatial effects of apartheid	Build cohesive, caring and sustainable communities Sustainable resource management and use	Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life Protection and enhancement of environmental assets and natural resources	Facilitate improvement in Western Cape settlement and functionality Improve Climate Change Response Improve management and maintenance of the ecological and agricultural resource-base	G7: Promote regional economic development, tourism and growth opportunities

Millennium Development Goals	Vision For 2030	Medium Term Strategic Framework	National Outcomes	Provincial Strategic Objectives	District Municipality Strategic Objectives
Achieve universal primary education	Improving the quality of education, training and innovation	Strengthen the skills and human resource base	Improve the quality of basic education A skilled and capable	Improve the level language and mathematics in all schools Increase the number and quality of passes in the national senior	SG 2: Build a well capacitated workforce, skilled youth and communities
			workforce to support inclusive growth	certificate and equivalent qualifications Increase the quality of education provision in our poorer communities.	
Reduce child mortality Improve maternal health Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria, and other diseases	Quality health care for all	Improve the health profile of society	Improve health and life expectancy	Build inclusive, safe and healthy communities Ensure safe and healthy children (0- 14 years of age) Promote engaged and healthy youth (15 – 25 years of	SG 1: Promote Safe, Healthy and Socially stable communities through the provision of a sustainable environmental health service.
	Social protect on			age) Improve family support to children and youth, and development programs	
	Fighting corruption Building safer	Intensify the fight	All people in south	Integrated management of the PSP and the Game Changers in the Western Cape Build inclusive, safe	SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region
	communities	against crime and corruption	Africa protected and feel safe	and healthy communities	salety in the region
	Reforming the public service	Build a developmental state including improvement of public services and strengthening democratic institutions	A development- orientated public service and inclusive citizenship A responsive and, accountable, effective and efficient local government system	Integrated management of the PSP and the Game Changers in the Western Cape Enhance corporate governance maturity in the Western Cape government and municipalities	G7: Promote regional economic development, tourism and growth opportunities
Promote gender equity and empower women Develop a global partnership for development	Transforming society and uniting the country	Pursue regional development, African advancement and enhanced international co- operation	A better South Africa, a better Africa and world	Significantly improve stakeholder satisfaction with Western Cape Government Services	

Table 4.2: Strategy alignment table

#### 4.8.9. Municipal Reporting & Roles and responsibilities

The following diagram outlines the municipal Reporting which is in line with the Role and Responsibilities of all relevant stakeholders. It also illustrates the Municipal Forum, participants and levels of institutional reporting between structures.

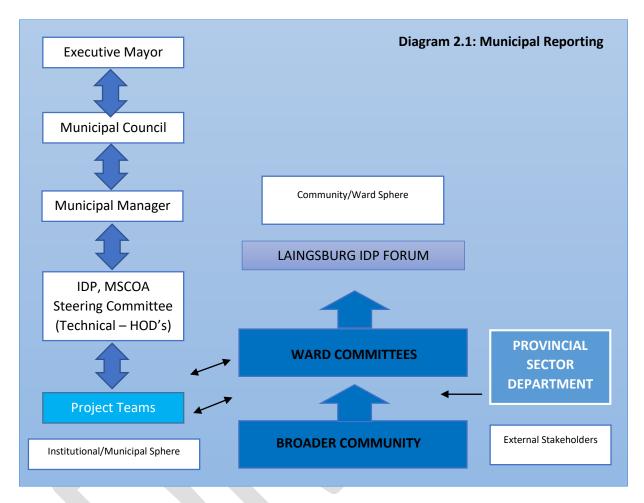


Diagram 2.1: Municipal Reporting

Role Players	Roles & Responsibilities	Objectives	Objectives for all Role Players
Executive Mayor (process "owner", accountable)	<ul> <li>Decide on planning process: nominate persons in charge:         <ul> <li>Monitor planning process</li> <li>Responsible for the overall Management, co-ordination and monitoring of the process and drafting of the IDP (to make sure that all relevant actors are involved)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased ownership and accountability</li> <li>More appreciation of the merit of the process/ plan</li> <li>More openness to new/different ideas</li> <li>Greater</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Greater participation / involvement</li> <li>High quality dialogue</li> <li>As simple and easy as possible to participate / contribute</li> </ul>
Municipal Council	<ul> <li>Consider and Adopts the Process Plan and the final IDP. Undertake the overall management and coordination of the planning process, which includes ensuring that: <ul> <li>all relevant actors are appropriately involved</li> <li>appropriate mechanisms and procedures for public consultation and participation are applied</li> <li>ensure the establishment of ward committees and IDP forum</li> <li>the planning events are undertaken according to time schedule</li> <li>planning issues in the municipality</li> <li>the sector planning requirements are satisfied</li> <li>adopt and approve the IDP</li> <li>adjust the IDP in accordance with the MEC for local</li> <li>ensure that the annual business plans, budget and land use management decisions are linked to and based on the IDP; and ensures that development and management of municipal affairs are in the ambits of the law.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Proportional councilors ward councilors ward committee members	<ul> <li>Link integrated development planning process to their constituencies/wards</li> <li>Organize public participation</li> </ul>		
IDP / MSCOA Steering Committee	<ul> <li>Provides terms of reference for the various planning activities.</li> <li>Commissions research studies.</li> <li>Considers and comments on:         <ul> <li>Inputs from sub-committees, study teams and consultants.</li> <li>Inputs from provincial sectors departments and support providers.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Processes summarizes and documents outputs</li> <li>Makes content recommendations</li> <li>Prepares, facilitates and documents meetings.</li> <li>Heads project task teams.</li> </ul>		

Role Players	Roles & Responsibilities	Objectives	Objectives for all Role Players
Municipal Manager and Management Team	<ul> <li>Provide technical/sector expertise and information <ul> <li>Provide inputs related to the various planning steps</li> <li>Summarize / digest / process inputs from the participation process</li> <li>Discuss / comment on inputs from specialists</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Development Services Office (Process Facilitator	Day-to-day management of the drafting process on behalf of the Municipal Manager (to ensure a properly managed and organised planning process)	More productive and efficient process management	
<ul> <li>IDP Representative Form / Ward Committees and Strategic Partners</li> <li>Public sector organizations</li> <li>Key business people</li> <li>Business and agricultural societies</li> <li>NGO's and NPO's</li> <li>Sector representatives</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Represent interests and contributing knowledge and ideas: <ul> <li>Represents the interest of their constituencies (local municipality) in the IDP process</li> <li>Provides an organizational mechanism for discussions,</li> <li>negotiation, and decision making between the municipal government and stakeholders.</li> <li>Ensures communication between stakeholders and the Municipal, Provincial and National government, the many State-Owned Enterprises (Eskom, Telkom, etc.) as well as the private sector.</li> <li>Participation in designing of project proposals and/or assess them as well as the mobilization of resources.</li> <li>Discuss and comment on the draft IDP</li> <li>Ensures that annual business plan and budgets are linked to the IDP and Monitor performance on the implementation of the IDP</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Citizens	<ul> <li>The broader community participation in Laingsburg municipality is achieved through the following structures: <ul> <li>Ward Committee Meetings, Sector meetings.</li> <li>Community consultation sessions through Road shows</li> <li>Monthly Newspaper reports (with assistance from GCIS)</li> <li>To enhance participatory democracy at local government</li> <li>Make recommendations on any matter affecting the areas</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Table 4.3 Roles and Responsibilities

#### 4.9. Inter-Governmental Alignment

The IDP requires alignment with other spheres of government at different stages during the process. Before starting with the IDP process municipalities need to understand where alignment should take place and through which mechanism this can best be achieved. Alignment is the instrument to synchronize and integrate the IDP process between different spheres of government. The alignment process must reveal how National and Provincial Government and the District Municipality could tangibly assist this Municipality in achieving its developmental objectives. The alignment process is coordinated by the Central Karoo District Municipality. Alignment meetings take place on district level, but with the involvement of all local municipalities.

## 4.10. Time Schedule

The municipality approved a Time Schedule within which this IDP had to be completed; the following table outline the practical within which the municipality will complete the process of compilation and approval.

Month	Activity Deliverable	Responsible Person	Legislative Framework
Jul-2021	Prepare IDP & Budget Time Schedule	IDP	Accounting officer and senior officials begin planning for the
	Performance Agreement signed of the MM and Senior Managers	PMS	<ul> <li>next three-year budget: MFMA</li> <li>Section 68,77</li> </ul>
	District IDP Managers & DGL pre-planning on alignment of IDP/Budget time schedule	IDP	Accounting officer and senior managers review options and
	District alignment workshop- IDP/ PP/Communication	IDP	<ul> <li>contracts for service delivery</li> <li>MSA Section 76-81</li> </ul>
	Submit copies of the performance agreements of the MM and Senior Managers to MEC and make public on municipal website	PMS/MM/HR	MFMA Section 53 (3)(b)
	Compile and submit Quarterly Performance Report for Q4 to Council	PMS/IDP	MFMA Section 52(d)

Laingsburg Municipality Time schedule 2021 / 2022

Aug-2021	Follow up Q1- District Pubic Participation and Communication forum meeting	IDP/PP	
	IDP Steering Committee Meeting	IDP/CFO	
	District IDP Managers Forum Meeting	IDP Manager	
	Consult and Review performance and Financial position	Budget/CFO	
	Table draft Annual Financial Statements to Council (before/on 31 August 2021)	CFO	
	Table draft Annual Financial Statements to Audit committee for Compliance i.t.o Section 166 of the MFMA	CFO	MFMA SECTION 126
	Submission of Annual Performance Report to council	PMS	Section 46
	Executive Mayor tables draft Time Schedule to Council for approval.	Sectoral/ External	Section 21
	Advertise and submit approved Time Schedule to DLG and Provincial Treasury	Departments	
Sep-2021	Q1- District coordinating Technical Form meeting	ММ	Budget office of the
	AG audit of performance measures	PMS	<ul> <li>Municipality determines revenue projections and</li> </ul>
	Q1- Provincial IDP Meeting Managers Forum Meeting	IDP	proposed rate. Draft initial allocations for functions and departments for the next
	Q1- District Coordinating Forum Meeting	MM/ Executive Mayor	

	District CFO Forum	All CFO's across the district	financial year after taking into
	Provincial CFO Forum	All CFO's across the province	account strategic objectives
	Internal IDP and Budget Steering Committee (Analysis)	All Internal Departments	
	IDP Representative Forum (Analysis) (15 Sep 2021)	Sectoral/External Departments	
	eview and update of the IDP Vision, Mission and crategic Objectives and Values (If any change ublic Participation to follow)	IDP/ MM/ Mayor	Engages with Provincial and National sector departments on
	Integrate information from adopted Sector plans for review	IDP/ Internal Departments	sector specific programmes for alignment with municipal plans
	Determine revenue projections and update policies and objectives	MM/ CFO/ Senior Manager and IDP	
	Start with MSCOA Activities (1September 2021)	CFO/BUDGET Department	
	Public Participation (Sep- Oct)	Municipal & Provincial Reps./JDMA teams	Engagements with communities to determine priorities
	IDP INDABA (Sep- Oct)	Provincial & National Departments/ Municipalities/ Senior Officials and IDP	Project and Budget alignment and implementation of the IDP spheres of government using JDMA methodology
Oct-2021	Final Evaluation of MM and Senior Managers	PMS	Develop objectives for priority issues and determine
	Ward forum	IDP/PP	programmes to achieve

	Determine Revenue projections and policies	CFO	strategic intent including the
	Q2- CKDM IDP Managers	IDP	development of the strategic scorecard
	IDP Steering Committee (Feedback on situational analysis)	IDP/CFO	
	Integration of Information from adopted sector plans into the IDP	IDP	
	Internal engagements to prioritize needs for assistance from sector departments	IDP/All internal departments	
	Send priorities to sector departments	IDP	
	Draft initial allocations to functions	CFO	
	Provide Community Needs/Priorities to HOD's for Comments	PMS/HOD/IDP	
	Compile and submit Quarterly Performance Report for Q1 to Council	PMS	MFMA Section 52
	Table capital projects to MIG for funding (31October 2021)Table new projects that was previous before	Infrastructure/CFO/MM	
	council which had budget constrains		
Nov-2021	Public Participation Engagements	IDP/PP	Accounting Officer reviews and draft initial draft changes to the
	IDP Representative Forum Meeting (25 Nov 2021)	IDP/MAYOR	IDP MSA Section 34
	Consolidation of Budget and plans	CFO	
	Q2-District coordinating Technical Forum	MM	

	Table Annual Report to Audit Committee	PMS	
	Q2- District Public Participation & Communication Forum Meeting	IDP/PP	
	Q2- District Coordinating forum meeting	MM/MAYOR	
	Q2- Provincial Public Participation Forum Meeting	IDP	
	SIME with Municipalities on planning priorities and services delivery challenges, and DCF District Mayors present strategic and planning priorities and service delivery challenges	DLG	
	Finalise Audit Report for the Financial year	IDP/MM/CFO	AG return audit report (Due by 30 November 2021) MFMA 126(4)
	DCF Planning	Mayor/HOD	Strategic engagements with municipalities where District Mayor facilitate discussion at a scheduled DCF meeting present on Jobs, Safety and Dignity & Wellbeing using JDMA methodology
Dec-2021	Internal IDP Steering Committee Comments on reviewed Municipal Strategies (Prioritize projects and programmes)	IDP/ MM/ CFO	Accounting officer and senior officials consolidate and prepare proposed budget and
	Q3- Provincial IDP Managers Forum Meeting	IDP	plans for the next financial year taking into account previous

	Executive determines strategic choices for the next three years and finalise the tariff policies	MM/ CFO and Senior Management	year's performance as per audited financial statements
	Outline/ Review municipal Strategic Objectives, KPA's, KPI's and Targets	IDP/PMS	
Jan-2022	Prepare detailed budget and plans for next three years	CFO	MFMA Section 36
	Q3- District Coordinating Technical Forum Meeting	ММ	
	Q3- District Coordinating Forum Meeting	MM/Mayor	
	Compile and submit Quarterly Performance Report for Q2 to Council	PMS/CFO	MFMA Section 52
	Mid-year Report submitted to Mayor in terms of Section 72 of MFMA, published in the local newspaper and Municipal Website	Mayor/IDP/PMS	MFMA Section 72
	Table draft Annual Report to Council, published in the newspaper and invite community inputs Tabled draft Annual Report submitted to AG, Provincial Treasury & Dept. Local Government	MM/IDP/PMS	MFMA SECTION 127
	PGMTEC 2	PT/DOTP/DEADP/DLG/EDP Horizontal Interface: HOD	Demonstrate the proposed impact of the budget. Responsiveness to priorities, credibility and sustainability of the MTEF bughet

Feb-2022	Continuous Review of Municipal Strategic Objectives, KPAs, KPIs and Targets	IDP/PMS/CFO	Accounting officer finalises and submits to Mayor proposed IDP and Budget for the next three years Within 10 working days after the municipal council has approved an adjustment budget the municipal manager must make public the approved adjustment budget and supporting documentation as well as the resolutions referred to in the regulation 25(3).
	Quarterly project implementation Report for Q2 and Council to consider and adopt Oversight Report	IDP/PMS/Internal Audit	
	Q3- District Public Participation & Communication Forum Meeting	IDP/PP	
	Council adopt Adjustment Budget and SDBIP, published in local newspaper		
	Performance Agreements to be adjusted and signed off by section57 managers and MM and placed on website	MM/ IDP/ PMS/ HR	
	IDP Representative Forum (17 Feb 2022)	External and Sector Departments	
	Internal IDP Steering Committee (Alignment)	PMS/CFO	
	Integration of Projects& Programmes (IDP INDABA2)	IDP/MM/Steering Committee/ Council	
	Q3- District IDP Managers and IDP Representative forum meeting	IDPMM/Mayor	
	District Coordinating Technical Forum Meeting	ММ	
	Conclusion of the Sector plans for the next financial year	IDP/Senior Managers	
	TIME	PT/DLG/MM/CFO	Technical engagement, governance and mid-year

			budget assessments and services delivery risks
Mar-2022	Q4- Provincial IDP Managers Forum Meeting	IDP	Within 10 working days after the municipal council has approved an adjustment budget the municipal manager must make public the approved draft budget, draft IDP, and supporting documentation as well as the resolutions referred to in the regulation 25(3). Accounting Officer publish budget and revisions to the IDP for Public input. Submit to National Treasury an Provincial Treasury (MFMA Section 22 & 37) MSA Chapter4
	District Coordinating Forum Meeting	MM/Mayor	
	Workshop draft IDP and Budget with IDP/Budget Committee/Council	IDP/CFO/Mayor/MM	
	IDP and Budget Steering committee for Finalisation of IDP	IDP/CFO	
	Draft SDBIP for incorporation into draft IDP	PMS/IDP	
	Draft IDP and Budget approved by Council, send and advertise documents to Minister, PT and NT, make public for inputs and comments. (31 March 2022)	Mayor/MM/IDP	
	Section 57 Managers formal quarterly assessment	MM/Council	
Apr-2022	Q4 District Public Participation communication Forum meeting	CKDM/IDP/PP	Accounting officer assists the Mayor in revising budget documentation in accordance with consultative processes and taking into account the result
	Q4-District Coordinating Technical Forum	MM	
	Prepare Quarterly Performance Report Q3 and submit to council	PMS/CFO	

	Conclusion of the Sector plans for inclusion in the IDP	Internal departments	from third quarterly review of the current year
	Q4- District IDP Managers and IDP Representative forum Meeting	IDP/Mayor/MM	
	LGMTEC IDP & BUDGET Assessment	Provincial Departments and Municipalities	Joint assessment of co- budgeting
May-2022	Public Participation meetings on the Draft IDP/Budget Documents (Roadshow)	IDP/CFO	Within 10 working days after the municipal council has approved an adjustment budget
	Review written comments in respect of the draft (advertised) IDP	IDP/MM/Steering Committee/ Council	the municipal manager must make public the approved adjustment budget and supporting documentation as
	Q4-Distict Coordinating Forum Meeting	MM/ Legal Service/ Mayor	well as the resolutions referred to in the regulation 25(3).
	Q4- District IDP Managers forum and IDP Representative forum meeting	IDP/Mayor	Accounting officer assist the Mayor in preparing the final
	Community inputs into organisation KPIs and target	PMS/IDP/Strategic Support	budget documentation for consideration for approval at least 30days before the start of
	Final Adoption of IDP &Budget by the Municipal Council (before 31 MAY 2022)	MM/IDP/CFO	the budget year taking into account consultative processes and any other new information of a material nature
Jun-2022	Approval of Top Layer SDBIP	Mayor	

	Submit copies of the IDP/Budget to the DLG and Advertise the IDP and Budget documents in the local newspaper Q4- Provincial IDP Managers Forum Meeting	IDP/CFO MM/HR/PMS/IDP	Accounting officer submit to the mayor no later than 14days after the approval of the budget a draft SDBIP and annual performance agreements
	Signing of performance agreements between MM and Section 57 Manager		required by Section 57 of the MSA
	Submit copies of Performance Agreements to MEC Make public the performance agreements of the MM and Senior Managers	MM /HR / PMS / IDP	Section 57(1)
	Submit copies of SDBIP to the National and Provincial Treasury	PMS/MM	MSA Section 38-45
	Implementation Plan District/Metro	Provincial Departments/ Mun./HOD/ Senior official/MM	Finalisation of Municipal Single Support, job, safety and dignity & wellbeing
Jul-2022	Prepare IDP & Budget Time Schedule and submit to district for the year 2022/2023	IDP	Accounting officer and senior officials begin planning for the next three-year budget: MFMA
	Performance Agreement signed of MM and Senior Managers	PMS	Section 68,77
	District IDP Managers & DGL pre-planning on alignment of IDP/Budget time schedule	IDP	Accounting officer and senior managers review opions and
	District alignment workshop- IDP/ PP/ Communication	IDP	contracts for service delivery MSA Section 76-81

	Compile and submit Quarterly Performance Report for Q4 to the Council	PMS/IDP	MFMA Section 52
Aug-2022	District Public Participation and Communication forum meeting	CKDM IDP/ PP	
	IDP Steering committee meeting, to discuss draft time schedule and identify gaps in the gaps in the IDP Process	IDP	
	Table draft Time schedule to MAYCO for comments and recommendation	IDP	
	Consult and review performance and financial position	CFO	Submit to AG in term of MFMA section 125(1)(a) due by
	Submit Q4 SDBIP reports for the last quarter of financial year	PMS	31August
	Submission of Annual Performance Report prepared in terms of the legislation	PMS	
	Q1-District IDP Managers and IDP Representative forums	IDP/ MM/ MAYOR	
	Executive Mayor tables draft Time Schedule to the Council for approval and advertise	MM/ Mayor/ IDP	

Submit annual financial statements and annual		The Accounting officer of the
		C
performance report to the AG for auditing		Municipality must prepare the
		annual financial statements of
		the Municipality and, within
	CFO	two months after the end of the
		financial year which those
		statements relate, submit the
		statements to the AG for
		Auditing. MSA section 126(1)(a)

# 5. Municipal Profile

The aim of this profile is to create a platform for informed decision-making regarding planning, budgeting and implementation, i.e. integrated development planning. This profile does not include the use of exhaustive lists of data but instead considered the most pertinent and up- to-date data available. The components analysed includes the following:

# 5.1. Geographical Positioning

Laingsburg is the entry point to Central Karoo District if driving from Cape Town along N1 to Johannesburg. The municipality boarder's two Western Cape districts, the Cape Winelands District and the Eden District. The municipality also borders the Northern Cape Province on the northern side of the municipality connecting the municipality to Sutherland.

- Distance from Cape Town 276 Km
- Distance from Johannesburg 1300Km
- Distance from Beaufort West 199Km
- Distance from Ladysmith (Eden District) 110km
- Distance from Touwsriver (Cape Winelands District) 85Km
- Distance from Sutherland (Northern Cape Province) 137Km

The municipality of Laingsburg as per the Demarcation Board covers the following areas:

- Laingsburg, Matjiesfontein, Vleiland, and 250 Farms (refer detail below)
- The population of the municipal area is 9 606 and has a total number of 2862 of households that live in the municipal area.
- The biggest part of the population falls within the age group of 15-35 (36.6%) and is mostly unemployed or works on a seasonal basis.



The municipal area is divided into 4 wards and consists of three main areas:

Area	Neighbourhoods
LAINGSBURG	Bergsig, Goldnerville, Bodorp, Onderdorp, Nuwedorp and Moordenaars Karoo Farms
Matjiesfontein	The Village, Konstable and the Witteberge farms
Vleiland	Vleiland and Klein Swartberg areas

Table 5. 1: Municipal Area

# 5.2. Population and households

Population	(2001)	6821			
	(2006)	7320			
	(2010)	7989			
	(2015)	8661			
	(2016)	8895			
	(2017)	9002			
	(2018)	9253			
	(2021)	9606			
	(2022)	9 778			
Households:	2862	Density: 1.01 p/km <sup>2</sup>			
Household Size	3.2				
P	Population growth rate (average annual)				
	2021 / 2022	1.8%			

# 5.3. Settlement Pattern

Generally, Laingsburg is a one town Municipality. Laingsburg town has a population of 7386 people (80%) followed by Matjiesfontein, the second largest community, which has about 701 people. The rest of the population (1519 people) is scattered in some farms all over the Local Municipality.

# 5.4. Wards

The municipality is divided into 4 wards by the Demarcation board. The biggest ward in population numbers is ward 4, consisting of Goldnerville. The second biggest ward is ward 1, which consisting of Bergsig (RDP Residential Area). The 3rd biggest ward is ward 2, consisting of Matjiesfontein, Vleiland and the whole agricultural community but this ward is the biggest with regards to size. The smallest ward is ward 3 which mainly consisting out of Central Business Area, Acacia Park and Nuwe Dorp as well as a few farms along the urban edge of the municipality.

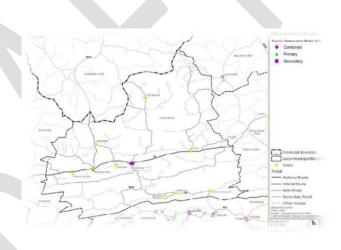
# 6. Situational Analysis

# 6.1. Education

The education facilities include a distribution of primary, secondary and private schools of the Municipality.

There are 4 primary schools, one in Vleiland, one Matjiesfontein and two in Laingsburg. There is only secondary school in Laingsburg and have to serve all the primary schools. One of primary schools is a private school, children from this school leaves after grade 7 and complete their schooling in other schools outside the municipal area. Laingsburg High School's finance is under severe pressure because it is situated in town and is classified as fee-paying school. The scholars attending are this unable to pay school fess as they are all from previously disadvantaged areas. Because there is no income, the school is unable to contribute to the school subsidy. This leads to lack of teachers and the inability to pay school accounts. Due to this fact, scholars and teachers has to do without the necessary services. The abovementioned map also shows that the area north of the N1 Freeway is not serviced with education facilities and that the schools are generally distributed along the major road networks in the Municipality. Laingsburg High School was recently declared as a no-fee school

Map 6.1 Educational facilities



# 6.1.1. Education Outcome

Education remains one of the key driven to improve the local economy, and there is an increase requirement for matriculates for employment and youth empowerments programs.

The matric pass rate within Laingsburg increased from 80.6 per cent in 2018 to 100 per cent in 2019, however dropped to 60 percent in 2020 in 2021 the results increased to 82.9%.

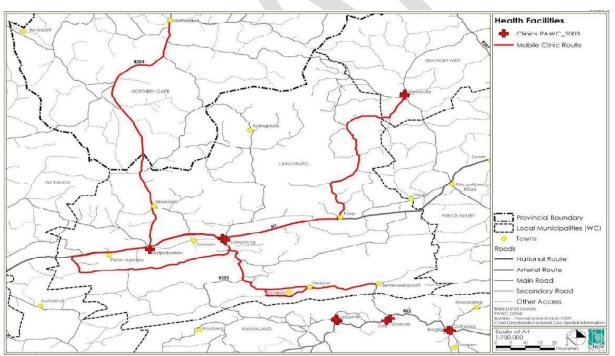
#### Health

In terms of healthcare facilities, in 2020, the Laingsburg municipal area had 1 fixed and 2 non-fixed primary health clinics. In addition, there are also 1 district hospital, as well as 1 antiretroviral treatment clinic/sites and 2 TB treatment clinics/sites.

	PHC (	Clinics	Community Communi	Community	Hospitals		Treatment Sites	
Area	Fixed	Non- Fixed	Health Centres	Day Centres	District	Regional	ART Clinics	TB Clinics
Laingsburg	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	2
Central Karoo	8	10	0	1	4	0	12	22



Map 6.2: Health Facilities (Source LSP; 2021)



There are no health facilities north of the N1 Freeway, and none in the other rural areas. The rural areas are served by mobile clinic routes. Discussion with the Provincial health practitioners indicated that there are 17 mobile clinic routes in the Municipality. At least one route is covered per day, sometimes even two. If there are medical emergencies, then the farmers bring the patients in either to Matjiesfontein or Laingsburg.

# 6.1.2. Emergency Medical Services



Access to emergency medical services is critical for rural citizens due to rural distances between towns and health facilities being much greater than in the urban areas. Combined with the relatively lower population per square kilometer in rural areas, ambulance coverage is greater in rural areas in order to maintain adequate coverage for rural communities.

Provision of more operational ambulances can provide greater coverage of emergency medical services. Laingsburg has 3 ambulances per 10 000 inhabitants in 2020. It should be noted this number only refers to Provincial ambulances and exclude all private service providers.

# 6.1.3. HIV/AIDS

Area	ART clients that remain with treatment month end		Number of new ART patients		
	2020/2022	2021/2022	2020/2021	2021/2022	
Laingsburg	200	213	12	12	
Central Karoo District	2037	2 097	163	133	

Table 6.4 HIV / AIDS (Source: LSEP, 2022)

Patient receiving antiretroviral treatment in Laingsburg was treated at 1 clinic/treatment site. The 200 patients receiving antiretroviral treatment are treated at 1 clinic / treatment site.

# 6.1.4. Child Care

The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals aims by 2030 to end preventable deaths of newborne and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1 000 live births and under-5 mortalities to at least as low as 25 per 1 000 live births (Source: UN SDG's).

The **immunization rate** for children under the age of one in the Laingsburg Municipality is recorded at 83.9. Percent in 2021/2022, this is below the Central Karoo District average for 2022 which was at 67.2 percent.

The number of **malnourished children** under five years (per 100 000 people) in Laingsburg in 2022 was 2.4 in 2022

The neonatal mortality rate per deaths per 1000 live births before 28 days for Laingsburg remains zero.

# 6.1.5. Maternal Health

Area	Maternal M	ortality Rate	Delivery Rate to Women under 20 Years			
	2020/21	2021/2022	2020/21	2021/22	2020/21	2021/22
Laingsburg	0.0	0.0	13.2	16.7	0.0	0.0
Central Karoo District	195.3	107.0	17.7	18.9	0.0	0.0

The **maternal mortality rate** in the Laingsburg area has remained at zero deaths per 100 000 live births in 2018/19 and 2019/20, while the Central Karoo District rate increased slightly from 0 in 2018/19 to 195.7 in 2019/20.

The **delivery rate to women under 19 years** has increased from 13.2 per cent 2020/21 to 16.7 2021/22 in Laingsburg and Central Karoo increased slightly from 15.4 to 17.7 over the same period.

The **termination of pregnancy rate** remained steady at zero per cent in Laingsburg and the Central Karoo District over the 2020/21 and 2021/22 period.

# 6.2. Safety and Security

There is only one police station located in Laingsburg town that services the entire 8781km<sup>2</sup> of the Municipality.

Crime Category	2021/2022
Murder	0
Sexual crimes – Total	7
Burglary at residential premises	71
Drug-related crime	118
Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs	68

#### Table 6.6. SEPLG 2021

The most commonly occurring crimes are driving under the influences of alcohol or drugs and drug related crimes.

Laingsburg Municipality recognizes the broad nature of community safety. The focus thereof would be the reduction of safety challenges in terms of pro-active and re-active initiatives towards socioeconomic challenges as a way to prevent these challenges within communities. These initiatives should also be able to improve the quality of life of the community through physical and social environmental changes.

Municipal Safety Plan Key Strategic Objectives:

- i) Reinventing the economy from an old to a modern generation
- ii) Renew our communities from low to high quality of life
- iii) Revive the environment from waste dumps to a green region
- iv) Reintegrate with Western Cape Province and our neighbors to move from an edge to a frontier region
- v) Release human potential from low to high skills
- vi) Deepens democracy through stakeholder engagement and public participation in policies and procedures of Council.
- vii) Ensure good governance through sound financial management, functional and effective Council.

A holistic approach is critical to ensure effective and efficient implementation of community safety programs. It is thus; essential to ensure that the under-mentioned objectives are met in support of the National Outcome 03.

- i) Promote and sustain a safe and secure environment for communities and visitors of Laingsburg
- ii) Maximize societal participation in community safety intervention programs and projects
- iii) Build and sustain strategic partnerships and networks
- iv) Manage and improve society's perception on levels of crime and roles of law enforcement services
- v) Intensify focus towards the elimination of gender-based violence and trio crimes in the region
- vi) Build investor confidence and provide enabling environment for the promotion of tourism in the region

This combination of factors can either initiate criminal behavior or perpetuate it. The undermentioned factors are often regarded as socio-economic contributes towards criminality within various communities:

- i) Poverty
- ii) Unemployment and/or lack of employment opportunities
- iii) Inadequate or inaccessible policing (Often a perception that the police are not visible enough)
- iv) Alcohol and drug abuse Low levels of vigilance and taking precautions against criminality (Often Police perceptions towards community members)
- v) Lack of sporting and recreational facilities
- vi) Lack of incoming generating skills and low self-esteem
- vii) Moral degeneration and break-down of family structures and values
- viii) Rapid and uncontrolled urbanization

The following are just some of causal factors generating to high levels of crime within the communities:

- Profusion of taverns, shebeens and unlicensed liquor outlets within residential areas: These places are frequented by community members who are prone to influences of criminal and delinquent nature.
- Lack of street lighting: A tendency that prevails is that this challenge is often only addressed when there is a high-profile delegate visiting the area, and the municipality poses to impress the visitors.
- iii) Poorly maintained roads in rural areas: Bad roads are hampering Law Enforcement and Emergency Medical Services' mandates. These services often cannot promptly respond to reported incidents due to the conditions of some of the routes that need to be used.
- iv) Unfenced / Broken fenced school premises can provide and expose learners to criminal vulnerability. This space can be exploited by drug dealers to access school children, including easy access to even commit crimes such as rape and theft at the school premises.

The following Priorities were identified to address crime and community safety challenges:

Priority 01: Inter-Governmental Relations
Priority 02: Promotion of Schools Safety
Priority 03: Advocacy for Social Crime Prevention
Priority 04: Support Community Corrections Programs

# 6.2.1. Decay of Social Fabric

Laingsburg is heavily affected by moral degeneration and the associated socio-economic issues. High teenage pregnancy rates as per table 4.5 have been sited before and cases of sexual crime are on the increase within the communities. The break of linkages and respect between the youth and old or people have increased the generational gap which is amongst the constraints observed in society. Young girls also don't mind to have relationships with older, married men who can entertain them and support them financially. These are caused once again by aspects related to poverty and low levels of education and hence employable skills. Prostitution, drugs and alcohol abuse especially amongst, under age children is also high

# 6.3 Environmental and Spatial

#### 6.3.1 Analysis of the natural environment

Laingsburg Municipality is a small town in the Central Karoo District, in the Western Cape Province. It accessible from all the major cities of the Western Cape as well as Northern Cape, Eastern Cape, Free State and Gauteng Province. The municipality is divided into 4 wards. A small, modern Karoo village, Laingsburg lies at the confluence of two rivers in one of the driest parts of the country, 280 km from Cape Town just off the N1 highway that travels through the Great Karoo. Laingsburg area is a geological hotspot. Alongside the main road are layers of fossilised mudstone and a yellow bank of volcanic ash. The major river through the area is the Buffels River flows into the Floriskraal Dam south-east of Laingsburg. The Municipal area is generally undulating with mountain ranges rising above the general level of the Karoo plains to the north and south.

Laingsburg Municipality receives an average annual rainfall of about 175mm. Frost occurs during the winter months, from June to August.

The Environmental section outlines key focus areas relevant to the current state of the natural environment and the associated need for environmental management, specifically, within Laingsburg Local Municipality.

#### 6.3.2 Climate change

Climate change is broadly defined as the change in climate attributed directly or indirectly to human activity (the emission of greenhouse gases sourced from fossil fuel based activities) which has altered the composition of the global atmosphere and which is in addition to natural climate variability observed over comparable time periods. As the rate of climate change accelerates. The predominant wind direction is easterly. This is followed by south-south-westerly, westerly and west- north-westerly directions. it is expected that Laingsburg will experience a change in temperature and rainfall regimes. These conditions will result in a reduction in vegetation. This can also affect agriculture negatively with a decline in productivity and crop, that can cause a negative impact on the economy of the municipality. It is therefore important that the Municipality contributes to the efforts to reduce the emission of greenhouse gasses and thereby delay the impact of climate change.

The following sectors are likely to be vulnerable to climate related impacts and require responses:

- Economic development
- Social Development
- Planning
- Public safety
- Disaster management
- Water management
- Health
- Agriculture
- Tourism
- Housing and infrastructure
- Transport
- Energy / electricity

- Biodiversity conservation
- Future mining
- Waste management

Laingsburg local municipal area economy predominantly dependent on agriculture as its economic base, the risks that climate change can potentially have on this agricultural production area is of great concern. The main expected features of climate change is the long term rise in temperature, variability in precipitation, changes in precipitation patterns, changes in the growing season etc. Therefore, the aforementioned variables definitely impact on the availability of water, for both rain fed and irrigated agricultural production. Water availability is the most important limiting factor for crop production in the Laingsburg area. Furthermore, animal production is also adversely affected in the light of dryer periods throughout the year. Given the extent of production in this area it could have implications in terms of food security. (Smart Agri, 2015) New urban development need to be planned with this in mind. The changes in the climate along with aspects such as the prevailing wind direction requires that new buildings, be it for offices, commercial or especially for residential use, be designed with a view to ameliorate these impacts. The appropriate local and natural materials need to be sourced and appropriate thermal treatment of the buildings applied to ensure it maximises the use of natural energy and minimises the use of electricity. Climate change resilience areas include:

- Kloofs, which provide important connectivity and provide both temperature and
- moisture refuges.
- South facing slopes, which similar to Kloofs, provide refuge habitats.
- Topographically diverse areas, which contain important altitudinal and climatic gradients
- which are important for climate change adaptation as well as ensuring a range of micro-
- climates are protected.
- Riverine corridors, which provide important connectivity in extensive arid environments.

The municipality need to track climate change issues and broadened awareness for climate change within the Municipality.

There is a need to accelerate the process of relevant education, training, awareness and capacity building in municipality to speed up the implementation of climate change response. Humaninduced climate change can be combated by two general approaches:

- Climate mitigation: action taken to reduce or eliminate the source of greenhouse gases or
- to enhance the absorption of greenhouse gases ("carbon sinks").
- Climate adaptation: ability of a system or community to adjust to climate variability or
- extremes.

The Laingsburg municipality will liaise with the District regarding their Climate Change Response Plan to start developing our implementation plan. Amendments to the Disaster Management Plan will be made to include Climate Change Response and reflect such information. The Laingsburg municipality to request funding for climate change response related projects in the IDP.

# 6.3.3 Biodiversity and Conservation

Laingsburg Municipality has the greatest percentage covered of the succulent Karoo biome as well as the fynbos biome compared with other Municipalities in the Central Karoo District. The present biomes in the municipal area are namely:

• the succulent Karoo

- the fynbos;
- the Nama-karoo;
- the Azonal vegetation; and
- the Albany thicket.

The Nama-Karoo has high species diversity but it is generally of low to medium grazing quality with a carrying capacity of 41 - 80 hectares per animal unit per annum. It is mainly suitable for livestock farming with conservation of the indigenous plant species. (Laingsburg 2007 Status Quo Report) The fynbos has high species diversity and is generally of low grazing quality and has a carrying capacity of 18 - 30 hectares per animal large stock unit (LSU) per annum. (Laingsburg 2007 Status Quo Report).

SANBI's classification of the vegetation status of the entire Municipality as not Threatened suggests there is little that threatens the ecosystem's integrity. However, the poor status of the rivers, most of which are Critically Endangered suggest there are problems in the catchments. The greatest threat to eco-system integrity is crop farming but there is very little potential. The next threat is inappropriate grazing. Appropriate grazing systems should be in place so that veld is restored. This will improve both its biodiversity and stock carrying capacity. The critical biodiversity areas in the Laingsburg Municipality includes areas that are formally protected areas, conservation areas, i.e. informally protected; critical biodiversity areas, ecological support areas and areas where there are no natural areas remaining. The municipalities critical biodiversity areas cover 47%; 28% as ecological support areas; 18% as other; and, 7% is under formal protection. The Anysberg Nature Reserve and the Towerkop Nature Reserve Area Type 1 natue reserves, i.e. a national park / provincial nature reserve. The area south of Rouxpos, the Buffelspoort Nature Reserve is a mountain catchment area or a DWS forest area. This is a Type 2 nature reserve. The Gamkaspoort and the Klein Swartberg catchment and nature reserve areas are located along the eastern and the south-eastern boundaries of the site.

Out of 126 threatened plant species 76 are found in the Laingsburg Municipality, one species is extinct, one species is presumed extinct, seven species are critically endangered, 20 are endangered and 47 are vulnerable. The SANBI biodiversity assessment for vegetation types shows that the majority of the area is Least Threatened. the land cover and the status in hectares and percentage of the land cover. This shows that 96% of the land in the Laingsburg Municipality is in a natural state. This is the highest percentage for any of the Municipalities in the Central Karoo District. Only 2% of the land in the Municipality is in a degraded state. This is the lowest percentage for any of the Municipalities in the Central Karoo District.

The major river through the area is the Buffels River flows into the Floriskraal Dam south-east of Laingsburg. All the rivers in the municipality are dry because of drought. Due to low level of environmental protection of the area, the area became threatened.

Vegetation and Ecological Areas are rapidly being compromised due to unsustainable land-use practises, overgrazing, alien vegetation, infestation, pollution and other environmental change The municipality should apply for social-ecological projects implemented by government agencies such as Working for Water, this will assist in clearing of invasive alien species, research and environmental education. Environmental Management Plans are required to ensure appropriate protection.

The Laingsburg Municipality, during the next budget cycle, will make budget available for the development of an Alien Invasive Species Eradication Plan. The plan will outline the funding needs for the clearing of alien invasive species. The following plans will be developed in consultation The Department of Environmental Affairs:

- Open Space Management Plan
- Biodiversity By-Law

The final plans will outline the needs, focus areas of the municipality whereby funding applications will be submitted to start implementation of these plans related to biodiversity for Laingsburg Municipal area.

# 6.3.4 Air Quality

The District Municipality have monitoring stations positioned in the area for the monitoring of air quality in the region, the Laingsburg Municipality will have to budget for monitoring equipment during the budget cycle period to monitor the state of air quality in the Laingsburg Municipal Area. Laingsburg Municipality have an Air Quality Management Plan, the plan is in the process for review and to be updated, outlining specific focus areas for improvement and implementation. Annual reports will be submitted to the Department of Environmental Affairs on the implementation of the Air Quality Management Plan. The Laingsburg Municipality, during the next budget cycle will budget for the compilation of an Air Quality By-Law. The Laingsburg Municipality has a designated air quality management officer. The Laingsburg Municipality will make budget available for all air quality functions within its jurisdiction.

### Dust

Due to intense mining in Laingsburg dust particles have increased, dust fallout is a major problem arising from various mining, construction and even farming activities. Dust fallout can have an impact on health, infrastructure and agriculture. Dust fallout monitoring is a cost effective method to measure the amount of dust being deposited on the ground and provide information to determine effectiveness of control strategies.

### Wood burning

Some of the families in the municipal area depend on burning wood for cooking, which is a major source of air pollution, and can have negative effects on the environment and human health. Smoke from wood combustion is the leading source of particulate emissions in the area. These emissions can reduce our ability to breathe and contribute to the formation of smog and haze.

### **Transportation emissions**

Motor vehicles travelling along the N1 can result in elevated ambient concentrations of Particulate Matter at times. This is not regarded as a major concern. The municipality should implement the Air Quality Management Plan within Laingsburg Municipality. Air quality training of future air quality personnel at Laingsburg Municipality should be considered by the municipality. Compliance monitoring and enforcement of air quality legislation, policies and regulations in Laingsburg area should be put in place.

#### 6.3.5 Water Resource Management

There are three rivers which confluence at Laingsburg town, namely the Baviaans (Bobbejaans) which also flows through Matjiesfontein from the west, the Wilgehoutsriver and the Buffels from the north. The Witberg River also flows in a northern direction across the N1 and then the Wilgehoutsriver in a north- western direction into Hillandale. The municipality is currently experiencing a deep and prolonged drought of significantly below average rainfall and very low to empty dams, making ground water more important in the area.

Laingsburg Local Municipality is dependent on groundwater as the only source for water service delivery, the town reservoirs, Goldnerville reservoir, Soutkloof boreholes, Soutkoolf reservoir and Soutkloof pit. In Matjiesfontein there are boreholes and reservoirs. Climate change is leading to more frequent drought and a decline in groundwater availability within the municipal area.

These ground water sources are the primary source for the supply of potable water to households and businesses in Laingsburg.

The municipality should have more stringent water conservation and demand management initiatives.

### 6.3.6 Environmental management and planning

Environmental planning is the process of evaluating how social, political, economic and governing factors affect the natural environment when considering development. Environmental decision making can be defined as the process of evaluating the ways humans go about making choices that impact the natural environment. Environmental management and planning objective is to formulate measures which will, mitigate adverse impacts on various environmental components, which have been identified during the rapid environmental impact assessment study and protect environmental resources where possible. Planning is also important when it comes to protecting the environment, so it is sustainable for generations to come. However, environmental planning and decision making have many considerations because of the complexities of nature and the varying needs and desires of society.

Sustainable development requires an integrated approach and the thematic strategy advocates national and regional authorities in supporting the municipality in achieving more integrated management at the local level. This approach should be supported by council.

Based upon available information and experience the municipality should include the following topics when planning any development:

- Improving water quality
- Improving waste management
- Increasing energy efficiency and use of renewable energy
- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- Improving outdoor air quality
- Improving urban transport
- Preventing and reducing noise and protecting quiet areas
- Better local governance
- Better land use and planning
- Increasing biodiversity and green space
- Reducing environmental risks

The Laingsburg Municipality has a panel of consulting engineers appointed on a 3-year term contract. The implementation of all projects that would require EIAs will be consulted with the professional engineering team, whereby MISA is also part of in providing technical support.

# 6.3.7 Waste management

Laingsburg Municipality has a designated waste management officer. The 2<sup>nd</sup> generation Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) is in place, the municipality will apply for funding for the development of the 3<sup>rd</sup> generation IWMP. The Municipality has adopted the Departmental Waste Management By-Law, the plan has been approved by the Department and the Municipal Council, the final plan is in process for gazetting. The basic waste management services are supplied to 100 % of households in Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein. Only indigent households are provided with free waste management services in the municipality. The Municipality has one landfill site for waste disposal, there are no drop-offs, by-backs centres or transfer stations. Household waste in the Laingsburg Municipality is collected on a weekly basis. Domestic waste includes refuse from gardens and building rubble. Commercial refuse removal is collected on a bi-weekly basis.

The refuse from Matjiesfontein is disposed of at a landfall site west of Laingsburg town. The waste generation for Laingsburg, obtained from the Integrated Waste Management Plan, prepared in 2005, is based on the 2001 population survey figures. The waste generated in Laingsburg is 1.2kg per person per day resulting in 5.4 tons per day. The waste for Matjiesfontein is 0.5kg per person per day resulting in 0.15 tons per day. Therefore, the waste generation in the Municipality is approximately 20.4 tons per week during the peak and 16.9 tons during off-peak periods.

Laingsburg has one landfill site that was permitted in 1997 with a classification of General Waste, Communal Landfill and no significant leachate produced (GCB). This site is approximately 5 hectares and does not have any groundwater monitoring. It receives garden refuse, building rubble and domestic waste and put it into trenches at the landfill site. At 2005, the site had approximately 10 years left. The landfill site must to be upgraded urgently to increase the airspace capacity during 2019/20.

Medical waste is transported to Beaufort West by means of a private company. No medical waste was seen in the landfill site in 2005 and it is assumed that it is well managed. The closest hazardous waste site is in Vissershok outside Cape Town. This makes it very problematic for Municipality to transport all of its hazardous waste to that facility.

There are no weighbridge facilities at the Laingsburg Landfill Site therefore the quantity of waste disposed of at the landfill site is not measured and the exact number of receptacles collected at each of the service points is not known. Therefore, it was not possible to distinguish between the different types of waste generated within the respective areas and the volume of waste generated was purely based on the available population figures. The method that is used to determine waste data is the gate controller sheet/ waste calculator provided by the provincial department and the estimated waste quantities are reported monthly on IPWIS and will be reflected annually in the IDP.

The Laingsburg Municipality will look into allocating sufficient budget for waste management functions such as awareness, clean up campaigns and other waste related matters.

# 6.4 Economic Analysis and GDP Performance

In 2020 the economy of Laingsburg was valued at R457.8million (current prices) and employed 2704 people. Historical trends between 2016 and 2020 indicate that the municipal economy realised an average annual growth rate of 0.4 percent.

Despite the economic recovery experienced in 2021, the economy continued to shed jobs, with 42 net job losses. This was largely driven by job losses in the wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (-40 jobs), construction (-8 jobs), transport, storage and communication (-8 jobs) and Agriculture (-4 jobs). Only the general government, community and social sector also the finance sector were able to create jobs.

(LSEP 2021/2022)

# 6.4.1 Agriculture

In the Laingsburg municipal area, this sector contributed 30.8 per cent to employment in 2020.

# 6.4.2 Agri-Tourism

Agri-Tourism has showed a growth in the agricultural sector, providing into the need of people from the cities wanting a need in unwind and enjoy the country life. The following table give an indication how farms have developed and add value to the Tourism Sector.

Adventure Tourism is the biggest in the municipal area, providing 4X4, accommodation, Birding, camping, hiking and mountain biking as the major activities provided for.

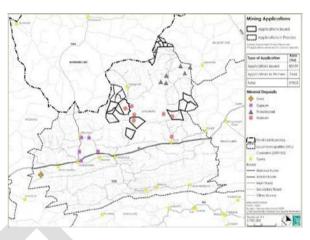
# 6.4.3 Impact of Climate Change

Given the background of the Laingsburg local municipal area economy being predominantly dependent on agriculture as its economic base, the risks that climate change can potentially have on this agricultural production area is of great concern.

The main expected features of climate change are the long term rise in temperature, variability in precipitation, changes in precipitation patterns, changes in the growing season etc. Therefore, the aforementioned variables will definitely impact on the availability of water, for both rain fed and irrigated agricultural production. Water availability is the most important limiting factor for crop production in the Laingsburg area. Furthermore, animal production is also adversely affected in the light of dryer periods throughout the year. Given the extent of production in this area it could have implications in terms of food security

# 6.4.4 Building Materials and Mining

The Map shows the distribution of mining applications within the Municipality. Applications have been issued to mine uranium on 50159ha and mining applications are in process on 7644ha. South Africa has the 4<sup>th</sup> largest uranium reserves in the world but is only ranked 12th in terms of production suggesting there could be considerable upside potential in mining this commodity if there is sufficient demand. (OECD NEA & IAEA, Uranium 2007: Resources, Production and Demand ("Red Book") World Nuclear Association).



### 6.4.5 Employment

It is estimated that Laingsburg' total employment in 2020 amount to 2 704 workers of which 2 323 are employed in the formal sector and 381 are informally employed. Employment in the informal sector suffered an annually decline of 2.8% over the 2016-2020 period. Most formally employers consist of 47.7% of semi-skilled, 33.1% low-skilled workers and 19.2% skilled workers.

#### 6.4.6 Unemployment

The Laingsburg unemployment rate of 20.9% as per Socio Economic profile for the 2021/22 book year

#### 6.4.7 Property market patterns and growth pressures

The following average property / sale value are currently being experienced in the rural areas.

- Dryland grazing land: 1 000/ha
- Dryland agricultural land: 80 000/ha
- Irrigated agricultural land: 140 000/ha

### 6.5.9 Tourism

The tourism industry plays a key role in the South African economy, both from its contribution to GDP and from its contribution to employment; tourism is dependent on both domestic and foreign visitors both in the sense of domestic to the Laingsburg and Western Cape and also in the sense of national as well as international visitors Laingsburg has a number of heritage sites and as a Municipality has numerous opportunities for the enhancement of its heritage and tourism opportunities. The N1 Freeway as it passes through Laingsburg presents with itself automatic patrons to tourism opportunities. These opportunities are generally limited to activities that are directly exposed to the N1 Freeway. This also includes activities located deeper in the municipality. The SDF review data 2017 noted that approximately 14 000 vehicles pass through Laingsburg every day. This traffic in itself provides a great opportunity for tourism and the economy of Laingsburg.

Laingsburg also has a strong national and international iconic status in South Africa in that it was the place of the largest natural disaster, namely the great flood that happened in 1981. This presents tourism opportunities. However, the tourism opportunities and activities need to be diversified. In this

regard the traffic safety measures in Laingsburg town, such as the line of New Jersey barriers along the intersection with the N1 Freeway and Humphrey Street require amelioration.

Matjiesfontein village is known for its Victorian architecture and has approximately about 10 000 visitors per year. (IDP2017) However, these visitors to Matjiesfontein are essentially one day visitors with possible overnight stay opportunities. The aim should be to lengthen their stay, not only in Matjiesfontein, but also in the Municipality.

There is a need to enhance tourism industry by developing aspects such as skills development in the hospitality industry. Other aspects such as marketing and creating widespread awareness of the area and its opportunities are also required.

The Floriskraal Dam has been identified as an opportunity for development for the tourist economy in the area. Further investigation is required around whether there is an SUP for the area around the dam. This is to ensure the maximum economic, social and tourism benefit is obtained from the dam whilst preserving the integrity of the ecological functions of the dam. This should also be done for the Gamkaspoort dam from which Laingsburg Municipality as well as Prince Albert Municipality can benefit. The municipality could also potentially have a number of agri-tourist opportunities. These are as follows.

The historic urban character, reflecting a typical Karoo character, has developed over the years and has been retained in certain areas. This provides another opportunity for tourist attraction. It is therefore necessary that appropriate architecture is encouraged in the building and extension work and that any new developments in do not detract from the town's urban landscape.

# 6.5.10 Regional Economic Development

Laingsburg as part of three towns plays a particular role in the regional economy, although with little change over time in the nature and extent their economies. However, the introduction of renewable energy generation and the Square Kilometer Array project in the greater Karoo region, as well as possible exploration for shale gas, will add value to the GDP within certain economic sectors and, by implication, change the composition and character of the towns. (CKDM, 2017: 9) CKDM (2017; 14) states that the two key structuring elements of the economy for the region are the national road and the railway line that bisects the area in a northern and southern segment of equal proportion. These transport corridors are regarded as the conduit of activity to and from municipal areas.

# 6.6 Institutional and Service Delivery Analysis

The chapter aims to provide an analysis of Laingsburg Municipality, its financial position and status of service delivery.

# 6.6.1 Institutional Analysis

The following section focuses on the factors contributing to the sustainability of the municipality ranging from continuity of the prevailing political environment and the internal capacity of the municipality, particularly in relation to personnel and the systems used within the municipality.

### 6.6.2 Political Environment

The council performs both legislative and executive functions. They focus on legislative, oversight and participatory roles, and have delegated its executive function to the Executive Mayor and the full council. Their role is to debate issues publicly and to facilitate political debate and discussion. The council plays a very active role in the operations of the Municipality. Apart from their functions as decision makers, councilors are also actively involved in community work and the various social programs in the municipal area.

The Council of the Laingsburg Municipality comprises of 7 Councilors. The portfolio committees are made up of councilors drawn from all political parties. Below is a table that categorized the councilors within their specific political parties and wards:

Name of councilors	Capacity	Political Party	Ward representing or proportional
Clir. Johanna Botha	Executive Mayor	ANC	Proportional
Clir. Samuel Laban	Deputy Mayor	KDF	Proportional
Cllr. Mike Gouws	Speaker/ Chairperson	ANC	4
Cllr. Gayton Mckenzie	Councilor	PA	Proportional
Cllr. Lindi Potgieter (Ms)	Councilor	DA	3
Cllr. Juliet Pieterse (Mrs)	Councilor	DA	1
Cllr Aletta Theron (Mrs)	Councilor	DA	2

Table 6.35: Composition of Council

# 6.6.3 The Executive Mayoral Committee

Due to the small size of the Laingsburg Municipality and its Council, there is no Mayoral Committee as it would not be practical to have such a committee.

The portfolio committees' primary responsibility is to exercise oversight over the executive arm of the municipality's governance structure. These committees monitor the delivery and outputs of the executive and may request Directorates to account for the outputs of their functions. Councilors' account for executive decisions and operations performed in general policy framework agreed to by Council and although the portfolio committees play an oversight role, they have limited decisionmaking powers. These committees are responsible for submitting their reports to Council.

Finance and Administration				
	Chairperson			
	Technical Services			
S. Laban	Chairperson			
Community Services				
M. Gouws	Chairperson			
	Table 6.36: Composition of Portfolio Committees			

Table 6.36: Composition	n of Portfolio Commi	ttees
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Community Services				
Community Development & Social Cohesion	Cllr Mike Gouws			
Economic Empowerment & Employment Creation	vacant			
Human Settlements and Municipal Planning	Cllr Johanna Botha			
Public Transport and Roads	Cllr Samuel Laban			
Water, Sanitation and Waste Management	Cllr Samuel Laban			
Capacity Building and Institutional Resilience	Cllr Mike Gouws			
Governance and Intergovernmental Relations	vacant			
Municipal Finance and Fiscal Policy	vacant			
Municipal Innovations and Information Technology	Cllr Mike Gouws			
SALGA Women Commission	Cllr Johanna Botha			

Table 6.37: The Management Structure

The administrative arm of the Municipality is headed by the municipal manager. The municipal manager as head of the administration is responsible and accountable for tasks and functions as provided for in Section 55 of the MSA, other functions/tasks as provided for in legislation as well as functions delegated to her by the Executive Mayor and Council. He is supported by a team of managers.

The municipality consists of five departments namely Development Services; Finance and; Corporate Services; Infrastructure Services and Community Services.

Capacity of Staff is limited and key staff has more than one portfolio to execute and at the same time also take responsibility for it.

	Office of the Municipal Man <i>Municipal Manager</i> <i>Mr. J. Booysen</i> <i>Core Functions</i> Overseeing the entire function of the Municipal		
<b>Senior Manager</b> Finance & Corporate Services Ms. Alida Groenewald	Community Services Mr Infr	<b>Senior Manager</b> rastructure Services Ar. John Komanisi	<b>Coordinator</b> Development Services <b>Mr. Arthur Abrahams</b> LED Mr. Willem Adams
Core Functions <ol> <li>Expenditure</li> <li>Income</li> <li>Budget</li> <li>ICT</li> <li>SCM</li> <li>Secretariat and customer care</li> <li>Skills Development</li> <li>Integrated Human Settlements</li> <li>Human Resource Management</li> <li>Administration</li> <li>Thusong</li> </ol>	Core Functions          1.       Protection Services         2.       Fire Services         3.       Municipal Traffic & Law Enforcement         4.       Library Services         5.       Cemeteries         6.       Public Facilities         7.       Sport & Recreation         8.       Parks         9.       Disaster Management	<ul> <li>Core Functions</li> <li>Water Management</li> <li>Bulk Infrastructure , PMU</li> <li>Infrastructure Maintenance</li> <li>Public Works</li> <li>Sanitation Services</li> <li>EPWP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Core Functions</li> <li>1. Integrated Development Planning</li> <li>2. Special Projects</li> <li>3. Local Economic Development</li> <li>4. Spatial Planning</li> <li>5. Public Participation</li> <li>6. Communication</li> <li>7. Ward Committees</li> </ul>





The municipality is sufficiently staffed for the implementation of its integrated development plan. Management is comprised of skilled and suitably qualified people to manage and monitor implementation of the municipality's plans and programs for the current five-year period.

The overall organizational structure of the municipality which is under the review process is constructed so that all functions can be performed properly. With the review process, a Supply Chain Manager will be appointed and asset management will form part of his/her duties. The Management

team is supported by the following staff structure:

		М	ale			Fen	nale		Foreign	National	Total
Occupational Levels	Α	с	I.	W	Α	с	I.	w	Male	Female	
Top management	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Senior management	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-management	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors,	0	16	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	0	36
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	0	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	7
Unskilled and defined decision making	0	12	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	17
Total Permanent	2	38	0	1	1	25	0	1	0	0	68
Temporary employees	0	2	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	11

Table 6.39: Staff complement

# 6.6.5 Municipal Administrative and Institutional Capacity

The municipality has the following policies, service delivery improvement plans and systems to support the workforce in delivering on the strategic objectives and to promote institutional viability and cohesion:

Name of policy, plan, system	Status	Responsible Directorate
Delegations of power	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Performance policy framework	Approved	Development Services
Employment equity plan	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Organisational structure	Under Review	Finance & Corporate Services
Employee assistance programme policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
HIV/AIDS policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
HIV / AIDS / TB Plan	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Youth, gender and disability policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Overtime policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Youth development strategy	To be developed	Development Services
Acting policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Cellular telephone policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Leave policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Language policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Housing allowance/subsidy policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Work place skills plan	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Scarce skills policy	To be developed	Finance & Corporate Services

Name of policy, plan, system

Status

Responsible Directorate

Protective clothing policy	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Recruitment and selection policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Travelling and subsistence policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Training and development policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Internship and experiential policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Staff and external bursary policies	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Occupational health and safety plan	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Long term financial plan	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Indigent and social support policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Information technology policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Credit control policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Asset management policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Property rates policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Tariff policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Cash, investment and liability management policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Funding and reserves policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Budget policy	Approved	Finance & Corporate Services
Early childhood development strategy	To be developed	Strategic Services
Sport development plan	To be developed	Community Services
Libraries: Rural outreach strategy	Approved	Community Services
Vehicle impound policy	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Tree policy	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Procurement policy	Approved	Financial Services
Disaster management & contingency plans	Approved	Community Services
Risk management policy and strategy	Approved	Internal Auditor
Audit committee charter	Approved	Internal Auditor
Spatial development framework	Approved	Development Services
Integrated infrastructure maintenance plan	Approved (June 2016)	Infrastructure Services
Integrated infrastructure investment plan	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Water services development plan	To be reviewed	Infrastructure Services
Integrated waste management plan	To be reviewed	Infrastructure Services
Water Masterplan	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Water demand management policy	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Storm water master plan	Approved	Infrastructure Services
Community Safety Policy	Approved	Community Services

#### Table 6.40: Schedule of policies and systems

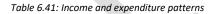
It is Council's intention to develop a schedule of all policies and by-laws that will indicate an annual rotation plan for reviewing all policies and by-laws. This process will assist the municipality to be developmental and innovative in doing business. The systems are continuously updated to ensure that it supports the administration. The municipality is currently in process to review the IT platform and the integration of IT systems.

# 6.7 Financial Analysis

### 6.7.1 Revenue and Expenditure Pattern

This section is based on the financial records provided by the Municipality for the period of 2020/2021 and 2021/2022 are analyzed.

	2020/2021	2021/2022
Revenue	76 619	80 953
Expenditure	98 075	101 289



The municipality is more reliant on grants to finance expenditure than other municipalities with the same nature, due to our limited revenue raising capacity.

Grants	2020/2021	2021/2022	
Grants	30 495 000	36 961 000	
			1

Table 6.42: Grants

The reliance on grants and subsidies is concerning and will need to be addressed in a long term financial plan.

### 6.7.2 Outstanding Debtors per service

Outstanding consumer debt has increased for the period across all sectors.

Outstanding debtors	2020/2021	2021/2022
Rates	220 000	( 236 000)
Elec & Water	2 037 000	11 000
San & Refuse	1 148 000	48 000
Housing	383 000	18 000
Other	7 072 000	(13553)

Table 6. 43: Draft Annual Report 2021/2022

# 6.7.3 Liquidity Ratio

The ratio indicates that the municipality is not favorable position to meet its short-term liabilities. The ratio is currently below the national norm of 1.5:1.

Description	Basis of Calculations	2020/21	2021/22
Current Ratio	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	(1.19)	(059)
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	Current assets less debtors > 90 days/Current Liabilities	(0.81)	(0.42)
Liquidity Ratio	Cash and equivalents/Trade creditors and short terms borrowing	(0.40)	(0.32)

Table 6.44: Liquidity (Draft LLM, 2021/2022)

# 6.8 Infrastructure Analysis

# 6.8.1 Transportation

Laingsburg Municipality is bisected by the N1 Freeway and the main railway line aligned from east to west. These routes connect the Municipality to Worcester, Cape Town and Beaufort West. These routes are the main lifeline of the Municipality.

The two main settlements in the Municipality are Laingsburg town, which is the main settlement connected via the N1 Freeway, and Matjiesfontein situated approximately 700m from the N1 Freeway.

The N1 Freeway represents both a major opportunity and source of conflict. It has to accommodate large volumes of noisy passing traffic particularly heavy trucks through the middle of the town. The approach from the east is down a hill generally requiring the use of noisy exhaust brakes on large trucks. Some efforts have been made to calm traffic and improve safety but a lot more needs to be done.

The 2017 SDF noted that approximately 14 000 vehicles pass through Laingsburg per day during festive seasons. The Laingsburg Local Integrated Transport Plan (2009- 2013) notes that the N1 carries about 3 365 vehicles per day in both directions. The comparison between the two either reflects a major drop in road traffic or a miscount. Notwithstanding the discrepancy the traffic volumes, although bringing limited economic benefits, also create a traffic hazard in the center of town.

The railway line connects Matjiesfontein and Laingsburg to places further away such as Cape Town and Johannesburg. The railway line is used for both sleeper passenger and goods services including the prestigious Blue Train. The Shosholoza Meyl sleeper passenger train between Cape Town and Gauteng stops at Matjiesfontein. The latter has no other public transport.

There are important gravel roads in the Municipality including the R354 north from Matjiesfontein to Sutherland and the R323 southwards to the R62. There have been requests to tar this road which is supported by the Integrated Transport Plan (CSIR, 2009) except for the section through the Seweweekspoort. The ITP suggests this should remain gravel for tourism and scenic purposes.

However, the District Municipality motivates that this road is the preferred road favorable geometrics.

# 6.8.1.1 Non-Motorized Transport

Laingsburg town residents generally travel on foot. Pedestrians have to walk long distances up to 2km from the newly developed Bergsig to the west. Goldnerville is better located. A pedestrian and cycle pathway has been constructed from Bergsig into town and also links the school and the hospital.

# 6.8.1.2 Air

There is one landing strip in the Municipality located close to Laingsburg town situated next to the Bergsig residential area.

# 6.8.1.3 Public Transport

There is no public transport system in the area to assist the residents of Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein. A scholar service operates between Matjiesfontein and Touwsriver, however the plan will be reviewed in the 2019/2020 book year for other opportunities. Laingsburg is a major stop for long distance buses and approximately 118 buses make scheduled stops in the town each week.

The following issues / proposals were identified by during the drafting of the IDP:

- The appointment of tenders of Maintenance Contractors of the N1 national road
- Empower local contractors in the appointment of tenders and not only local labour through the EPWP program.
- Matjiesfontein and Laingsburg were previously linked via a scenic district council road following the rail line. Gates along this route have been locked in a number of places but have the potential to a scenic route alternative to the N1 Freeway between Matjiesfontein and Laingsburg.
- To the south along the foot of the Swartberg, another scenic district council road used to link Seweweekspoort and Prince Albert until it was cut off by the Gamkaspoort dam. Continuing this route, possibly via a pond across the dam (already proposed) could help considerably with the tourism strategy whose main principle is to try and encourage visitors to spend as much time in an area as possible.
- Laingsburg town's existing refreshment station status can be built upon and strengthened.
- Its proximity to national road (N1) and rail routes (Cape Town / Gauteng) means it potentially enjoys far better links to the SA national capitals than many other Karoo towns.
- The school bus service should provide other off-peak commuter transport services.
- A key goal for tourism strategies is to prolong the number of nights visitors stay in an area. This requires a wide range of attractions linked by a network of scenic routes. Laingsburg Municipality has a number of existing roads that could be upgraded into scenic routes suitable for sedan cars, 4x4s, and OMTBs including:
  - Moordenaars Karoo
  - Old road between Matjiesfontein and Laingsburg
  - Possible river bank route to Floriskraal dam
  - Laingsburg to Prince Albert through the Klein Swartberg via a future pond over the Gamkaspoort dam.
  - Road to Zoar linking Laingsburg to the R62 Tourism Route
  - Road to Ladismith linking Laingsburg to the R62 Tourism Route

### 6.8.1.4 Transport Improvement Proposals

The Municipality has maintenance responsibility of approximately 23,22km and 1,65km of streets that are in Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein, respectively. (CSIR, 2009) The same study also shows that there are about 272 parking bays in good tarred condition (except for 30 gravel bays in Goldnerville) in Laingsburg town. R354 north from Matjiesfontein to Sutherland and the R323 southwards are important from an economic stimulation perspective and need to be tarred. The District Municipality noted that it is not viable to upgrade these two roads.

# 6.8.2 Solid Waste Management

Household refuge in the Laingsburg Municipality is collected on a weekly basis. Domestic refuge includes refuse from gardens and builder's rubble. Commercial refuse removal is collected on a biweekly basis. The refuse from Matjiesfontein is disposed of at a landfall site west of Laingsburg town. The waste generation for Laingsburg, obtained from the Integrated Waste Management Plan, prepared in 2005, is based on the 2001 population survey figures. The waste generated in Laingsburg is 1.2kg per person per day resulting in 5.4 tons per day. The waste for Matjiesfontein is 0.5kg per person per day resulting in 0.15 tons per day. Therefore, the waste generation in the Municipality is approximately 20.4 tons per week during the peak and 16.9 tons during off-peak periods.

Laingsburg has one landfill site that was permitted in 1997 with a classification of General Waste, Communal Landfill and no significant leachate produced (GCB). This site is approximately 5 hectares and does not have any groundwater monitoring. It receives garden refuse, building rubble and domestic waste and put it into trenches at the landfill site. At 2005, the site had approximately 10 years left. The landfill site must to be upgraded urgently to increase the airspace capacity during 2019/20. Medical waste is transported to Beaufort West by means of a private company. No medical waste was seen in the landfill site in 2005 and it is assumed that it is well managed. The closest hazardous waste site is in Vissershok outside Cape Town. This makes it very problematic for Municipality to transport all of its hazardous waste to that facility.

The table below specifies the different refuse removal service delivery levels per households for the financial years 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 in the areas in which the municipality is responsible for the delivery of the service:

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual
Hous	sehold		
<u>Refuse Removal</u>	: (Minimum level)		
Removed at least once a week	1 358	1 358	1751
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total	1 358	1 358	1751
Minimum Service Level and Above percentage	100%	100%	100%
<u>Refuse Removal:</u> (Be	low minimum level)		
Removed less frequently than once a week	-	-	-
Using communal refuse dump	-	-	-
Using own refuse dump	-	-	-
Other rubbish disposal	-	-	769
No rubbish disposal	-	-	-
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	-	-	-
Below Minimum Service Level percentage	0%	0%	30.24%
Total number of households	1 358	1 358	2 543

Table 6.45: Refuse removal service delivery levels (Source: LLM Final 2021/22 Draft Annual Report)

# 6.8.3 Water

Laingsburg receive its sources of water from the three existing rivers, Soutkloof Spring, reservoirs and a number of boreholes. These are: Wilgehout River, Bobbejaan River, Buffels River, New Town Reservoir and Goldnerville Reservoir, Soutkloof fountains, Soutkloof boreholes.

#### Map 6.10: Water Supply Infrastructures

Water from Soutkloof is supplied to New Town Reservoir where it is distributed to households. Buffels River is used as a supplementary source of water. Most of the water used is from the underground water system. The size of the available water reserve in the aquifer needs to be determined. Matjiesfontein is serviced from two boreholes from the Lord Milner Hotel. Two new boreholes were drilled and commissioned. (SDF Review, 2017) In with the drought however the yield of the boreholes is not sustainable and in order to secure more water, groundwater exploration in the municipal area must be implemented as soon as possible.



**Climate Change and more regular droughts highlight possible decrease in groundwater levels and water scarcity in future.** Waste water are currently being recycled to a point where it can be used for Lucerne and the Matjiesfontein Sport field irrigation. The municipality must investigate the possibility of extending it to Laingsburg Sport Facilities and the golf course and even for human consumption in the future.

The table below specifies the different water service delivery levels per households for the financial years 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 in the areas in which the municipality is responsible for the delivery of the service. The municipality does not provide services in rural (farming) areas:

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual
Hou	<u>sehold</u>		
<u>Water:</u> (above	e minimum level)		
Piped water inside dwelling	954	954	2543
Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling farms)	416	416	0
Using public tap (within 200m from dwelling )	-	-	-
Other water supply (within 200m)	-	-	-
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total	1 370	1 370	2543
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	100%	100%	100%
<u>Water:</u> (below	v minimum level)		
Using public tap (more than 200m from dwelling)	-	-	-
Other water supply (more than 200m from dwelling	-	-	-
No water supply	-	-	-
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	-	-	-
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	-	-	-
Total number of households (formal and informal)	1 370	1 370	2543

Table 6.47: Water service delivery levels (Source: LLM Draft Annual Report 2020/21)

The following issues were identified during the drafting of the IDP:

• recycle the waste water for industrial use and identification of viable water sources for the



future

- purify the water for Matjiesfontein
- drill a new borehole to provide Matjiesfontein with water
- continuous reviewing of our Water Services development plan
- Laingsburg town needs to investigate additional sources of water if it intends to attract major developments to its region.

# 6.8.4 Waste Water Treatment (Sanitation)

There are two waste water treatment plants; one in Matjiesfontein and one in Laingsburg. Waste Water Treatment for Laingsburg is above and for Matjiesfontein is below the Basic RDP standards. Not true, Water Affairs approved and issued a license for package plant.

Map 6.11: The sewer plan

The table below specifies the different sanitation service delivery levels per households for the financial years 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 in the areas in which the municipality is responsible for the delivery of the service:

Description per households	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		
	Actual	Actual	Actual		
Household					
Sanitation/sewerage: (above minimum level)					
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)	1 241	1 241	1 751		
Flush toilet (with septic tank)	68	68	769		
Chemical toilet	-	-	-		
Description per households	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		
	Actual	Actual	Actual		
Pit toilet (ventilated)	-	-	23		
Other toilet provisions (above minimum service level)	-	-	-		
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total	1 309	1 309	2543		
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	100%	100%	100%		

Sanitation/sewerage: (below minimum level)				
Bucket toilet	-	-	-	
Other toilet provisions (below minimum service level)	-	-	-	
No toilet provisions	-	-	-	
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	-	-	-	
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	0	0	0	
Total number of households	1 309	1 309	2543	

# 6.8.5 Energy

Local Government plays a very important role in the provision of electricity. Section 153 of the Constitution places the responsibility on municipalities to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner for economic and social support. There are three main east to west power lines cutting through the Municipality. The first and southern-most, generally in line with the N1 Freeway, is cutting across the N1 Freeway. The second one, north of the N1 Freeway is running parallel to the N1 Freeway, cutting across to Merweville which is outside of the study area. There is also a north-south running power line connecting these two sets of lines into Laingsburg and then south towards Rouxpos.

<u>Household</u>						
<u>Electricity:</u> (above minimum level)						
Description	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21			
	Actual	Actual	Actual			
Electricity - prepaid (minimum service level)	212	212	228			
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total	632	632	472			
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	100%	100%	100%			
<u>Energy:</u> (below minimum level)						
Electricity (< minimum service level)	-	-	-			
Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level)	-	-	-			
Other energy sources	-	-	137			
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	-	-	-			
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	0%	0%	0%			
Total number of households	837	837	837			

The table below indicates the different service delivery level standards for electricity in the areas in which the municipality is responsible for the delivery of the service:

Table 6.50: Electricity service delivery levels (Source: LLM Draft Annual Report 2021/22)

The following issues were identified through public participation:

- Availability of Eskom Electricity for Göldnerville and Matjiesfontein Customers
- Development of an Eskom Maintenance program in partnership with Municipality
- Solar energy is the appropriate alternative, which could be used locally.
- Wind energy can also work within certain areas within Laingsburg
- Bio-Gas is the best alternative energy and can work within the Karoo and it doesn't need water to grow.

# 6.8.6 Telecommunication

The telecommunication plan for the Municipality reflects the existing pattern of infrastructure shows that the central east-west band of the Municipality has generally good access for both MTN and Vodacom networks. The Vodacom network increases its scope in the southern areas down to the Anysberg Nature Reserve whereas the MTN increases its coverage northward between Koringplaas, Vleiland and Merweville.

Both networks do not cover the Koringplaas (Moordenaars Karoo). This is particularly concerning as people in those areas would not have access to cellular phone networks. The National fiber-optic broadband cable has been laid up the N1. This has the advantage of being able to bring very high levels of interconnectivity to settlements along the N1 like Matjiesfontein and Laingsburg.

# 6.8.7 Stormwater

With the memories of the 1981 flood still fresh in people's minds stormwater management is an important concern in Laingsburg. The current stormwater system for Laingsburg is not sufficient to control the runoff from major storms, and therefore, it requires upgrading and maintenance on a regular basis.

Matjiesfontein has no stormwater management system and has problems with stormwater overflow during the rainfall season. The IDP must make provision for a stormwater overflow system in Matjiesfontein.

A comprehensive Laingsburg Stormwater Master Plan was completed in 2010 which included estimates for the 1:2 year, 1:5 year, 1:50 and 1:100-year stormwater events. The latter seems to be similar to the 1:150-year flood and it is noted that particular significance under this 1:100-year flood conditions is the potential for flooding along the main drainage canal through Goldnerville and Oudorp. An accurate flood line determination is required in this regard.

With regard to the 1:50 year storm a number of potential flooding areas have been identified, namely, Acacia Park behind and adjacent to Acacia School, Fabriek Street, Voortrekker Street and Shell Garage.

The Master Plan identifies a number of projects which requires detailed surveys and assessments to address the abovementioned potential flooding areas as well as the determination of the 1:100-year flood line.

# 6.8.8 Housing

Currently the administration identified two housing pipeline projects (1 Laingsburg and 1 Matjiesfontein) which was approved by Council and the administration will start applying for funding.

The Western Cape Department of Human Settlements (WCDoHS) developed and approved a set of guidelines to assist municipalities to adopt a holistic approach in developing Human Settlements Plans (HSPs). The focus has shifted towards creating human settlements that are economically, environmental and financially sustainable for the municipality and affordable for residents.

Laingsburg Municipality has a current Human Settlements Plan (HSP). There are however, certain important issues not covered in the plan, for example inadequate provision for farmworkers, Gap Housing and acquisition of land. The Municipality recognises that human settlement plans have a key role to play in the effort to address poverty, improve employment, improve socio-economic conditions and create sustainable communities. This reviewing Laingsburg outdated HSP the municipality intents to improve existing and creating new settlement conditions that promote both socio and economic conditions.

Housing development in Laingsburg is important for the following reasons;

- Lack of housing have an impact on hiring prospects, a bigger investment in development could attract more skill workers to the municipality.
- Improving quality of life and investment.
- Builds the Economy. Housing development can help in many ways. There is not only the immediate effects such as building material revenue that are pumped into town, but also lasting effects such as additional property tax.
- This plan will give planning and implementation guidance to various stakeholders that have a role to play in Laingsburg Municipality's goal of achieving integrated, sustainable and resilient human settlements.

Backyard dwellings have become a dominant, fast growing type of informal rental in Laingsburg. In Laingsburg different forms of rental housing emerged in response to the needs and circumstance of the people.

The rising demand for backyard dwelling is based on a number of factors;

- Household overcrowding (young families and adults seeking accommodation)
- Housing shortage
- The rising demand for housing has encouraged enterprising homeowners to subdivide their properties to generate some income.
- However, poor property owners out of sheer necessity subdivide their properties to generate income for basic household needs. The renting is part of their hand to mouth survival strategy
- Most tenants built their own shelter, so they are really renting only the space.

The table below is an extract from the Housing Department Database (WCHDDB current 2022)

TOWN	HOUSING DEMAND	HOUSING DEMAND %	YEARS ON THE DATABASE		
			3 - 9	MORE THAN	LESS THAN
			YEARS	10 YEARS	3 YEARS
LAINGSBURG	824	91,15	173	290	258
MATJIESFONTEIN	88	8,60	7	33	28
OTHER/RURAL	2	0,25	1	0	1
TOTAL	914	100,00	181	323	287

The table above shows that the biggest backlog for housing is in Laingsburg.

Housing Challenges:

- Municipal Reliance on Grants
- Limited revenue raising capacity
- Outstanding Rate and services
- Municipal Rentals are occupied rent free
- Demand for skill workers (a large portion of economically active population are unskilled best employment prospects are in agriculture and service industries eg. Tourism)

# 6.8.9 Cemeteries

Laingsburg town has four cemeteries and Matjiesfontein has one. These cemeteries are deemed as adequate to meet the needs of the Municipality. The Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein cemeteries both needs upgrades as the municipality is heading for a shortfall on land.

Laingsburg town cemeteries are distinctively landscaped with the main roadways lined with Cyprus trees. A need was identified that the old cemeteries in Göldnerville, Bo Dorp and Nuwe Dorp must be renovated because it is dilapidated and that some areas has not been restored after the devastating flood in 1981. A similar, strong approach to landscaping should be extended to the CBD and other parts of town. Matjiesfontein Graveyard needs to be registered and renovated.

# 6.8.10 Sport Facilities

Sports facilities are located in Matjiesfontein, Laingsburg and Vleiland. These facilities need to be maintained, upgraded and a need for further expansion is needed for more sport codes for example:

- Netball in Vleiland
- Cricket Pitches for Vleiland, Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein
- More netball courts for Laingsburg
- Squash Wall for Laingsburg
- Public Swimming Pools in Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein

Assistance for the maintenance of school facilities was also identified during public participation. Playgrounds within OuDorp and Acacia Park within the Laingsburg area was also raised because there is no playground for children in this area.

# 7 Strategy

Strategic Planning is central to the long-term sustainable management of a municipality. The municipality, therefore, has to compile a 5-year IDP as part of an integrated system of planning and delivery, which serves as a framework for all development activities within the municipal area and which accordingly informs the annual budget of the municipality; the budgets and investment programs of all sector departments (national and provincial) which implement projects or provide services within the municipality; the business plans of the municipality; land-use management decisions; economic promotion measures; the municipality's organizational set-up and management systems; and the monitoring and performance management system.

Consequently, the municipality *is the major arena of development planning*. It is at this level of government where people's needs and priorities and local conditions have to be linked, with national guidelines and sectoral considerations, to specific projects and programs. The Laingsburg Municipality therefore developed a 5-year strategic plan.

### Vision

'A destination of choice where people come first

'n Bestemming van keuse waar mense eerste kom"

### Mission

To function as a community-focused and sustainable municipality by:

- Rendering effective basic services
- Promoting local economic development
- Consulting communities in the processes of Council
- Creating a safe social environment where people can thrive

## **Laingsburg Values**

*Our leadership and employees will ascribe to and promote the following six values:* 

Transparency	Accessibility
Accountability	Responsiveness
Excellence	Integrity

#### 7.6 SWOT Analysis

The strategic session was held with Council and senior management where the major challenges the municipality was facing were identifies. There was strong agreement amongst all that poverty and its attendant conditions pose the greatest external threat to the municipality and the shortage of staff and its effects on the ability of the municipality to fulfil its constitutional mandate pose the greatest internal threat. The municipality conducted this analysis to identify the municipal competitive advantages which can be used to change the local landscape and use the municipal strengths and opportunities to minimize the impacts and effects of the municipal weaknesses and threats.

#### **STRENGTH**

- Functional Municipality
- Experienced Leadership
- Karoo Ecology
- N1 Logistics
- Relative political and administrative stability
- Adequate oversight role by Council over executive and administration
- Effective decision making processes
- Long term Financial feasibility

#### **WEAKNESSES**

- Qualified Audit Opinions
- Grant dependency
- Lack of Human resources policies
- No functional Internal Audit
- Inter-departmental cooperation
- Silo's Culture (defaulting strategic cohesion)
- Working Relationships
- Unfunded vacancies
- Unfunded budget
- Deteriorating and ageing infrastructure
- Inadequate human resource capacity, competencies and skills

#### ORTUNITY

- Green Energy
- Becoming Sport hub of Western Cape
- N1 Corridor
- Excessive water savings
- Opportunities for increased revenue
- Windfarm Developments
- Investor Confidence

#### THREATS

- Excessive use of consultancy
- Limited revenue base
- Inadequate implementation of internal controls
- COVID 19 related risks
- Unfunded budget
- Grant dependency
- Timely replacement of aged infrastructure
- Drought
- Non commitment to expenditure controls

Figure 7.1 SWOT Analysis

This analysis illustrate that the municipality has the ability to bring about change and develop the municipality and bring about change. Considering at this, the municipal vision is achievable. The municipality however must build on the strengths and utilize the opportunities and plan effectively on how and when what will be implemented.

The municipality can also through effective planning manage the threats in a manner that the identified threats can be reduced and turned around by means of a turn-around strategy.

## 7.7 Strategic focus areas and priorities

The following objectives, priorities, strategies and outcomes have been developed to address the challenges identified during the IDP development process. The strategic objectives agreed are linked to service areas and departmental objectives. The information will be used in the IDP implementation plan (iMAP) to finalize the predetermined objectives (PDO) and align it with the municipal budget and performance system.

Strategic Objective 1	Developing a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment for Communities		
Outcome	Pleasant living environment Safe roads in the municipal area Available Sport facilities Conserved Environment Clean and Health aware Town		
Key Performance Indicators	Implement IDP approved greening and cleaning initiatives Host public safety community awareness days as per the programed approved in the IDP Participate in the provincial traffic departments public safe initiatives as approved in the IDP		
Municipal Functions	Strategic Services Technical Services Administration		
Alignment with National	and Provincial Stra	ategies	
Sphere	Ref	Description	
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery	
National Outcome	NO	All people in South Africa protected and feel safe	
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Building safer communities	
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG 4	Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment	
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	Sustain ecological and agricultural resource-based Improve Climate Change Response	
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 1: Promote Safe, Healthy and Socially stable communities through the provision of a sustainable environmental health service SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region	

Table 7.1: Municipal PDO 1

Strategic	Promote local economic development			
Objective 2				
Outcome	Enhanced job creation	Enhanced job creation		
Key Performance Indicators	Host Events as identifie	Assist businesses with business and CIDB registration Host Events as identified in the IDP in support of LED within the Municipal Area Create job opportunities through EPWP and infrastructure projects		
Municipal Functions	Strategic Services Community Services Infrastructure Services			
Alignment with National	and Provincial Str	ategies		
Sphere	Ref	Description		
National KPA	NKPA	Local Economic Development		
National Outcome	NO	Decent employment through inclusive economic growth		
National Development Plan (2030)	) NDP	An economy that will creates more jobs Inclusive rural economy		
National Development Plan (2030) Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	) NDP SG1	An economy that will creates more jobs Inclusive rural economy Creating opportunities for growth and jobs		
	,			

Strategic	Improve the living environment of all people in Laingsburg
Objective 3	
Outcome	Improved Morals and values of the community, increased Skills levels, illiteracy reduced Decrease, n Crime Healthier Communities, Reduction in Teenage Pregnancies Reduction in new HIV/Aids infections Reduction in Social grant Dependencies Increased Housing Opportunities Enhance access to Free Basic Services
Key Performance Indicators	Assist businesses with business and CIDB registration Host Events as identified in the IDP in support of LED within the Municipal Area Create job opportunities through EPWP and infrastructure projects Provide financial assistance to council approved tertiary students. Provide public safety awareness days as per the programed approved in the IDP Participate in the provincial traffic departments Public Safety initiatives as approved in the IDP 80% of approved capital budget spent. Provide free basic services to indigent households (Water, electricity, sanitation and refuse Removal)
Municipal Functions	Strategic Services, Financial Services Technical Services & Public Safety

## Alignment with National and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery
National Outcome	NO	Increasing social cohesion
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Social Protection
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG1 PSG3 PSG4	Improve Education outcomes and opportunities for youth development Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO's	Improve the Levels of language and math's Increase the number and quality of passes in the NSC Increase the quality of education provision in poorer communities Provide more social and economic opportunities for our youth Improve family support to children and youth and facilitate development Healthy Communities, Families, youth and children Create better living conditions for households especially low income and poor households Sustainable and integrated Ural and rural settlements
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 1: Promote Safe, Healthy and Socially stable communities through the provision of a sustainable environmental health service SG 2: Build a well capacitated workforce, skilled youth and communities SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region G6: Facilitate Good Governance principles and effective stakeholder participation

Table 7.3: Municipal PDO 3

Strategic	Provision of Infrastructure to deliver improved services to all
Objective 4	residents and business
Outcome	Maintained municipal roads Improved waste management Improved provision for storm water Enhanced service delivery Improved electricity service Improved sanitation service Improved water provision Improved Integrated Transport
Key Performance Indicators	80% of approved capital budget spend Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal services (Water, electricity, sanitation and refuse removal
Municipal Functions	Infrastructure Services Finance and Corporate Services
Alignment with Nationa	l and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery
National Outcome	NO	An effective, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Improved infrastructure Economic Infrastructure
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG4 PSG5	Sustainable and integrated urban and rural settlements Create better living conditions for households especially low income and poor households Sustain ecological and agricultural resource-base
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO's	Integrating service delivery for maximum impact Increasing access to safe and efficient transport
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 3: Improve and maintain district roads and promote safe road transport SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region

Table 7.4: Municipal PDO 4

Strategic	To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a
Objective 5	professional services to its clientele guided by municipal values
0.4	Less than 10 % vacancies at any time Sound HR practices
Outcome	Skilled workforce
	Reaching of employment equity targets
	Limit vacancy rate to less than 10% of budgeted posts 1% of the operating budget spent on training
Key Performance	Develop a Risk Based Audit Plan and summit it to the audit committee for consideration
In diante ne	Employ people from the employment equity target groups in the three highest levels of
Indicators	management in compliance with the municipal approved employment equity plan
	Achieve a unqualified audit opinion
Municipal Functions	Finance and Corporate Services

## Alignment with National and Provincial Strategies

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	ΝΚΡΑ	Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development
National Outcome	NO	A skilled and capable workforce to support inclusive growth
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Improving the quality of education, training and innovation Reforming the public service
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG3 PSG5	Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills Embedded good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	Healthy Workforce Enhance Governance Inclusive Society Integrated Management
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 2: Build a well capacitated workforce, skilled youth and communities SG 5: Deliver a sound and effective administrative and financial to achieve sustainability and viability in the region.

Table 7.5: Municipal PDO 5

Strategic Objective 6	To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents			
Outcome	Financial Viability Clean Audit Report			
Key Performance		asured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet its service debt obligations asured in terms of the outstanding service debtors		
Indicators	Financial viability mea Achieve a debtor's pa	asured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure yment % of 60%		
Municipal Functions	Finance			
Alignment with Natio				
Sphere	Ref	Description		
Sphere National KPA	Ref	Description Municipal Financial Viability and Management		
National KPA	NKPA NO	Municipal Financial Viability and Management A responsive and, accountable, effective and efficient local		
National KPA National Outcome	030) NKPA NO NDP	Municipal Financial Viability and Management A responsive and, accountable, effective and efficient local government system		
National KPA National Outcome National Development Plan (20	030) NKPA NO NDP	Municipal Financial Viability and Management         A responsive and, accountable, effective and efficient local government system         Transforming Human Settlements         Embedded good governance and integrated service delivery through		

Table 6.6: Municipal PDO 6

Strategic	Effective Maintenance and management of municipal assets and
Objective 7	natural resources
	Climate Change Adaptation Water
	Conservation Biodiversity
Outcome	Conservation Improved Disaster
	Management Heritage
	Conservation Management of Energy
	Improved Land management
	70% of the approved maintenance budget spent
Key Performance	Limit the % of electricity unaccounted for to less than 20%
Indicators	Maintain the quality of waste water discharge as per SANS 241-2006 Limit the % of water
indicators	unaccounted for to less than 40%
	Maintain the water quality as per the SANA 241-1:2001 criteria
	Strategic Services
	Technical Services
Municipal Functions	Financial Services
	Administration
	Community Services

Sphere	Ref	Description
National KPA	NKPA	Basic Service Delivery
National Outcome	NO	All people in south Africa protected and feel safe
National Development Plan (2030)	NDP	Environmental Sustainability and resilience
Provincial Strategic Plan (2040)	PSG4 PSG5	Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment Embedded good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment
Provincial Strategic Objective	PSO	Sustainable ecological and agricultural resource-based Improved Climate Change Response Improve Better living conditions for Households, especially low income and poor households Sustainable and Integrated urban and rural settlements Integrated Management Inclusive society
District Strategic Objective	CKDM IDP	SG 4: Prevent and minimize the impact of possible disasters and improve public safety in the region
	Table 6.	7: Municipal PDO 7

# 8 Action Planning

This chapter identifies the key actions for each of the seven Strategic Objectives as the municipality wants to ensure that each objective is implemented during the 2022–2027 IDP period. The figure below illustrates the process followed to confirm alignment and those actions are developed for each objective.

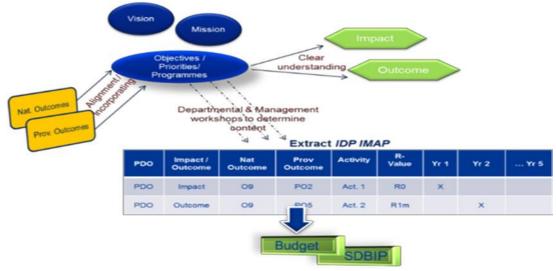


Figure 8.1 IDP & Budget Alignment

## 8.6 Project Prioritization

The municipality identified the need for a project prioritization model and implemented a model that can be summarized as follows:

- Project prioritization is required in order to guide project implementation and the allocation of funding to each project. The project prioritization model is applied to projects and programs funded from municipality's own funding.
- Projects funded by external service providers (e.g. MIG) do not require prioritisation by the Laingsburg Municipality for funding and implementation.

Criteria	Description Score
	(Yes = 1, No = 0)
Legal Requirements	Is the project legally required by legislation?
Contractually Commit	Has the project already commenced and were appointments done to date?
Safety/ Basic Need	Will the postponement of the project create a safety risk to the community an is the project addressing a basic need?
Maintenance cost	Will the maintenance cost for the project be affordable in the future
Total	

Table 8.1: Project prioritization model

Projects identified by the Community, Ward Committees and IDP Representative Forum can't always be executed by the municipality on its own and the municipality embarked on innovative ways to deliver on the greatest needs of the community and wishes to attract investors and partners in developmen1 to help the municipality to develop the municipality.

### 8.7 Community Priorities

The municipality embarked on a community ward-based planning on ward level which was captured in ward plans. The ward plan prioritized projects as well as projects identified in the IDP Representation Forum where various structures including the Laingsburg Business Chamber, Laingsburg Small Business Association (LSBA), Ward Committees, NGO's, CBO'S, community leaders and even sector department are partaking were captured. Internal departments within the municipality including council identified projects which should be captured within the municipal IDP for planning purposes.

No.	Type of Meeting	Date	Venue	Attendance
1	District Community Imbizo (Laingsburg Hosted)	18-11-22	JJ Ellis Sportground	+-1000
Ward 1				
2	Ward Committee Meeting	5-Jul-22	Ward Councillor Office	9
3	Ward Committee Meeting	2 –August-22	Ward Councillor Office	12
4	Ward Committee Meeting	6 –Sept-22	Ward Councillor Office	11
5	Ward Committee Meeting	4– Oct - 22	Ward Councillor Office	9
6	Ward Committee Meeting	1 – Nov - 22	Bergsig Hall	12
7	Ward Committee Meeting	6– Dec - 22	Ward Councillor Office	11
8	Ward Committee Meeting	17-Jan-23	Ward Councillor Office	10
9	Ward Committee Meeting	7 –Feb-23	Ward Councillor Office	10
10	Ward Committee Meeting	14 –Mar-23	Ward Councillor Office	9
Ward 2				
11	Ward Committee Meeting	11 – Jul- 22	Auditorium	10
12	Ward Committee Meeting	22 -Aug-22	Auditorium	10
13	Ward Committee Meeting	20 – Sep - 22	Auditorium	11
14	Ward Committee Meeting	20 – Oct - 22	Auditorium	11
15	Ward Committee Meeting	23 – Nov - 22	Auditorium	10
16	Ward Committee Meeting	6 – Dec - 22	Auditorium	10

17	Ward Committee Meeting	23 – Jan - 23	Auditorium	10
18	Ward Committee Meeting	27 – Feb - 23	Auditorium	11
19	Ward Committee Meeting	14 – Mar - 23	Auditorium	10
Ward 3				
20	Ward Committee Meeting	21 – Jul- 22	Auditorium	12
21	Ward Committee Meeting	22 – Aug- 22	Auditorium	12
22	Ward Committee Meeting	19 – Sep - 22	Auditorium	12
23	Ward Committee Meeting	17-Oct-22	Auditorium	12
24	Ward Committee Meeting	9-Nov-22	Auditorium	16
25	Ward Committee Meeting	6-Dec-22	Auditorium	12
25	Ward Committee Meeting	23-Jan-23	Auditorium	12
25	Ward Committee Meeting	13-Feb-23	Auditorium	13
25	Ward Committee Meeting	14-Mar-23	Auditorium	9
Ward 4				
26	Ward Committee Meeting	20-Jul-22	Ward Office	10
27	Ward Committee Meeting	17 -Aug-22	Ward Office	11
28	Ward Committee Meeting	22- Sep-22	Ward Office	9
29 30 31 32 33 35	Ward Committee Meeting Ward Committee Meeting Ward Committee Meeting Ward Committee Meeting Ward Committee Meeting Ward Committee Meeting	20- Oct- 22 15-Nov-22 6- Dec- 22 19-Jan-23 20-Feb-23 1Mar-23 07-Nov-22	Ward Office Ward Office Ward Office Ward Office Ward Office Ward Office Ward 1 Ward 2	10 10 10 10 10 10 30 28
		08-Nov-22 09-Nov-22 10-Nov-22	Ward 2 Ward 3 Ward 4	38 28 28

### **Community Based Projects (IDP Inputs) UNFUNDED**

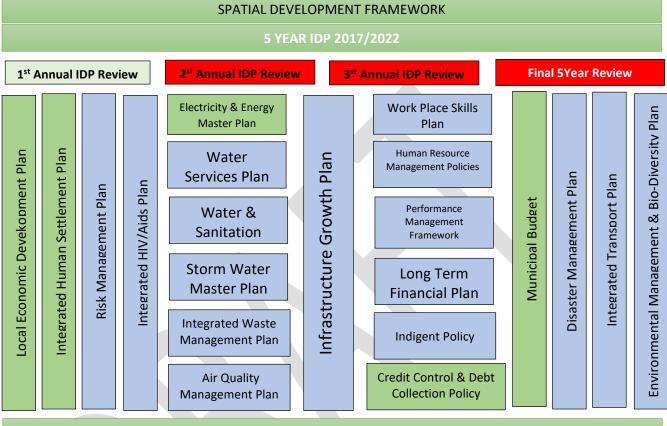
- 1. Housing
- 2. Matjiesfontein Cresché
- 3. Matjiesfontein Mobile Clinic
- 4. Matjiesfontein Mobile Library
- 5. Matjiesfontein Erven (ERWE)
- 6. Vleiland Mobile Library
- 7. Bergsig Mobile Library
- 8. Community Radio station
- 9. Thusong Expansion (Office Space and more Youth Facilities)
- 10. Bergsig Multi-Purpose Centre
- 11. Safehouse
- 12. Lighting (Whole Municipal Area)
- 13. Rehabilitation Centre (No aftercare programmes)
- 14. Grave yards expansions (Whole Municipal Areas)
- 15. Business Hives (future expansions)
- 16. Stormwater upgrades (All wards)
- 17. Community Halls upgrades
- 18. Göldnerville Emergency Exit Roads
- 19. N1 Upgrades
- 20. Backyard toilets to be moved closer to house (Old houses)
- 21. Swimming Pool
- 22. Sport facilities Maintenance and Upgrades
- 23. Bergsig Kannie Dood Project (family relaxation initiatives) (Ward 1)
- 24. Mandela Park Upgrade (Ward 3)
- 25. Wifi Bergsig
- 26. Aftercare schooling (Bergsig)

Table 8.2 Community Priorities

# 9 Sector Planning

## 9.6 Internal Sector Plans

This section outlines the status of Plans and Policies within the municipality. The blue indicates approved, the green indicates in process, the orange indicates that it was done in collaboration with Central Karoo District Municipality and the red indicates that it needs to be developed.



LLM Communication Strategy

Diagram 8.1: Municipal Sector Plans

# 9.7 External Sector Plans and Programs

trategic Objec	tive: To i	ncrease wellness in t	he province		<del></del>	
	Neme	Infrastrustura Tura	Netwoo of Investment	Budget(Thousa		TOTAL 3 Years
roject Programme		Infrastructure Type	Nature of Investment	<b>2022/23</b>		IOTAL 3 Years
H820011: Laingsbu mbulance Station-	0	Health Technology	Non- Infrastructure	500		
pgrade and Additio						
H820046: Laingsbu		Health Technology	Non- Infrastructure	0		
mbulance Station-		realth reciniology		0		
eneral maintenand						
H860062: Laingsbu		Health Technology	Non- Infrastructure	0		
eneral maintenand	0					
810053: Laingsbur	g Clinic-	PHC-Clinic	Upgrades and Additions	566000	Budget Adjustment	
pgrade and Addition	ons					
820011: Laingsbur	g	Ambulance/EMS station	Upgrades and Additions	3861000	Budget Adjustment	
mbulance Station-	Upgrade					
nd Additions (Alph	•					
latjiesfontein Sate	llite	Building of Clinic	Long overdue			
inic						
epartment of	Communi	ty Safety				
			in which you can live, work, le	arn relay and mov	e about	
	Project / Pro		in which you can live, work, le	Municipal Are		Year
		•	Code, Community Safety Kiosk			2022 - 2027
		•	velopment Program, Youth and			
		safety, Special Projects, Polici				
		it Program, & Expanded	ing Needs Phonties, Touth			
	Partnership					
i	arthership	riogram				
epartment of S	Social Dev	velopment				
rategic Objective:	Social Welfa	are Services and Community	Development			
		<b>D</b> 1 1 / D				
oject Name		Project / Program		Municipal A	rea	Year
roject Name /elfare Organizatio	ns	Older Persons, ECD, Childr	ren	Municipal A Laingsburg	irea	Year 2022 - 2027
	ons		ren		irea	
	ns				irea	
elfare Organizatio	ons	Older Persons, ECD, Childi	, Youth Development,		irea	
/elfare Organizatio		Older Persons, ECD, Child Building Resilient Families Substance Abuse, Crime P	, Youth Development,		rea	
Velfare Organization thers repartment of the second seco	Culture a	Older Persons, ECD, Child Building Resilient Families Substance Abuse, Crime P nd Sport	, Youth Development, revention	Laingsburg		
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Telfare Organization thers epartment of ( integic Objective: roject Name ponditional Grants IOD Centers	Culture a	Older Persons, ECD, Child Building Resilient Families Substance Abuse, Crime P nd Sport the development, preserva Project / Program MRF (Library)	, Youth Development, revention tion and promotion of arts and	Laingsburg	stern Cape	2022 - 2027 Year 2022 - 2027
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elfare Organization thers epartment of ( rategic Objective: oject Name onditional Grants OD Centers rts and Culture rts and Culture	Culture an To facilitate	Older Persons, ECD, Child Building Resilient Families Substance Abuse, Crime P nd Sport the development, preserva Project / Program MRF (Library) Acacia PS & Laingsburg Funding and Transfers Initiation Program	, Youth Development, revention tion and promotion of arts and	Laingsburg d culture in the Wes Municipal A Laingsburg Laingsburg District District	stern Cape	2022 - 2027 Year 2022 - 2027 2022 - 2027 2022 - 2027 2022 - 2027 2022 - 2027
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## Department of Environmental and Development Planning

		nental management and Integrated Target Area	Development Flammin	
Program				Year
Air Quality Management Plan				Completed
Integrated Waste Management Plan, Workshop & Support				On-going
Integrated Pollutant and Waste Information System			ities	On-going
Monitor Waste Management Facilities for (	Compliance	All Municipal	ities	On-going
Landfill operator Training		All Municipal	ities	On-going
Methane Gas Determination Project		All Municipal	ities	On-going
Determination of the Municipal Integrated	Waste Infrastructure	All Municipal	ities	On-going
SPLUMA /LUPA / Change Management Stra	ategy	All Municipal	ities	On-going
Department of Environmental Aff				
Contribute to sustainable development, liv				
Contribute to sustainable development, liv and employment creation.				
Contribute to sustainable development, liv and employment creation. Roggeveld Windfarm			ting skills developmer	
Contribute to sustainable development, liv and employment creation. Roggeveld Windfarm Soetwater / Karusha Windfarm Department of Rural Developmen	elihood, green and inclusiv	ve economic growth through facilita	ting skills developmen	
Strategic Objective: Pro-actively plan, mana Contribute to sustainable development, liv and employment creation. Roggeveld Windfarm Soetwater / Karusha Windfarm Department of Rural Developmen Strategic Objective: Rural Development & C Project Name	elihood, green and inclusiv	ve economic growth through facilita	ting skills developmen	

	Matjiesfontein	
Table 8.1: M	unicipal Sector Plans	

process

## 9.8 Provincial Strategic Plan, 2019-2024

VISION A SAFE WESTERN CAPE WHERE EVERYONE PROSPERS						
VISION INSPIRED PRIORITY SAFE AND COHESIVE COMMUNITIES	VISION INSPIRED PRIORITY GROWTH AND JOBS	VISION INSPIRED PRIORITY EMPOWERING PEOPLE	VISION INSPIRED PRIORITY MOBILITY AND SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION	VISION INSPIRED PRIORITY INNOVATION AND CULTURE		

#### VISION-INSPIRED PRIORITY 1: SAFE AND COHESIVE COMMUNITIES by:

- Enhanced capacity and effectiveness of policing and law enforcement
- Strengthened youth-at-risk referral pathways and child- and family-centred initiatives to reduce violence
- Increased social cohesion and safety of public spaces
- •

### VISION-INSPIRED PRIORITY 2: GROWTH AND JOBS by:

- Increasing investment
- Building and maintaining infrastructure
- Growing the economy through export growth
- Creating opportunities for job creation through skills development
- Creating an enabling environment for economic growth through resource resilience

#### VISION-INSPIRED PRIORITY 3: EMPOWERING PEOPLE by:

- Increasing Access to Quality Early Childhood Development Initiatives
- Ensuring evidence-based care and services are provided to vulnerable Families
- Implementing the Youth in Service programme and ensuring youth programme quality across the WCG
- Effectively identifying youth at risk and placing them in targeted programmes
- Expanding and entrenching After School Programmes
- Improving wellness through prevention and healthy lifestyles programmes
- Improve health systems and infrastructure reform

#### VISION-INSPIRED PRIORITY 4: MOBILITY AND SPATIAL TRANSFORMATION by:

- Better linkages between places through public transport and mobility systems that work together
- Creating spatially and economically vibrant growth points
- More opportunities for people to live in better locations
- Improving the places where people live

#### VISION-INSPIRED PRIORITY 5: INNOVATION AND CULTURE by:

- Create capacitated leaders to sustain the desired culture through leadership maturity development using a value-based leadership development programme
- Enable sustained vision clarity and passion for the purpose of the WCG through leader-led and visioninspired engagement processes
- Align the mindsets, competencies of WCG employees and WCG work practices to enable collaboration, ongoing learning, and adaptation at inter-departmental and intergovern-mental levels
- Develop and implement an employee value proposition to affirm the WCG as an employer of choice

- Develop an integrated employee engagement, organisational culture, and citizen satisfaction index to facilitate alignment between the WCG service commitment and the citizen/user experience
- Innovation for impact
- Implemented Integrated Work Plan and annual Integrated Implementation Plan through the JDA
- Citizen Empowerment
- Strengthening and maintaining governance and accountability

#### 9.9 One Cape 2040 Vision

The PSP is guided by the longer-term OneCape 2040 vision which was adopted by the Western Cape

Government and other key institutions in the Province in 2013. OneCape 2040 envisages a transition towards a more inclusive and resilient economic future for the Western Cape region. It sets a common direction to guide planning, action and accountability. To this end, it identifies six transitions: Educating Cape; Enterprising Cape; Green Cape; Connecting Cape; Living Cape; and Leading Cape, as set out in figure 9.2 below.

Educating Cape	Knowledge Transition
Enterprising Cape	Economic Access Transition
Green Cape	Ecological Transition
Connecting Cape	Cultural Transition
Living Cape	Settlement Transition - to high opportunity working & living environments
Leading Cape	Institutional Transition
Leading Cape	Institutional Transition

Figure 9.2 OneCape 2040 Vision

The department identified the Joint Planning Initiative (JPI), where the whole of the Western Cape government gets together and plan as a collective and identified game changes that will have catalytic effects on the Western Cape as a whole and bring about change.

Laingsburg Municipality identified game changes that will assist the municipality to become sustainable as well as realizing the municipality, the district, the provincial as well as the vision of the country.

Projects identified were named JPI Projects, the following JPI Projects is identified for Laingsburg and the Central Karoo District.

PI Number	Lead Department /	ЈРІ Туре	Supporting Departments
	Municipality		
1_006	Department of	Economic Growth Initiatives	DEDAT, Laingsburg Municipality, Central Karoo
	Agriculture		District Municipality, Beaufort West Municipality &
			Prince Albert Municipality
PSG 1: Cre	ate opportunities g	rowth and jobs	·
		·	
-	tcomes/ Objectives		
Integrated Dis	trict Agri- processing Hub	-Establishing an Agri-park (Beaufort West-Agri hub co	onnected with Farmer Support Units' in
Laingsburg, P-	Albert and Beaufort West	municipalities)	
		1. Cold Storage	
	Projects	2. Meat processing	
		3. Leathertannery	
		4. Wool to garment	
		5. Seed Farming and processing	
		6. Multi Skills development	
	Progress	Lead Department / Municipality	
			Supporting Buddies
La	test Update	No new Updates on Agri Processing	DEDAT, Laingsburg Municipality, Central Karoo
La	test Update	No new Updates on Agri Processing	DEDAT, Laingsburg Municipality, Central Karoo District Municipality, Beaufort West Municipality &

Table 9.2: JPI 1\_006: Central Karoo District Agri-processing

JPI Number	Lead	JPI Туре	Supporting Departments
	Department/		
	Municipality		
1_026	Laingsburg	Education and Skills Development	DoE
	Municipality		DSD
			Dohe
	PSG 2	2: Improve Education outcomes and opportunities	for youth development
Agreed JPI Out	tcomes/ Objectives		
learning progr	ammes (Second cha	ince learning)	
		Access to community learning programs (Second chance learning)	
Projects		1. Skills development	
		2. Training (non-accredited and relevant to area/context)	
Progress		Lead Department / Municipality	
			Supporting Buddies
Latest Update		9 May 2019	Laingsburg Municipality Department of Education

Table 9.3: JPI 1\_026 Laingsburg Education and Skills Development

JPI Number	Lead Department / Municipality	ЈРІ Туре	Supporting Departments
1_046	DLG:	Governance	Laingsburg Municipality
	Communications	(Integrated Planning and Budgeting)	Government Communication Information Systems
PSG 5: Emb	ed good governanc	e and Integrated Service Delivery thro	ough partnerships
Agreed JPI Outo	comes/ Objectives: Initiati	ve to empower families to participate in society a	nd government programs.
		Initiative to empower families to participate in	society and government programs.
Projects		1. Public Participation and Communication	on Strategy.
Progress		Lead Department / Municipality	Supporting Buddies
Latest Update		GCIS and Municipality	December 2021 In terms of the Establishment of the Community Radio Station for Laingsburg, M Thopps indicated that the application fo ICASSA is completed, but needs to wait for the next period to apply for funding from MDDA GCIS will follow up with ICASSA.

Table 9.4: JPI 1\_046 Public Participation & Communication

JPI Number	Lead	ЈРІ Туре	Supporting				
	Department /		Departments				
	Municipality						
1_075	DTPW	Investment in Bulk Infrastructure)	Laingsburg				
-			municipality				
			DEDAT				
		ustainable, quality and inclusive living environment					
Agreed JPI Outo		Additional Access to Goldnerville					
		ess to Goldnerville					
Projects		vate the need for additional access road to Goldnerville to PSG4 N1 Corridor working grou	up and SANRAL.				
	-	2. The tarring of R315 and TR 83/2					
	3. Elev	3. Elevate the need for tarring of R315 and TR 83/2 to PSG4 N1 Corridor working group and SANRAL.					
	4. Fun	ding application for business case.					
Progress	Lead Departm	ent / Municipality					
			Supporting Buddies				
Latest Update	29 Aug 2016: T	29 Aug 2016: This matter was addressed with SANRAL who are the Road Authority. SANRAL are not					
	able to provide	able to provide access to the development from the N1 because of road safety reasons. The					
	municipality w	municipality will have to provide access via the inner municipal street network.					
			will than with the assistance of				
	The CKDM are	planning to upgrade MR309 which falls on the preferred alignment of the TR83/2 but	DTPW to obtain an additional				
	this must first	this must first be motivated for priority and then put on to the budget plan. Layer works are needed- access to Goldnerville. The					
	i.e. not just a s	i.e. not just a straight forward seal but subgrade, sub-base and base need to be prepared and Conversation about the					
	constructed. F	constructed. Furthermore, Global Consulting will be appointed for flood damage repairs of economic roads in Laingsburg					
	Seweweekspo	Seweweekspoort Road. remain a priority and we					
	A Special Purp	ose Vehicle or consultant may be needed to champion and manage this process. The	requested that all the				
	municipality m	ust arrange a meeting of minds – i.e. DEADP project initiation office, DEA and	stakeholders attend the sessior				
	Tourism, DLG,	Agriculture and DTPW including the CKDM will be required.	so that we as a				
	Though there a	are no new updates the Municipality will engage with SANRAL again regarding the	collective can plan together as				

Table 9.5 JPI 1\_075 Bulk Road Infrastructure

JPI Number	Lead Department / Municipality	ЈРІ Туре	Supporting Departments
1_095	DCAS	Social Initiatives	DoE DSD
			LLM
PSG 2: PSG	3: Increase Wellnes	s, safety and reducing social ills	
Agreed JPI Out	comes/ Objectives : Afters	chool care support centers	
		Afterschool care support centers	
	Projects	1. MOD Centers	
		2. AFTER School Centers	
		3. Homework Hubs	
	Progress	Lead Department / Municipality	Supporting Buddies
La	itest Update	Sport and Recreation with DCAS have different after school activities which	Coach appointed at
		include Sport, Homework, reading etc.	Matjiesfontein Primary in 2016
			still active with MOD Activities

PI Number	Lead Department /	ЈРІ Туре	Supporting Departments						
	Municipality								
1_095	DoC's	Social Initiatives	SAPS & Laingsburg Municipality						
PSG 3: Incr	ease Wellness, safet	ty and reducing social ills							
Agreed JPI Out	comes/ Objectives								
Reviewing and	implementing the existing	crime prevention (safety promotion) strate	Pgy						
		Reviewing and implementing the existin	g crime prevention (safety promotion) strategy						
Projects		1. Alignment of Crime Prevention strategy with NDP Outcomes and provincial strategy linking existing							
		local substance abuse forum t	o provincial substance abuse forum						
Progress		Lead Department / Municipality	Supporting Buddies						
Latest Update		UPDATE: Municipality	Municipality registered a Neighborhood watch and Law						
			Enforcement Program with EPWP. Projects are budget for						

Table 9.7: JPI 1\_095 Community Safety

# 10 Long Term Planning

The Long-Term Financial Planning is aimed at ensuring that the Municipality has sufficient and costeffective funding in order to achieve its long-term objectives through the implementation of the medium term operating and capital budgets. The purpose of the Long-Term Financial Planning is therefore to: -

- Ensure that all long-term financial planning is based on a structured and consistent methodology in order to ensure the long-term financial sustainability of the Laingsburg Municipality.
- Identify capital investment requirements and associated funding sources to ensure the future sustainability of the Municipality.
- Identify revenue enhancement and cost saving strategies in order to improve service delivery at affordable rates; and.
- Identify new revenue sources as funding for future years.

#### 10.6 Financial Strategies

An intrinsic feature of the LTFP give effect to the municipality's financial strategies. These strategies include:

- a) Increasing funding for asset maintenance and renewal;
- b) Continuous improvement of its financial position;
- c) Ensuring affordable debt levels to fund the capital budget;
- d) Maintaining fair, equitable and affordable rates and tariff increase;
- e) Maintaining or improving basic municipal services;
- f) Achieving and maintaining a breakeven/surplus Operating budget; and
- g) Ensuring full cost recovery for the provision of internal services.

#### **10.7 Non-Financial Strategies**

The LTFP is a key component for achieving the goals listed in the IDP of the Municipality. The LTFP consider the following non – financial strategic strategies:

- a) The Laingsburg Municipality Strategic Key Performance Areas;
- b) Infrastructure led growth strategies; and
- c) The Municipality's Spatial Development Framework.

The Laingsburg Municipality has a small revenue base and is largely dependent on grant funding to sustain its day to day operations. For this reason, it is critical that own generated resources be optimized. This could only be achieved by employing effective credit control and debt collection procedures. Furthermore, the provision of indigent support should be managed efficiently.

Financial Management is the cornerstone of the municipality, therefore controls and policies are put in place to achieve sound financial management. As part of the IDP, all financial regulations and policies were reviewed to ensure that all legal, internal control and social requirements are met. The Laingsburg Municipality has recognized that in order to remain viable and sustainable, the IDP is linked to an achievable financial plan that includes a credible multi-year budget.

### 10.8 Revenue Raising Strategy

The main sources of revenue for the Laingsburg Municipality are state provided grants and own generated revenue from the provision of municipal services such as electricity, water, sewage and refuse removal. Property Rates also provide a further source of revenue. In order to increase the revenue base and also assist with alleviation of unemployment, Council should attempt to attract investors to the municipal area.

#### 10.9 Asset Management Strategy

A GRAP compliant asset register forms the back bone to any system of asset management. In addition to an effective maintenance program, it is also critical that adequate, comprehensive insurance coverage is in place at all times. The municipality will be examining all its inventory and equipment to ensure that redundant and unused items are disposed of according to prescription. This will ensure a more accurate asset register as well as reduce risk and therefore insurance costs. In order to comply with audit and financial disclosure requirements, often used items and consumables will be taken onto inventory and managed accordingly.

#### 10.10 Capital Projects Financing Strategy

The municipality does not currently have any long-term debt and intends to maintain the status quo as it is believed that the municipality does not have the ability to service loans at present. All capital projects will therefore be financed from own operating funds, contributions from the Capital Replacement Reserve and grants received from National and Provincial Government. The possibility of raising loans to provide or improve infrastructure is not totally excluded, but Council has committed to following a very conservative approach towards loan funding.

#### 10.11 Operating Capital Financing Strategy

Excellent working capital management is of paramount importance to ensure that municipal service provision can continue uninterrupted. Positive cash flow is the life blood of any organization and the use of effective credit control and debt collection processes can therefore not be over emphasized. As mentioned above, council does not have any long-term debt at present and it is also policy that operational expenses be financed from own revenue on a cash backed basis. The use of bridging finance for operational purposes will only be considered as an absolute last resort.

#### 10.12 Cost Effectiveness Strategy

The strive for cost effective operations is an integral part of any organization, even more so in a municipality that operates by using public funds. The municipality will therefore strive to foster an attitude of prudence, transparency and accountability amongst all staff and councilor alike.

An important factor in this regard is the demonstrable ability to practice financial discipline, adhere to legislative requirements and constantly provide uninterrupted, good quality services to its clientele. The budget estimates to ensure sustainability only by aligning all municipal activity with the IDP, Budget, SDBIP and Performance Agreements of Managers will the predetermined objectives be achieved and will service delivery to the community of Laingsburg Municipality be ensured.

#### 10.13 Municipal Budget

The budget is aligned with the 1st three years of the IDP and give an indication on the municipal financial position and how the budget will be spent.

#### 0 - Table A1 Budget Summary

Transfers and subsidies - capital (monebary allocations) Transfers and subsidies - capital (m-knd)         -         -         -         23 887         24 803         24 704         12 704         12 704         60 788         34 188         28 700           Sorplus(Defcit) for the year         (45 170)         (46 737)         (43 133)         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         60 788         34 188         28 700           Capital expenditure         896         4371         -         24 033         24 039         24 03	Description	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		Current Ye	ear 2022/23			edium Term R nditure Frame	
Effance         Finance         Progeny rate         1         4         44         44         457         5.33	R thousands				-	-			-	4 -	8 -
Service stappes         19 805         20 17         22 84         20 075	Financial Performance										
Investment service         -	Property rates			1						9	8
Turnet and subsides - Openational Order con revenue         -         -         -         -         25 902		18 836	20 173							8	8
Other on review         -         -         -         4.2 fc12         4.2 fc12         4.2 fc12         4.2 fc12         5.0 fc12<		-	-							8	8
Total Exervise         23:005         24:27         27:41         99:43         99:43         99:43         101:742         107:192         112:19           Endyse cols         25:90         28:97         28:96         31:065         31:065         31:065         31:065         31:065         31:065         32:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         35:04         21:42         22:42         15:228         15:228         15:228         15:228         15:228         15:228         15:10         35:10		-	-	-						8	8
contribution         control         contro         control         control		- 22.000	-	- 27 401		*****		*****		§	8
Employee costs         25 933         28 979         29 885         31 669         31 669         31 669         33 604         33 864         35 862         37 962           Deprecision and amofision         5 851         7 06         9 905         7 219         7 219         7 219         7 219         5 919         6 209         6 500           Instruction and amofision         5 851         7 06         9 805         7 216         7 219         7 217         7 219         7 217         7 217         7 217         7 217         7 217         7 217         7 217         7 217         7 217		23 009	24 027	27 491	99 443	99 443	99 443	99 443	101 742	107 190	112 119
Benumerion of councilion         -         -         -         -         -         3 300         3 300         3 300         3 300         3 300         5 300         5 501         6 509         5 609         5 600         6 600         7 710         1 711         1 191         2 711         1 191         2 711         1 191         2 711         1 191         2 711         2 807		25 003	28 070	20.885	31 059	31.059	31.059	31 059	33 824	35 802	37 002
Operation and amodision         5 81         7 06         9 30         7 219         7 219         5 919         6 209         6 500           Prenuce charges         -		20 000	20 373							3	8
Finance barges burder, constrained and but purchases         -		5 851	7 096							8	8
by entry consumed and bub purchases         11 041         12 281         14 285         16 229         16 229         17 211         19 12 12 17 07           Transfer and subsidies         14 897         22 417         16 928         51 510         51 510         51 510         59 51 510         10 45 7         10 45 7         10 45 7         10 45 7         10 45 7         10 45 7         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 125         11 43 72         10 45 7           Transfers and subsidies - capital functaries A         C////>10 10         16 777         (4 5 133)         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         <		-	-							8	8
Transfers and subsidies         398         391         181         396         336         335         204         214         224         22         23         20         21         23         20         72         30         404           Toal Expenditure         58         77         1424         70         25         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         110         625         90         677         67         67         67         67         67         67         7 <td>•</td> <td>11 041</td> <td>12 581</td> <td>14 326</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td>	•	11 041	12 581	14 326						8	8
Total Expenditure         58 179         71 424         70 825         110 625         110 625         110 625         101 625		398	351	181	356	356	356	356	204	214	224
Surplay[c](c)         (43 133)         (11 182)	Other expenditure										
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monebary allocations)         -         -         -         -         23 887         24 98         24 98         24 98         24 039         24 0	-									§	Å
altocators)         - <th< td=""><td>Surplus/(Deficit)</td><td>(35 170)</td><td>(46 797)</td><td>(43 133)</td><td>(11 182)</td><td>(11 182)</td><td>(11 182)</td><td>(11 182)</td><td>11 125</td><td>11 872</td><td>10 437</td></th<>	Surplus/(Deficit)	(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	(11 182)	(11 182)	(11 182)	(11 182)	11 125	11 872	10 437
Transfers and subsidies - capital (n-kind)         -	Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary										
Surplus(Deficit) after capital transfers &         (35 170)         (46 797)         (43 133)         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         60 788         34 188         28 740           Surplus(Deficit) for the year         (35 170)         (46 797)         (43 133)         12 704         12 704         12 704         12 704         60 788         34 188         28 740           Surplus(Deficit) for the year         (35 170)         (46 797)         (43 133)         12 704         12 704         12 704         60 788         34 188         28 740           Capital excenditure         806         5 318         -         24 039         24 039         24 039         48 003         15 724         12 100           Borrowing         - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>23 887</td> <td>23 887</td> <td>23 887</td> <td>23 887</td> <td>49 663</td> <td>22 316</td> <td>18 303</td>		-	-	-	23 887	23 887	23 887	23 887	49 663	22 316	18 303
contributions         -         <	Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Associate	Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	12 704	12 704	12 704	12 704	60 788	34 188	28 740
Surplus(Deficit) for the year         (35 170)         (46 797)         (43 133)         12 704         12	contributions										
Capital expenditure         State         24 039	Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital expenditure         886         5 318         -         24 039         24 039         24 039         24 039         44 003         15 724         12 100           Transfers recognised - capital         896         4 371         -         23 887         23 887         23 887         23 887         23 887         23 887         48 003         15 724         12 100           Borrowing         -	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	12 704	12 704	12 704	12 704	60 788	34 188	28 740
Transfer recognised - capital         886         4 371         -         23 887         23 887         23 887         23 887         23 887         23 887         48 003         15 724         12 100           Borrowing Internally generated funds         -         11752         217 762 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>											
Borrowing Internally generated funds         -										9	8
Internally generated funds         -         948         -         152         121	Transfers recognised - capital	896	4 371	-	23 887	23 887	23 887	23 887	48 003	15 724	12 100
Internally generated funds         -         948         -         152         121	Borrowing	_	-	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Total sources of capital funds         896         5 318         -         24 039         24 039         24 039         24 039         48 003         15 724         12 100           Financial position         10 175         9 197         9 052         23 675         23 675         23 675         23 675         23 675         23 675         22 67 762         217 762         217 762         266 706         264 352         263 32         263 32         21 7762         217 762         217 762         266 706         264 352         263 251         16 339         16 332         17 29         11 729         11 729         11 729         12 303         13 33         16 332         17 7 62         251 555         346 378         277 660           Cash from (used) operating         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -		_	948		152	152	152	152		_	_
Financial position         10 175         9 197         9 052         23 675         <		896		-					48 003	15 724	12 100
Total non current assets         163 084         182 519         191 116         217 762         217 76         217 77         217 77         217 77         217 77         217 77	Financial position										
Total current liabilities         6         -         -         31 729         31	Total current assets			9 052						8	8
Total non current liabilities         5 349         13 120         24 797         14 288 <td></td> <td></td> <td>182 519</td> <td>191 116</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td>			182 519	191 116						8	8
Community wealth/Equity         -         -         195 985         195 985         195 985         251 555         346 378         277 660           Cash from (used) operating         -<			-	-						8	8
Cash flows         -         30 147         23 187         24 805         27 921         40 776         63 579         36 341         30 921           Net cash from (used) investing         -			13 120	24 797						8	8
Net cash from (used) operating         -         30 147         23 187         24 805         27 921         40 776         40 776         63 579         36 341         30 921           Net cash from (used) investing         -		-		-	195 905	190 900	190 900	195 905	201 000	340 37 0	211 000
Net cash from (used) investing         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         (12 100)           Net cash from (used) financing         -			30 147	23 187	24 805	27 921	40 776	40 776	63 579	36 341	30 921
Net cash from (used) financing         -         1         8         66         39         282         58         103           Cash hacking/surplus reconciliation         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         18666         39         282         58         103           Cash hacking/surplus reconciliation         -		_				-	-			8	8
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end         -         -         -         -         -         -         18 666         39 282         58 103           Cash backing/surplus reconciliation Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments         166 673         184 078         194 379         204 719		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	(	-
Cash and investments available         166 673         184 078         194 379         204 719		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 666	39 282	58 103
Cash and investments available         166 673         184 078         194 379         204 719	Cash backing/surplus reconciliation										
Application of cash and investments         6 751         12 072         13 486         2 657         2 333         2 050         2 050         6 436         6 108         6 014           Balance - surplus (shortfall)         159 922         172 007         180 893         202 063         202 387         202 670         202 670         200 670         250 280         243 949         307 210           Asset register summary (WDV)         171 477         158 744         199 070         169 003         169 003         241 191         248 837         247 735         -           Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets         -         (227)         -         -         -         7 600         -<		166 673	184 078	194 379	204 719	204 719	204 719	204 719	256 715	290 057	313 224
Asset management         171 477         158 744         199 070         169 003         169 003         241 191         248 837         247 735         -           Depreciation         5 851         6 356         9 117         6 479         6 479         6 5919         6 209         6 500         -         <	Application of cash and investments	6 751		13 486	2 657	2 333	2 050	2 050	6 436	6 108	6 014
Asset register summary (WDV)         171 477         158 744         199 070         169 003         169 003         241 191         248 837         247 735            Depreciation         5 851         6 356         9 117         6 479         6 479         5 919         6 209         6 500           -<	Balance - surplus (shortfall)	159 922	172 007	180 893	202 063	202 387	202 670	202 670	250 280	283 949	307 210
Depreciation         5 851         6 356         9 117         6 479         6 479         5 919         6 209         6 500         -           Renew al and Upgrading of Existing Assets         -         1037         1332         1572         3 003         3 028         3 028         1792         1890         1992         -           Free services         Cost of Free Basic Services provided         -	Asset management										
Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets         -         (227)         -         -         -         -         7600         -				3						8	-
Repairs and Maintenance         1 037         1 332         1 572         3 003         3 028         3 028         1 792         1 890         1 992         -           Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided         -         <		5 851		1	6 479	6 479			6 209	6 500	-
Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided       -					-	-			-	-	-
Cost of Free Basic Services provided       -		1 037	1 332	15/2	3 003	3 028	3 028	1 /92	1 890	1 992	-
Revenue cost of free services providedHouseholds below minimum service level<											
Households below minimum service level         -		-							-	-	8
Water:         - <td></td> <td>- 1</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation/sew grage:         -											
Energy:								-		-	-
								-		_	
	Refuse:		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_

## 10.14 Expenditure Analysis

A three-year preview of ensuring maintenance of existing assets with regards to municipal spending on repairs and maintenance. Setting priorities for the renewal of existing infrastructure as per the budget motivations. It also includes capital expenditure.

thousand	3	1		2021/22	Cur	rent Year 2022	/23	Expe	nditure Frame	evenue & work
liouounu	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Yea +2 2025/26
evenue - Functional										
Governance and administration		29 203	38 468	38 062	52 542	52 542	52 542	88 392	61 098	58 89
Executive and council		2 405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance and administration		26 798	38 468	38 062	52 542	52 542	52 542	88 392	61 098	58 89
Internal audit		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Community and public safety		31 969	22 773	26 178	38 227	38 227	38 227	30 349	31 749	33 2
Community and social services		1 266	1 504	1 702	1 626	1 626	1 626	1 865	1 840	1 9
Sport and recreation		1	718	2	4	4	4	1	1	
Public safety		30 689	20 533	24 456	36 583	36 583	36 583	28 471	29 894	31 3
Housing		12	18	16	15	15	15	13	14	
Health		0	-	1	- /			-	-	
Economic and environmental services		1 312	1 419	2 054	1 149	1 149	1 149	1 250	79	
Planning and development		-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	
Road transport		1 312	1 419	2 054	1 149	1 149	1 149	1 250	79	
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Trading services		25 629	35 320	27 563	31 411	31 411	31 411	31 414	36 581	38 2
Energy sources		14 523	19 440	16 939	19 733	19 733	19 733	19 560	23 589	24 5
Water management		4 755	10 011	4 313	4 997	4 997	4 997	5 167	5 656	59
Waste water management		2 900	3 107	3 271	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 350	3 674	38
Waste management		3 451	2 763	3 039	3 290	3 290	3 290	3 338	3 663	38
Other	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
otal Revenue - Functional	2	88 113	97 980	93 856	123 329	123 329	123 329	151 405	129 507	130 4
xpenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration		27 197	37 001	32 138	36 791	36 791	36 791	39 501	40 958	42 9
Executive and council		7 064	8 003	8 562	8 201	8 201	8 201	8 310	8 709	91
Finance and administration		20 133	28 998	23 576	28 590	28 590	28 590	31 191	32 249	33 7
Internal audit		-		-	-	_	-	-	-	
Community and public safety		31 504	23 137	28 180	33 346	33 346	33 346	6 939	7 458	77
Community and social services		1 194	1 347	1 366	1 620	1 620	1 620	1 558	1 740	16
Sport and recreation	1	220	246	248	518	518	518	499	525	5
Public safety		29 780	21 480	26 493	31 161	31 161	31 161	4 868	5 177	54
Housing		227	7	72	25	25	25	8	8	
Health		83	57	2	21	21	21	7	7	
Economic and environmental services		11 820	12 626	12 856	12 133	12 133	12 133	13 934	14 697	15 5
Planning and development		414	628	711	831	831	831	865	928	9
Road transport		11 406	11 999	12 146	11 302	11 302	11 302	13 068	13 769	14 5
Environmental protection		-	- 1	-		-	-	-	-	
Trading services		17 945	20 541	27 552	27 151	27 151	27 151	29 792	31 724	34 9
Energy sources		10 078	11 521	12 943	15 514	15 514	15 514	16 852	19 031	21 6
Water management		3 917	4 436	4 825	5 299	5 299	5 299	6 961	6 660	70
Waste water management		2 589	2 544	3 282	3 413	3 413	3 413	3 178	3 377	35
Waste management		1 361	2 041	6 502	2 924	2 924	2 924	2 802	2 656	27
Other	4	352	307	375	464	464	464	451	482	5
otal Expenditure - Functional	3	88 818	93 612	101 101	109 885	109 885	109 885	90 617	95 318	101 6
urplus/(Deficit) for the year		(706)	4 368	(7 245)	13 444	13 444	13 444	60 788	34 188	28 7

0 - Table A2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by functional classification)

#### 0 - Table A3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Vote Description	Ref	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	C	urrent Year 2022	2/23	2023/24 Medium	Term Revenue & Exper	diture Framework
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - MAYORAL AND COUNCIL (10: IE)		2 405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - MUNICIPAL MANAGER (11: IE)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - CORPORATE SERVICES (12: IE)		2 780	2 192	2 963	2 853	2 853	2 853	4 704	7 671	3 303
Vote 4 - BUDGET AND TREASURY (13: IE)		23 938	36 277	35 098	49 689	49 689	49 689	83 688	53 428	55 588
Vote 5 - PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT (14:	iE)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 6 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV (15:	IE)	1 267	1 504	1 703	1 626	1 626	1 626	1 865	1 840	1 924
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION (16: IE)		1	718	2	4	4	4	1	1	1
Vote 8 - HOUSING (17: IE)		12	18	16	15	15	15	13	14	14
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY (18: IE)		30 689	20 533	24 456	36 583	36 583	36 583	28 471	29 894	31 300
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT (19: IE)		1 312	1 419	2 054	1 149	1 149	1 149	1 250	79	80
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT (20: IE)		3 531	2 763	3 039	3 290	3 290	3 290	3 338	3 663	3 846
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT (21:	ΪΕ)	2 900	3 107	3 271	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 350	3 674	3 857
Vote 13 - WATER (22: IE)		4 755	10 011	4 313	4 997	4 997	4 997	5 167	5 656	5 939
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY (23: IE)		14 523	19 440	16 939	19 733	19 733	19 733	19 560	23 589	24 572
Total Revenue by Vote	2	88 113	97 980	93 856	123 329	123 329	123 329	151 405	129 507	130 423
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1									
Vote 1 - MAYORAL AND COUNCIL (10: IE)		4 455	4 181	5 090	5 116	5 116	5 116	5 147	5 405	5 673
Vote 2 - MUNICIPAL MANAGER (11: IE)		2 609	3 822	3 472	3 086	3 086	3 086	3 163	3 303	3 456
Vote 3 - CORPORATE SERVICES (12: IE)		8 106	7 514	8 046	10 103	10 103	10 103	9 855	10 261	10 799
Vote 4 - BUDGET AND TREASURY (13: IE)		11 681	21 776	15 891	18 937	18 937	18 937	21 771	22 454	23 468
Vote 5 - PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT (14: 1		414	628	711	831	831	831	865	928	23 400 992
	/	}					2			
Vote 6 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV (15:	IE)	1 277	1 405	1 367	1 642	1 642	1 642	1 564	1 747	1 701
Vote 7 - SPORTS AND RECREATION (16: IE)		220	262	262	533	533	533	515	541	568
Vote 8 - HOUSING (17: IE)		227	7	72	25	25	25	8	8	9
Vote 9 - PUBLIC SAFETY (18: IE)		30 478	21 480	26 493	31 161	31 161	31 161	4 868	5 177	5 496
Vote 10 - ROAD TRANSPORT (19: IE)		11 406	11 999	12 146	11 302	11 302	11 302	13 068	13 769	14 536
Vote 11 - WASTE MANAGEMENT (20: IE)		1 361	2 041	6 502	2 924	2 924	2 924	2 802	2 656	2 789
Vote 12 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT (21:	ΪΕ)	2 589	2 544	3 282	3 413	3 413	3 413	3 178	3 377	3 562
Vote 13 - WATER (22: IE)		3 917	4 436	4 825	5 299	5 299	5 299	6 961	6 660	7 004
Vote 14 - ELECTRICITY (23: IE)		10 078	11 521	12 943	15 514	15 514	15 514	16 852	19 031	21 629
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	88 818	93 612	101 101	109 885	109 885	109 885	90 617	95 318	101 682
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	(706)	93 012 4 368	(7 245)	109 005	13 444	13 444	60 788	95 5 10 34 188	28 740

#### 0 - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		Current Y	ear 2022/23		ZUZS/24 MECIL	Im Term Revenue & Framework	x Expenditure
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26
Revenue											
Exchange Revenue											
Service charges - Electricity	2	13 419	14 591	15 637	18 449	18 449	18 449	18 449	18 139	20 005	21 00
Service charges - Water	2	2 223	2 203	3 088	3 416	3 416	3 416	3 416	3 686	4 101	4 30
Service charges - Waste Water Management	2	1 764	1 753	2 079	2 071	2 071	2 071	2 071	1 961	2 216	2 3
Service charges - Waste Management	2	1 431	1 626	2 030	2 139	2 139	2 139	2 139	2 100	2 363	2 4
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services		-	-	-	171	171	171	171	191	226	2
Agency services		-	-		210	210	210	210	221	232	2
Interest		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest earned from Receivables		-	-	-	517	517	517	517	541	568	5
Interest earned from Current and Non Current As		-	-	-	340	340	340	340	454	476	51
Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rent on Land		-	-	-	1	1	1	1	35	37	:
Rental from Fixed Assets		-	-		1 755	1 755	1 755	1 755	1 796	1 865	1 9:
Licence and permits		-	_		942	942	942	942	181	190	2
Operational Revenue					21	61	61	61	101	130	
Non-Exchange Revenue					21				112	10	
-	2	4 174	4 454	4 657	5 334	5 334	5 334	5 334	5 903	6 471	7 2
Surcharges and Taxes	-	+ 11 +	+0+ +	4 001	3 116	3 076	3 076	3 076	3 303	3 464	3 6
-		-	-		35 642	35 642	35 642	35 642	28 290	29 704	31.1
Fines, penalties and forfeits		-	-	-	30 042	30 042	30 042	33 042	20 290	29704	511
Licences or permits		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.7
Transfer and subsidies - Operational		-	-	-	25 082	25 082	25 082	25 082	34 466	34 773	35 7
Interest		-	-		231	231	231	231	356	374	3
Fuel Levy		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operational Revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains on disposal of Assets		-	-	-	6	6	6	6	6	7	
Other Gains		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and		23 009	24 627	27 491	99 443	99 443	99 443	99 443	101 742	107 190	112 11
Expenditure Employ ee related costs	2	25 993	28 979	29 885	31 059	31 059	31 059	31 059	33 824	35 892	37 9
Remuneration of councillors	-	23 333	20 31 3	23 005	3 300	3 300	3 300	3 300	3 527	3 706	3 89
	2	9 140	10 238	11 735	12 600	12 600	12 600	12 600	13 604	15 337	17 74
Inventory consumed	8	1 901	2 343	2 591	3 629	3 629	3 629	3 629	3 607	3 784	3 9
Debt impairment	3	-	-	-	3 060	3 060	3 060	3 060	3 483	3 014	3 16
Depreciation and amortisation		5 851	7 096	9 305	7 219	7 219	7 219	7 219	5 919	6 209	6 50
Interest		5 443	- 6 446	- 5 966	953 8 150	953 8 175	953 9 175	953 8 175	957 7 315	1 004 7 062	1 00
Contracted services Transfers and subsidies		5 443 398	6 446 351	5 966	356	356	8 175 356	356	204	214	7 24
Irrecoverable debts written off	4	-	-	-	27 150	27 150	27 150	27 150	250	282	29
Operational costs		9 453	15 972	10 961	13 150	13 125	13 125	13 125	17 927	18 814	19 70
Losses on disposal of Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Losses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditure		58 179	71 424	70 625	110 625	110 625	110 625	110 625	90 617	95 318	101 6
Surplus/(Deficit)		(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	(11 182)	(11 182)	(11 182)	(11 182)	11 125	11 872	10 4
	6	-	-	-	23 887	23 887	23 887	23 887	49 663	22 316	18 3
	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	12 704	12 704	12 704	12 704	60 788	34 188	28 7
contributions											
Income Tax Surplus/(Deficit) after income tax	-	(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	12 704	12 704	12 704	12 704	60 788	- 34 188	28 7
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Joint Venture	e	(00 110)	(.0.01)	(.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Share of Surplus/Deficit attributable to Minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality	Γ	(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	12 704	12 704	12 704	12 704	60 788	34 188	28 7
	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intercompany/Parent subsidiary transactions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
intercompany/r arent caboratary transactions		(35 170)	(46 797)	(43 133)	12 704	12 704	12 704	12 704	60 788	34 188	28 7

Vote Description	Ref	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		Current	Year 2022/23		2023/24 Medium	Term Revenue & Expen	nditure Framework
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2
R thousand	1	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2	1	8					I I	1		1
Vote 15 - CORPORATE SERVICES (32: CS)	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 16 - BUDGET AND TREASURY (33: CS)		_	948	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Vote 17 - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERV (3	5 CS	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 18 - SPORTS AND RECREATION (36: CS	3	72	-	_	20	20	20	20	7 600	-	_
Vote 19 - HOUSING (37: CS)	1	12		_	20	-	-	-	1 000	_	_
Vote 20 - PUBLIC SAFETY (38: CS)		-	_	-	-	-		_			_
		_	120	-	6 559	6 559	6 559	6 559	6 611	- 6 701	6 795
Vote 21 - ROAD TRANSPORT (39: CS)			1		0 009	0 009		0 009	0011	0701	0 / 90
Vote 22 - WASTE MANAGEMENT (40: CS)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 23 - WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT (41:	CS)	-	2 436	-	17 460	17 460	17 460	17 460	18 548	9 023	5 304
Vote 24 - WATER (42: CS)		77	3 058	-	-	-	-	-	15 244	-	-
Vote 25 - ELECTRICITY (43: CS)		748	(1 243)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		896	5 318	-	24 039	24 039	24 039	24 039	48 003	15 724	12 100
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		896	5 318	-	24 039	24 039	24 039	24 039	48 003	15 724	12 100
Capital Expenditure - Functional											
Governance and administration		-	948	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance and administration		-	948	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_
Internal audit		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Community and public safety		72	-	-	52	52	52	52	7 600	-	-
Community and social services		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Sport and recreation		72	-	-	52	52	52	52	7 600	-	_
Public safety		_	_	_	-	-	-	-		_	_
Housing			-	-				_	-	_	_
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental services		-	120	-	-	-	-	-	6 611	6 701	6 795
		_	120	-	-	-	-	-	0011	0701	0 / 95
Planning and development			1		-	-	-		-	-	-
Road transport		-	120	-	-	-	-	-	6 611	6 701	6 795
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading services		824	4 250	-	23 987	23 987	23 987	23 987	33 792	9 023	5 304
Energy sources		748	(1 243)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water management		77	3 058	-	-	-	-	-	15 244	-	-
Waste water management		-	2 436	-	23 987	23 987	23 987	23 987	18 548	9 023	5 304
Waste management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	3	896	5 318	-	24 039	24 039	24 039	24 039	48 003	15 724	12 100
Funded by:											
National Government		824	(1 716)	-	23 887	23 887	23 887	23 887	48 003	15 724	12 100
Provincial Government		72	6 086	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_
District Municipality		1	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind)		_	_	_						_	
Transfers recognised - capital	4	896	4 371	-	23 887	23 887	23 887	23 887	48 003	15 724	12 100
Borrowing	6	-	+ 311	_	20 301	20 307	23 007	20 007	40 003	-	12 100
Internally generated funds		-	- 948	_	- 152	- 152	- 152	- 152		-	_
	7	896		-			24 039		48 003	45 704	12 400
Total Capital Funding	1	896	5 318	-	24 039	24 039	24 039	24 039	48 003	15 724	12 100

## 10.15 Borrowing

The municipality does not have any loans.

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting					-					
Borrowing - Categorised by type	R	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Cur	rent Year 202	22/23		dium Term	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2
Parent municipality								2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Annuity and Bullet Loans	H	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)	H	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Local registered stock	Π	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
Instalment Credit		_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Financial Leases	Π	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	-	-	-
PPP liabilities		-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	-	-	-
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Sup	pli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Marketable Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bankers Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial derivatives		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Securities		-	_	_	_	-	-		_	-
Municipality sub-total	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
F := 4141 = =										
Entities	$\left  \right $									
Annuity and Bullet Loans Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)	$\mathbb{H}$	_	_	_	_		Ξ	_	_	
Local registered stock	$\square$	_		_		_	_	_	_	
Instalment Credit	$\square$			_		_	_		_	_
Financial Leases	H	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
PPP liabilities	$\square$	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Sup	pli	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Marketable Bonds	İ	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Marketable Bonds	Π	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bankers Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial derivatives		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Securities		-	-	_	_	_		-	_	
Entities sub-total	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ц						<u> </u>			
Total Borrowing	1	-	- \	-	-	_	-			-
Unement Demousing Cotonomical bu	5 1									
Unspent Borrowing - Categorised by										
type Parent municipality	H									
Long-Term Loans (annuity/reducing bala	Inc	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Local registered stock		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Instalment Credit	Π	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Financial Leases		_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
PPP liabilities	Π	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Sup	pli	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	-	-	-
Marketable Bonds		-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	-	-	-
Non-Marketable Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bankers Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial derivatives		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Securities			_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Municipality sub-total	1	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entition										
Entities			_			-				
Long-Term Loans (annuity/reducing bala Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)	C	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local registered stock		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Instalment Credit		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Financial Leases			_	_	_	_	_		_	_
PPP liabilities		_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	pli	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Sup			_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Sup Marketable Bonds		-				\$	_	_	_	_
		_	_	-	-	- 1	. –		-	
Marketable Bonds		-		-		-	-	-	_	-
Marketable Bonds Non-Marketable Bonds						[		-		-
Marketable Bonds Non-Marketable Bonds Bankers Acceptances		-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Marketable Bonds Non-Marketable Bonds Bankers Acceptances Financial deriv atives	1	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable Bonds Non-Marketable Bonds Bankers Acceptances Financial deriv atives Other Securities	1	- -	- - - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	

## 10.16 Transfer and Grants

The municipality is dependent on transfers and grants.

#### 0 - Supporting Table SA18 Transfers and grant receipts

Description	Ref	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Cu	rrent Year 2022	/23		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R thousand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2023/24	+1 2024/25	+2 2025/26
RECEIPTS:	1, 2									
Operating Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		21 835	24 410	22 240	23 307	23 306	23 307	25 241	25 138	25 664
Equitable Share		16 574	19 652	18 461	20 139	20 139	20 139	21 520	22 980	23 396
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrate	*	1 238	1 252	1 898	1 074	1 074	1 074	1 173	-	-
Local Government Financial Management Gr	ant	3 688	3 203	1 881	1 750	1 750	1 750	1 800	1 805	1 910
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		335	303	-	344	344	344	748	353	358
	1									
Provincial Government:		-	1 581	1 843	1 739	1 468	1 739	-	-	-
IR: GRANT - COMMUNITY WORK (LOCAL	¢	-	49	110	94	123	94	-	-	-
IR: GRANT - DEPT CULTURE SPORT		-	1 482	1 684	1 595	1 595	1 595	-	-	-
IR: GRANT - MAIN ROADS		_	50	49	50	50	50	-	-	-
IR: GRANT - WC Fin Man Capability		_	-	_	-	(100)	_	-	_	-
IR: GRANT WC Mun Intervention		_	_	_	_	(200)	_	_	_	_
	1		8			(				
Other grant providers:		35	36	43	36	36	36	38	40	42
Public Sector SETA		35	36	43	36	36	36	38	40	42
Public Seciol SETA		30	30	43	30	30	30	30	40	42
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	21 870	26 028	24 126	25 082	24 811	25 082	25 279	25 178	25 706
Capital Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		4 742	14 207	12 404	23 887	23 887	22 007	48 003	17 816	18 303
	Cront		3 600	12 404	23 001	23 001	23 887	40 003	2 092	
Integrated National Electrification Programme	Grant		8	-	- 6 527	-	-	-		2 000
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		2 370	10 214	4 908		6 527	6 527	14 211	6 701	6 795
Water Services Infrastructure Grant		-	393	7 496	17 360	17 360	17 360	33 792	9 023	9 508
Provincial Government:				_	_	1 060	_	_	_	_
Tovincial Government.		~ -	_	_		1 000		_	_	_
IR: WC - Housing - Human Settlements Grant		_	_	_	_	1 000	_	_	_	_
IR: WC UNFORESEEN RESERVE FUND		-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	4 742	14 207	12 404	23 887	24 947	23 887	48 003	17 816	18 303
	1	26 612	40 234							44 009

## 10.17 Municipal Accounts

The municipal bills are according to differentiated households.

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SA14 Household bills

WC051 Laingsburg - Supporting Table SA14 Househo		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Curre	nt Year 2	022/23	2023/24 Me	dium Term I	Revenue & E	xpenditure	
		2013/20	2020/21	2021/22	ound		022/23		Fram	ework	·····	
Description	Ref		Audited Outcom e	Audited Outcom e	Original Budget	Adjuste d Budget	Full Year Forecas t	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Year +2 2025/26	
Rand/cent							_	% incr.				
Monthly Account for Household - 'Middle Income Range'	1											
Rates and services charges:												
Property rates		-	-	-	-	-	-	8,0%	-	-	-	
Electricity: Basic lev y		288,00	304,00	348,00	362,00	362,00	362,00	20,7%	646,00	741,00	872,70	
Electricity: Consumption		+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	20,7%	2 703,30	3 101,00	3 652,00	
Water. Basic levy		115,00	133,04	133,04	157,39	157,39	157,39	12,2%	176,52	185,30	194,60	
Water: Consumption		0,02	100,08	109,92	151,20	151,20	151,20	8,0%	240,96	261,00	275,40	
Sanitation		125,00	140,00	140,00	157,39	157,39	157,39	7,2%	168,70	177,10	186,00	
Refuse removal		97,00	113,22	113,22	134,43	134,43	134,43	8,0%	145,22	156,80	164,60	
Other		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
sub-total		*****	*****	#######	****	########	*****	27,4%	4 080,69	4 622,20	5 345,30	
VAT on Services		297,46	362,65	396,63	480,32	480,32	480,32		612, 10	693,33	801,80	
Total large household bill:		*****	*****	***	****	########	*****	27,4%	4 692,80	5 315,53	6 147,10	
% increase/-decrease			21,9%	3,0%	21,1%	-	-		27,4%	13,3%	15,6%	
Monthly Account for Household - 'Affordable Range'	2											
Rates and services charges:	_							0.00/				
Property rates		_	-	-	-	-	-	8,0%	-	-	-	
Electricity: Basic lev y		221,00	264,00	302,50	302,50	302,50	302,50	20,7%	437,00	501,20	590,30	
Electricity: Consumption		749,85	847,85	900,00	936,00	936,00	936,00	20,7%	1 351,65	1 550,50	1 826,00	
Water. Basic levy		115,00	133,04	133,04	157,39	157,39	157,39	12,2%	176,52	185,30	194,60	
Water. Consumption		0,02	73,36	79,23	92,15	92,15	92,15	8,0%	199,41	216,00	227,90	
Sanitation		125,00	140,00	140,00	157,39	157,39	157,39	7,2%	168,70	177,10	186,00	
Refuse removal		97,00	113,22	113,22	134,43	134,43	134,43	8,0%	145,22	156,80	164,60	
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
sub-total		#######	#######	#######	########	########	########	39,3%	2 478,49	2 786,90	3 189,40	
VAT on Services	_	183,10	220,01	250,20	266,98	266,98	266,98	00.00V	371,77	418,04	478,41	
Total small household bill:		########	########	#######	****	*****	******	39,3%	2 850,27	3 204,94	3 667,81	
% increase/-decrease			20,2%	7,1%	6,7%	-	-		39,3%	12,4%	14,4%	
				-0,65	-0,05	-1,00	-					
Monthly Account for Household - 'Indigent' Household	3											
receiving free basic services			<b>D</b>									
Rates and services charges:								0.00/				
Descents antes		_			-	-	-	8,0%	-	-	-	
Property rates		004.00	-	160.00	100.50	100.50	100 50		277,98	318,80	375,50 547,80	
Electricity: Basic lev y		221,00	250,00	168,00	192,50	192,50	192,50	20,7%		405.45		
Electricity: Basic lev y Electricity: Consumption		224,96	250,00 254,36	270,00	335,96	335,96	335,96	20,7%	405,50	465,15		
Electricity: Basic levy Electricity: Consumption Water. Basic levy		224,96 115,00	250,00 254,36 133,04	270,00 133,04	335,96 157,39	335,96 157,39	335,96 157,39	20,7% 12,2%	405,50 176,52	185,30	194,60	
Electricity: Basic levy Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption		224,96 115,00 0,00	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44	270,00 133,04 16,68	335,96 157,39 26,00	335,96 157,39 26,00	335,96 157,39 26,00	20,7% 12,2% 8,0%	405,50 176,52 27,68	185,30 30,00	194,60 31,60	
Electricity: Basic levy Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption Sanitation		224,96 115,00 0,00 125,00	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44 140,00	270,00 133,04 16,68 140,00	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39	20,7% 12,2% 8,0% 7,2%	405,50 176,52 27,68 168,70	185,30 30,00 177,10	194,60 31,60 186,00	
Electricity: Basic levy Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption Sanitation Refuse removal		224,96 115,00 0,00 125,00 97,00	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44 140,00 113,22	270,00 133,04 16,68 140,00 113,22	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43	20,7% 12,2% 8,0%	405,50 176,52 27,68 168,70 145,22	185,30 30,00 177,10 156,80	194,60 31,60 186,00 164,60	
Electricity: Basic levy Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption Sanitation Refuse removal Other		224,96 115,00 0,00 125,00 97,00 (632,99)	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44 140,00 113,22 (721,05)	270,00 133,04 16,68 140,00 113,22 (644,26)	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70)	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70)	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70)	20,7% 12,2% 8,0% 7,2% 8,0%	405,50 176,52 27,68 168,70 145,22 (903,58)	185,30 30,00 177,10 156,80 (993,05)	194,60 31,60 186,00 164,60 (1 103,30	
Electricity: Basic lev y Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption Sanitation Refuse removal Other sub-total		224,96 115,00 0,00 125,00 97,00 (632,99) 149,97	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44 140,00 113,22 (721,05) <b>185,01</b>	270,00 133,04 16,68 140,00 113,22 (644,26) <b>196,68</b>	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) 249,97	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) 249,97	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) 249,97	20,7% 12,2% 8,0% 7,2%	405,50 176,52 27,68 168,70 145,22 (903,58) <b>298,01</b>	185,30 30,00 177,10 156,80 (993,05) 340,10	194,60 31,60 186,00 164,60 (1 103,30 <b>396,80</b>	
Electricity: Basic levy Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption Santation Refuse removal Other sub-total VAT on Services		224,96 115,00 0,00 125,00 97,00 (632,99) 149,97 21,00	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44 140,00 113,22 (721,05) <b>185,01</b> 25,90	270,00 133,04 16,68 140,00 113,22 (644,26) <b>196,68</b> 29,50	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) <b>249,97</b> 37,50	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) <b>249,97</b> 37,50	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) <b>249,97</b> 37,50	20,7% 12,2% 8,0% 7,2% 8,0% <b>19,2%</b>	405,50 176,52 27,68 168,70 145,22 (903,58) <b>298,01</b> 44,70	185,30 30,00 177,10 156,80 (993,05) <b>340,10</b> 51,02	194,60 31,60 186,00 164,60 (1 103,30 <b>396,80</b> 59,52	
Electricity: Basic lev y Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy Water: Consumption Sanitation Refuse removal Other sub-total		224,96 115,00 0,00 125,00 97,00 (632,99) 149,97	250,00 254,36 133,04 15,44 140,00 113,22 (721,05) <b>185,01</b>	270,00 133,04 16,68 140,00 113,22 (644,26) <b>196,68</b>	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) 249,97	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) 249,97	335,96 157,39 26,00 157,39 134,43 (753,70) 249,97	20,7% 12,2% 8,0% 7,2% 8,0%	405,50 176,52 27,68 168,70 145,22 (903,58) <b>298,01</b>	185,30 30,00 177,10 156,80 (993,05) 340,10	347,60 194,60 31,60 186,00 164,60 (1 103,30 396,80 59,52 456,32 16,7%	

# 11 Performance Management

This Chapter deals with the implementation and monitoring of the IDP projects and programs aimed at achieving the vision and objectives of the municipality as set out in this document. The IDP and Budget are implemented through a Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP). The Top Layer SDBIP is used as a scorecard to measure, monitor, evaluate and report on institutional performance (monthly, quarterly, bi-annual and annual basis). The Departmental SDBIP measures the performance of the departments and performance agreements and plans are used to measure the performance of employees.

## 11.6 Performance Management System

The Performance Management System implemented at Laingsburg Municipality is intended to provide a comprehensive, step by step planning system that helps the municipality to manage the process of performance planning and measurement effectively. The PM System serves as primary mechanism to monitor, review and improve the implementation of the municipality IDP and eventually the budget. The performance management policy framework was approved by Council which provided for performance implementation, monitoring and evaluation at organizational as well as individual levels. The Performance Management Framework of the Municipality is reflected in the diagram below:

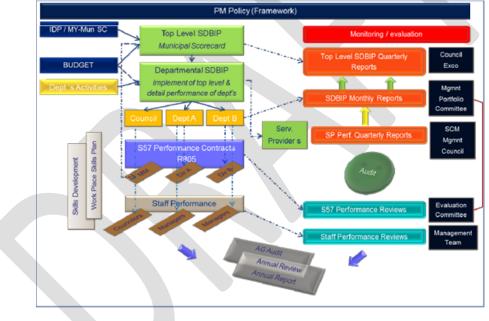


Figure 11.1: Performance Management system

## 11.7 Organizational Level

The organizational performance of the municipality is evaluated by means of a municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) at organizational level and through the service delivery budget implementation plan (SDBIP) at directorate and departmental levels. The Top Layer SDBIP set out consolidated service delivery targets and provides an overall picture of performance for the municipality as a whole, reflecting performance on its strategic priorities.

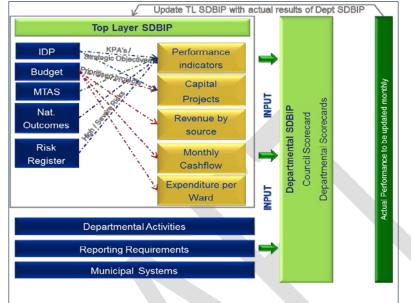


Figure 11.2: Organizational Performance

The departmental SDBIP capture the performance of each defined department which reflects on the strategic priorities of the municipality. The SDBIP provides detail of each outcome for which the senior management is responsible for, in other words a comprehensive picture of the performance of that directorate/sub-directorate.

## 11.8 Individual Level

The municipality is in process of implementing a performance management system for all staff. This has led to a specific focus on service delivery and means that:

- Each manager has to develop a scorecard which is based on the balanced scorecard model.
- At the beginning of each financial year all the senior managers (Section 57 employees) sign Performance Agreements.

#### 11.9 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

Section 38 (a) of the Systems Act requires Municipalities to set appropriate key performance indicators as a yardstick for measuring performance, including outcomes and impact, with regard to the community development priorities and objectives set out in its Integrated Development Plan. Section 9 (1) of the Regulations to this Act maintains in this regard, that a Municipality must set key performance indicators, including input indicators, output indicators and outcome indicators in respect of each of the development priorities and objectives.

Every year, as required by Section 12 (1) of the Regulations to the Systems Act, the Municipality also set performance targets for each of the key performance indicators. The IDP process and the performance management process are therefore seamlessly integrated.

## 11.10 Performance Reporting

Performance is reported on a regular basis and it includes the evaluation of performance, the identification of poor performance and corrective actions to improve performance.

### 11.11 Quarterly Reports

Reports on the performance in terms of the Top Level SDBIP are generated from the system and submitted to Council. This report is published on the municipal website on a quarterly basis.

### 11.12 Mid-Year Assessment

The performance of the first 6 months of the financial year should be assessed and reported on in terms of section 72 of the MFMA. This assessment must include the measurement of performance, the identification of corrective actions and recommendations for the adjustments of KPI's, if necessary. The format of the report must comply with the section 72 requirements. This report is submitted to Council for approval before 25 January of each year and published on the municipal website.

#### 11.13 Performance Report

In terms of section 46(1)(a) a municipality must prepare for each financial year a performance report reflecting the municipality's and any service provider's performance during the financial year, including comparison with targets of and with performance in the previous financial year. Strategic performance indicates how well the municipality is meeting its objectives and which policies and processes are working.

### 11.14 The IDP and the Budget

The draft reviewed IDP and the budget for 2022/27 Implementation 2023/2024 Year 1 review was approved by Council on 29 March 2023. The IDP process and the performance management process are integrated. The IDP fulfills the planning stage of performance management. Performance management in turn, fulfills the implementation management, monitoring and evaluation of the IDP.

## 11.15 The Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan

The organizational performance is evaluated by means of a municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) at organizational level and through the service delivery budget implementation plan (SDBIP) at directorate levels.

## 11.16 The municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP)

The municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) consolidate service delivery targets set by Council / senior management and provide an overall picture of performance for the municipality as a whole, reflecting performance on its strategic priorities.

#### 11.17 Actual Performance

The performance is monitored and evaluated via the SDBIP system. The web based system sent automated e-mails to the users of the system as a reminder to all staff responsible for updating their actual performance against key performance indicator targets every month for the previous month's performance. The Top Layer (strategic) SDBIP is the municipality's strategic plan and shows the strategic alignment between the different documents, IDP, Budget and Performance Agreements. In the paragraphs below the performance achieved is illustrated against the Top Layer SDBIP according to the IDP (strategic) objectives.

The following table explains the method by which the overall assessment of actual performance against targets set for the key performance indicators (KPI's) of the SDBIP is measured:

Category	Colour	Explanation
KPI Not Yet Measured	n/a	KPI's with no targets or actuals in the selected period
KPI Not Met	R	0% > = Actual/Target< 75%
KPI Almost Met	0	75% > = Actual/Target < 100%
KPI Met	G	Actual/Target = 100%
KPI Well Met	G2	100% > Actual/Target < 150%
KPI Extremely Well Met	В	Actual/Target > = 150%

SDBIP Measurement Categories Table

Table 11.1: KPI Measurements

The municipality show an improvement in Performance Monitoring for the last two years. Down scaling performance from the top level started in 2021/22 financial year and the municipality want to improve on it to achieve performance and organizational excellence. The municipality are recorded in the 1PSS system to be still the compliance phase but must start moving into the excellence phase.

## 11.18 Key Performance indicators

Pre-determined Objectives	Municipal	КРІ	Clyde	to Date			
	KPA		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Developing a safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment for communities	Environmental & Spatial Development	Implement IDP-approved greening and cleaning initiatives by 30 June	1	1	1	1	1
Promote local economic development	Local Economic Development	Host events as identified in the IDP in support of promotion of LED within the Municipal area by 30 June	3	3	3	3	3
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Institutional Transformation	Develop a Risk Based Audit Plan and submit to the audit committee for consideration by 30 June	1	1	1	1	1
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Institutional Transformation	People employed from employment equity target groups in the three highest levels of management in compliance with a municipality's approved employment equity plan	1	1	1	1	1
Promote local economic development	Local Economic Development	Assist SMME's with business and/or CIDB registration by 30 June	4	4	4	4	4
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Institutional Transformation	The Top Layer SDBIP is approved by the Mayor within 28 days after the Main Budget has been approved	1	1	1	1	1
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Institutional Transformation	Annual Review of IDP and approved by Council before the end of May	1	1	1	1	1
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Institutional Transformation	Submit final Annual Report and oversight report of council before legislative deadline	1	1	1	1	1
Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Basic Service Delivery	Limit the % electricity unaccounted for to less than 15% by 30 June [(Number of Electricity Units Purchased - Number of Electricity Units Sold) / Number of Electricity Units Purchased) × 100]	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%

Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Basic Service Delivery	Percentage of the total approved repair and maintenance budget spent by 30 June [(Actual amount spent on repair and maintenance of assets/ Total amount budgeted for asset repair and maintenance) x100]	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Create an environment conducive for economic development	Local Economic Development	Create job opportunities through EPWP projects by 30 June	50	50	50	50	50
Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Basic Service Delivery	Obtained compliance of waste water discharge quality in terms of Green Drop Requirements for Effluent Quality Compliance by 30 June	91%	91%	91%	91%	91%
Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Basic Service Delivery	Limit the % water unaccounted for to less than 30% by 30 June [(Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified - Number of Kilolitres Water Sold) / (Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified) × 100	30	30	30	30	30
Effective Maintenance and manage of municipal assets and natural resources	Basic Service Delivery	Obtain compliance of water quality in terms of SANS 241 - Water Quality criteria by 30 June	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%
Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Basic Service Delivery	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal electrical infrastructure network (Laingsburg credit and pre-paid electrical meters) (Excluding Eskom areas) as at 30 June	863	863	863	863	863
Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Social Development	Provide 50kwh free basic electricity to registered indigent accountholders in terms of the equitable share requirements (excluding ESKOM area) as at 30 June	464	464	464	464	464
Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Basic Service Delivery	The percentage of the municipal capital budget actually spent on capital projects by 30 June (Actual amount spent on capital projects /Total amount budgeted for capital projects) X100 by 30 June	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Institutional Transformation	Percentage of municipality's personnel budget actually spent on training by 30 June 2019 ((Total Actual Training Expenditure/ Total personnel Budget) x100))	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet its service debt obligations at 30 June {Debt to Revenue (Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant}	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	Financial viability measured in % in terms of the total amount of outstanding service debtors in comparison with total revenue received for services at 30 June {Net Service debtors to revenue – (Total outstanding service debtors minus provision for bad	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%

		debt)/(revenue received for					
To achieve financial viability in	Financial Viability	services) x100} Financial viability measured in					
order to render affordable services to residents		terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure at 30 June 2016 {Cost coverage ((Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortization, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets))	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
To create an institution with skilled employees to provide a professional service to its clientele guided by municipal values	Financial Viability	Limit vacancy rate to less than 5% of budgeted posts by 30 June [(Number of funded posts vacant / total number of funded posts) x100]	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	Collect percentage of financial years billed revenue by 30 June {Debtors payments received during period/Billed Revenue for period x 100}	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	Operational conditional grant spending measured by the percentage (%) spent	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	Capital conditional grant spending measured by the percentage (%) spent	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	The main budget is approved by Council by the legislative deadline	1	1	1	1	1
To achieve financial viability in order to render affordable services to residents	Financial Viability	The adjustment budget is approved by Council by the legislative deadline	1	1	1	1	1
Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Basic Service Delivery	Number of formal residential properties for which refuse is removed once per week as at 30 June	1346	1346	1346	1346	1346
Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Social and Community Development	Provide free basic refuse removal to registered indigent accountholders in terms of the equitable share requirements as at 30 June	753	753	753	753	753
Provision of infrastructure to deliver improved services to all residents and business	Basic Service Delivery	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal waste water sanitation/sewerage network for sewerage service, irrespective of the number of water closets (toilets) as at 30 June	1296	1296	1296	1296	1296
Improve the standards of living of all people in Laingsburg	Social and Community Development	Provide free basic sanitation to registered indigent accountholders in terms of the equitable share requirements as at 30 June	731	731	731	731	731

# 12 Strategic Alignment

The budget and IDP must be aligned to ensure the implementation of the IDP to achieve organizational excellence.

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	_	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Cu	rrent Year 2022	2/23	2023/24 Medium Term Revenue Expenditure Framework		
			Ref	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Yea
thousand				Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2023/24	+1 2024/25	+2 2025/20
llocations to other prioritie	95											
tal Expenditure			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

0 - Supporting Table SA5 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (operating expenditure)

Strategic Objective	6 Reconciliation of IDP st Goal	Goal		2019/20 2020/21 2021/22 Current Year 2022/23			of	Expe	ledium Term R enditure Frame	work		
R thousand			Rei	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2023/24	Budget Year +1 2024/25	Budget Yea +2 2025/26
Tirousanu		Α		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Duuger	Duuger	Torecast	2023/24	11 2024/23	12 2023/20
		в										
		с										
		D										
		Е										
		F										
		G										
		н										
		Т										
		J										
		к										
		L										
		м										
		N										
		o										
		Р										
Allocations to other priorition	es	L	3									
otal Capital Expenditure			1	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-

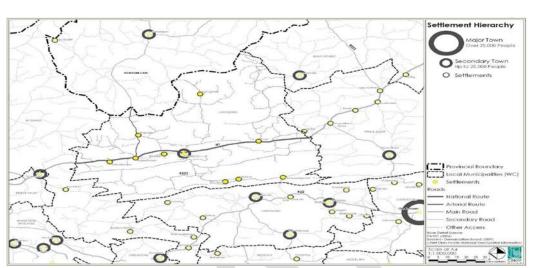
### 0 - Supporting Table SA6 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (capital expenditure)

# 13 High Level Spatial Development Framework

Public participation was held with ward committees and the municipal IDP Representative Forum and the SDF Steering Committee meeting. The SDF will be an MSA approval and all sector departments are part of this process.

Map 12.1: Hierarchy of Settlement, Linkages and investment priority

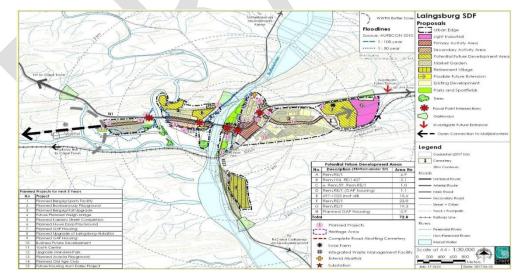
## 13.1 Urban Settlements and Hierarchy



## 13.2 Hierarchy and Role of the Settlement

The municipality has one main settlement, Laingsburg town and one secondary settlement, Matjiesfontein.

Map 12.2: Laingsburg Town



#### LAINGSBURG

They are connected via the N1 Freeway and the main Cape Town to Gauteng railway line. Laingsburg town serves as the main service center, providing medical, educational, as well as limited commercial activities as well as administrative services.

Other smaller rural farm settlements include Vleiland in the south-east and Rouxpos. Vleiland has a church and a shop. They are essentially farming communities' south of Laingsburg along the R323. This area contains the most arable land in the municipality and receives the highest rainfall. The farm size is much denser with smaller "watererven" to increase the level of access to arable land and water. North of the N1 Freeway is Hillandale and Koringplaas which are large farm homesteads.

Laingsburg is strategically situated on the N1 Freeway road and rail transport corridor between Gauteng and Cape Town in a pass through the mountains at a crossing over the Buffels, Witteberge and Baviaans rivers. Thus, commercial and private traffic along the N1 Freeway provides a captive market to Laingsburg at the end or beginning of the 200km stretch of road to Beaufort West.

Laingsburg town is also the set of local government and is a minor agricultural service center. Matjiesfontein's economic base is essentially a single tourist resort comprising a Victorian village across the railway line. The population largely comprises hotel staff and a few government employees.

#### 13.2.1 Public Open Space

Municipal nature areas

- I. Establish a 30m ecological buffer around all river corridors
- II. Do not permit any urban development below the 1:50 year flood line or in this ecological buffer.
- III. There should be no ploughing and careful management of livestock grazing and watering points in this zone.

#### 13.2.2 Urban Restructuring

Focal point intersections and gateways The Conceptual Development Framework shows a number of focal point intersections in Laingsburg. These intersections should receive special treatment to enhance the quality of the urban environment around them.

These intersections, that need to be enhanced, include:

- Intersection off N1 Freeway to Bergsig (south of N1);
- Intersection off Voortrekker Road to Moordenaars Karoo
- Intersection of Voortrekker Road at Shell garage
- Voortrekker and Humphrey Roads intersection (road to Seweweekspoort) and
- Voortrekker Road/ N1 Freeway and Hugo Street intersection (entrance to Göldnerville)

The gateway areas along the N1 Freeway signal the entrance into the town, a different environment. These gateway areas and the above-mentioned focal point intersections should be appropriately landscaped and the design of buildings around them should be managed to a common design theme to create high quality environments.

## 13.2.3 Road improvements

- I. Rehabilitate the old Matjiesfontein road as a scenic route to encourage visitors and tourists and to promote the integration of business between Bergsig and the town; and between Laingsburg and Matjiesfontein.
- II. Promote the old Matjiesfontein Road as a secondary activity street by encouraging small business along it: the renovation of building frontages (to acceptable urban design guidelines); and through improved pavement treatment and landscaping.
- III. Promote Voortrekker Road as the primary activity street and maximize the exposure of buildings and activities to passing traffic. Ensure a high-quality environment that is guided by urban design guidelines and supported by landscaping.
- IV. Upgrade the identified bridges, and the following intersections to the truck stop; Humphrey and Voortrekker Roads; and the Moordenaars Karoo.

## 13.2.4 Focal points and gateways

- I. Prepare urban design frameworks for the N1 Freeway through Laingsburg and for the gateway precincts.
- II. Waste water treatment work
- III. CBD
- IV. Improve signage in the center of town.
- V. Observe the required 400m buffer from the waste water treatment works, west of Bergsig. Do not permit any residential development in this buffer zone.
- VI. Promote the CBD as the heart of Laingsburg. This will require increasing the attractiveness of the area to tourist traffic, paying special attention to the removal of the New Jersey barriers, and providing sufficient and attractive signage, landscaping, urban design/building management, etc.

## 13.2.5 Urban Edge

Proposed alignment indicated

Urban Edge is aligned to limit further outward expansion, except for the proposed future eastward expansion area.

## 13.2.6 Urban Expansion

Seven areas have been identified as future development areas. These areas are shown in the municipal SDF. These areas amount to a total of 69,61ha. This is to encourage the infill and integration of the town before permitting the outward expansion of the town.

## 13.2.7 Heritage Area

Confirm the delineation of the heritage area in the center of town with Heritage Western Cape.

- I. Market Garden/ eco-agricultural / Retirement village
- II. Investigate the potential of the established township south of Laingsburg to be a market garden/ eco- agricultural/ retirement village. This area is suitability located along the river for this purpose.
- III. Investigate the viability of making the abovementioned proposed development independent

#### MATJIESFONTEIN



Map13.3: Matjiesfontein (Source Laingsburg Municipal 2017 Revised SDF)

## 13.2.8 Public Open Space

Municipal nature areas

- I. Establish a 30m ecological buffer around all river corridors
- II. Do not permit any urban development below the 1:50 year flood line or in this ecological buffer.
- III. There should be no ploughing and careful management of livestock grazing and watering points in this zone.

## 13.2.8 Urban Restructuring

Focal Points and Gateways

- I. Improve the signage and the sense of gateway at the intersection off the N1 Freeway towards Matjiesfontein.
- II. The gateway areas along the N1 Freeway signal the entrance into the town a different environment. These gateway areas and the abovementioned focal point intersections should be appropriately landscaped and the design of buildings around them should be managed to a common design theme to create high quality environments.
- III. Plan trees to screen off the noise from the N1 Freeway and to create an improved visual perspective of Matjiesfontein.

## 13.2.9 Road Improvements

Close the existing level crossing over the railway bridge to improve road safety. This is due to the increase number of accidents at level crossings.

- Upgrade the existing single culvert under the railway line to a double culvert to encourage vehicular movement. Increase the height, if necessary. This is to permit a stronger integration between the two components of the town, support Logan Road and provide a safer access solution to the southern components.
- Strengthen the High Street as the main access route into Matjiesfontein.
- Improve the landscaping and enhance the "outspan feeling" of the High Street Focus Area. Possibly retain the gravel feel.
- Create a scenic link road between Matjiesfontein and Laingsburg.

## 13.2.10Urban Edge

Proposed alignment indicated:

- ١. Limit and future urban growth within the proposed urban edge.
- Π. Urban expansion
- III. SDF identified for future expansion areas.
- IV. Promote the development of an Area of approximately 4,3ha, for a retirement village
- ٧. Promote the development of an Area of approximately 2,2ha, for additional NBG housing opportunities, if required.
- VI. Investigate the development of an Area of approximately 17ha for market gardening and / or residential development.



## SWARTBERG/VLEILAND

#### Figure13.3: Vleiland

#### 13.2.11Public Open Space

Municipal nature areas

- ١. Establish a 30m ecological buffer around all river corridors.
- 11. Do not permit any urban development below the 1:50 year flood line or in this ecological buffer.
- III. There should be no ploughing and careful management of livestock grazing and watering points in this zone.

## 13.2.12Urban Restructuring

Focal Points and Gateways; Encourage the development of a tourist facility at the intersection of the R353 to Calitzdorp and the Road to Rouxpos. The area serves as a gateway area and signals the entrance to the proposed "new town" area. This area should be appropriately landscaped and trees planted to an acceptable theme.

## 13.2.13Urban Edge

Proposed alignment indicated; Limit and future urban growth within the proposed urban edge

## 13.2.14Urban Expansion

Develop a new town/ Agri- village at the location identified. This location is preferred for two reasons. It is closer to existing community facilities: school, church, crèche, sports complex and community hall than the existing Vleiland community. Second, because all the land at the existing Vleiland location are privately owned, hampering BNG projects. The land for the proposed agro-village is owned by the Municipality.

- Confirm the area identified in the proposed urban edge suffices for the anticipated need in the area. At this stage approximately 30 households are envisaged at 100m<sup>2</sup> per plot. This configuration may change depending on the confirmed demand.
- II. A future expansion area (7.92 ha) is indicated but should only be developed if there is a need, i.e. the already indicated plots have been taken up.

## 13.2.15 Market Gardening / Agriculture

In the interim, develop the future potential expansion area for market gardening. The area north of the proposed residential area is allocated for stock farming.

## 14 Disaster Management

The dedicated Disaster management official is Mr. Neil Hendrikse with cross functional influences within disaster management. Laingsburg Municipality in cooperation with the Central Karoo District municipality play a pro-active role in risk reduction to serve the communities as well as damage to property, environment and infrastructure in this area of responsibility. Disaster Management focus on Hazards, Risk Identification, Risk Assessment, Risk Reduction, Mitigation Measures, Risk Response and Recovery. Risk reduction programs must be support by the budget of each municipality it is of outmost important that specific risks form part of the daily planning through the IDP. This will help to provide democratic and accountable government but will also ensure service delivery in a sustainable manner.

The Disaster Management Act (sec 53) stipulates that each Municipality must prepare a Disaster Management Plan/Framework for its area according to the circumstances prevailing in the area, after consulting with the District Municipality and other Local Municipalities within the area of the district Municipality.

The formulation and implementation of a Disaster Management Plan forms part of the Municipality's IDP process. The purpose of this Disaster Management Plan [Disaster Management Act 57 Sect 53 (2)] is to ensure that there is Disaster Management at all times enhancing the Municipality's ability to prevent and to deal with disasters and to avoid development that is considered high risk in terms of the potential for disasters.

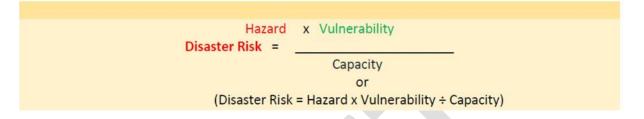
According to Section 152 and 153 of the Constitution a municipality must give priority to the basic needs of the community, and must promote the social and economic development of communities. Integrated development planning is supportive to the Constitution and further relevant and regulated by other legislation namely:

- Local Government Demarcation Act 27 of 1998
- Municipal Structures Act of 1998
- Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000
- Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003
- Municipal Property Rates Act 6 of 2004
- Disaster Management Act 57 of 2002
- Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act 13 of 2005

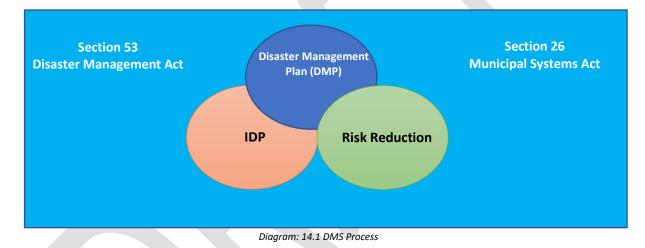
At the end of the day the Integrated Development Plan must give a long-term vision to each municipality which can be achieved with a proper risk assessment in the area of responsibility.

As mentioned, the fact is that this chapter is about Risks in the Central Karoo. It cannot be assuming that every hazard is a risk and therefore a proper risk assessment was done for the municipality. To determine such a risk, it must be measured by a formula to compare all the risks and priorities them to do good planning for the IDP.

#### The Formula that we use is:



The following diagram will give a better understanding of this process:



The Corporative Disaster Management Plan (DMP) will include all the different plans from all entities to form the DMP.

RISK	POSSIBILITY	SERVERITY	IMPACT
Droughts	5	5	25
Floods	5	5	25
Windstorms	2	2	4
Poverty	5	5	25
Transport-Roads	5	5	25
Fire: Structural	3	3	9
Fire: Veld	3	2	6
Epidemics	5	5	25

Table: 14.1 Municipal Risks

## 14.1 Institutional Capacity

Disaster Management Framework will be reviewing every year during April. The DM speaks to the four KPA's and three Enablers and form part and parcel of the Disaster Management Plan.

## **KPA 1: Institutional Capacity**

Disaster Management Advisory Forum: was establish in August 2016 and meet on a quarterly basis. The Forum will give guidance according to the Risks identified. The Municipal Disaster Management Plan was reviewed in May 2022.

### **KPA 2: Risk Assessment**

A Risk Assessment was done, and will be reviewed on an annual basis. The main risks which was identified are:

- Droughts
- Floods: Heavy Rain/ Thunderstorms
- Windstorms
- Fires
- High/ Low Temperatures.
- Poverty.
- Epidemics: Human TB; HIV; Animal Sheep Scab; Rift Valley Fever;
- Transport: Road Accidents; Chemical Spills.

#### **KPA 3: Risk Reduction**



#### Diagram: 14.2: Joint Organizing Committee

The new approach to Disaster Management, a great deal of time and effort went into pre- disaster risk reduction, therefore this section list and discuss all corporate and departmental risk reduction projects related to the priority risks identified. The following was put in place.

- Contingency plans for all risks identified.
- Risk Reduction plans
- Future plans listed in this IDP

#### **KPA 2: Risk Assessment**

Response and Relief Plans was implemented by Western Cape Provincial Disaster Management and the District developed Response and Relief SOP's, which will assist the municipality to improve Response and recovery from disasters.

The Municipality as part of their Contingency planning made provision for Response and recovery. The following structure will be put in place to manage and coordinate the response during disastrous events: (JOC = Joint Operation Centre; VOC =Venue Operation- Centre; FCP = Forward Control Post). This structure can then be used to upscale or downscale depending on the level of the incident or disaster.

#### Enabler 1: Information Management and Communication

Information management is of cardinal importance throughout the whole IDP/ Risk reduction process. Integrated communication links is established with all three spheres of government with Disaster Management. For compliance purposes with Section 16 and 17 of the Disaster Management Act the **UNITI-System** will be used to

communicate, report, capture and record. Otherwise the normal communication lines that do existed must be use. Communication to Councilors will be done through the Advisory Forum on each level of governance. The Advisory Forum will give guidance on what will be communicate and who will talk to the Media.

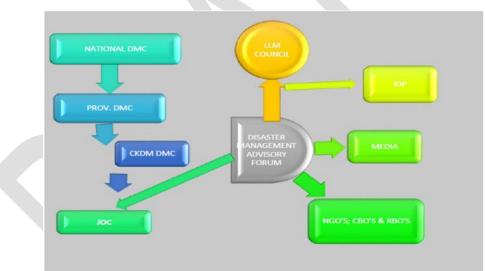


Diagram: 14.2 Disaster Management Advisory Forum

An **Early Warning and Monitoring System** will follow the same structure as above. Communication with **other emergency** role-players will also follow the same structure to form a combined effort.

#### **Enabler 2: Training Education and Awareness**

The IDP and Disaster Management Plan must promote a culture of risk avoidance among all stakeholders in the Municipality by capacitating role-players through integrated education, training and public awareness initiatives and programs informed by scientific research. Education, training, research and public awareness will be Streamlined and aligned with National, Provincial, District and Municipal initiatives. It will also be aligned.

**Links were made with** established awareness creation programs in **schools** for the purpose of disseminating information on disaster risk management and risk avoidance. Short courses to capacities the community will be rolled out and other mechanisms like exchange visits by groups to communities with success stories in risk reduction implemented within communities.

#### **Enabler 3: Funding**

Sustainable disaster risk mitigation projects are funded in this IDP

## 14.2 Disaster Management for the year 1 of 5 Year IDP

A hazard, Risk and Vulnerability Assessment (HRAVA) has been performed:

For the Municipal Area	Yes	No
For projects identified in the IDP	Yes	
Comments:		

Table: 13.1 Hazard, Risk and Vulnerability Assessment

The identified disaster risks have been prevented or mitigated through the implementation of risk reduction programs:

For the Municipal Area		Yes	No
For projects identified in the IDP		Yes	
Comments:			

Table: 13.2 Disaster Risk Prevention and Mitigation

Appropriate disaster preparedness, response and recovery plans have been developed for a risk that cannot be prevented or mitigated:

12.3. For Municipal area	Yes	No
12.3.1 For project identified in IDP	Yes	
Comments:		

Table: 13.3 Disaster Preparedness, Response and Recovery Plans

The Municipality has instituted the following disaster management requirements:

Established a functional Disaster Management Centre	Yes	No			
Appoint a Head of Center		No			
Dedicated DM Official Appointed	Yes				
Firefighting Team (Voluntary)	Yes				
Firefighting Equipment	Yes				
A functional Disaster Management Advisory Forum	Yes				
A Disaster Management (DM) Plan has been developed	Yes				
This DM Plan does include Sectorial Plans	Yes				
Comments: Disaster Management Centre is at District Level					

Table: 13.4 Disaster Management Requirements

Disaster Management has a functional system that complies with the following:

GIS data for disaster management	Yes	No
Risk reduction planning	Yes	
Early warning system	Yes	
Preparedness, response and recovery planning (Generic	Yes	
Plan)		
Comments:		

#### Table: 13.5 Disaster Functional System

## These systems are linked to:

Disaster Systems	Yes	No				
Other line functions in the Municipality	Yes					
Other Municipalities	Yes					
Security Forces (SAPS)	Yes					
Provincial EMS	Yes					
Provincial Departments	Yes					
The National Disaster Management Centre	Yes					
Comments: Linked to CKDM						

Table: 13.6 Disaster system Links

The Municipal Disaster Management Plan is completed, submitted and approved by

Disaster Systems	Yes	No	
Other Municipalities in District Municipal Area	In Process		
Other Municipalities	Yes		
District Centre Municipal Disaster Management Centre	Yes		
Provincial Disaster Management Centre	Yes		
Comments:			

Table: 13.7 Disaster Plan Approval and Submission

# 15 References

MTREF Budget Municipal Sector Plans 5 Year IDP 2022/2027

Organization Structure IDP Process Plan

2020/2021 MERO

SEPLG 2021/2022

STATS SA

## 16 Annexures

MTREF Budget

IDP Process Plan

Organogram